

### PCS LINEAR POWER AMPLIFIER

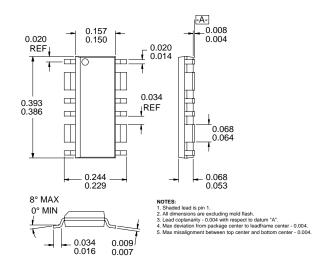
### Typical Applications

- 4.8 V CDMA PCS Handsets
- 4.8 V TDMA PCS Handsets
- 4.8V PACS PCS Handsets

- Driver Amplifier in Cellular Base Stations
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment

### **Product Description**

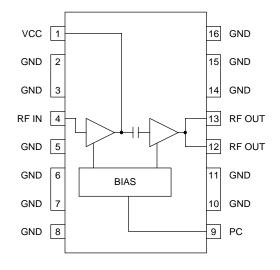
The RF2146 is a high-power, high-efficiency linear amplifier IC. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, and has been designed for use as the final RF amplifier in 4-cell CDMA handheld digital cellular equipment, spread-spectrum systems, and other applications in the 1500MHz to 2000MHz band. The device is self-contained with  $50\Omega$  input and the output can be easily matched to obtain optimum power, efficiency, and linearity characteristics.



Package Style: CJ2BAT0

### Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

- ☐ Si BJT
  ☐ Si Bi-CMOS
- ✓ GaAs HBT
  ☐ SiGe HBT
- ☐ GaAs MESFET☐ Si CMOS



Functional Block Diagram

### **Features**

- Single 4V to 6.5V Supply
- 28.5dBm Linear Output Power
- 18.5dB Gain With Analog Gain Control
- 37% Linear Efficiency
- On-board Power Down Mode
- 1500 MHz to 2000 MHz Operation

#### Ordering Information

RF2146 PCBA PCS Linear Power Amplifier
RF2146 PCBA Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

RF Micro Devices, Inc. 7625 Thorndike Road Greensboro, NC 27409, USA Tel (336) 664 1233 Fax (336) 664 0454 http://www.rfmd.com

Rev A3 001026 2-147

### RF2146

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Rating	Unit				
Supply Voltage (No RF)	-0.5 to +8.0	$V_{DC}$				
Supply Voltage (P <sub>OUT</sub> <30dBm)	-0.5 to +7.5	$V_{DC}$				
Power Control Voltage (V <sub>PC</sub> )	-0.5 to +5.0 or $V_{CC}$	V				
DC Supply Current	500	mA				
Input RF Power	+15	dBm				
Output Load VSWR	10:1					
Ambient Operating Temperature	-30 to +90	°C				
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150	℃				



RF Micro Devices believes the furnished information is correct and accurate at the time of this printing. However, RF Micro Devices reserves the right to make changes to its products without notice. RF Micro Devices does not assume responsibility for the use of the described product(s).

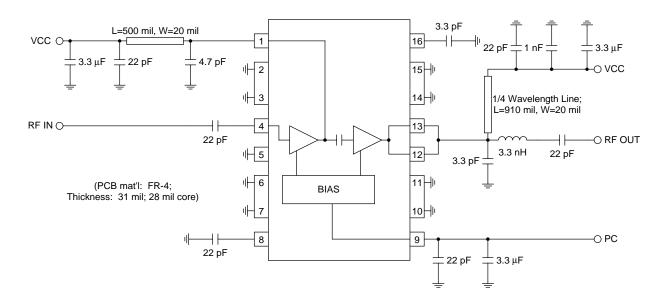
Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition	
- arameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	<b>3</b>	Gondition	
Overall					T=25 °C, V <sub>CC</sub> =4.8 V, V <sub>PC</sub> =3.6 V, P <sub>IN</sub> =+10dBm, Freq=1880MHz	
Usable Frequency Range		1500 to 2000		MHz		
Linear Gain		18.5	19	dB		
Maximum Linear Output Power		28.5			CDMA Modulation	
Total Linear Efficiency		37		%		
Input Power for 28 dBm Output		+10		dBm		
Adjacent Channel Power Rejection	-45			dBc	CDMA Modulation, +28 dBm Output, At 1.25 MHz Offset	
Input VSWR		<2:1				
Second Harmonic		-35		dBc	Including Second Harmonic Trap	
Power Down						
Off Isolation		25		dB		
Turn On Time		200		ns	Up to -0.5 dB of Final Power	
Turn Off Time		350		ns	Down to +0.5 dB of Final Power	
Total Current			TBD	μΑ	"OFF" State	
V <sub>PC</sub> "OFF" Voltage		0	0.2	V	Threshold Voltage at Input	
V <sub>PC</sub> "ON" Voltage	3.4	3.6	4.0	V	Threshold Voltage at Input	
Power Supply						
Power Supply Voltage		4.0 to 6.5		V	Operating voltage	
Current into V <sub>PC</sub> pin		13		mA	"ON" State	
Idle Current		70		mA	V <sub>PC</sub> =3.6V, No RF Applied	

