M52348SP

WIDE FREQUENCY BAND ANALOG SWITCH

DESCRIPTION

The M52348SP is an semiconductor IC for RGBHV interface that switches signals input from two types of image source and outputs them to CRT display etc. The synchronous signal meets the frequency band of 10 kHz to 200 kHz and is output with TTL. The IC adopts 250 MHz for the frequency band width of video signal, providing high resolution images. It is optimum as an IC for interface with various types of new media including high resolution CRT.

FEATURES

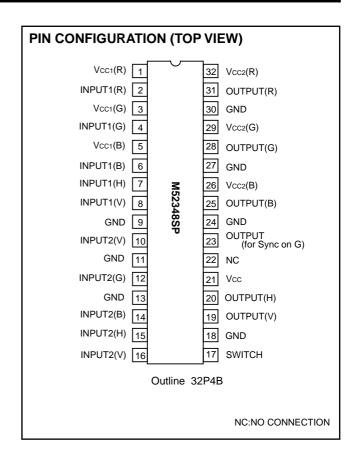
- - 3 to 5 Vo-p (bipolar)
- Only the G channel is equipped with output for sync-on-video.
- HV output adopts TTL format.

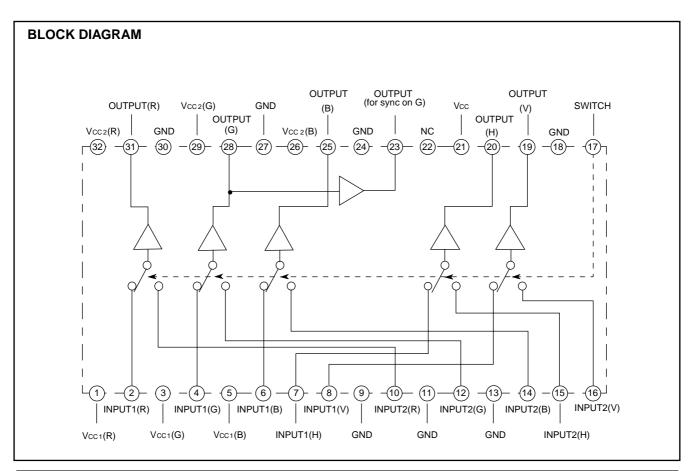
APPLICATION

CRT display, TV, VCR, etc.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Supply voltage range	4.5V to 5.5V
Rated supply voltage	5.0V





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	7.0	V
Pd	Power dissipation	1603	mW
Topr	Operating temperature	-20 to +85	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Vopr	Recommended operating supply voltage	5.0	V
Vopr'	Recommended operating supply voltage range	4.5 to 5.5	V
Sarge	Electrostatic discharge	±200	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc=5V, Ta=25°C)

C: make al	Danamatan	Test	Power supply									l lait						
Symbol	Parameter	point	Vcc	SW2 Rin1	SW4 Gin1	SW6 Bin1	SW7 Hin1	SW8 Vin1	SW10 Rin2	SW12 Gin2	SW14 Bin2	SW15 Hin2	SW16 Vin2	SW17 Swich	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc1	Circuit current 1 (no signal)	А	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	р .	b GND	46	66	86	mA
Icc1	Circuit current 2 (no signal)	А	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a OPEN	46	66	86	mA
RGB SW	block																	
VDC1	Output DC voltage 1	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	1.8	2.2	2.6	V
VDC2	Output DC voltage 2	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a OPEN	1.8	2.2	2.6	V
VDC3	Output DC voltage 3	T.P.23	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	1.1	1.5	1.9	V
VDC4	Output DC voltage 4	T.P.23	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a OPEN	1.1	1.5	1.9	V
Vimax1	Maximum allow- able input 1	T.P.2 T.P.4 T.P.6	5	abb SG1	bab SG1	bba SG1	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	1.4	1.6	-	VP-P
Vimax2	Maximum allow- able input 2	T.P.10 T.P.12 T.P.14	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG1	bab SG1	bba SG1	b -	b -	a OPEN	1.4	1.6	-	VP-P
Gv1	Voltage gain 1	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG2	bab SG2	bba SG2	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-0.5	0.1	0.7	dB
ΔGV1	Relative voltage gain 1			!	-	Takes	ratio	of the	value	s abo	ve	!			-0.6	0	0.6	dB
Gv2	Voltage gain 2	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG2	bab SG2	bba SG2	b -	b -	a OPEN	-0.5	0.1	0.7	dB
ΔGV2	Relative voltage gain 2		•	•	1	Takes	ratio	of the	value	s abo	ve.				-0.6	0	0.6	dB
Gvз	Voltage gain 3	T.P.23	5	b -	a SG2	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-0.4	0.2	0.8	dB
Gv4	Voltage gain 4	T.P.23	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG2	b -	b -	b -	a OPEN	-0.4	0.2	0.8	dB
Fc1	Frequency characteristics 1 (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-0.1	0	1.0	dB
ΔFC1	Relative frequency characteristics 1 (100MHz)		Takes ratio of the values above								-0.1	0	1.0	dB				
FC2	Frequency characteristics 2 (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	a OPEN	-0.1	0	1.0	dB
ΔFc2	Relative frequency characteristics 2 (100MHz)		Takes ratio of the values above									-0.1	0	1.0	dB			
Fc3	Frequency characteristics 3 (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG5	bab SG5	bba SG5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-3.0	1.5	1.0	dB
FC4	Relative frequency characteristics 4 (250MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG5	bab SG5	bba SG5	b -	b -	a OPEN	-3.0	1.5	1.0	dB

