



# LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

## 2-Phase Unipolar Brushless Motor Drivers

### Applications

- 2-phase unipolar brushless motor (ex. DC brushless fan motor) drivers

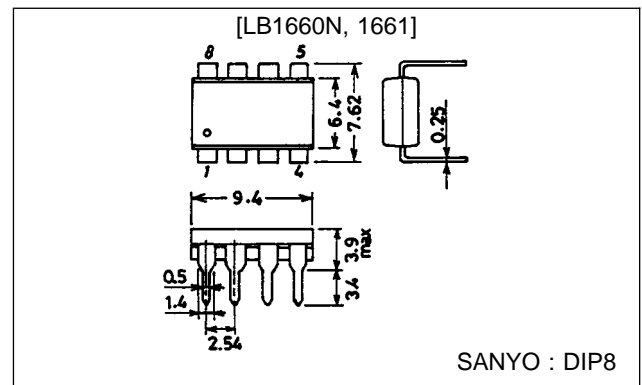
### Features and Functions

- Output current : 1.5 A
- On-chip output protect zener diodes : 60 V (LB1660N, 1664N)
- Output stage withstand voltage: 85 V (LB1661, 1665)
- On-chip hall input amplifier
- On-chip protector against lock
- With lock detect pin

### Package Dimensions

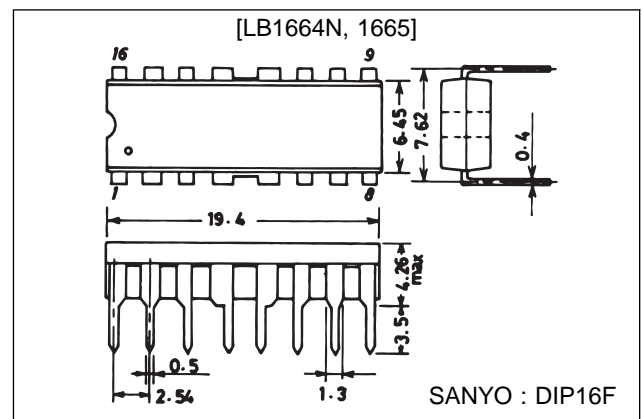
unit : mm

#### 3001B-DIP8



unit : mm

#### 3054A-DIP16F



# LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

## Classification

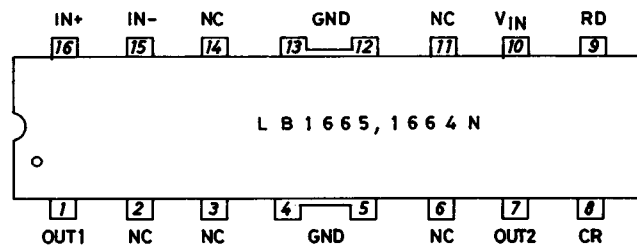
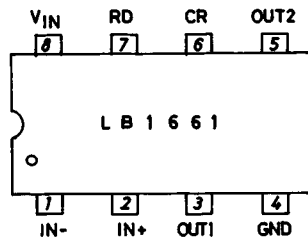
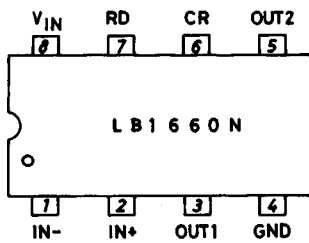
The LB1660 series are classified by the package and whether the on-chip output stage zener diode is used or not, as follows.

| Output stage zener diode        | With ( $V_Z = 59\text{ V}$ ) | Without ( $V_{or} = 85\text{ V}$ ) |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Package                         |                              |                                    |
| DIP8 ( $P_d = 1.2\text{ W}$ )   | LB1660N                      | LB1661                             |
| DIP16F ( $P_d = 2.0\text{ W}$ ) | LB1664N                      | LB1665                             |

It is recommended to use the LB1661, 1665 in the following cases.

- ① A capacitor is connected across the output and GND and the back emf is more than  $V_Z = 59\text{ V}$
- ② External zener diodes are connected to absorb the kickback voltage.