2-148 Rev A3 001026

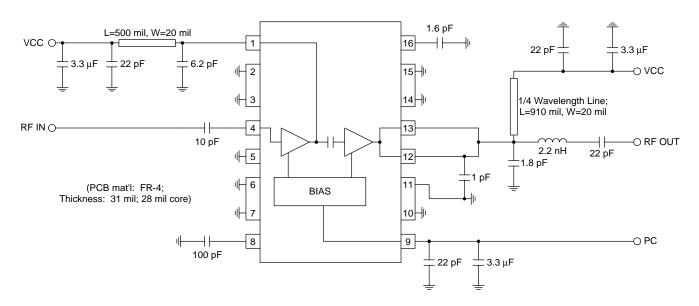
Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	VCC	Power supply for the driver stage, and interstage matching. Shunt capacitance is required on this pin. The value of the capacitance is frequency dependent. 4.7pF centers the gain at 1880 MHz.	VCC  RF IN O  From Bias =  Stages
2	GND	Ground connection for final stage. Keep traces physically short and connect immediately to the ground plane for best performance.	
3	GND	Same as pin 2.	
4	RF IN	RF input. This is a $50\Omega$ input, but the actual input impedance depends on the interstage matching network connected to pin 1. An external DC blocking capacitor is required if this port is connected to a DC path to ground or a DC voltage.	See pin 1.
5	GND	Ground connection for the driver stage. Keep traces physically short and connect immediately to the ground plane for best performance.	
6	GND	Same as pin 2.	
7	GND	Same as pin 2.	
8	BYP1	Bypass Pin. Part of the matching circuit for interstage match. DC connected to VCC1. Use a suitable bypass capacitor to ground. Keep capacitor as close to pin as possible.	See pin 1.
9	PC	Power Control. When this pin is "low", all circuits are shut off. A "low" is typically 0.5 V. When this pin is "high", the part operates normally, and the pin consumes approximately 13mA during normal operation. This pin should never exceed 5 V.	To RF Transistors
10	GND	Same as pin 2.	
11	GND	Same as pin 2.	
12	RF OUT	RF Output and power supply for the output stage. The two output pins are combined, and bias voltage for the final stage is provided through these pins. An external matching network is required to provide the optimum load impedance; see the application schematics for details.	RFOUT  From Bias =  Stages
13	RF OUT	Same as pin 12.	See pin 12.
14	GND	Same as pin 2.	
15	GND	Same as pin 2.	
16	BYP2	Bypass Pin. Part of the matching circuit for interstage match. DC connected to VCC1. For 1880 MHz operation, use a 3.3pF capacitor to ground. Keep capacitor as close to pin as possible.	See pin 1.

Rev A3 001026 2-149

## Application Schematic 1880MHz



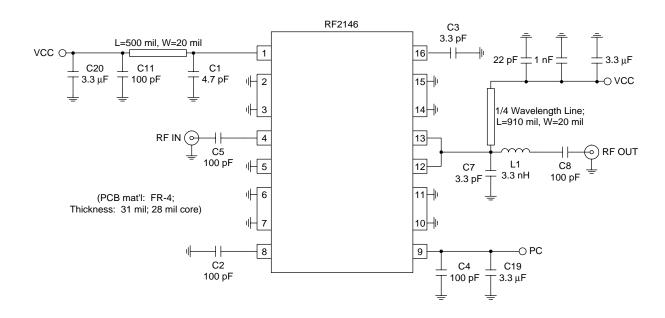
## Application Schematic 2150MHz



2-150 Rev A3 001026

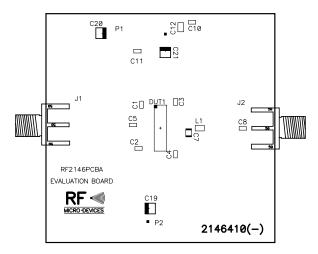
### **Evaluation Board Schematic**

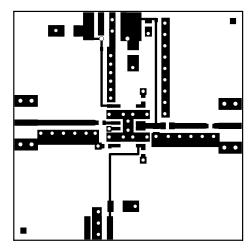
(Download Bill of Materials from www.rfmd.com.)