M52348SP

WIDE FREQUENCY BAND ANALOG SWITCH

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)

	_	Test	Power supply				Te	est co	nditior	าร				SW		Limits		
Symbol	Parameter	point	Vcc	SW2 Rin1	SW4 Gin1	SW6 Bin1	SW7 Hin1	SW8 Vin1	SW10 Rin2	SW12 Gin2	SW14 Bin2	SW15 Hin2	SW16 Vin2	SW17 Swich	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
C.T.I.1	Crosstalk 1 between 2 inputs (10MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG3	bab SG3	bba SG3	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	GND ↓ OPEN	-	-60	-50	dB
C.T.I.2	Crosstalk 2 between 2 inputs (10MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG3	bab SG3	bba SG3	b -	b -	OPEN ↓ GND	ı	-60	-50	dB
C.T.I.3	Crosstalk 3 between 2 inputs (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	GND ↓ OPEN	-	-40	-35	dB
C.T.I.4	Crosstalk 4 between 2 inputs (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	OPEN ↓ GND	-	-40	-35	dB
C.T.C.1	Crosstalk 1 between channels (10MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG3	bab SG3	bba SG3	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	ı	-50	-40	dB
C.T.C.2	Crosstalk 2 between channels (10MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG3	bab SG3	bba SG3	b -	b -	a OPEN	1	-50	-40	dB
C.T.C.3	Crosstalk 3 between channels (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-	-30	-25	dB
C.T.C.4	Crosstalk 4 between channels (100MHz)	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	abb SG4	bab SG4	bba SG4	b -	b -	a OPEN	-	-30	-25	dB
Tr1	Pulse characteris-	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	a SG6	a SG6	a SG6	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-	1.6	2.5	nsec
Tf1	tics 1	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	a SG6	a SG6	a SG6	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-	1.6	2.5	nsec
Tr2	Pulse characteris-	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG6	a SG6	a SG6	b -	b -	a OPEN	ı	1.6	2.5	nsec
Tf2	tics 2	T.P.31 T.P.28 T.P.25	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG6	a SG6	a SG6	b -	b -	a OPEN	-	1.6	2.5	nsec
HV SW p	ortion																	
Voн1	High-level output voltage 1	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	c 5.0V	c 5.0V	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	4.5	5.0	-	٧
VOH2	High-level output voltage 2	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	c 5.0V	c 5.0V	a OPEN	4.5	5.0	-	٧
VOL1	Low-level output voltage 1	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	c 0V	c 0V	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	ı	0.2	5.0	V
VOL2	Low level output voltage 2	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	c 0V	с 0V	a OPEN	1	0.2	5.0	٧
Vith1	Input threshold voltage 1	T.P.7 T.P.8	5	b -	b -	b -	C Vari- able	C Vari- able	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	2.0	2.5	3.0	٧
Vith2	Input threshold voltage 2	T.P.15 T.P.16	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	C Vari- able	C Vari- able	a OPEN	2.0	2.5	3.0	٧
Trd1	Rising delay time 1	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	a SG7	a SG7	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	ı	100	150	nsec
Trd2	Rising delay time 2	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG7	a SG7	a OPEN	-	100	150	nsec
Tfd1	Falling delay time 1	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	a SG7	a SG7	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b GND	-	50	100	nsec
Tfd2	Falling delay time 2	T.P.19 T.P.20	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG7	a SG7	a OPEN	-	50	100	nsec
Vsth1	Switching thresh- old voltage 1	T.P.17	5	a SG1	a SG1	a SG1	a SG7	a SG7	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	С	0.5	1.5	2.0	٧
Vsth2	Switching thresh- old voltage 2	T.P.17	5	b -	b -	b -	b -	b -	a SG1	a SG1	a SG1	a SG7	a SG7	С	0.5	1.5	2.0	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TEST METHOD

