

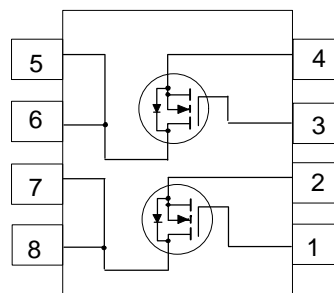
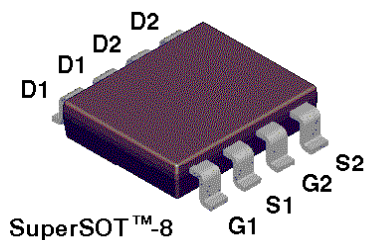
NDH8303N Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

SuperSOT™-8 N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. This very high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage applications such as notebook computer power management, and other battery powered circuits where fast switching, and low in-line power loss are needed in a very small outline surface mount package.

Features

- 3.8 A, 20 V. $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.035 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.045 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 2.7 \text{ V}$.
- Proprietary SuperSOT™-8 package design using copper lead frame for superior thermal and electrical capabilities.
- High density cell design for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$.
- Exceptional on-resistance and maximum DC current capability.



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	NDH8303N	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	20	V
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 8	V
I_D	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1)	3.8	A
	- Pulsed	15	
P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 1)	0.8	W
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	156	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS							
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	20			V	
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 16\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			1	μA	
			$T_J = 55^\circ\text{C}$		10	μA	
I_{GSSF}	Gate - Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 8\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			100	nA	
I_{GSSR}	Gate - Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -8\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			-100	nA	
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)							
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	0.4	0.7	1	V	
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.3	0.45	0.8	
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 3.8\text{ A}$		0.029	0.035	Ω	
			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.043	0.063	
			$V_{GS} = 2.7\text{ V}, I_D = 3.3\text{ A}$		0.036	0.045	
$I_{D(on)}$	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}$	15			A	
		$V_{GS} = 2.7\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}$	5				
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 3.8\text{ A}$		15		S	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		700		pF	
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			370		pF	
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			145		pF	
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)							
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn - On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		8	15	ns	
t_r	Turn - On Rise Time			22	40	ns	
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn - Off Delay Time			48	90	ns	
t_f	Turn - Off Fall Time			23	40	ns	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge		$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V},$ $I_D = 3.8\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}$		19.6		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge			2.5		nC	
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge			6.5		nC	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
DRAIN-SOURCE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS AND MAXIMUM RATINGS						
I_S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				0.67	A
V_{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_S = 0.67\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		0.65	1.2	V

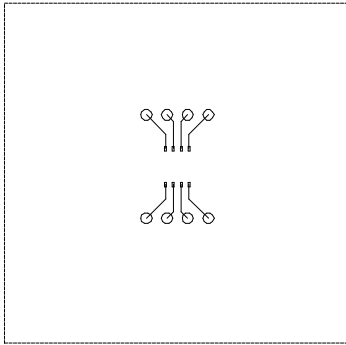
Notes:

- $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.

$$P_D(t) = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}(t)} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}(t)} = I_D^2(t) \times R_{DS(on)} @ T_J$$

Typical $R_{\theta JA}$ for single device operation using the board layout shown below on 4.5"x5" FR-4 PCB in a still air environment:

156°C/W when mounted on a 0.0025 in² pad of 2oz copper.



Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper.

- Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$.

Typical Electrical Characteristics

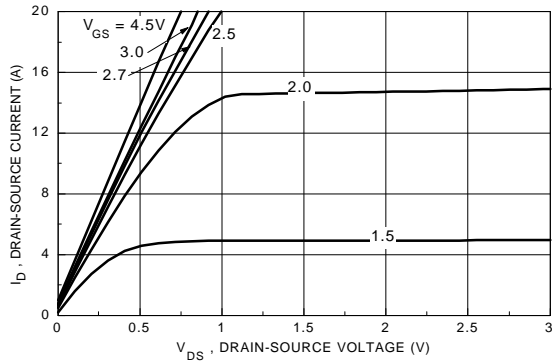


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

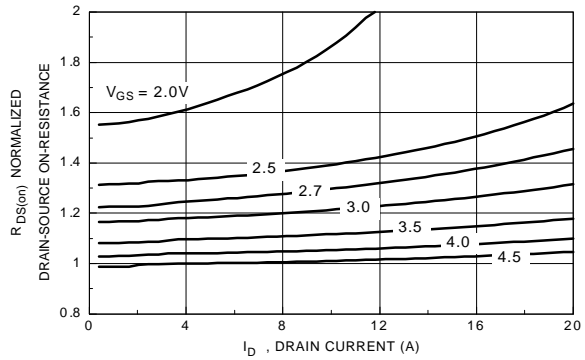


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Gate Voltage and Drain Current.

