

MB84257A-70/-70L/-70LL/-10/-10L/-10LL CMOS 256K-BIT LOW POWER SRAM

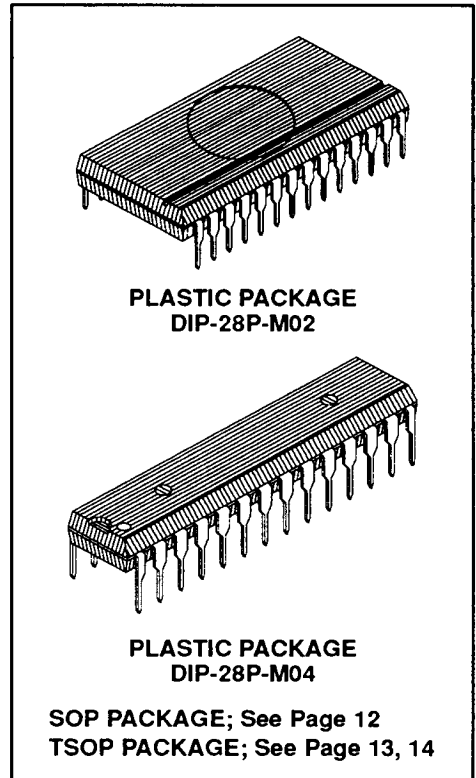
32,768 WORD x 8-BIT CMOS STATIC RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY WITH DATA RETENTION

The Fujitsu MB84257A is a 32,768-word by 8-bit static random access memory fabricated with a CMOS silicon gate process. The memory utilizes asynchronous circuitry and may be maintained in any state for an indefinite period of time. All pins are TTL compatible, and a single +5V power supply is required.

The MB84257A is ideally suited for use in microprocessor systems and other applications where fast access time and ease of use are required. All devices offer the advantages of low power dissipation, low cost and high performance.

- Organization: 32,768 x 8 bits
- Fast access time: 70 ns max. (MB84257A-70/-70L/-70LL)
100 ns max. (MB84257A-10/-10L/-10LL)
- Completely static operation: No clock required
- TTL compatible inputs/outputs
- Three state outputs
- Single +5V power supply, ±10% tolerance
- Low power standby:
 - CMOS level: 5.5 mW max. (MB84257A-70/-10)
0.55 mW max. (MB84257A-70L/-70LL/-10L/-10LL)
 - TTL level: 16.5 mW max. (MB84257A-70/-70L/-70LL/-10/-10L/-10LL)
- Data retention: 2.0V min.
- Standard 28-pin Plastic Packages:

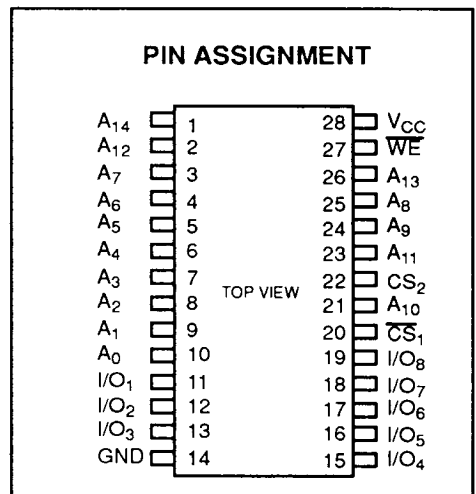
DIP (600mil)	MB84257A-xx(L/LL)P
Skinny DIP (300 mil)	MB84257A-xx(L/LL)P-SK
SOP	MB84257A-xx(L/LL)PF
TSOP (normal bend)	MB84257A-xx(L/LL)PFTN
TSOP (reverse bend)	MB84257A-xx(L/LL)PFTR



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (see NOTE)

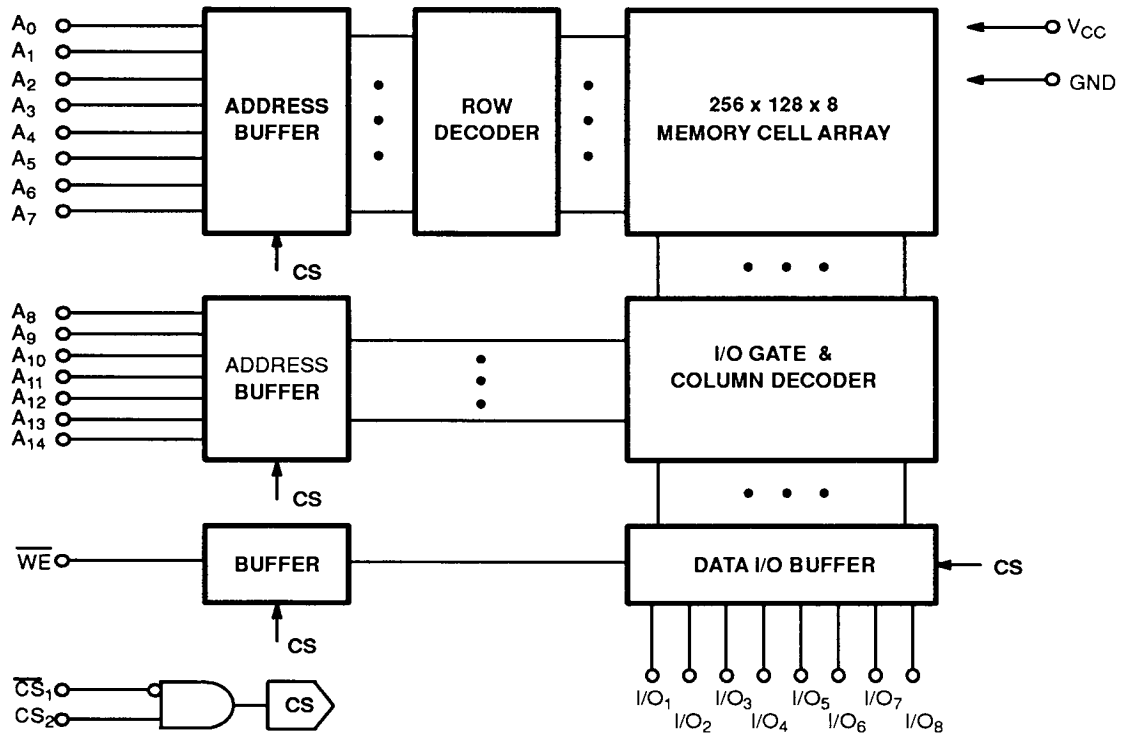
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Output Voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Temperature Under Bias	T_{BIAS}	-10 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40 to +125	°C

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if the above **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.

Fig. 1 – MB84257A BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

\overline{CS}_1	CS_2	\overline{WE}	MODE	SUPPLY CURRENT	I/O PIN
H	X	X	Not Selected	I_{SB}	High-Z
X	L	X	Not Selected	I_{SB}	High-Z
L	H	H	Read	I_{CC}	D_{OU}
L	H	L	Write	I_{CC}	\overline{D}_{IN}

CAPACITANCE (TA = 25°C, f = 1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I/O Capacitance (V _{I/O} = 0V)	C _{I/O}			8	pF
Input Capacitance (V _{IN} = 0V)	C _{IN}			7	pF

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

(Referenced to GND)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Ambient Temperature	T_A	0		70	°C

DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions otherwise noted.)