Note) Omitted because the signal input pins and SW No. have been described in the Electrical Characteristics Table. SWA shall take side a unless otherwise noted.

Icc1, Icc2 Circuit current 1, circuit current 2 (no signal)

The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. When SW17 is assigned to GND (or OPEN), and SWA is placed on side b, take measurements in ampere meter A and specify the value to be lcc1 (or lcc2).

VDC1, VDC2 Output DC voltage 1, output DC voltage 2

When SW17 is assigned to GND (or OPEN), and no signal is input, measure T.P.31 (T.P.28, T.P.25) output DC voltage. Specify the voltage to be VDC1 (or VDC2).

VDC3, VDC4, Output DC voltage 3, output DC voltage 4

Measure the output DC voltage of T.P.23 in the same manner as in VDC1 and VDC2, and specify the voltage to be VDC3 (VDC4).

Vimax1, Vimax2, maximum allowable input 1, maximum allowable input 2

Assign SW17 to GND and input SG1 into pin ② only. Gradually increasing the SG1 amplitude, read the amplitude of the input signal when the output waveform of T.P.31 is strained. The value is specified to be Vimax1. In the same manner, measure Vimax 1 in response to inputs into pin ④ and pin ⑥ only.

Then assign SW17 to OPEN, measure the values at inputs into pins @, @, and @ only. Then specify the values to be Vimax2.

$Gv_1, \Delta Gv_1$, voltage gain 1, relative voltage gain 1 $Gv_2, \Delta Gv_2$, voltage gain 2, relative voltage gain 2

- The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table.
- Assign SW17 to GND and input SG2 into pin 2 only. When this is the case, read the amplitude of T.P.31 output and specify the value as VoR1.
- 3. Calculate voltage gain GV1 by the following formula:

- 4. In the same manner, find voltage gain Gv1 in response to inputs into pin ④ and pin ⑥ only.
- 5. Calculate the difference in voltage gain between channels to find relative voltage gain ΔGv_1 .
- 6. In the same manner, find Gv2 and $\Delta Gv2.$

Gv3, Δ Gv4 Voltage gain 3, voltage gain 4

 The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table.

- 2. When this is the case, measure the output amplitude of T.P.23.
- 3. As in the case of Gv1, Δ Gv1, Gv2 and Δ Gv2, find Gv3 and Gv4.

Fc1, Δ Fc1 frequency characteristics 1, relative frequency characteristics 1 (100 MHz)

Fc2, Δ Fc2 frequency characteristics 2, relative frequency characteristics 2 (100 MHz)

- 1. The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. This measurement shall use active probe.
- Assign SW17 to GND and input SG2 into pin 2 only. When this is the case, specify the output amplitude of T.P.31 to be VoR1.
 In the same manner, specify the output to be VoR2 with SG4 input.
- 3. In this case, calculate frequency characteristics Fc1 by the following formula:

- 4. In response to inputs into pin ④ and pin ⑥ only, find frequency characteristics Fc1 in the same manner.
- 5. Calculate the difference in frequency characteristics between channels to find relative frequency characteristics∆Fc1.
- 6. Assign SW17 to OPEN. In the same manner, find Fc2 and Δ Fc2.

