

### **General Description**

The MAX6061-MAX6067 are precision, low-dropout, micropower voltage references. These three-terminal devices operate with an input voltage range from (Vout + 50mV typ) to 12.6V and are available with output voltage options of 1.25V, 2.048V, 2.5V, 3V, 4.096V, 4.5V, and 5V. They feature a proprietary curvature-correction circuit and laser-trimmed thin-film resistors that result in a very low temperature coefficient of 20ppm/°C (max) and an initial accuracy of ±0.02% (max). Specifications apply to the extended temperature range (-40°C to +85°C).

The MAX6061-MAX6067 typically draw only 90µA of supply current and can source 5mA or sink 2mA of load current. Unlike conventional shunt-mode (two-terminal) references that waste supply current and require an external resistor, these devices offer a supply current that is virtually independent of the supply voltage (8µA/V variation) and do not require an external resistor. Additionally, the internally compensated devices do not require an external compensation capacitor and are stable with up to 1µF of load capacitance. Eliminating the external compensation capacitor saves valuable board area in space-critical applications. Low dropout voltage and supply independent, ultra-low supply current make these devices ideal for battery-operated, high-performance, low-voltage systems.

The MAX6061-MAX6067 are available in a 3-pin SOT23 package.

### **Applications**

Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADCs) Portable Battery-Powered Systems Notebook Computers PDAs, GPS, DMMs Cellular Phones

Precision 3V/5V Systems

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

#### Selector Guide

PART	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	INPUT VOLTAGE (V)
MAX6061	1.250	2.5 to 12.6
MAX6062	2.048	2.5 to 12.6
MAX6066	2.500	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to 12.6
MAX6063	3.000	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to 12.6
MAX6064	AX6064 4.096 (V <sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to	
MAX6067	4.500	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to 12.6
MAX6065	5.000	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to 12.6

**Features** 

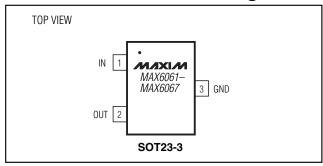
- ♦ Ultra-Small 3-Pin SOT23 Package
- ♦ ±0.2% max Initial Accuracy
- ◆ 20ppm/°C max Temperature Coefficient
- ♦ 5mA Source Current at 0.5mV/mA
- ♦ 2mA Sink Current at 1.3mV/mA
- ♦ Stable with CLOAD = 0 to 1µF
- ♦ 90µA typ Quiescent Supply Current
- ♦ 200mV max Dropout at 1mA Load Current
- ♦ +10µV/V Line Regulation
- ♦ Output Voltage Options: 1.25V, 2.048V, 2.5V, 3V, 4.096V, 4.5V, 5V
- ♦ 13µVp-p Noise 0.1Hz to 10Hz (MAX6061)

### **Ordering Information**

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Note: There is a minimum order increment of 2500 pieces for SOT packages.

### Pin Configuration



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Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Voltages Referenced to GND)	Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)
IN0.3V to +13.5V	3-Pin SOT23 (derate 4.0mW/°C above +70°C)320mW
OUT0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND or IN (V <sub>IN</sub> < 6V)Continuous	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND or IN $(V_{IN} \ge 6V)$ 60s	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6061, Vout = 1.25V**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = +5V, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Valtage	\/	T05°C	MAX6061A	1.245	1.250	1.255	V
Output Voltage	Vout	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MAX6061B	1.243	1.250	1.257	]
Output Voltage Temperature	TCVout	MAX6061A			6	20	ppm/°C
Coefficient (Note 2)	100001	MAX6061B			6	30	ppin, c
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	2.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V			10	250	μV/V
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 4	mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA
Load Regulation	Δlout	Sinking: -2mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	<b>O</b>		1.3	3.0	IIIV/IIIA
OUT Short-Circuit Current	loo	Short to GND			25		mA
OUT SHOIT-CITCUIT CUITETIT	Isc	Short to IN			25		1 IIIA
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			13		µVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			15		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f =	120Hz		86		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To Vout = 0.1% of fina	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of final value, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 50pF		50		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Cout			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	l	L		1			1
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		2.5		12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	·			90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	2.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V			3.4	8.0	μΑ/V
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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6062, VOUT = 2.048V**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	Vour	T050C	MAX6062A	2.043	2.048	2.053	V
Output Voltage	V001	V <sub>OUT</sub> T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C MAX6062B	2.040	2.048	2.056	V	
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6062A			6	20	ppm/°C
Coefficient (Note 2)	10,0001	MAX6062B			6	30	ррпі, С
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT}}/$ $\Delta V_{ ext{IN}}$	2.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V			33	130	μV/V
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5	mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA
Load Negulation	$\Delta$ l $_{ m OUT}$	Sinking: -2mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	<b>6</b> 0		1.5	4	1110/111/~
OUT Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Short to GND			25		mA
OOT Short-Circuit Current	150	Short to IN			25		IIIA
Long-Term Stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle	(Note 2)			130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				'			
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			22		µVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			25		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{ ext{OUT}}/$ $\Delta V_{ ext{IN}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f =	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f = 120Hz		86		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To $V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$ of final value, $C_{OUT} = 50pF$			115		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Соит			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		2.5		12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>				90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	$2.5V \le V_{IN} \le 12.6V$			3.3	8.0	μA/V