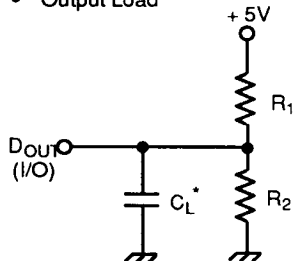
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	MB84257A-70/-10		MB84257A-70L/-70LL /-10L/-10LL		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Standby Supply Current	I_{SB1}	$CS_2 \leq 0.2V, \overline{CS}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ ($CS_2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $CS_2 \leq 0.2V$)		1		0.1	mA
	I_{SB2}	$\overline{CS}_1 = V_{IH}$ or $CS_2 = V_{IL}$		3		3	mA
Active Supply Current	I_{CC1}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}, \overline{CS}_1 = V_{IL},$ $CS_2 = V_{IH}, I_{OUT} = 0mA$		50		50	mA
Operating Supply Current	I_{CC2}	Cycle = Min. Duty = 100% $I_{OUT} = 0mA$	-70	80		80	mA
			-10	70		70	
Input Leakage Current	I_{LI}	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to V_{CC}	-1	1	-1	1	μA
Output Leakage Current	$I_{L/O}$	$V_{I/O} = 0V$ to V_{CC} $\overline{CS}_1 = V_{IH}$ or $CS_2 = V_{IL}$ or $WE = V_{IL}$	-1	1	-1	1	μA
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}		2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}		-3.0 *	0.8	-3.0 *	0.8	V
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -1.0mA$	2.4		2.4		V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 2.1mA$		0.4		0.4	V

Note: All voltages are referenced to GND.

*: -3.0V min. for pulse width less than 20 ns. (V_{IL} min. = -0.3V at DC level.)

Fig. 2 – AC TEST CONDITIONS

• Output Load



- Input Pulse Levels: 0.6V to 2.4V
- Input Pulse Rise & Fall Times: 5ns (Transient between 0.8V and 2.2V)
- Timing Reference Levels: Input: $V_{IL}=0.8V, V_{IH}=2.2V$
Output: $V_{OL}=0.8V, V_{OH}=2.0V$

* Including Jig and stray capacitance

	R_1	R_2	C_L	Parameters Measured
Load I	1.8KΩ	990Ω	100pF	except $t_{CLZ}, t_{CHZ}, t_{WLZ},$ and t_{WHZ}
Load II	1.8KΩ	990Ω	5pF	$t_{CLZ}, t_{CHZ}, t_{WLZ},$ and t_{WHZ}

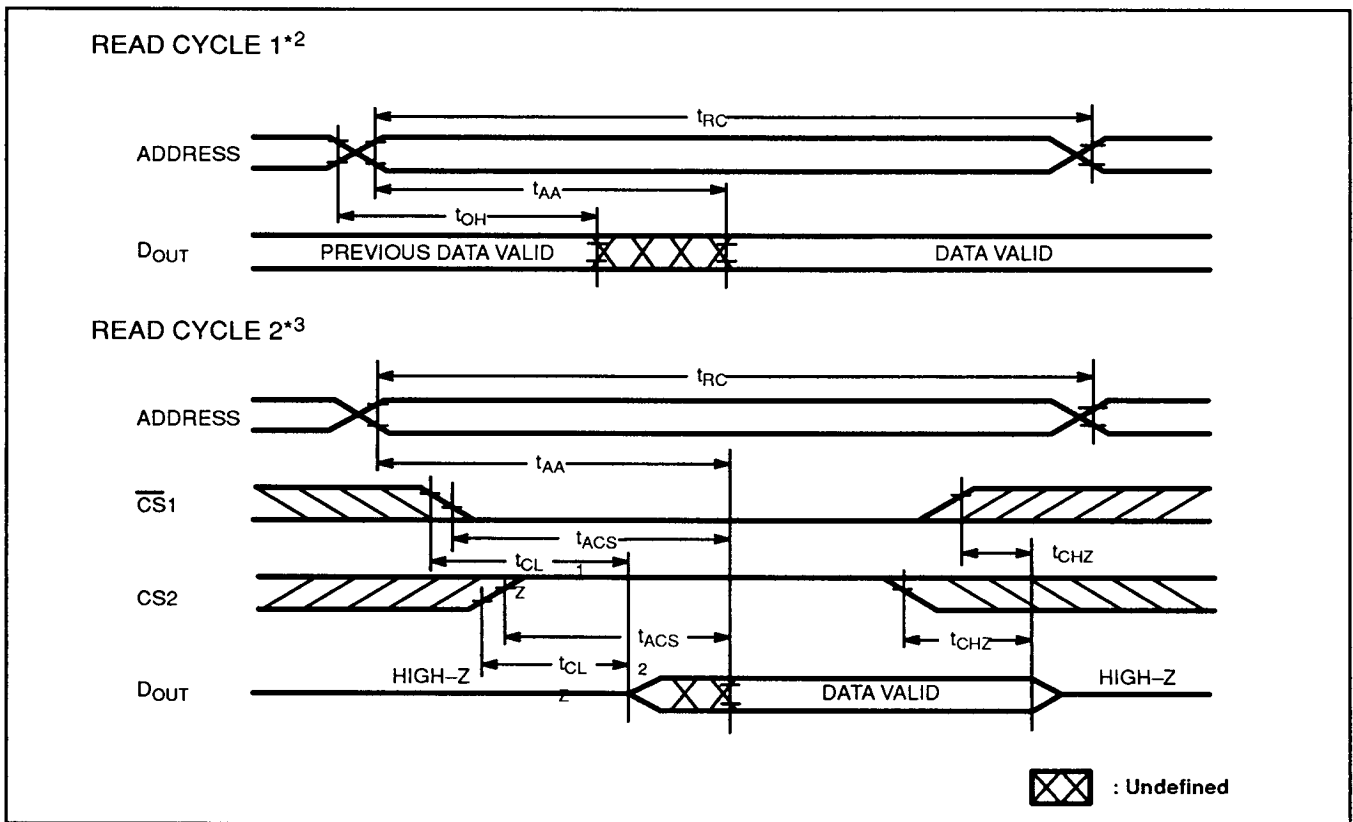
AC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions otherwise noted.)

READ CYCLE *1

Parameter	Symbol	MB84257A-70/-70L/-70LL		MB84257A-10/-10L/-10LL		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle Time	t_{RC}	70		100		ns
Address Access Time *2	t_{AA}		70		100	ns
$\overline{CS1}$ Access Time *3	t_{ACS1}		70		100	ns
CS2 Access Time *3	t_{ACS2}		70		100	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t_{OH}	20		20		ns
Chip Select to Output Low-Z *4	t_{CLZ}	10		10		ns
Chip Select to Output High-Z *4	t_{CHZ}		25		40	ns

READ CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM *1



Note: *1 \overline{WE} is high for Read cycle.