Fc3, Fc4 Frequency characteristics 3, frequency characteristics 4 (250 MHz)

In the same manner as finding Fc1, Δ Fc1, Fc2 and Δ Fc2, find Fc3 and Fc4 in response to input signal SG5.

C.T.I.1 Crosstalk 1 between 2 inputs

C.T.I.2 Crosstalk 2 between 2 inputs (10 MHz)

- The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. This measurement shall take active probe.
- Assign SW17 to GND and input SG3 into pin ② only. Measure the output amplitude of T.P.31 at that time and specify the value to be Vors.
- 3. Assign SW17 to ONPEN, measure the output amplitude of T.P.31 at that time and specify the value to be Vor3'.
- 4. When this is the case, calculate crosstalk C.T.L1 between 2 inputs by the following formula:

C.T.I.1 =
$$20LOG - \frac{VOR3' \quad [VP-P]}{VOR3 \quad [VP-P]}$$
 (dB)

- 5. In the same manner, find crosstalk between 2 inputs in response to inputs into pin ④ and pin ⑥ only.
- 7. Assign SW17 to GND and then measure the output amplitude of T.P.31 at that time. Specify the value to be Vor4'.

8. When this is the case, calculate crosstalk C.T.I.2 between 2 inputs by the following formula:

C.T.I.2 = 20LOG
$$\frac{VOR4' \quad [VP-P]}{VOR4 \quad [VP-P]} \quad (dB)$$

9. As in the same manner, find crosstalk between 2 pints in response to input into pin ② and pin ④ only.

C.T.I.3 Crosstalk 3 between 2 inputs

C.T.I.4 Crosstalk 4 between 2 inputs (100 MHz)

Specify input signal to be SG4. In the same manner as in C.T.I.1 and C.T.I.2, find crosstalk C.T.I.3/C.T.I.4 between 2 inputs.

C.T.C.1 Crosstalk 1 between channels C.T.C.2 Crosstalk 2 between channels (10 MHz)

- The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. This measurement shall take active probe.
- Assign SW17 to GND and input signal SG3 into pin ② only. Specify the output amplitude of T.P.31 to be VOR5 at that time.
- In the same status, measure the output amplitude of T.P.28 and T.P.25 and specify the values to be Vog5 and Vog5.
- 4. When this is the case, calculate crosstalk C.T.C1 between channels by the following formula:

$$C.T.C.1 = 20LOG \frac{VOG5 \text{ or VOB5} \text{ [VP-P]}}{VOR5 \text{ [VP-P]}}$$
 (dB)

- In the same manner, find crosstalk between channels in response to inputs into pin 4 and pin 6 only.
- 6. Assign SW17 to OPEN and then input signal SG3 into pin ¹⁰ only. Specify the output amplitude of T.P.31 to be VOR6 at that time.
- 7. In the same status, measure the output amplitude of T.P.28 and T.P.25. Specify the values to be Vog6 and Vog6.
- 8. When this is the case, calculate crosstalk C.T.C.2 between channels by the following formula:

$$C.T.C.2 = 20LOG \frac{VOG6 \text{ or } VOB6 \text{ [VP-P]}}{VOR6 \text{ [VP-P]}}$$
 (dB)

As in the same manner, find crosstalk between channels in response to inputs into pin ② and pin ③ only.

C.T.C.3 Crosstalk 3 between channels

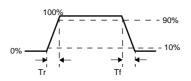
C.T.C.4 Crosstalk 4 between channels (100 MHz)

Specify input signal to be SG4. In the same manner as in C.T.C.1 and C.T.C.2, find crosstalk C.T.C.3/C.T.C.4 between 2 channels.

Tr1,Tf1,Tr2,Tf2 Pulse characteristics 1 and pulse characteristics 2

 The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Assign SW17 to GND (or OPEN).

- 2. With active probe, measure rising Tri and falling Tfi for 10% to 90% of the input pulse.
- 3. With active probe, measure rising Tro and falling Tfo for 10% to 90% of the output pulse.
- 4. The pulse characteristics Tr1 and Tf1 (Tr2 and Tf2) are as follows:



$$Tr1(Tr2) = \sqrt{(Tro)^2 - (Tri)^2}$$
 (nsec)

$$Tf1(Tf2) = \sqrt{(Tf0)^2 - (Tfi)^2} \quad (nsec$$

Voh1, Voh2 High-level output voltage 1 and high-level output voltage 2

The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Assign SW17 to GND (or OPEN), apply 5V to the input pin and measure the output voltage. Specify the value to be VOH1 (VOH2).