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6066, VOUT = 2.500V**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	со	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Outrout Walta are	1/	T 0500	MAX6066A	2.495	2.500	2.505	V
Output Voltage	Vout	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MAX6066B	2.490	2.500	2.510	V
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV	MAX6066A	<u> </u>		6	20	
Coefficient (Note 2)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6066B			6	30	ppm/°C
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	√ ≤ 12.6V		60	220	μV/V
Load Deculation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> :	≤5mA		0.5	0.9	100 \ / /200 Λ
Load Regulation	$\Delta$ lout	Sinking: -2mA ≤ lot	JT ≤ 0		1.6	5	mV/mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA			50	200	mV
OUT Short-Circuit Current	laa	Short to GND			25		mA
OOT Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Short to IN			25		IIIA
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				1			
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			27		µVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			30		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f = 120Hz			86		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of final value, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 50pF			115		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Соит			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	II.	1					ı
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0	.2	12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>				90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	y ≤ 12.6V		3.3	8.0	μA/V

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6063, VOUT = 3.0V**

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Output Valtage	\/a	T05°C	MAX6063A	2.994	3.000	3.006	V	
Output Voltage	Vout	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX6063B	2.988	3.000	3.012	V	
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV	MAX6063A			6	20	nnm/0C	
Coefficient (Note 2)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6063B			6	30	ppm/°C	
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	12.6V		90	300	μV/V	
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 51	mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA	
Load negulation	Δlout	Sinking: -2mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	0		2.0	5.0	IIIV/IIIA	
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA			50	200	mV	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	loo	Short to GND			25		mA	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Short to IN			25		111/4	
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h	
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				1				
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			35		µVр-р	
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			40		μV <sub>RMS</sub>	
Ripple Rejection	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f = 120Hz			76		dB	
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of final value, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 50pF			115		μs	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Cout			0		1.0	μF	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	1	ı		1				
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		Vour + 0	.2	12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>				90	125	μΑ	
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \le V_{IN} \le 1$	12.6V		3.4	8.0	μΑ/V	

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6064, VOUT = 4.096V**

 $(V_{IN} = +5V, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.}$ ) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Valtage	\/	T050C	MAX6064A	4.088	4.096	4.104	\/
Output Voltage	Vout	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MAX6064B	4.080	4.096	4.112	V
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6064A			6	20	ppm/°C
Coefficient (Note 2)	10,001	MAX6064B			6	30	ррпі, С
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	ı ≤ 12.6V		130	300	μV/V
Load Population	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> s	≤5mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta I_{ ext{OUT}}$	Sinking: -2mA ≤ IOU	JT ≤ 0		2.2	7	IIIV/IIIA
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA			50	200	mV
OUT Short-Circuit Current	laa	Short to GND			25		mΛ
OOT Short-Circuit Current	ISC	Short to IN			25		mA
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	"			'			1
Noise Voltage	OOLIT	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			50		µVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to $10kHz$			50		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100 \text{mV}, f$	= 120Hz		72		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of	final value, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 50pF		190		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Соит			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	1						
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-	-regulation test	Vout + 0	.2	12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	_			90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	ı ≤ 12.6V		3.2	8.0	μΑ/V

