

## GS1528A / GS9068A HD-LINX® II Multi-Rate Dual Slew-Rate Cable Driver

GS1528A / GS9068A Data Sheet

#### **Features**

#### **GS1528A**

- SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M compliant
- Dual coaxial cable driving outputs with selectable slew rate
- 50Ω differential PECL input
- · Pb-free and RoHS compliant
- Pin compatible with GS9068A HD-LINX II SD SDI cable driver
- Seamless interface to other HD-LINX II family products
- Single 3.3V power supply operation
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C

#### **GS9068A**

- SMPTE 259M and SMPTE 344M compliant
- Dual coaxial cable driving outputs
- $50\Omega$  differential PECL input
- Pb-free and RoHS compliant
- Pin compatible with GS1528A HD-LINX II multirate SDI dual slew-rate cable driver
- Seamless interface to other HD-LINX II family products
- Single 3.3V power supply operation
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C

### **Applications**

### **GS1528A**

 SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M Coaxial Cable Serial Digital Interfaces.

#### GS9068A

 SMPTE 259M and SMPTE 344M Coaxial Cable Serial Digital Interfaces.

### **Description**

The GS1528A/9068A is a second generation high-speed BiCMOS integrated circuit designed to drive one or two 75 $\Omega$  co-axial cables.

The GS1528A may drive data rates up to 1.485Gb/s and provides two selectable slew rates in order to achieve compliance to SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 292M.

The GS9068A may drive data rates up to 540Mb/s and will achieve compliance to SMPTE 259M and SMPTE 344M.

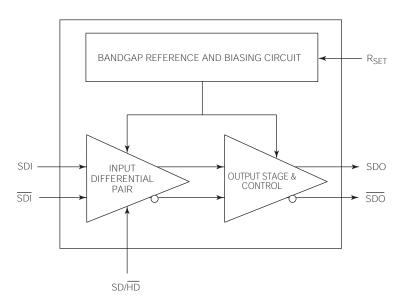
The GS1528A/9068A accepts a LVPECL level differential input that may be AC coupled. External biasing resistors at the inputs are not required.

Power consumption is typically 168mW using a 3.3V power supply.

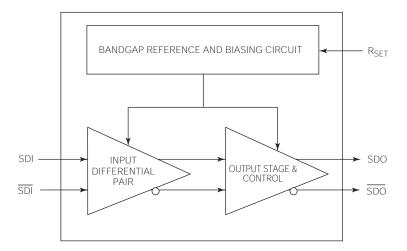
The GS1528A/9068A is Pb-free, and the encapsulation compound does not contain halogenated flame retardant.

This component and all homogeneous subcomponents are RoHS compliant.

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**GS1528A Functional Block Diagram** 



**GS9068A Functional Block Diagram** 

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# 1. Pin Out

# 1.1 GS1528A Pin Assignment

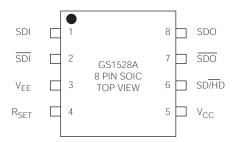


Figure 1-1: 8 Pin SOIC

## 1.2 GS9068A Pin Assignment

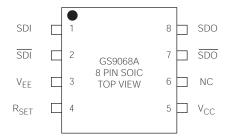


Figure 1-2: 8 Pin SOIC

## 1.3 GS1528A / GS9068A Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
1,2	SDI, SDI	Analog	Input	Serial digital differential input.
3	V <sub>EE</sub>	_	Power	Most negative power supply connection. Connect to GND.
4	R <sub>SET</sub>	Analog	Input	External output amplitude control resistor.
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	Power	Most positive power supply connection. Connect to +3.3V.
6	SD/HD	Non Synchronous	Input	GS1528A: Output slew rate control. When set HIGH, the output will meet SMPTE 259M rise/fall time specifications. When set LOW, the serial outputs will meet SMPTE 292M rise/fall time specifications.
	NC	-	-	GS9068A: No connect. Not connected internally.
7, 8	SDO, SDO	Analog	Output	Serial digital differential output.

## 2. Electrical Characteristics

# 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Supply Voltage	-0.5V to 3.6 V <sub>DC</sub>
Input ESD Voltage	2kV
Storage Temperature Range	-50°C < T <sub>s</sub> < 125°C
Input Voltage Range (any input)	-0.3 to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3)V
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Solder Reflow Temperature	260°C
Power Dissipation	300mW

## 2.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	Test Levels
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	±5%	3
Power Consumption	P <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	_	168	_	mW	-	5
Supply Current	I <sub>s</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	_	51	64	mA	-	1
Output Voltage	V <sub>CMOUT</sub>	Common mode	_	V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	_	V	-	6
Input Voltage	V <sub>CMIN</sub>	Common mode	1.6 + ΔV <sub>SDI</sub> /2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> - ΔV <sub>SDI</sub> /2	V	-	6
SD/HD Input	V <sub>IH</sub>	_	2.4	-	-	V	1	7
	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	_	0.8	V	1	7

## **TEST LEVELS**

- Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges.
- Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
- 3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
- 4. QA sample test.
- 5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
- 6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
- 7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
- 8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
- 9. Indirect test.