Vol1, Vol2 Low-level output voltage 1 and low-level output voltage 2

The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Assign SW17 to GND (or OPEN), apply 0V to the input pin and measure the output voltage. Specify the value to be Vol1 (Vol2).

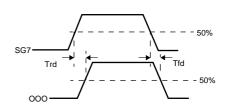
Vith1 Input threshold voltage 1 Vith2 Input threshold voltage 2

The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Assign SW17 to GND (or OPEN). Gradually increasing the voltage of input pin from 0V, measure the input voltage when the output voltage is Hi (4.5V or more). Specify the value to be Vith1 (Vith2).

Trd1,Trd2 Rising delay time 1 and rising delay time 2 Tfd1,Tfd2 Falling delay time 1 and falling delay time 2

The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Assign SW17 to GND (or OPEN), input SG7 into the input pin and measure the output waveform.

Rising delay time Trd1 (Trd2) and falling delay time Tfd1 (Tfd2) shall be found according to the following diagram.



Vsth1 Switching threshold voltage 1 Vsth2 Switching threshold voltage 2

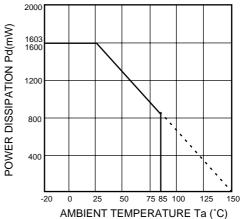
1. The conditions shall be as provided in the Electrical Characteristics Table. Input SG7 into pins 2, 4 and 6. Input SG7 into pins ⑦ and ⑧. Do not input signal into other pins.

- 2. Apply a voltage of 0V to pin 17 and check each of TP19, TP20, TP23, TP25, TP28 and TP31 for output of signal.
- 3. Gradually increasing the voltage at pin ⑦, specify the output at pin 17 to be Vsth1 when the signal is not output from the above pins.
- 4. As in the same manner, input SG1 into pins 10, 12 and 14 and input SG7 into pins (5) and (6). Do not input signal into other pins.
- 5. Apply a voltage of 5V to pin 1 and check each of TP19, TP20, TP23, TP25, TP28 and TP31 for output of signal.
- 6. Gradually decreasing the voltage at pin 7, specify the output at pin 🗇 to be Vsth2 when the signal is not output from the above pins.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



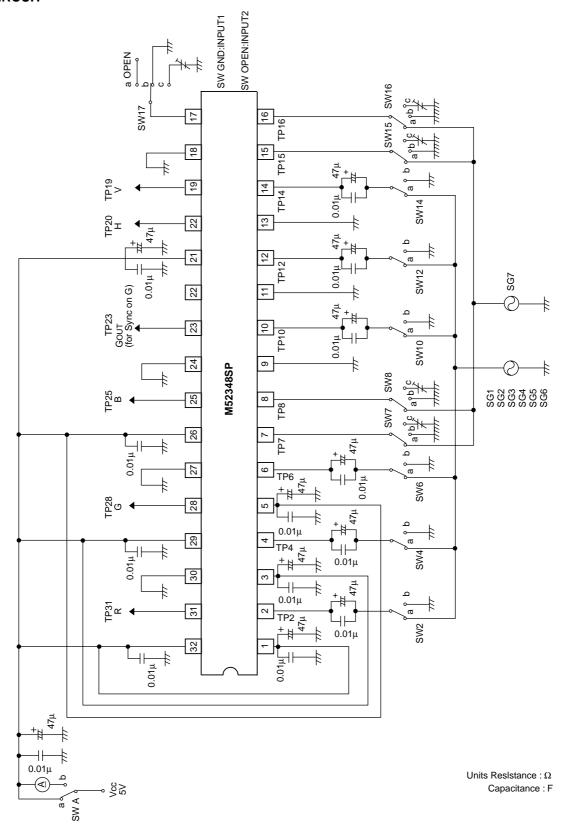
THERMAL DERATING (MAXIMUM RATING)