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### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6067, VOUT = 4.500V**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Outrout Valtage	M	T 05°C	MAX6067A	4.491	4.500	4.509	V
Output Voltage	Vout	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	MAX6067B	4.482	4.500	4.518	V
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV	MAX6067A			6	20	nnm/0C
Coefficient (Note 2)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6067B			6	30	ppm/°C
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \le V_{IN} \le 1$	12.6V		170	450	μV/V
Lood Doculation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5r	mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta$ l $_{ m OUT}$	Sinking: -2mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	0		2.4	8	mv/ma
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA			50	200	mV
OLIT Chart Circuit Current		Short to GND			25		m 1
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			25		mA
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				1			
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			55		µVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			55		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V ±100mV, f =	120Hz		70		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of final	l value, Cout = 50pF		230		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Соит			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				1			
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0	.2	12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	lıN				90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \le V_{IN} \le 12.6V$			3.2	8.0	μΑ/V

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX6065, VOUT = 5.000V**

 $(V_{IN} = +5.2V, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25$ °C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Outrout Valtage	\/	T0500	MAX6065A	4.990	5.000	5.010	V
Output Voltage	Vout	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX6065B	4.980	5.000	5.020	]
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV	MAX6065A			6	20	nnm/0C
Coefficient (Note 2)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	MAX6065B			6	30	ppm/°C
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.2V) ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	12.6V		180	400	μV/V
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5	mA		0.5	0.9	mV/mA
Load negulation	Δlout	Sinking: -2mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	≤ 0		2.4	8.0	IIIV/IIIA
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA			50	200	mV
OUT Short-Circuit Current	laa	Short to GND			25		mA
OUT Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Short to IN	Short to IN		25		l ma
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000h at +25°C			62		ppm/ 1000h
Output Voltage Hysteresis (Note 3)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle				130		ppm
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				1			
Noise Voltage	00117	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			60		μVр-р
Noise voitage	eout	f = 10Hz to 10kHz			60		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 5V \pm 100 \text{mV}, f =$	120Hz		65		dB
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1% of final value, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 50pF			300		μs
Capacitive-Load Stability Range (Note 4)	Cout			0		1.0	μF
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	1	ı					
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		Vout + 0	.2	12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>				90	125	μΑ
Change in Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>IN</sub>	$(V_{OUT} + 0.2V) \le V_{IN} \le$	12.6V		3.2	8.0	μΑ/V

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C and are guaranteed by design for T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, as specified.

**Note 2:** Temperature Coefficient is measured by the "box" method, i.e., the maximum  $\Delta V_{OUT}$  is divided by the maximum  $\Delta t$ .

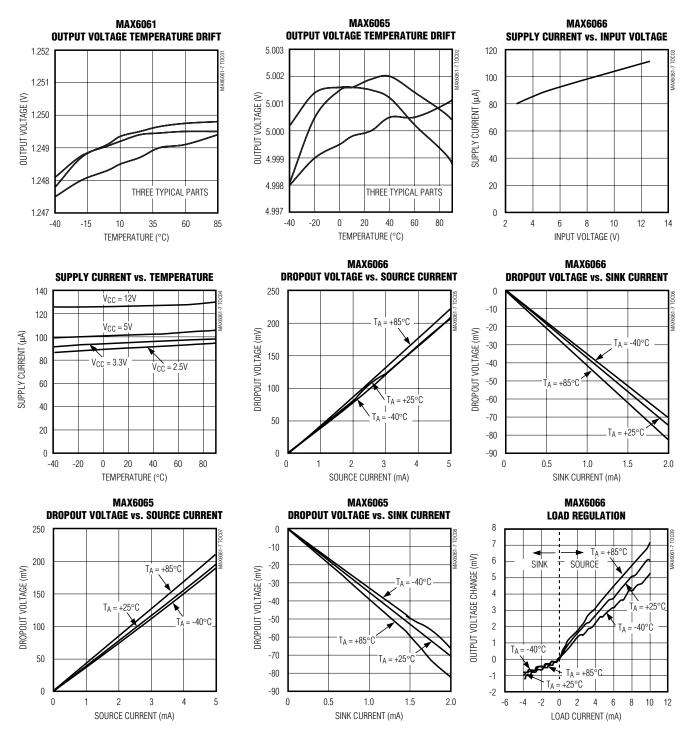
 $\textbf{Note 3:} \ \, \text{Temperature Hysteresis is defined as the change in +25°C output voltage before and after cycling the device from $T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$.}$ 

Note 4: Not production tested. Guaranteed by design.

Note 5: Dropout voltage is the minimum input voltage at which V<sub>OUT</sub> changes ≤ 0.2% from V<sub>OUT</sub> at V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V (V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V for MAX6065).