*2 Device is continuously selected, $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$

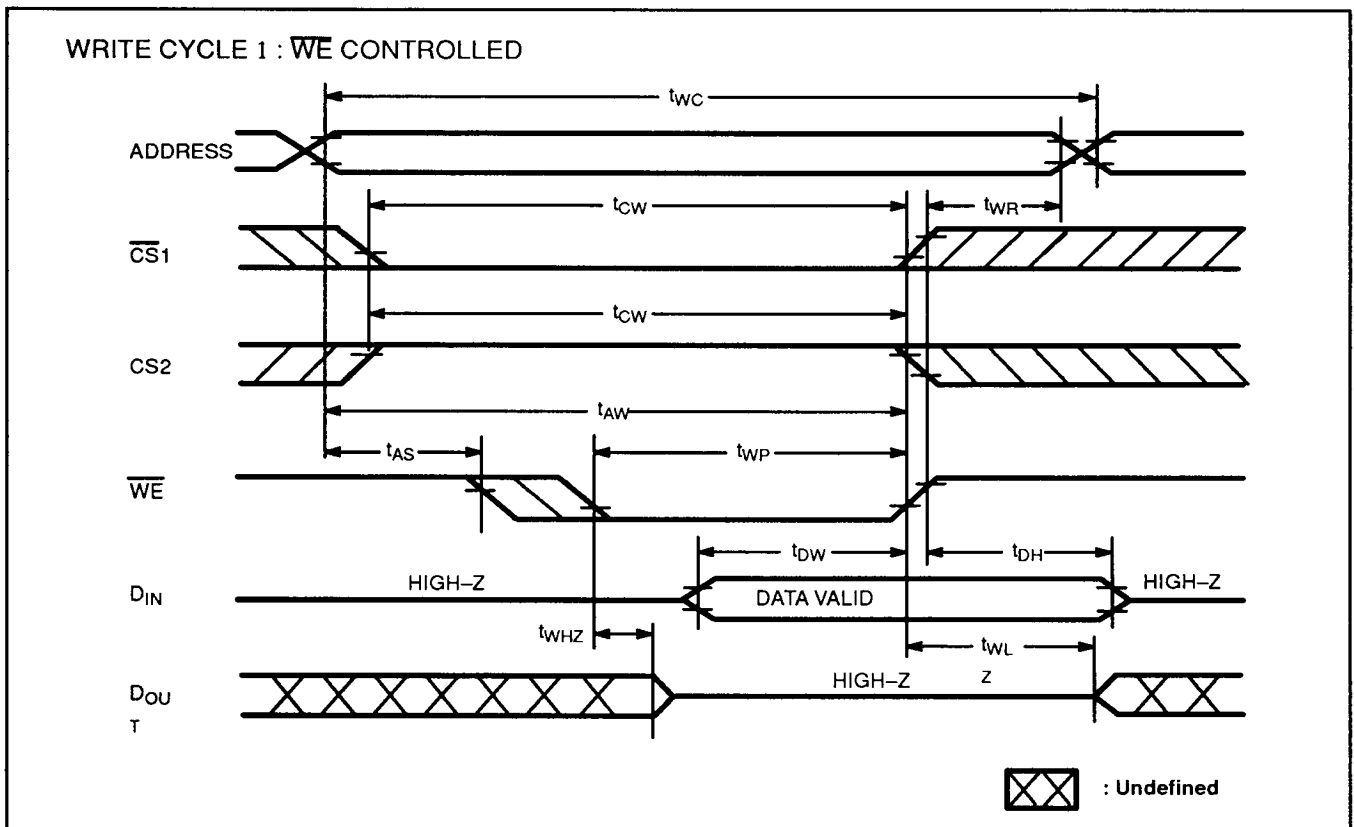
*3 Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CS1}$ transition low, $CS2$ transition high.

*4 Transition is measured at the point of $\pm 500mV$ from steady state voltage with specified Load II in Fig. 2.