### NOTES:

1. This parameter applies only to the GS1528A.

## 2.3 AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	Test Levels
Serial input data rate	DR <sub>SDO</sub>	GS1528A	-	-	1.485	Gb/s	1	1
	DR <sub>SDO</sub>	GS9068A	-	-	540	Mb/s	_	1
Additive jitter	_	1.485Gb/s	-	22	-	ps <sub>p-p</sub>	2	1
	_	270Mb/s	-	16	-	ps <sub>p-p</sub>	_	4
	_	GS9068A	-	16	-	ps <sub>p-p</sub>	_	1
Rise/Fall time	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	SD/HD=0	-	-	220	ps	2, 3	1
	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	SD/HD=1	400	_	800	ps	2, 3	1
	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	GS9068A	400	_	800	ps	3	1
Mismatch in rise/fall time	$\triangle t_r$ , $\triangle t_f$	-	_	_	30	ps	-	1
Duty cycle distortion	_	SD/HD=0	-	-	30	ps	2	1
	_	SD/HD=1	-	-	100	ps	2	7
	_	GS9068A	-	-	100	ps	_	1
Overshoot	_	SD/HD=0	-	-	10	%	2	7
	_	SD/HD=1	_	_	8	%	2	1
	_	GS9068A	-	-	8	%	_	1
Output Return Loss	ORL	_	15	-	-	dB	-	7
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Single Ended into 75Ω external load	750	800	850	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	-	1
Innut Voltage Swing	^ V ·	R <sub>SET</sub> = 750Ω	300		2000	m\/		7
Input Voltage Swing	$\triangle V_{SDI}$	Differential	300	-	2000	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	_	7

#### TEST LEVELS

- 1. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges.
- Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
- 3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
- 4. QA sample test.
- 5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
- 6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
- 7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
- 8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
- 9. Indirect test.

#### NOTES:

- The input coupling capacitor must be set accordingly for lower data rates.
- 2. This parameter applies only to the GS1528A.
- 3. Rise/Fall time measured between 20% and 80%.

## 3. Solder Reflow Profiles

The device is manufactured with Matte-Sn terminations and is compatible with both standard eutectic and Pb-free solder reflow profiles. MSL qualification was performed using the maximum Pb-free reflow profile shown in Figure 3-1. The recommended standard Pb reflow profile is shown in Figure 3-2.

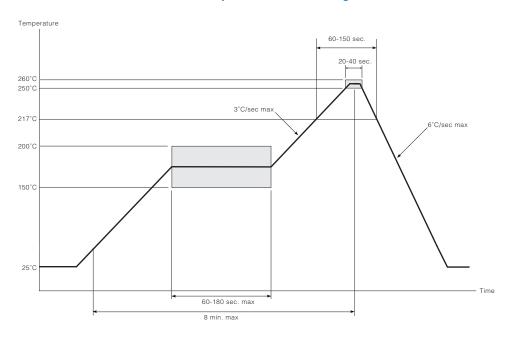


Figure 3-1: Maximum Pb-free Solder Reflow Profile (Preferred)

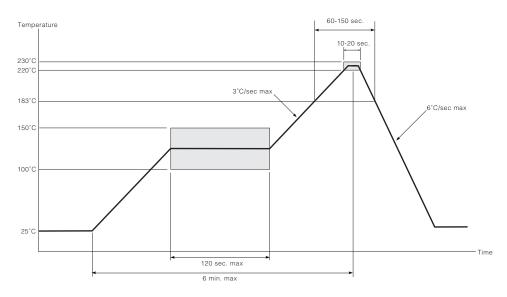


Figure 3-2: Standard Pb Reflow Profile (Pb-free package)

# 4. Input / Output Circuits

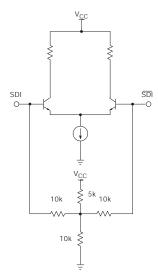


Figure 4-1: Differential Input Stage (SDI/SDI)

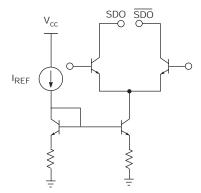


Figure 4-2: Differential Output Stage (SDO/ $\overline{\text{SDO}}$ ) I<sub>REF</sub> derived using R<sub>SET</sub>

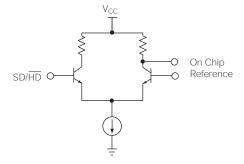


Figure 4-3: Slew Rate Select Input Stage (GS1528A only)

# 5. Detailed Description

## 5.1 Input Interfacing

SDI/SDI are high impedance differential inputs. The equivalent input circuit is shown in Figure 4-1.

Several conditions must be observed when interfacing to these inputs:

- The differential input signal amplitude must be between 300 and 2000mVpp.
- The common mode voltage range must be as specified in the DC Electrical Characteristics table.
- For input trace lengths longer than approximately 1cm, the inputs should be terminated as shown in the Typical Application Circuit.