## Pin Assignments



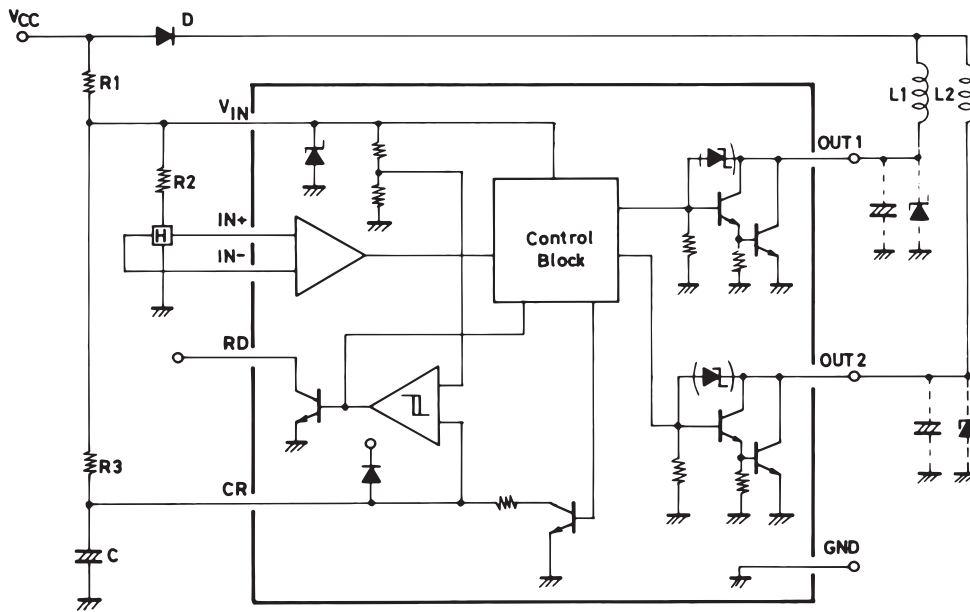
Top view

## Truth Table

| IN+ | IN- | CR | OUT1 | OUT2 |
|-----|-----|----|------|------|
| H   | L   | L  | H    | L    |
| L   | H   | L  | L    | H    |
| H   | L   | H  | H    | H    |
| L   | H   | H  | H    | H    |

## LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

### Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram and Sample Application Circuit



The LB1661, LB1665 have no output stage protect zener diode.

#### [LB1660N]

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                   | Symbol               | Conditions              | Ratings     | Unit             |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Maximum input current       | $I_{CC \text{ max}}$ | $t \leq 20 \text{ ms}$  | 200         | mA               |
| Output supply voltage       | $V_O \text{ max}$    |                         | Internal    | V                |
| Maximum output current      | $I_O \text{ max}$    |                         | 1.5         | A                |
| Output negative current     | $I_{OM}$             | $t \leq 20 \mu\text{s}$ | -50         | mA               |
| RD flow-in current          | $I_{RD}$             |                         | 5           | mA               |
| RD supply voltage           | $V_{RD}$             |                         | 30          | V                |
| Allowable power dissipation | $P_d \text{ max}$    |                         | 1.2         | W                |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$            |                         | -30 to +80  | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$            |                         | -55 to +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

#### Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                       | Symbol    | Conditions | Ratings           | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------|
| Input current range             | $I_{CC}$  |            | 7.0 to 50.0       | mA   |
| Common-mode input voltage range | $V_{ICM}$ |            | 0 to $V_{IN}-1.5$ | V    |

## LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                          | Symbol                        | Conditions             | min                      | typ                | max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------|------|
| Output limit voltage               | V <sub>OLM</sub>              | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A | 56                       | 59                 | 63   | V    |
| Output saturation voltage          | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)1         | I <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 A |                          | 0.95               | 1.20 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)2         | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A |                          | 1.15               | 1.50 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)3         | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 A |                          | 1.40               | 2.00 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>IN</sub> input voltage | V <sub>IN</sub>        | I <sub>CC</sub> = 7.0 mA | 6.4                | 6.7  | 7.0  |
| Amp input offset voltage           | V <sub>off</sub>              |                        | -7                       | 0                  | +7   | mV   |
| Amp input bias current             | I <sub>BA</sub>               |                        | -250                     |                    |      | nA   |
| RD output saturation voltage       | V <sub>RD</sub> (sat)         | I <sub>RD</sub> = 5 mA |                          |                    | 0.5  | V    |
| Comparator input bias current      | I <sub>BC</sub>               |                        |                          |                    | 250  | nA   |
| Comparator input threshold voltage | V <sub>TH</sub> 1             |                        | 0.76                     | 0.8V <sub>IN</sub> | 0.84 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>TH</sub> 2             |                        | 0.56                     | 0.6V <sub>IN</sub> | 0.64 | V    |