WRITE CYCLE *1*2

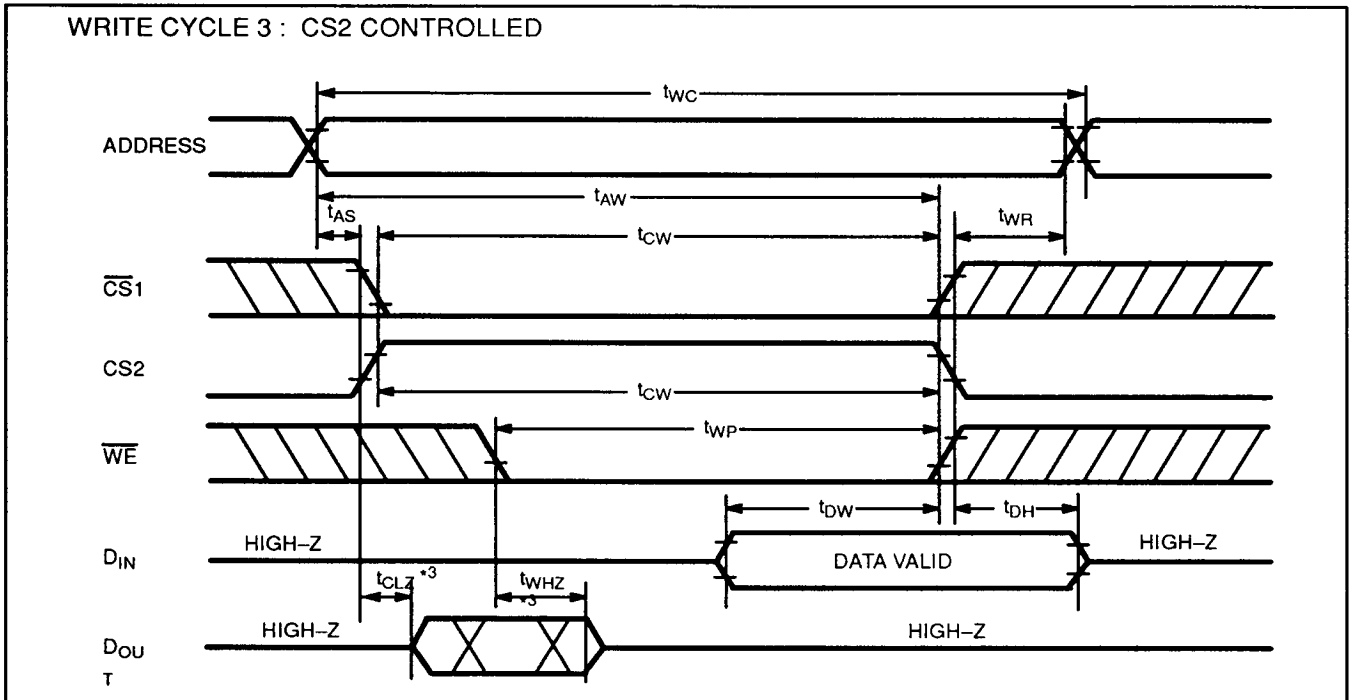
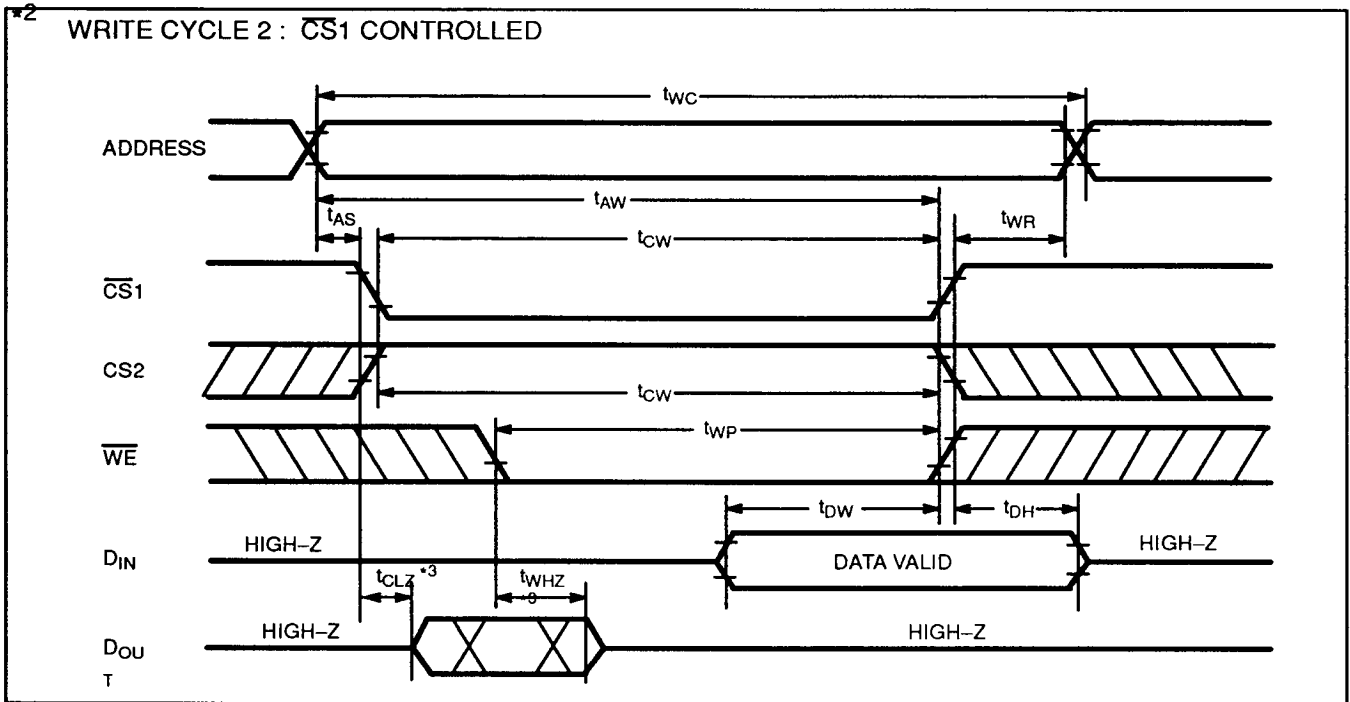
Parameter	Symbol	MB84257A-70/-70L/-70LL		MB84257A-10/-10L/-10LL		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Write Cycle Time *3	t_{WC}	70		100		ns
Address Valid to End of Write	t_{AW}	50		80		ns
Chip Select to End of Write	t_{CW}	50		80		ns
Data Valid to End of Write	t_{DW}	25		40		ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	0		0		ns
Write Pulse Width	t_{WP}	50		60		ns
Address Setup Time	t_{AS}	0		0		ns
Write Recovery Time *4	t_{WR}	5		5		ns
\overline{WE} to Output Low-Z *5	t_{WLZ}	5		5		ns
\overline{WE} to Output High-Z *5	t_{WHZ}		25		40	ns

WRITE CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM *1 *2



- Note:**
- *1 If $\overline{CS1}$ and CS2 are in the READ Mode during this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
 - *2 If $\overline{CS1}$ goes high or CS2 goes low simultaneously with \overline{WE} high, the output remains in high impedance state.
 - *3 All write cycle are determined from last address transition to the first address transition of the next address.
 - *4 t_{WR} is defined from the end point of WRITE Mode.
 - *5 Transition is measured at the point of $\pm 500mV$ from steady state voltage with specified Load II in Fig. 2.

WRITE CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM *1



- Note:**
- *1 If $\overline{CS1}$, CS2 are in the READ Mode during this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
 - *2 If $\overline{CS1}$ goes high or CS2 goes low simultaneously with \overline{WE} high, the output remains in high impedance state.
 - *3 Transition is measured at the point of $\pm 500mV$ from steady state voltage with specified Load II in Fig. 2.

DATA RETENTION CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Data Retention Supply Voltage	V_{DR}	2.0		5.5	V
Data Retention Supply Current *1	Standard			1.0	mA
	L-Version		1.0	50	μ A
	LL-Version		1.0	50 *2	
Data Retention Setup Time	t_{DRS}	0			ns
Operation Recovery Time	t_R	t_{RC}			ns

Note: *1 $V_{CC} = V_{DR} = 3V$

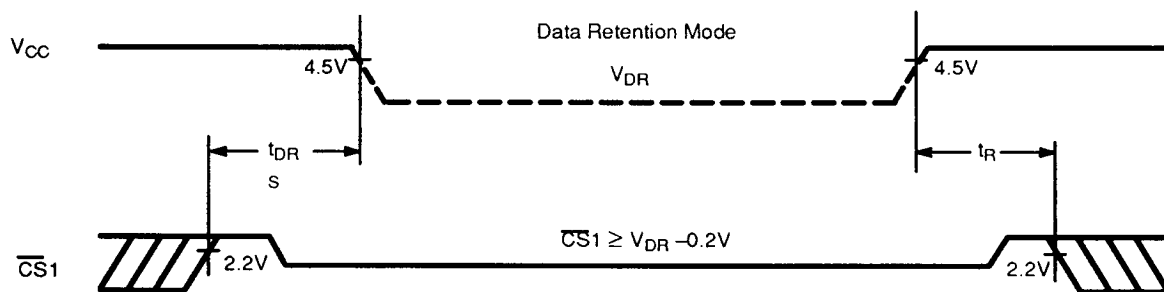
CS1 controlled: $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{DR} - 0.2V$ ($CS2 \geq V_{DR} - 0.2V$ or $CS2 \leq 0.2V$)

CS2 controlled: $CS2 \leq 0.2V$

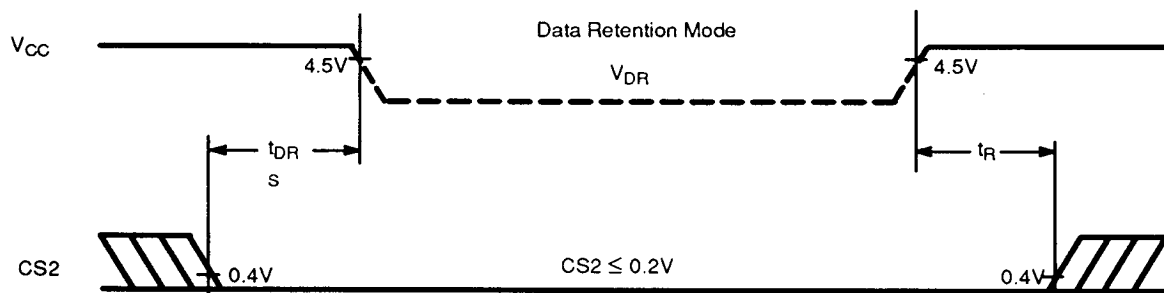
*2 $I_{DR} = 5 \mu A$ max. at $V_{DR} = 3.0V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+40^\circ C$

