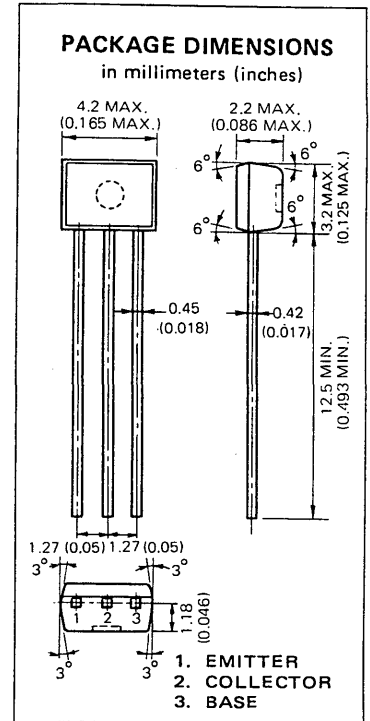


DESCRIPTION The 2SC2785 is designed for use in driver stage of AF amplifier and low speed switching.

- FEATURES**
- High Voltage $V_{CE0} : 50 \text{ V MIN.}$
 - Excellent h_{FE} Linearity $: 0.92 \text{ TYP.}$
 $h_{FE1} (0.1 \text{ mA})/h_{FE2} (1.0 \text{ mA})$
 - Complementary to the NEC 2SA1175 PNP Transistor.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- Maximum Temperatures
- Storage Temperature $-55 \text{ to } +150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 - Junction Temperature $+150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Maximum
- Maximum Power Dissipation ($T_a = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)
- Total Power Dissipation 250 mW
- Maximum Voltages and Currents ($T_a = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)
- V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage 60 V
 - V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage 50 V
 - V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage 5.0 V
 - I_C Collector Current 100 mA
 - I_B Base Current 20 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE1}	DC Current Gain	50	185			$V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_C=0.1 \text{ mA}$
h_{FE2}	DC Current Gain	110	200	600		$V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_C=1.0 \text{ mA}$
NF	Noise Figure		0.8	15	dB	$V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_C=0.1 \text{ mA}, R_G=2.0 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $f=1.0 \text{ kHz}$
f_T	Gain Bandwidth Product	150	250	450	MHz	$V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_E=-10 \text{ mA}$
C_{ob}	Collector to Base Capacitance		3.0	4.0	pF	$V_{CB}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_E=0, f=1.0 \text{ MHz}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			100	nA	$V_{CB}=60 \text{ V}, I_E=0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current			100	nA	$V_{EB}=5.0 \text{ V}, I_C=0$
V_{BE}	Base to Emitter Voltage	0.55	0.62	0.65	V	$V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_C=1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.15	0.3	V	$I_C=100 \text{ mA}, I_B=10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.86	1.0	V	$I_C=100 \text{ mA}, I_B=10 \text{ mA}$

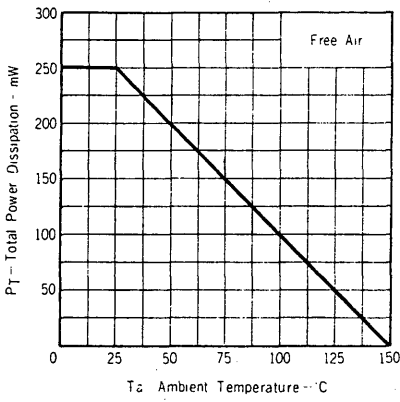
Classification of h_{FE2}

Rank	RF	JF	HF	FF	EF	KF
Range	110 - 180	135 - 220	170 - 270	200 - 320	250 - 400	300 - 600

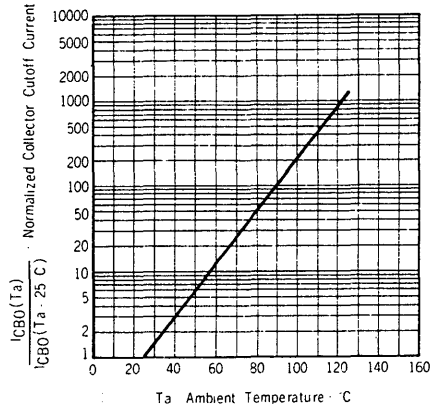
h_{FE2} Test Conditions : $V_{CE}=6.0 \text{ V}, I_C=1.0 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 °C unless otherwise noted)