### [LB1661]

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                   | Symbol              | Conditions | Ratings     | Unit |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|------|
| Maximum input current       | I <sub>CC</sub> max | t ≤ 20 ms  | 200         | mA   |
| Output supply voltage       | V <sub>O</sub> max  |            | -0.3 to +83 | V    |
| Maximum output current      | I <sub>O</sub> max  |            | 1.5         | A    |
| RD flow-in current          | I <sub>RD</sub>     |            | 5           | mA   |
| RD supply voltage           | V <sub>RD</sub>     |            | 20          | V    |
| Allowable power dissipation | P <sub>d</sub> max  |            | 1.2         | W    |
| Operating temperature       | T <sub>opr</sub>    |            | -30 to +80  | °C   |
| Storage temperature         | T <sub>stg</sub>    |            | -55 to +125 | °C   |

### Allowable Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                       | Symbol           | Conditions | Ratings                   | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------|---------------------------|------|
| Input current range             | I <sub>CC</sub>  |            | 7.0 to 50.0               | mA   |
| Common-mode input voltage range | V <sub>ICM</sub> |            | 0 to V <sub>IN</sub> -1.5 | V    |

### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                          | Symbol                        | Conditions   | min                      | typ                | max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------|------|------|
| Output limit voltage 1             | V <sub>OSUS</sub>             | I <sub>O</sub> = 0.1 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 | 65                       |                    |      | V    |
| Output limit voltage 2             | V <sub>OR</sub>               | I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2   | 80                       |                    |      | V    |
| Output saturation voltage          | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)1         | I <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |                          | 0.95               | 1.20 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)2         | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |                          | 1.15               | 1.50 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat)3         | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |                          | 1.40               | 2.00 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>IN</sub> input voltage | V <sub>IN</sub>                                    | I <sub>CC</sub> = 7.0 mA | 6.4                | 6.7  | 7.0  |
| Amp input offset voltage           | V <sub>off</sub>              |  | -7                       | 0                  | 7    | mV   |
| Amp input bias current             | I <sub>BA</sub>               |  | -250                     |                    |      | nA   |
| Comparator input bias current      | I <sub>BC</sub>               |  |                          |                    | 250  | nA   |
| Comparator input threshold voltage | V <sub>TH</sub>               |  |                          | 0.8V <sub>IN</sub> |      | V    |

## LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

### [LB1664N]

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                   | Symbol       | Conditions          | Ratings     | Unit             |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Maximum input current       | $I_{CC}$ max | $t \leq 20$ ms      | 200         | mA               |
| Output supply voltage       | $V_O$ max    |                     | Internal    | V                |
| Maximum output current      | $I_O$ max    |                     | 1.5         | A                |
| Output negative current     | $I_{OM}$     | $t \leq 20$ $\mu$ s | -50         | mA               |
| RD flow-in current          | $I_{RD}$     |                     | 5           | mA               |
| RD supply voltage           | $V_{RD}$     |                     | 30          | V                |
| Allowable power dissipation | $P_d$ max    |                     | 2.0         | W                |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$    |                     | -30 to +80  | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$    |                     | -55 to +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

#### Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                       | Symbol    | Conditions | Ratings           | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------|
| Input current range             | $I_{CC}$  |            | 7.0 to 50.0       | mA   |
| Common-mode input voltage range | $V_{ICM}$ |            | 0 to $V_{IN}-1.5$ | V    |

#### Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                          | Symbol                 | Conditions      | min               | typ         | max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|------|------|
| Output limit voltage               | $V_{OLM}$              | $I_O = 1.0$ A   | 56                | 59          | 63   | V    |
| Output saturation voltage          | $V_O$ (sat)1           | $I_O = 0.5$ A   |                   | 0.95        | 1.20 | V    |
|                                    | $V_O$ (sat)2           | $I_O = 1.0$ A   |                   | 1.15        | 1.50 | V    |
|                                    | $V_O$ (sat)3           | $I_O = 1.5$ A   |                   | 1.40        | 2.00 | V    |
|                                    | $V_{IN}$ input voltage | $V_{IN}$        | $I_{CC} = 7.0$ mA | 6.4         | 6.7  | 7.0  |
| Amp input offset voltage           | $V_{off}$              |                 | -7                | 0           | +7   | mV   |
| Amp input bias voltage             | $I_{BA}$               |                 | -250              |             |      | nA   |
| RD output saturation voltage       | $V_{RD}$ (sat)         | $I_{RD} = 5$ mA |                   | 0.2         | 0.5  | V    |
| Comparator input bias current      | $I_{BC}$               |                 |                   |             | 250  | nA   |
| Comparator input threshold voltage | $V_{TH1}$              |                 | 0.76              | $0.8V_{IN}$ | 0.84 | V    |
|                                    | $V_{TH2}$              |                 | 0.56              | $0.6V_{IN}$ | 0.64 | V    |