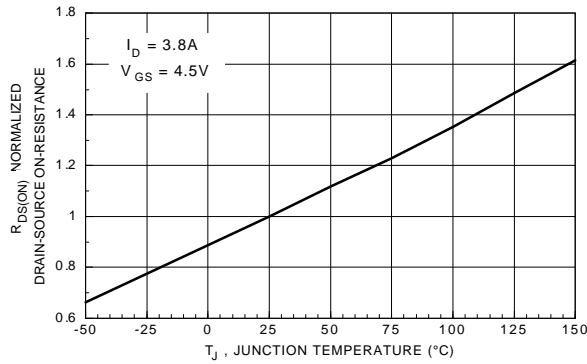


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

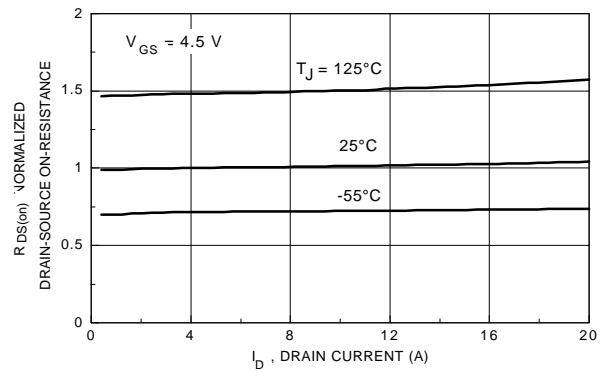


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Temperature.

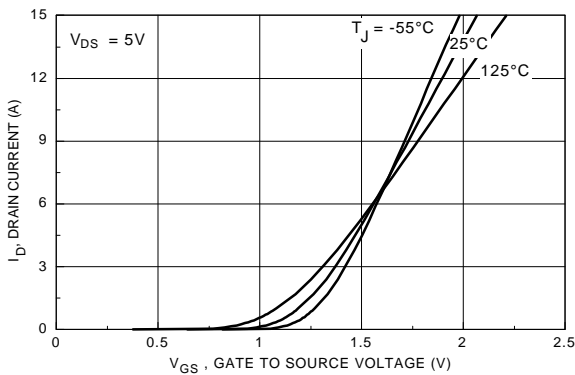


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

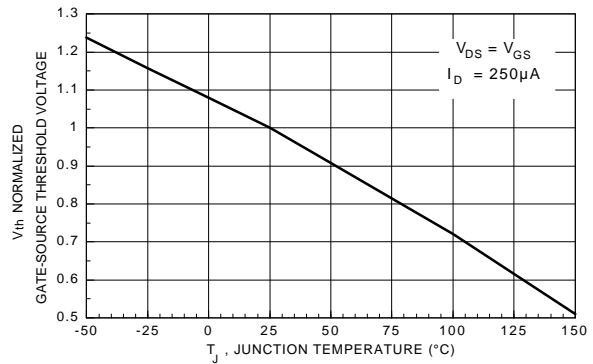


Figure 6. Gate Threshold Variation with Temperature.

Typical Electrical Characteristics

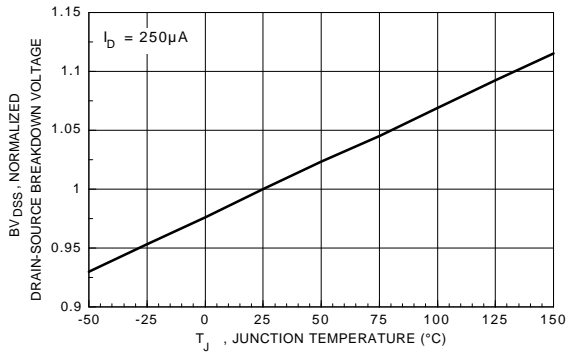


Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation with Temperature.

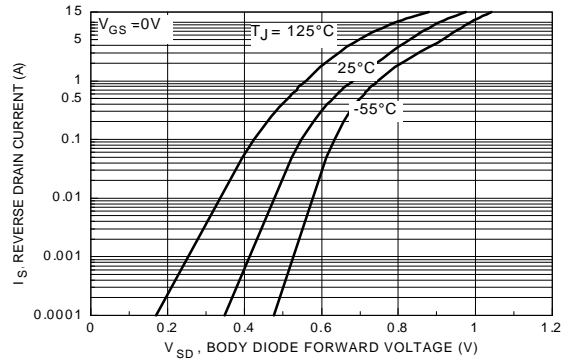


Figure 8. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Current and Temperature.

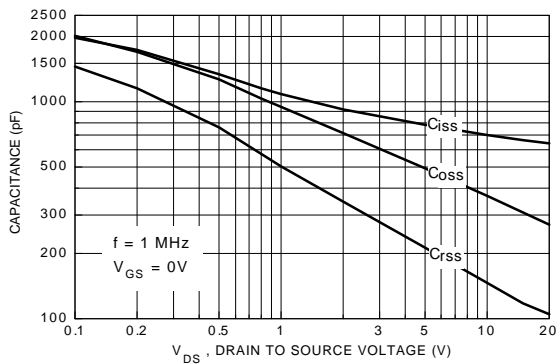


Figure 9. Capacitance Characteristics.