DATA RETENTION TIMING

DATA RETENTION 1: $\overline{CS1}$ CONTROLLED



DATA RETENTION 2: CS2 CONTROLLED



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

Fig. 3 - NORMALIZED POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

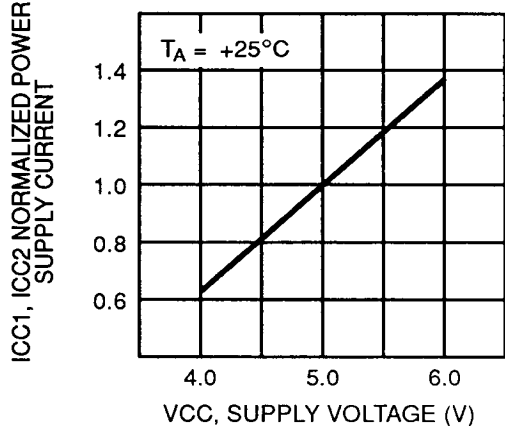


Fig. 4 - NORMALIZED POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

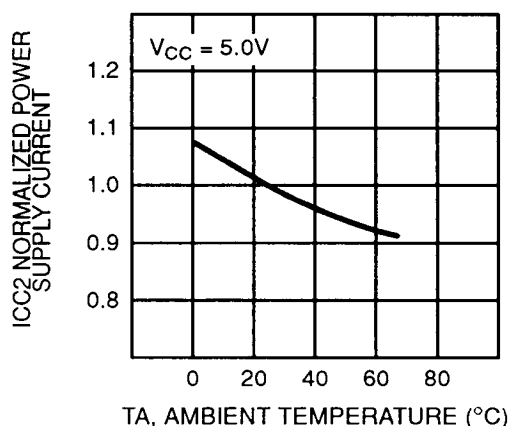


Fig. 5 - NORMALIZED POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs. FREQUENCY

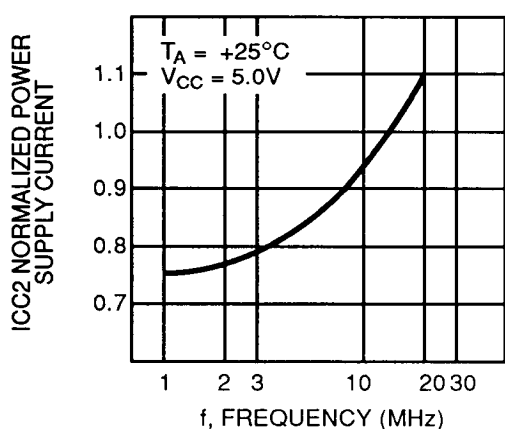


Fig. 6 - NORMALIZED POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

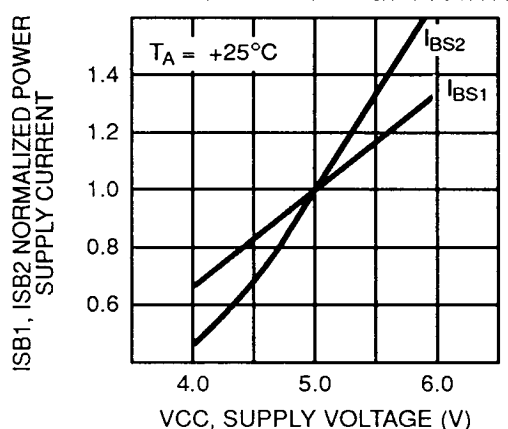


Fig. 7 - NORMALIZED POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

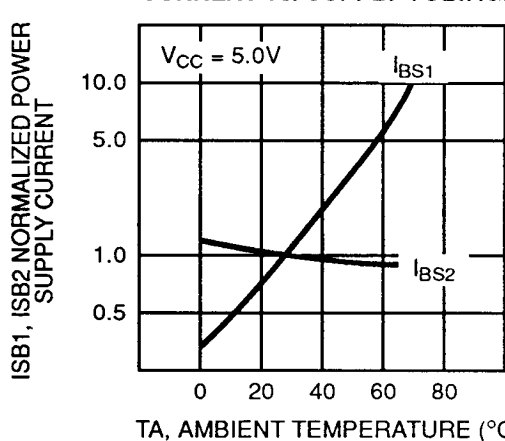
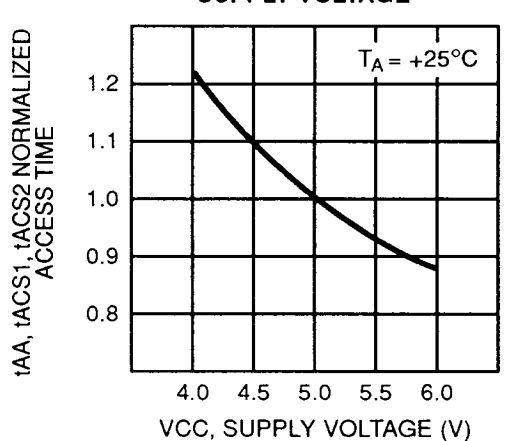


Fig. 8 - NORMALIZED ACCESS TIME vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (Continued)

Fig. 9 – NORMALIZED ACCESS TIME
 vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