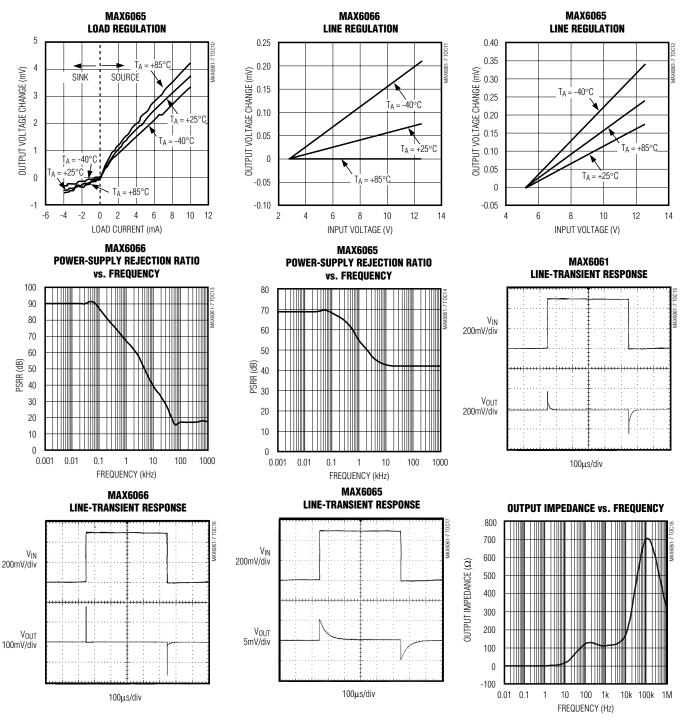
### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{IN} = +5V MAX6061/2/3/4/6/7, V_{IN} = +5.5V MAX6065, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 6)



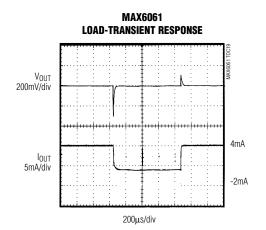
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

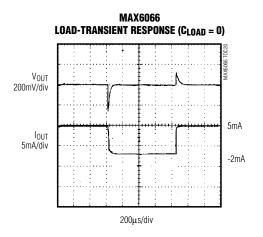
 $(V_{IN} = +5V \text{ MAX}6061/2/3/4/6/7, V_{IN} = +5.5V \text{ MAX}6065, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, unless otherwise noted.)$  (Note 6)

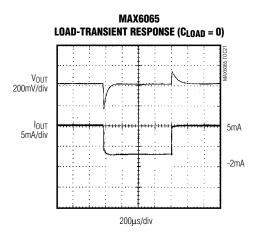


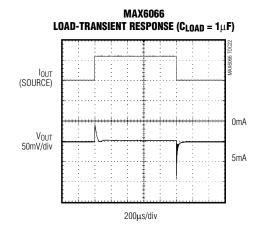
## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

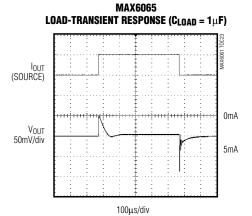
 $(V_{IN} = +5V \text{ MAX}6061/2/3/4/6/7, V_{IN} = +5.5V \text{ MAX}6065, I_{OUT} = 0, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, unless otherwise noted.})$  (Note 6)





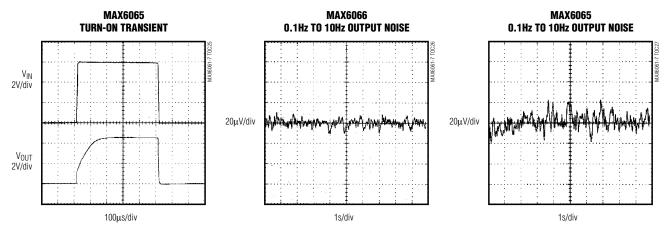






### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = +5V \text{ MAX6061/2/3/4/6/7}, V_{IN} = +5.5V \text{ MAX6065}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, unless otherwise noted.)$  (Note 6)



**Note 6:** Many of the MAX6061 family *Typical Operating Characteristics* are extremely similar. The extremes of these characteristics are found in the MAX6061 (1.25V output) and the MAX6065 (5.0V output). The *Typical Operating Characteristics* of the remainder of the MAX6061 family typically lie between these two extremes and can be estimated based on their output voltage.