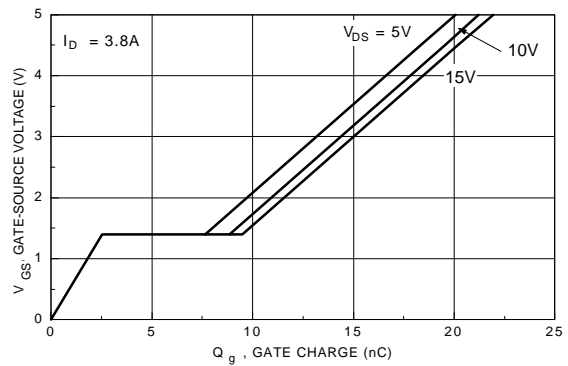


Figure 10. Gate Charge Characteristics.

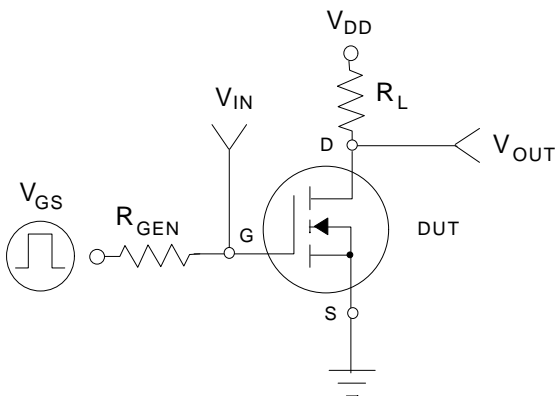


Figure 11. Switching Test Circuit.

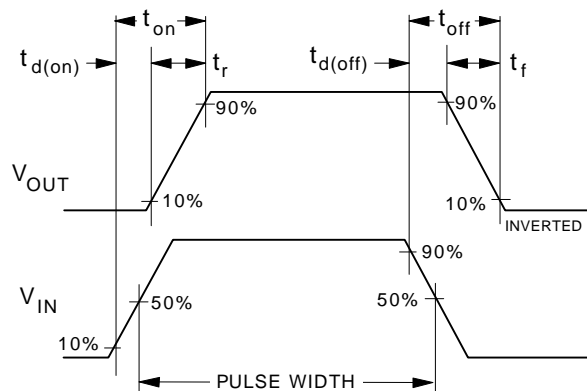


Figure 12. Switching Waveforms.

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

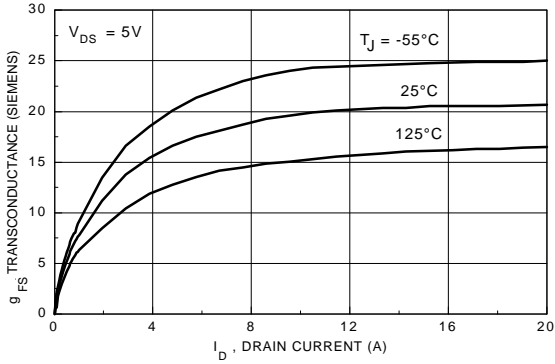


Figure 13. Transconductance Variation with Drain Current and Temperature.

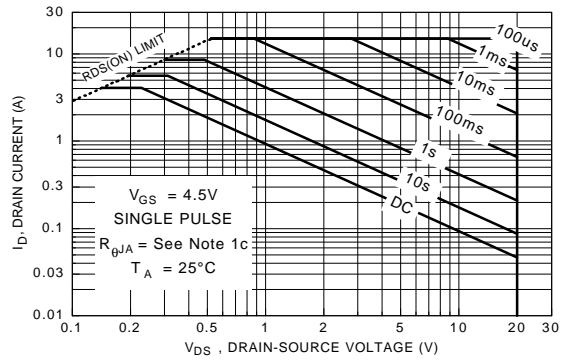


Figure 14. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

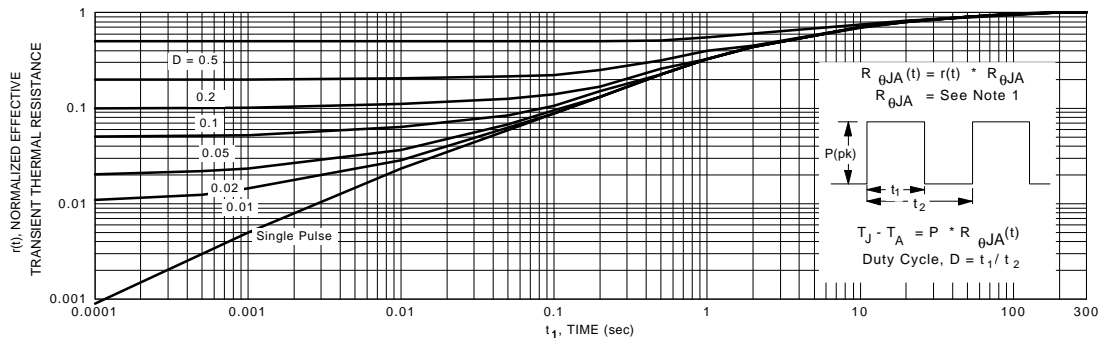


Figure 15. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Note: Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in note1. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.