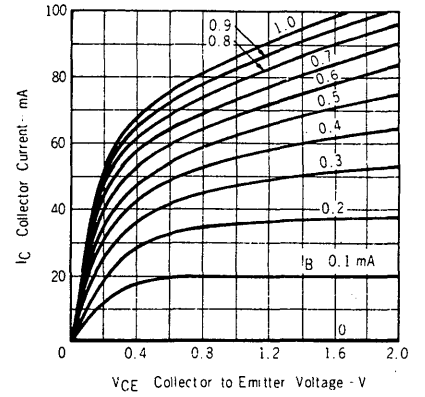
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



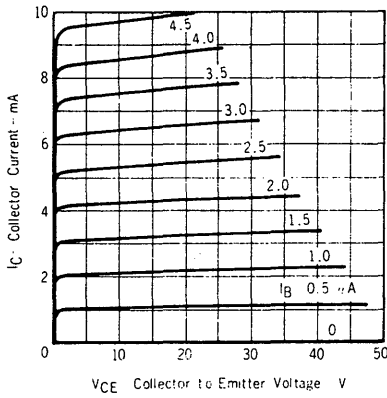
NORMALIZED COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



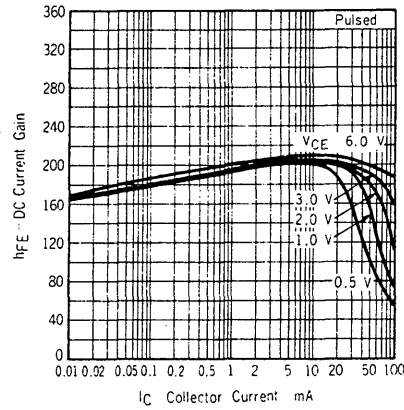
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



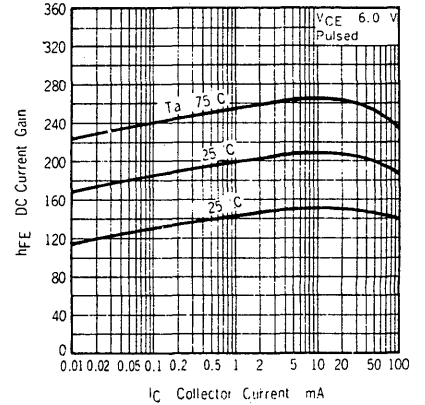
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



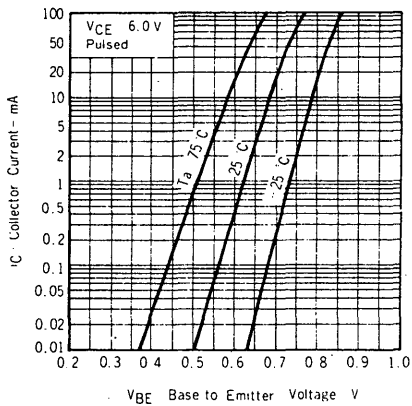
DC CURRENT GAIN vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT



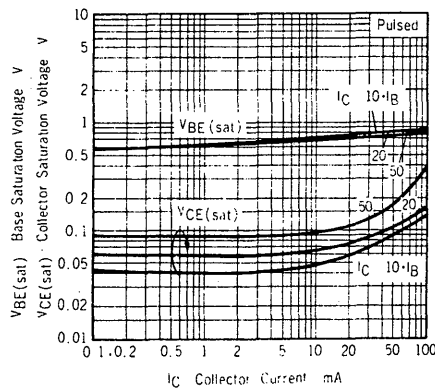
DC CURRENT GAIN vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT



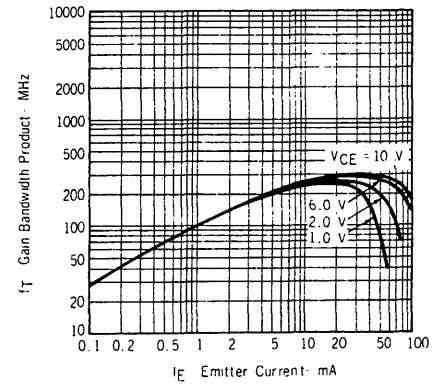
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. BASE TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



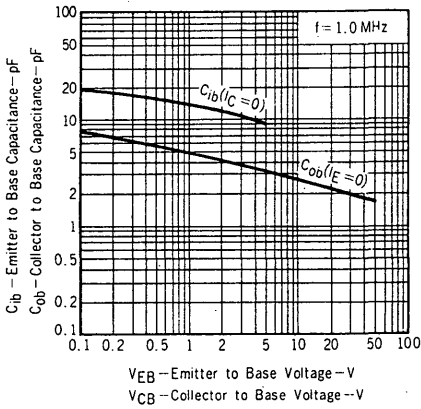
COLLECTOR AND BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT



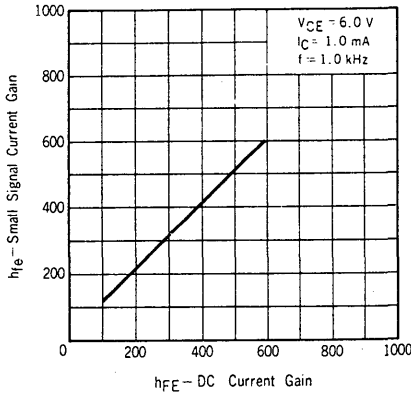
GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT vs. EMITTER CURRENT



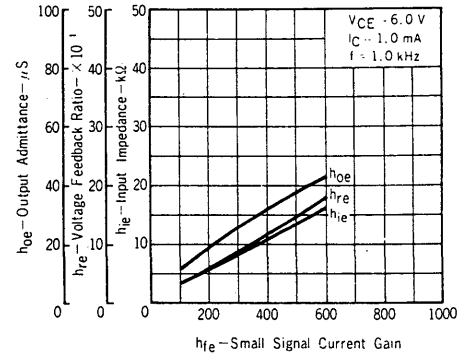
EMITTER TO BASE AND COLLECTOR TO BASE CAPACITANCE vs. REVERSE VOLTAGE



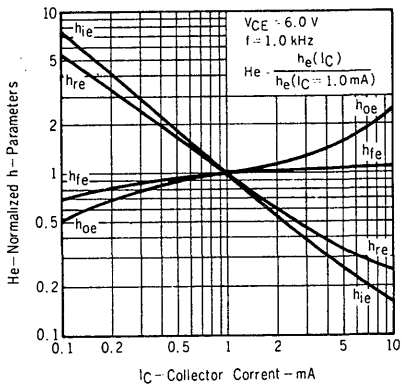
SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN vs. DC CURRENT GAIN



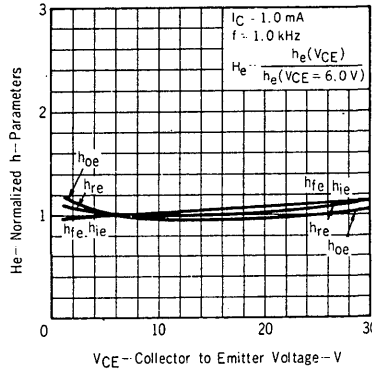
INPUT IMPEDANCE, VOLTAGE FEEDBACK RATIO AND OUTPUT ADMITTANCE vs. SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN



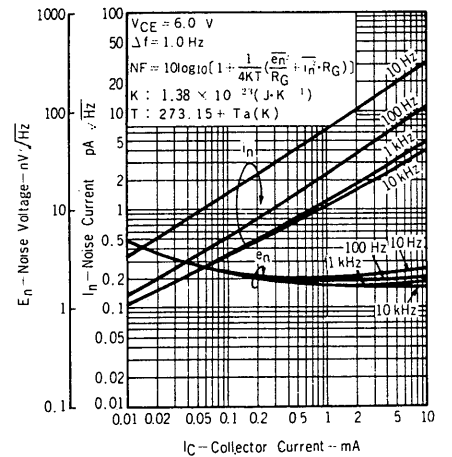
NORMALIZED h-PARAMETERS vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT



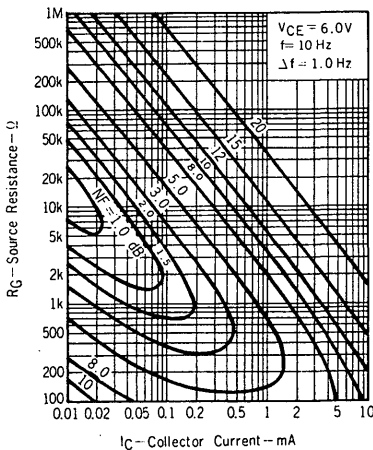
NORMALIZED h-PARAMETERS vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



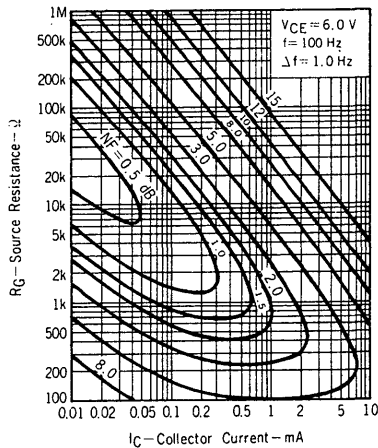
EN AND IN vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT



NOISE FIGURE MAP 1



NOISE FIGURE MAP 2



NOISE FIGURE MAP 3