### Pin Description

PIN	NAME FUNCTION	
1	IN	Input Voltage
2	OUT	Reference Output
3	GND	Ground

# Applications Information

#### **Input Bypassing**

For the best line-transient performance, decouple the input with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor as shown in the *Typical Operating Circuit*. Locate the capacitor as close to IN as possible. Where transient performance is less important, no capacitor is necessary.

#### **Output/Load Capacitance**

Devices in the MAX6061 family do not require an output capacitance for frequency stability. They are stable for capacitive loads from 0 to 1 $\mu$ F. However, in applications where the load or the supply can experience step changes, an output capacitor will reduce the amount of overshoot (undershoot) and improve the circuit's transient response. Many applications do not require an external capacitor, and the MAX6061 family can offer a significant advantage in these applications when board space is critical.

#### **Supply Current**

The guiescent supply current of the series-mode MAX6061 family is typically 90µA and is virtually independent of the supply voltage, with only an 8µA/V (max) variation with supply voltage. Unlike series references, shunt-mode references operate with a series resistor connected to the power supply. The quiescent current of a shunt-mode reference is thus a function of the input voltage. Additionally, shunt-mode references have to be biased at the maximum expected load current, even if the load current is not present at the time. In the MAX6061 family, the load current is drawn from the input voltage only when required, so supply current is not wasted and efficiency is maximized at all input voltages. This improved efficiency reduces power dissipation and extends battery life. When the supply voltage is below the minimum specified input voltage (as during turn-on), the devices can draw up to 400µA beyond the nominal supply current. The input voltage source must be capable of providing this current to ensure reliable turn-on.

#### **Output Voltage Hysteresis**

Output voltage hysteresis is the change of output voltage at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C before and after the device is cycled over its entire operating temperature range. Hysteresis is caused by differential package stress appearing across the bandgap core transistors. The typical temperature hysteresis value is 130ppm.

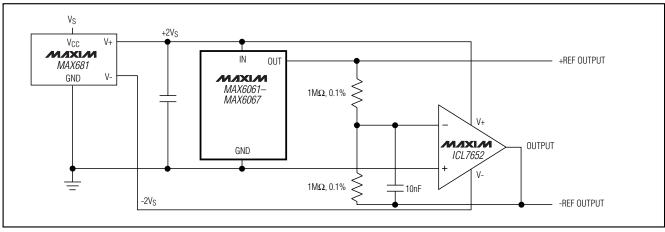
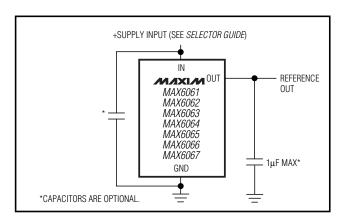


Figure 1. Positive and Negative References from Single +3V or +5V Supply

### **Typical Operating Circuit**



#### **Turn-On Time**

These devices typically turn on and settle to within 0.1% of their final value in 50µs to 300µs, depending on the device. The turn-on time can increase up to 1.5ms with the device operating at the minimum dropout voltage and the maximum load.

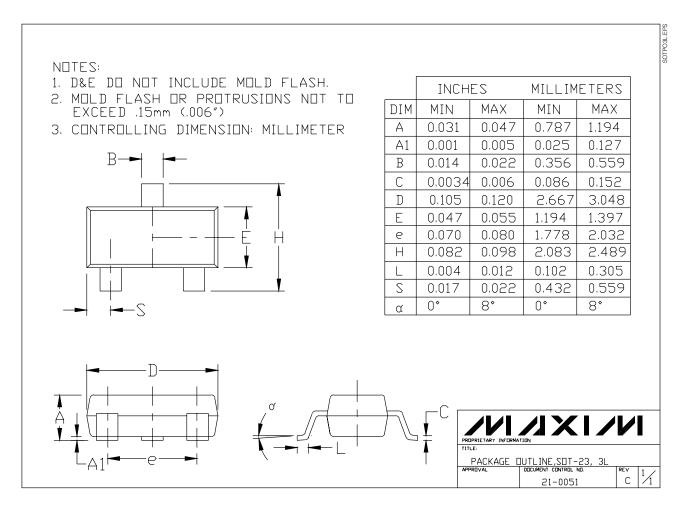
# Positive and Negative Low-Power Voltage Reference

Figure 1 shows a typical method for developing a bipolar reference. The circuit uses a MAX681 voltage doubler/inverter charge-pump converter to power an ICL7652, thus creating a positive as well as a negative reference voltage.

### **Chip Information**

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 117
PROCESS: BICMOS

### Package Information



**NOTES** 

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**NOTES** 

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