### [LB1665]

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                   | Symbol       | Conditions     | Ratings     | Unit             |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|------------------|
| Maximum input current       | $I_{CC}$ max | $t \leq 20$ ms | 200         | mA               |
| Output supply voltage       | $V_O$ max    |                | -0.3 to +85 | V                |
| Maximum output current      | $I_O$ max    |                | 1.5         | A                |
| RD flow-in current          | $I_{RD}$     |                | 5           | mA               |
| RD supply voltage           | $V_{RD}$     |                | 20          | V                |
| Allowable power dissipation | $P_d$ max    |                | 2.0         | W                |
| Operating temperature       | $T_{opr}$    |                | -30 to +80  | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$    |                | -55 to +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

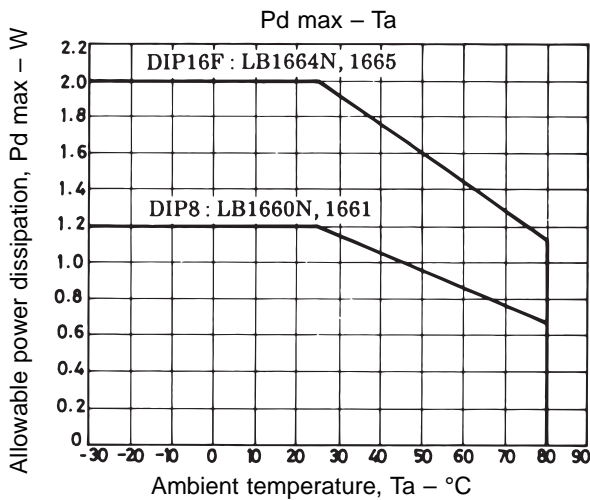
#### Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter                       | Symbol    | Conditions | Ratings           | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------|
| Input current range             | $I_{CC}$  |            | 7.0 to 50.0       | mA   |
| Common-mode input voltage range | $V_{ICM}$ |            | 0 to $V_{IN}-1.5$ | V    |

## LB1660N, 1661, 1664N, 1665

### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C

| Parameter                          | Symbol                 | Conditions   | min  | typ                | max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|--|------|--------------------|------|------|
| Output limit voltage 1             | V <sub>Osus</sub>      | I <sub>O</sub> = 0.1 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 | 65   |                    |      | V    |
| Output limit voltage 2             | V <sub>OR</sub>        | I <sub>O</sub> = 0A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> -1, 2   | 80   |                    |      | V    |
| Output saturation voltage          | V <sub>O</sub> (sat) 1 | I <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |      | 0.95               | 1.20 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat) 2 | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |      | 1.15               | 1.50 | V    |
|                                    | V <sub>O</sub> (sat) 3 | I <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 A, both V <sub>OUT</sub> 1, 2 |      | 1.40               | 2.00 | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub> input voltage      | V <sub>IN</sub>        | I <sub>CC</sub> = 7.0 mA                           | 6.4  | 6.7                | 7.0  | V    |
| Amp input offset voltage           | V <sub>off</sub>       |  | -7   | 0                  | +7   | mV   |
| Amp input bias current             | I <sub>BA</sub>        |  | -250 |                    |      | nA   |
| Comparator input bias current      | I <sub>BC</sub>        |  |      |                    | 250  | nA   |
| Comparator input threshold voltage | V <sub>TH</sub>        |  |      | 0.8V <sub>IN</sub> |      | V    |



### [Design Specifications]

(1) Supply voltage

The hall amp and control block of the LB1660 series are supplied with power from the on-chip parallel regulator. Set the DC resistance R1 across V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>IN</sub> so that I<sub>CC</sub> flowing into the V<sub>IN</sub> pin becomes 7 to 50 mA in the supply voltage range of a fan motor.

