

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR 2SK3408

# N-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR FOR SWITCHING

## **DESCRIPTION**

The 2SK3408 is a switching device which can be driven directly by a 4-V power source.

The 2SK3408 features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, and is suitable for applications such as power switch of dynamic clamp of relay and so on.

#### **FEATURES**

- Can be driven by a 4-V power source
- Low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)1} = 195 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 10 \text{ V, ID} = 0.5 \text{ A)}$ 

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 250 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 4.5 \text{ V, ID} = 0.5 \text{ A)}$ 

RDS(on)3 = 260 m $\Omega$  MAX. (VGS = 4.0 V, ID = 0.5 A)

• Built-in G-S protection diode against ESD.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE			
2SK3408	SC-96 Mini Mold (Thin Type)			

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V)	VDSS	43±5	٧
Drain to Gate Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	VDGS	43±5	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	ID(DC)	±1.0	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	ID(pulse)	±4.0	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P <sub>T1</sub>	0.2	W
Total Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C) Note2	P <sub>T2</sub>	1.25	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C

# **Notes 1.** PW $\leq$ 10 $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle $\leq$ 1%

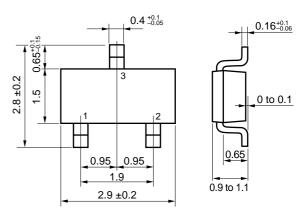
**2.** Mounted on FR-4 Board,  $t \le 5$  sec.

# **Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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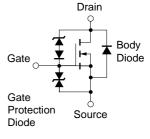
Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

# PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)



- 1 : Gate 2 : Source
- 3 : Drain

# **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



Marking: XF



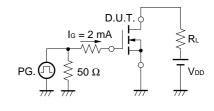
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)**

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V <sub>DS</sub> = 30.4 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	lgss	Vgs = ±16 V, Vps = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.5 A	1	2.0		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)1	V <sub>G</sub> s = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.5 A		155	195	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)2</sub>	Vgs = 4.5 V, ID = 0.5 A		185	250	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)3</sub>	Vgs = 4.0 V, ID = 0.5 A		195	260	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	Vps = 10 V		230		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	Vgs = 0 V		50		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		30		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 20 V		18		ns
Rise Time	tr	ID = 0.5 A		14		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	V <sub>GS(on)</sub> = 10 V		115		ns
Fall Time	tf	R <sub>G</sub> = 10 Ω		38		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	Vps = 30.4 V		4.0		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	ID = 1.0 A		1.0		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>G</sub> S = 10 V		1.0		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub> (S-D)	IF = 1.0 A, Vgs = 0 V		0.81		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 1.0 A, VGS = 0 V		25		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		16		nC

# **TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME**

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# **TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE**

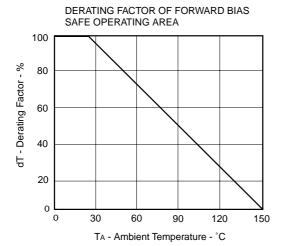


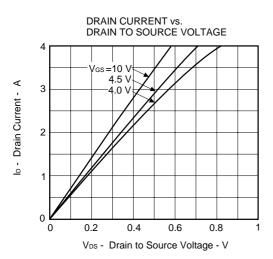
90%

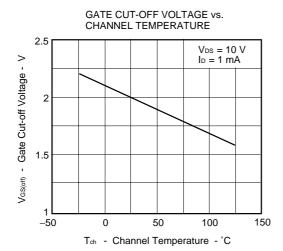
90%

10%

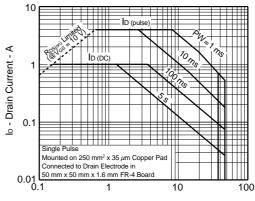
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)