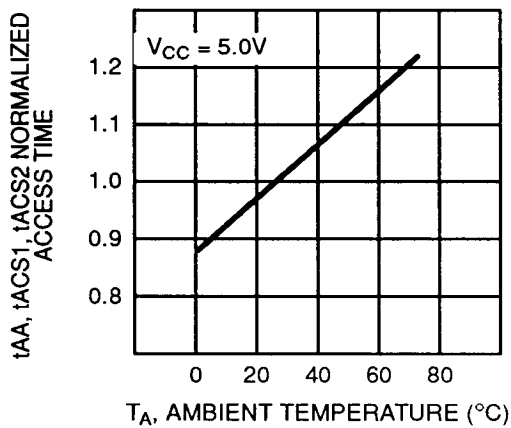
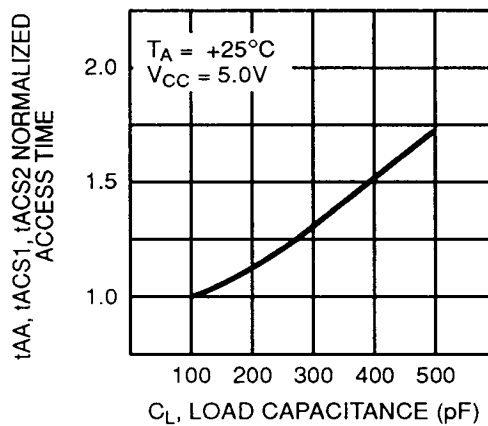
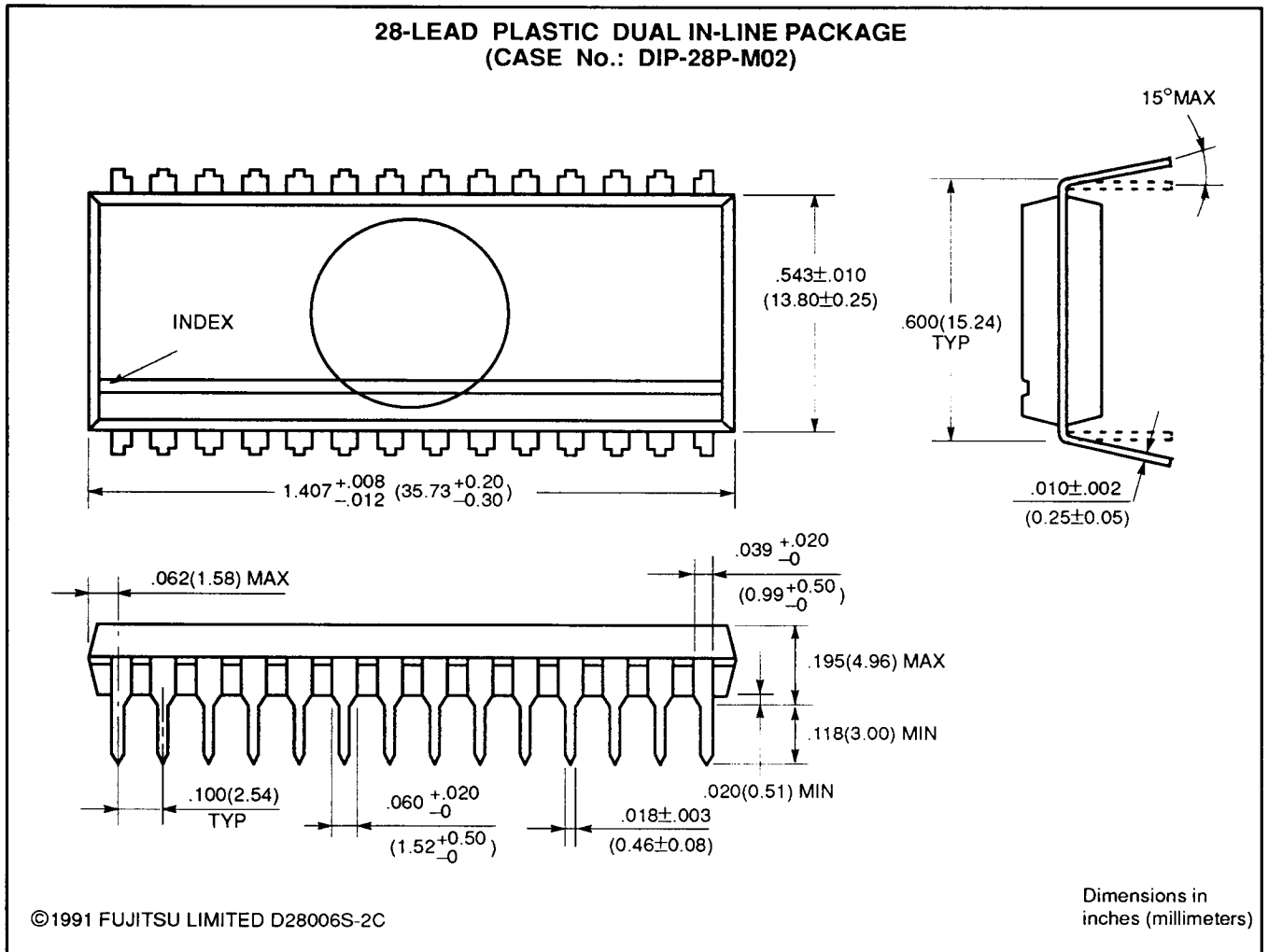


Fig. 10 – NORMALIZED ACCESS TIME
 vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

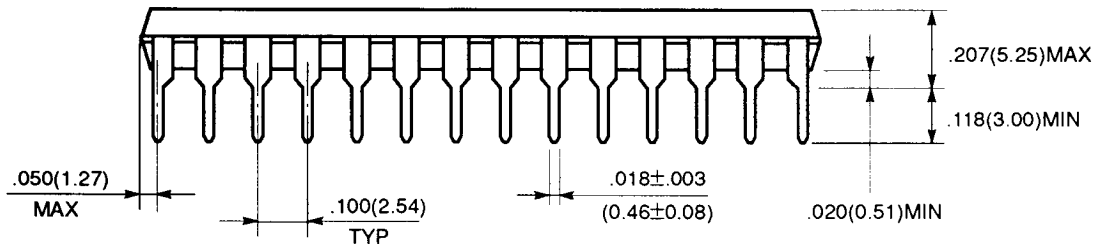
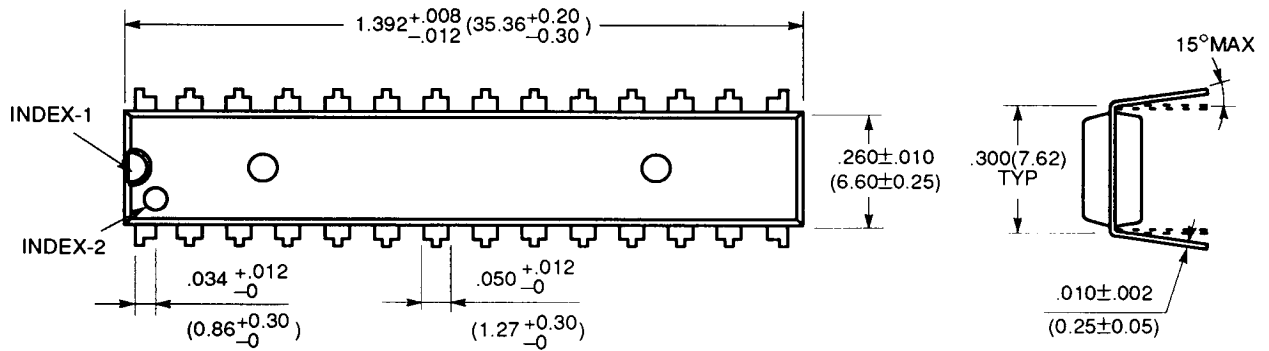
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28-LEAD PLASTIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE
 (CASE No.: DIP-28P-M04)