V<sub>IN</sub> is 6.7 V typ at I<sub>CC</sub> = 7 mA.

The current flowing into V<sub>IN</sub> is calculated using the equation shown below.

$$I_{CC} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{IN}}{R1} \dots\dots\dots ①$$

• Consideration given to surge voltage

The maximum allowable current at V<sub>IN</sub> pin is 200 mA. Therefore, the design is made so that a surge voltage of positive value calculated using the following equation is allowable in applications where the IC is used.

$$V_{surge} = V_{IN} + R1 \times 200 \text{ mA} \dots\dots\dots ②$$

(2) Hall input offset voltage

The gain in transmission from the hall input pin to the output pin is 100 dB or greater. The offset voltage of the hall input amp is ±7 mV; therefore, the hall element output must be set with the offset voltage (±7 mV) considered.

(3) Output transistor

Output Current                      I<sub>O</sub> = 1.5 A max  
 Output saturation voltage        V<sub>Osat</sub> = 2.0 V/1.5 A

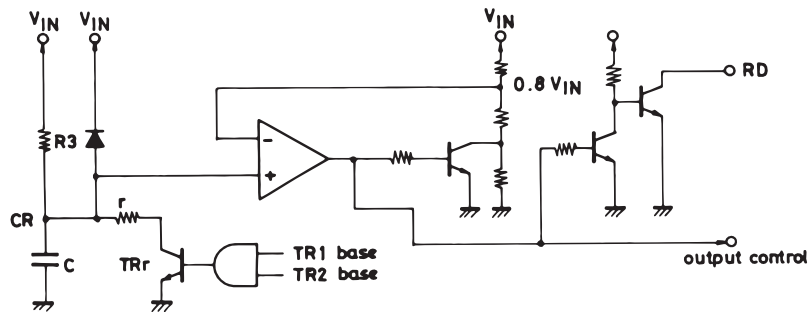
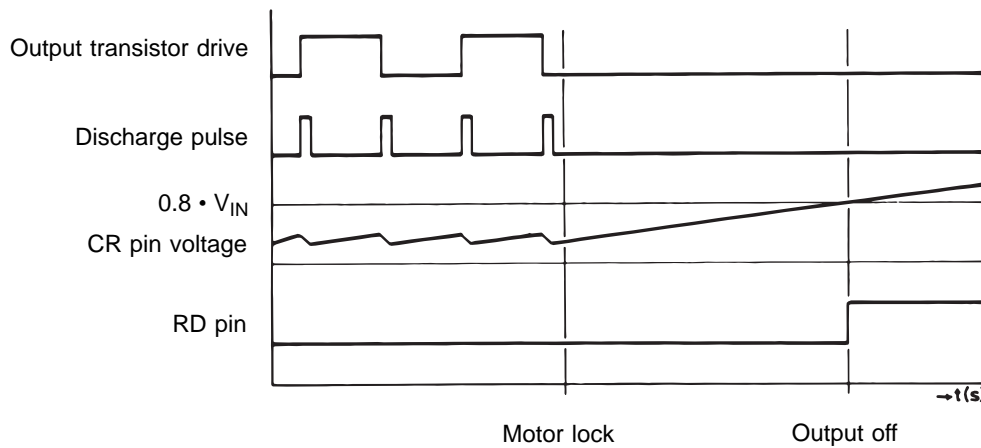
When external capacitors are connected to the output stages, the capacitance should not exceed 10 μF. Since the LB1660N, 1664N have a protect zener diode across collector and base, the kickback voltage induced by the coil is cut at V<sub>OLM</sub> = 59 V typ.

(4) Lock detect threshold voltage

The LB1660 series have the function to stop the output drive after the lapse of a given period of time when a motor is locked, and period of time can be set by C, R3.

The CR pin peripheral equivalent circuit is shown below. The LB1660 series generate the CR pin discharge pulse when the phase changes, (detection of rotation). When a motor is locked (very low rotational speed), the C connected to the CR pin stops discharging and the CR pin voltage rises. When the CR pin voltage exceeds the threshold voltage ( $V_{IN} \times 0.8$ ), the output drive current becomes zero and the output transistor is turned off, and the RD pin output turns from "L" to "H". The RD pin output is of the open collector type.