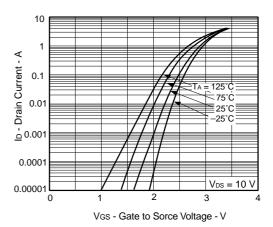


# ★ FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

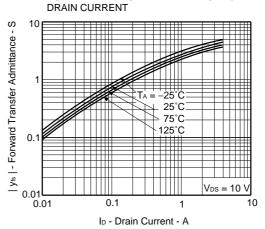


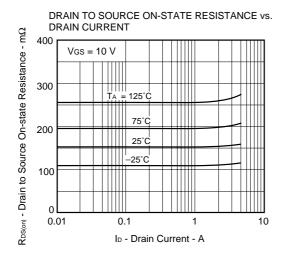
Vps - Drain to Source Voltage - V

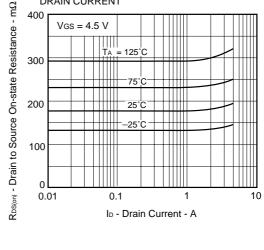
#### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE Vs.

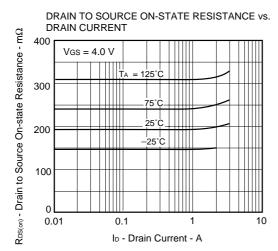


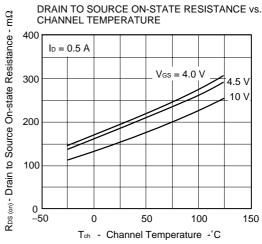


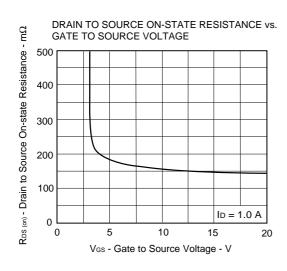


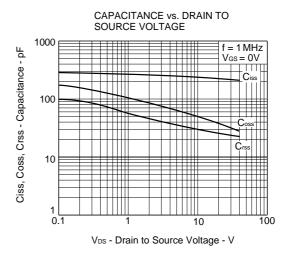
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.

**DRAIN CURRENT** 

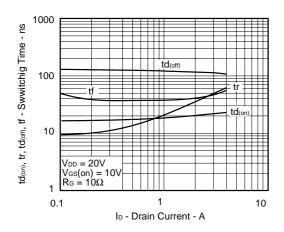




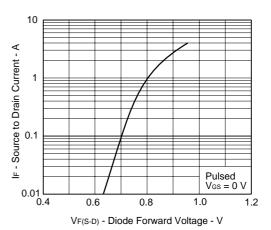




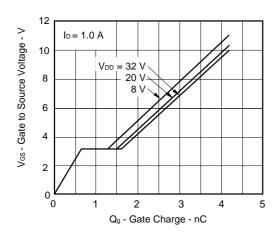
#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



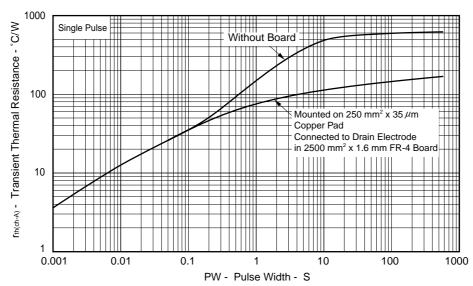
## SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



## DYNAMIC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

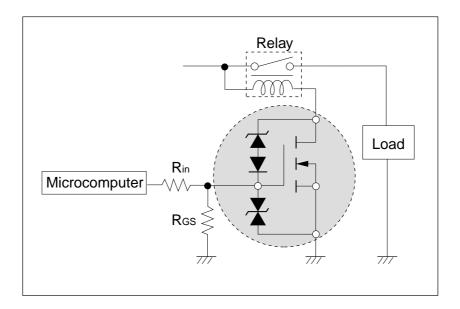


# TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



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# **DYNAMIC CLAMP APPLICATION**



# Remarks

1. Input resistance is necessary to Gate terminal.

(Range ;  $1k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega,$  Recommend ;  $3k\Omega)$ 

2. Pull down resistance is necessary between Gate to Source. (Several  $10k\Omega$ )

**NEC** 2SK3408

[MEMO]

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