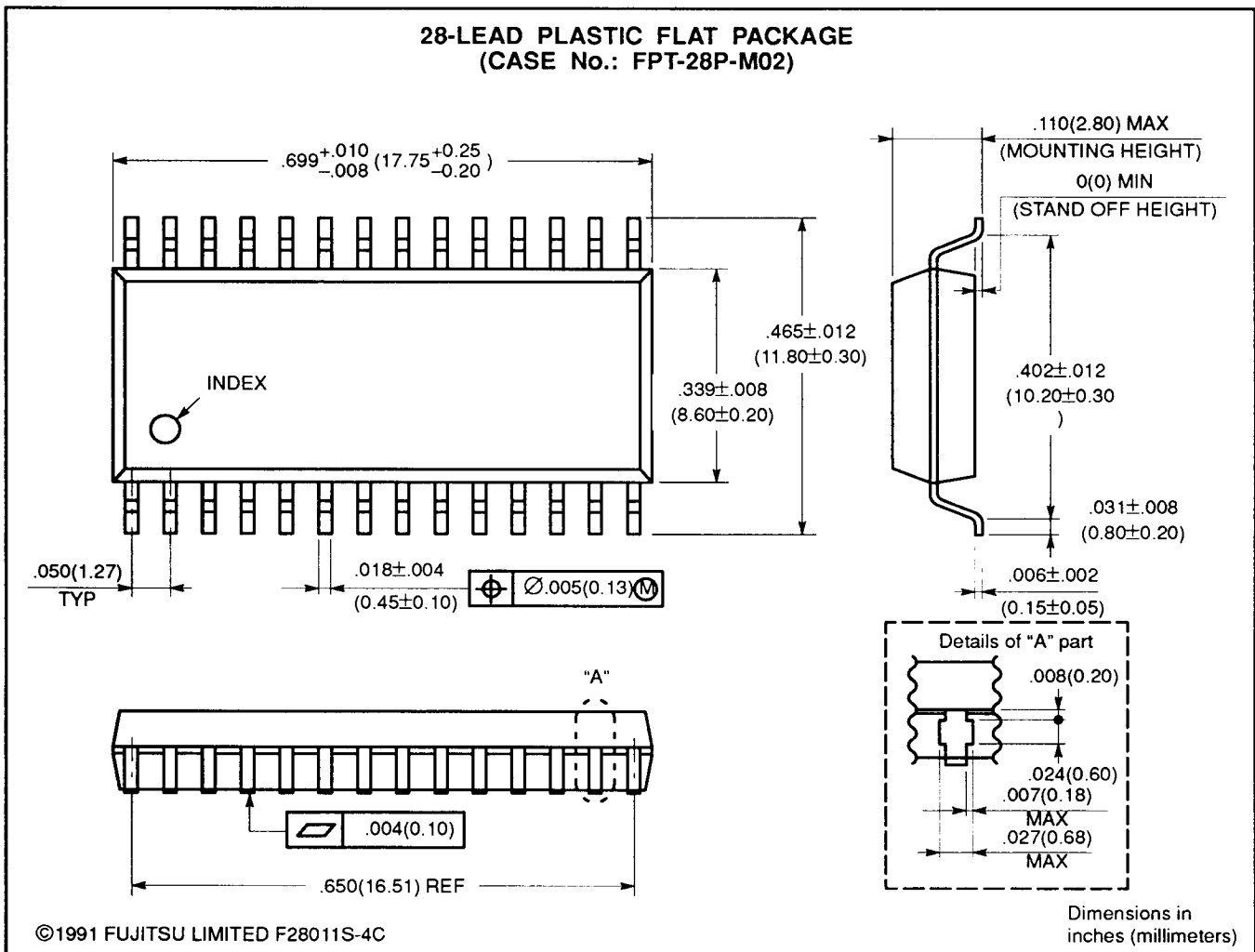
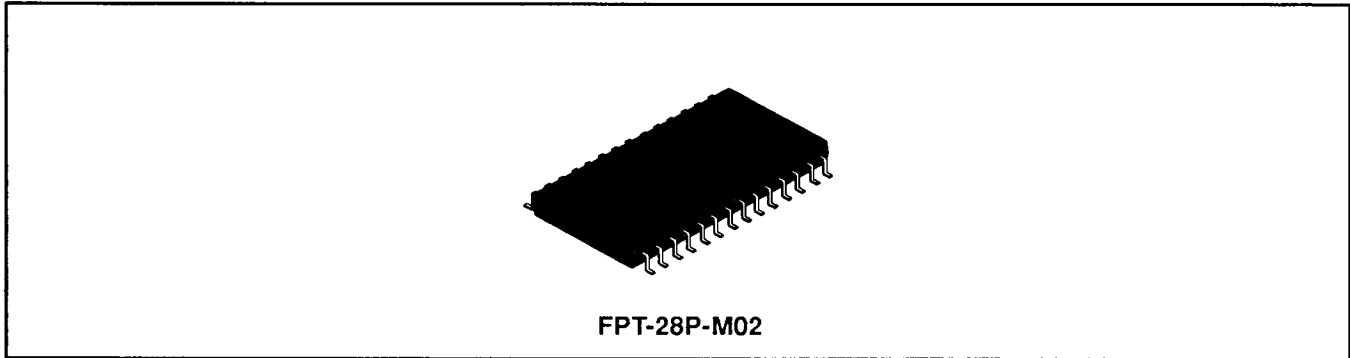


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Dimensions in
 inches (millimeters)

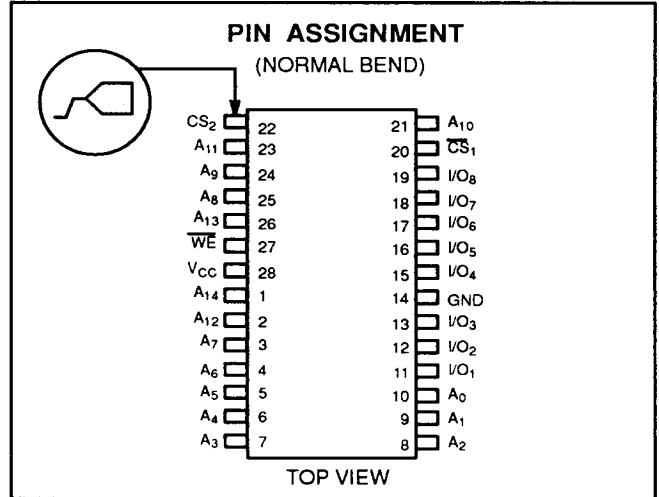
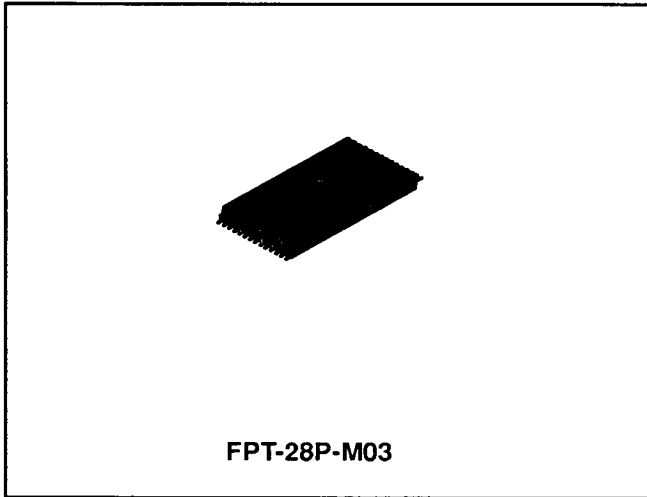
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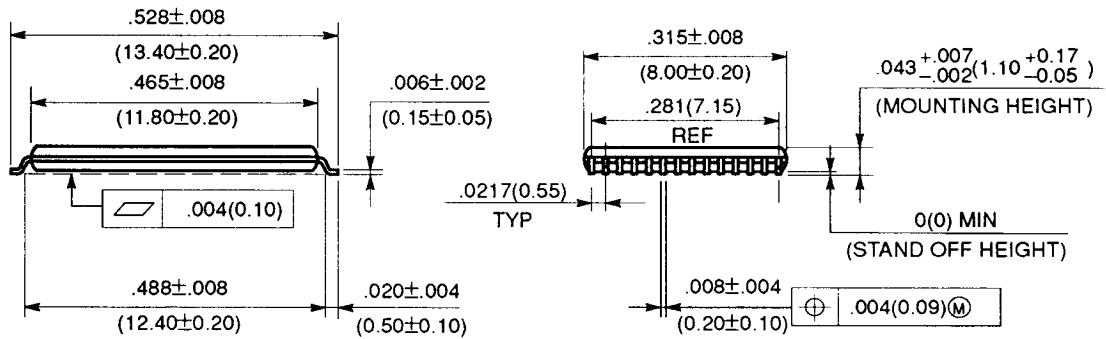
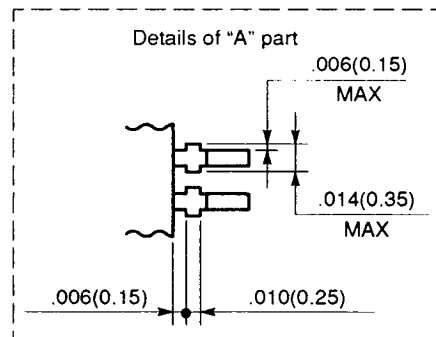
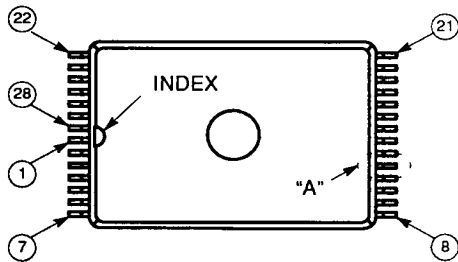