**CR Pin Peripheral Circuit**



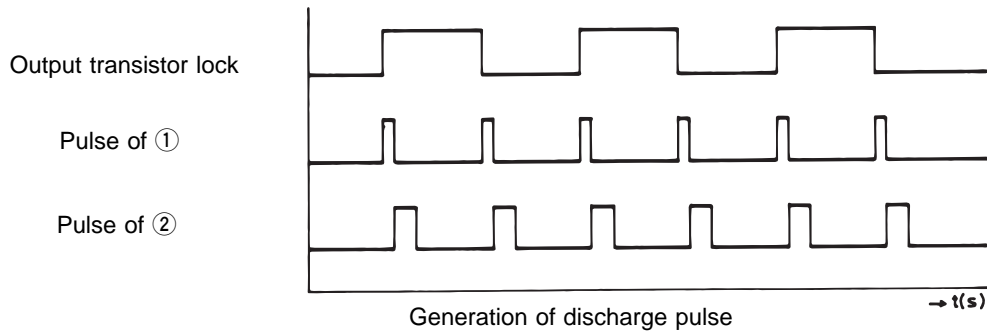
**[Setting Method of Lock Detect Time]**

(1) Generation of discharge pulse

Electric charges on C charged through R3 are discharged via route of  $C \rightarrow r \rightarrow TRr$  with constant width pulses at each phase change. When a fan has a high rotational speed, a lot of discharge pulses are generated and the CR pin voltage ( $=V_{CR}$ ) drops. By contrast, when a fan has a low rotational speed,  $V_{CR}$  rises and the protector is operated.

The discharge pulses are generated by two methods as shown below.

- ① Generated internally at the time of phase change. The power transistor base storage time is used for discharge pulses.  
 $t = 15$  to  $30 \mu\text{sec}$
- ② When the kickback voltage induced by L of a motor coil is absorbed by the zener diode across collector and base of the output transistor, this interval of time during which the transistor is turned on is used for discharge pulses.  
 Therefore, the LB1661,1665 or LB1660N, 1664N use external zener diodes and capacitors, discharge occurs with pulses of ① only and  $V_{CR}$  voltage gets higher than the circuit generating discharge pulses of ② even if the CR time constant is the same.



(2) CR time constant setting method

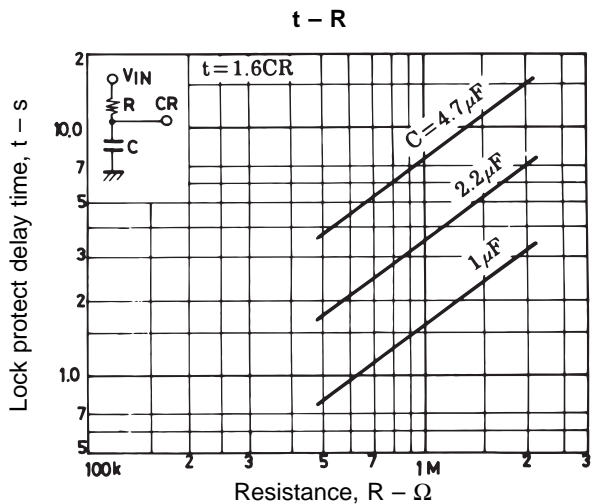
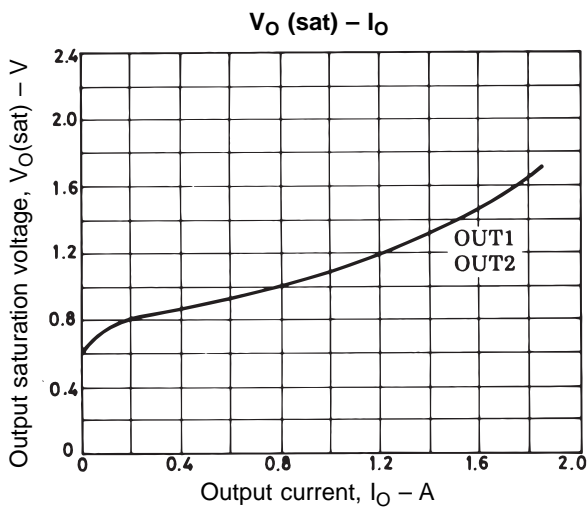
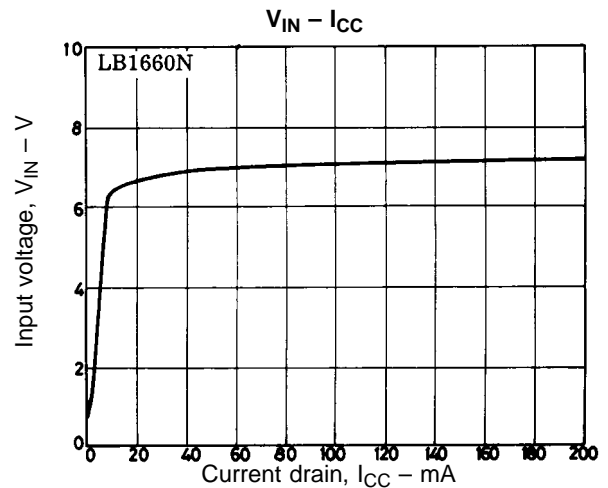
- ① Bias current of CR pin and effect of leakage of C. The value of the charge current at the threshold point is  $V_{IN} \times 0.2/R3$ . Therefore, this value and the leakage of C must be large enough for the bias current.
- ② The CR pin voltage must not exceed  $0.6 \times V_{IN}$  (LB1660N, 1664N) or  $0.8 \times V_{IN} - 0.3V$  (LB1661, 1665), until the normal rotational speed of a fan is reached and while a fan keeps the normal rotational speed; a malfunction may be caused by instantaneous drop of power supply.
- ③ It should be noted that the CR pin voltage is varied with the combination C and R, even if the CR time constant is the same.