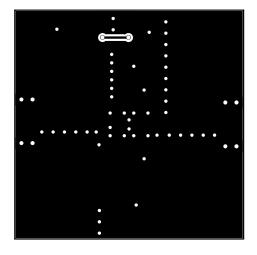


Rev A3 001026 2-151

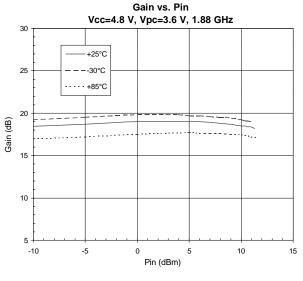
# Evaluation Board Layout 2" x 2"

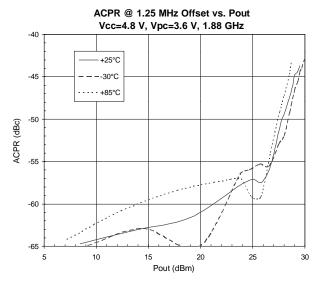


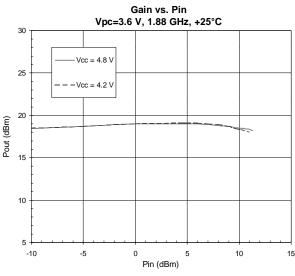


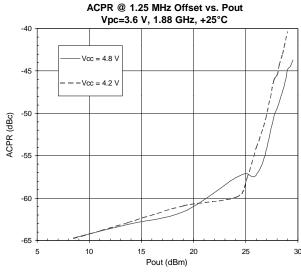


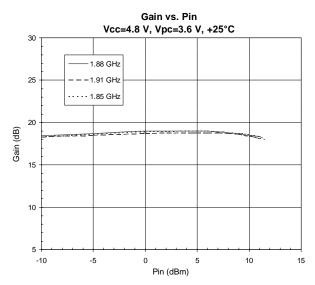
2-152 Rev A3 001026

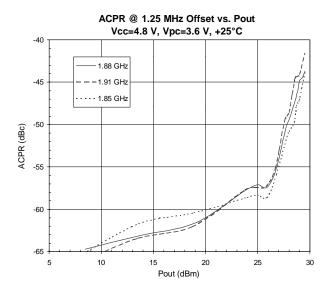




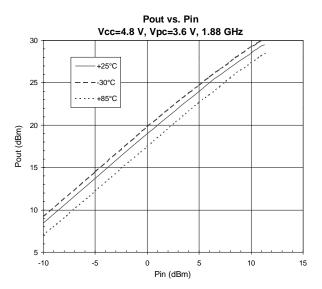


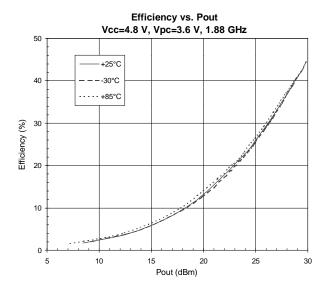


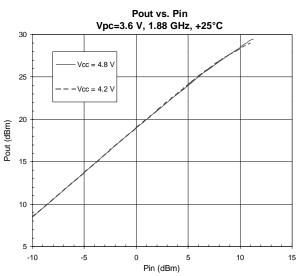


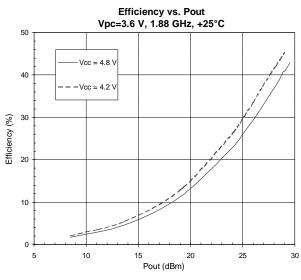


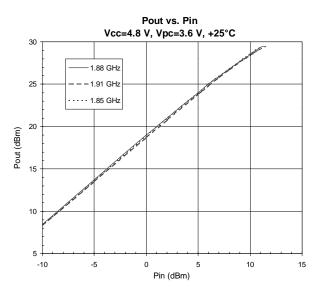
Rev A3 001026 2-153

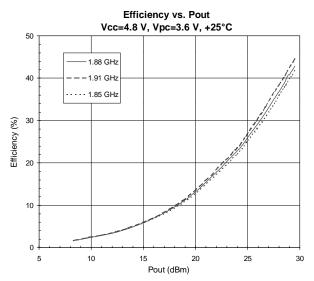












Rev A3 001026 2-154