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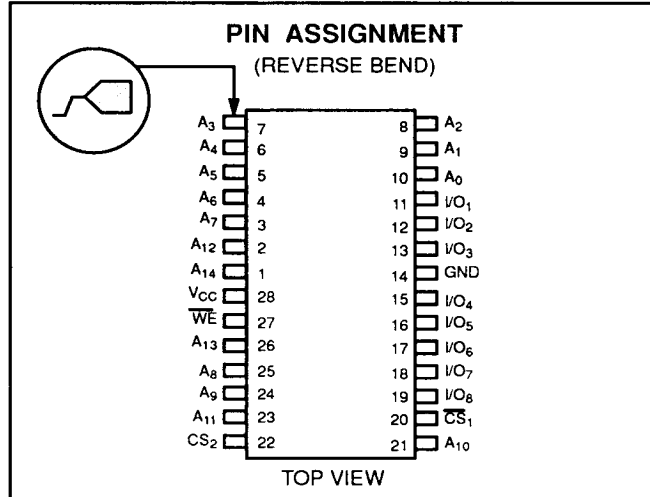
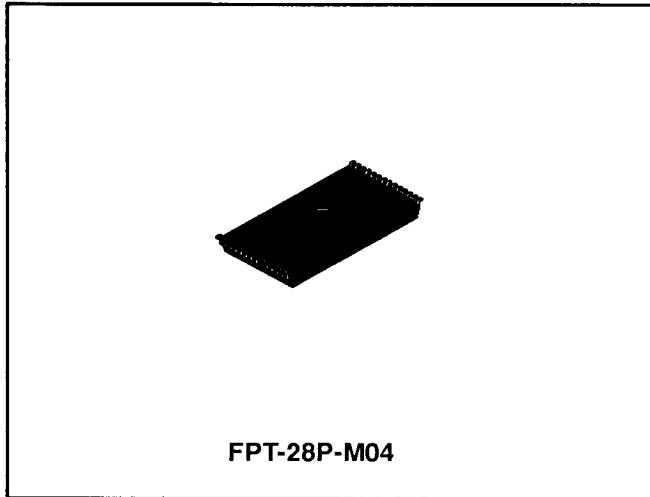


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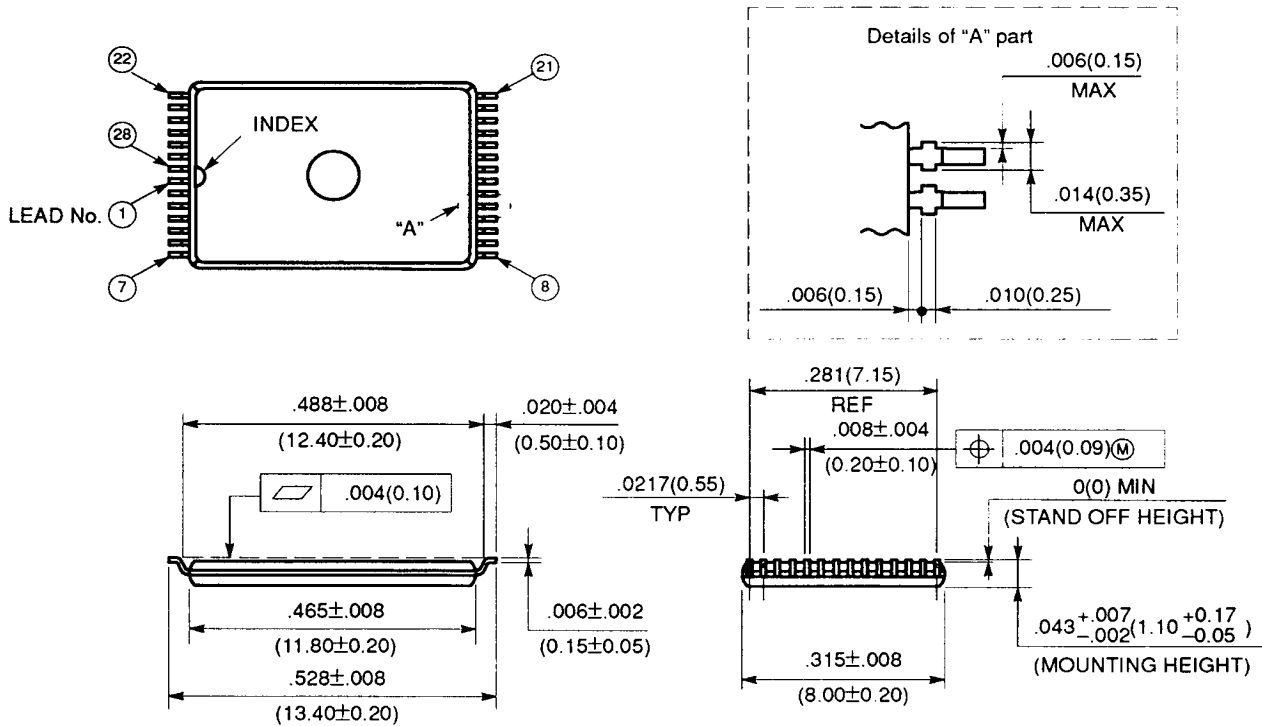


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(Suffix: PFTR)



28-LEAD PLASTIC FLAT PACKAGE (CASE No.: FPT-28P-M04)



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