The allowable CR setting value is given in the diagram.

(3) Restart after lock detection

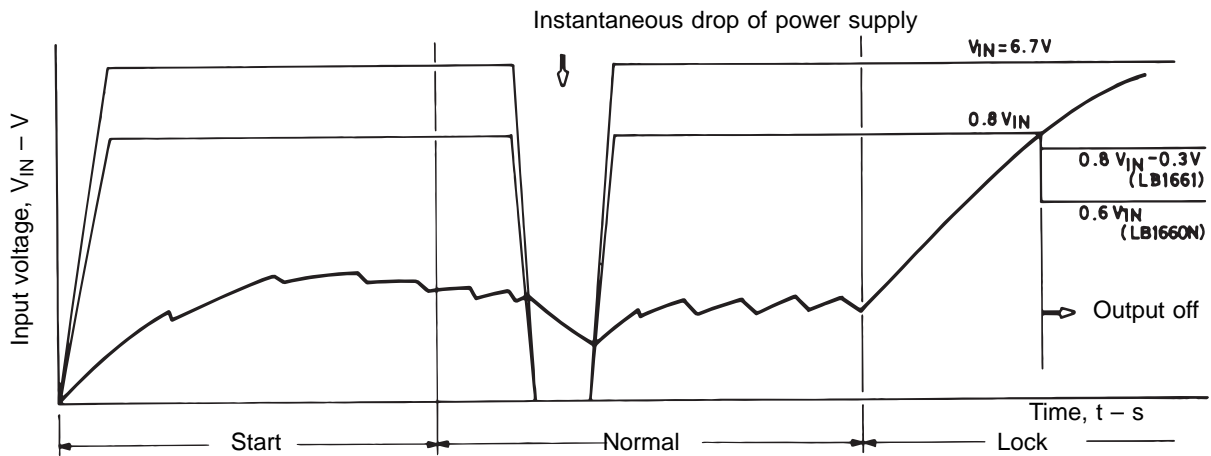
The LB1660 series are so designed that when motor lock is detected and the output stage transistor is turned off the drive-off state is kept even after motor lock is released. The method of restart is shown below.

- ① Turn off the power supply and turn on again. Turn on after the  $V_{CR}$  has dropped enough.
- ② Set the CR pin voltage to be less than 1 V, and then turn off the power supply in order to cause the lock detect function to return to normal. (The CR pin can be also used to provide on-off control.)





Timing Chart



- No products described or contained herein are intended for use in surgical implants, life-support systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, vehicles, disaster/crime-prevention equipment and the like, the failure of which may directly or indirectly cause injury, death or property loss.
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  - ② Not impose any responsibility for any fault or negligence which may be cited in any such claim or litigation on SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors or any of their officers and employees jointly or severally.
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