INPUT SIGNAL

SG No.	signals
SG1	Sine wave (f=60 kHz, 0.7V _{P-P} , amplitude variable) 0.7V _{P-P} (Amplitude variable)
SG2	Sine wave (f=1 MHz, amplitude 0.7VP-P)
SG3	Sine wave (f=10 MHz, amplitude 0.7VP-P)
SG4	Sine wave (f=100 MHz, amplitude 0.7VP-P)
SG5	Sine wave (f=250 MHz, amplitude 0.7VP-P)
SG6	Pulse of 0.7VP-P in amplitude (f=60kHz, duty 80%)
SG7	Square wave (Amplitude 5.0 Vo-P TTL, f=60 kHz, duty = 50%)

TEST CIRCUIT



DESCRIPTION OF PIN

Pin No.	Name	Peripheral circuit of pins	DC voltage (V)	Description of function
① ③ ⑤	Vcc1(R) Vcc1(G) Vcc1(B)		5.0	
② ④ ⑥	INPUT1(R) INPUT1(G) INPUT1(B)	80000 80000 1.0mA	2.0	Input at low impedance.
⑦ ⑧	INPUT1(H) INPUT1(V)	0.2mA	-	Input pulse of 3V or more and 5V or less. 3 to 5V 0V
9 (18 (1) 29 (3) 27 (3)	GND		GND	
10 12 14	INPUT2(R) INPUT2(G) INPUT2(B)	8000 9000 1.0mA	2.0	Input at low impedance.

DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Peripheral circuit of pins	DC voltage (V)	Description of function
(B) (B)	INPUT2(H) INPUT2(V)	0.2mA	-	Input pulse of 3V or more and 5V or less. 3 to 5V 0V
Ø	SWITCH	G Z Z 3V Z 2.3V	2.6	Enables switching between OPEN and GND.
(9 29	OUTPUT(V) OUTPUT(H)	1kg	-	Contains output resistance.
21)	Vcc1(R) (H,V,SWITCH)		5.0	Apply the same voltage.
22	NC		-	
29 29 29 31	OUTPUT (SYNC ONG) OUTPUT(B) OUTPUT(G) OUTPUT(R)	50Ω \$ 50Ω 430Ω \$ 29,28,30 \$ 500Ω	1.5 2.2	Contains output resistance.
26 29 32	Vcc2(B) Vcc2(G) Vcc2(R)		5.0	

CAUTIONS FOR USING THE IC

- 1. Standard video inputs for R, G and B are specified to be 0.7 VP-P.
- 2. The H and V inputs are specified to be 5.0 VTTL.
- 3. Input signals into input pins at fully lowered impedance.
- 4. The H and V output pins (pins 9 and 9) are as shown in Figure
 - 1. Resistance can be inserted into a portion between power supplies to improve the rising speed. However, set the R value to limit the current to 7.5 mA or less. In Figure 1, R is 2 $k\Omega$ or more.

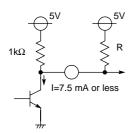


Fig. 1

5. The R, G and B output pins (pins ⁽²⁾), ⁽²⁾ and ⁽³⁾) are as shown in Figure 2. Pull-down resistance can be added to between GNDs according to the driving capability. However, set the R value to limit current I to 10 mA or less. In Figure 2, R is 500Ω or more.

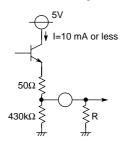


Fig. 2

- 6. The switch (pin 179) can be switched with GND and OPEN.
 - GND: Outputs signal from the INPUT 1 side.

OPEN: Outputs signal from the INPUT 2 side.

For switching by applying voltage as shown in Figure 3;

0 to 0.5V: Outputs signal from INPUT 1 side.

2 to 5V: Outputs signal from INPUT 2 side.

The applied voltage shall be less than Vcc.



Fig. 3

CAUTIONS FOR MANUFACTURING BOARDS

Built-in wide band analog switch may cause oscillation due to the wiring shape on the board. Be careful for the following points.

- When inserting an output pull-down resistance, make wire between the output pin and the resistance as short as possible.
- Make the load capacitance of output pins as small as possible.
- Install the Vcc-GND bus controller capacitance near the pin.
- Vcc shall use a stable power supply. (Individual Vcc should use an independent power supply.)
- Insertion of a resistance of several tens of Ω between the output pin and the circuit at the next stage makes oscillation harder.
- GND should be as wide as possible. Basically, solid earth should be used.