The GS1528A/9068A inputs are self-biased, allowing for simple AC coupling to the device. For serial digital video, a minimum capacitor value of  $4.7\mu F$  should be used to allow coupling of pathological test signals. A tantalum capacitor is recommended.

## SD/HD Input Pin (GS1528A only):

The GS1528A SDO rise and fall times can be set to comply with both SMPTE 259M/344M and SMPTE 292M. For all SMPTE 259M standards, or any data rate that requires longer rise and fall time characteristics, the SD/HD pin must be set HIGH by the application layer. For SMPTE 292M standards and signals which require faster rise and fall times, this pin should be set LOW.

## 5.2 Output Interfacing

The GS1528A/9068A outputs are current mode, and will drive 800mV into a  $75\Omega$  load. These outputs are protected from accidental static damage with internal static protection diodes.

The SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 344M and SMPTE 259M standards require that the output of a cable driver have a source impedance of  $75\Omega$  and a return loss of at least 15dB between 5MHz and 1.485GHz.

In order for an SDI output circuit using the GS1528A/9068A to meet this specification, the output application circuit shown in Section 6.2 is recommended.

The value of  $L_{COMP}$  will vary depending on the PCB layout, with a typical value of 5.6nH. A 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitor is used for AC coupling the output of the device. This value is chosen to ensure that pathological signals can be coupled without a significant DC component occurring. Please see Section 6.0 for more details.

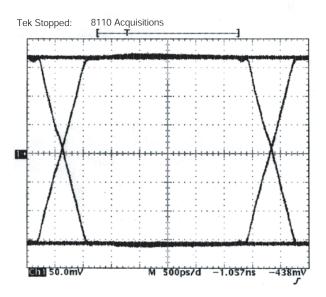


Figure 5-1: Output signal for 270Mb/s input

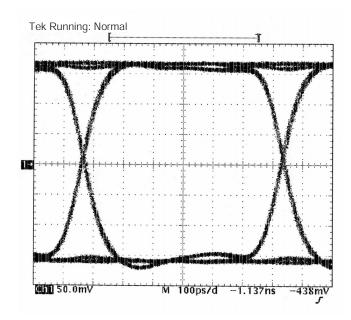


Figure 5-2: Output signal for 1.485Gb/s input (GS1528A only)

The output protection diodes act as a varactor (voltage controlled capacitor) as shown in Figure 5-3. Therefore, when measuring return loss at the GS1528A/9068A output, it is necessary to take the measurement for both a logic high and a logic low output condition.

Consequently, the output capacitance of the device is dependent on the logic state of the output.

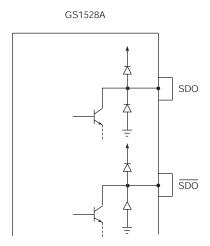


Figure 5-3: Static Protection Diodes

## 5.3 Output Return Loss Measurement

To perform a practical return loss measurement, it is necessary to force the GS1528A/9068A output to a DC high or low condition. The actual measured return loss will be based on the outputs being static at  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{CC}\text{-}1.6V$ . Under normal operating conditions the outputs of the device swing between  $V_{CC}\text{-}0.4V$  and  $V_{CC}\text{-}1.2V$ , so the measured value of return loss will not represent the actual operating return loss.

A simple method of calculating the values of actual operating return loss is to interpolate the two return loss measurements. In this way, the values of return loss are estimated at  $V_{CC}$ -0.4V and  $V_{CC}$ -1.2V based on the measurements at  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CC}$ -1.6V.

The two values of return loss (high and low) will typically differ by several decibels. If the measured return loss is  $R_H$  for logic high and  $R_L$  for logic low, then the two values can be interpolated as follows:

$$R_{IH} = R_{H^-} (R_{H^-}R_L)/4$$
 and

$$R_{IL} = R_L + (R_H - R_L)/4$$

where  $R_{\text{IH}}$  is the interpolated logic high value and  $R_{\text{IL}}$  is the interpolated logic low value.

For example, if  $R_H$  = -18dB and  $R_L$  = -14dB, then the interpolated values are  $R_{IH}$  = -17dB and  $R_{IL}$  = -15dB.

## **5.4 Output Amplitude Adjustment**

The output amplitude of the GS1528A/9068A can be adjusted by changing the value of the R<sub>SET</sub> resistor as shown in Table 5-1. For an  $800 \text{mV}_{p-p}$  output with a nominal  $\pm 7\%$  tolerance, a value of  $750\Omega$  is required. A  $\pm 1\%$  SMT resistor should be used.

The  $R_{SET}$  resistor is part of the high speed output circuit of the GS1528A/9068A. The resistor should be placed as close as possible to the  $R_{SET}$  pin. In addition, the PCB capacitance should be minimized at this node by removing the PCB groundplane beneath the  $R_{SET}$  resistor and the  $R_{SET}$  pin.

Table 5-1: R<sub>SET</sub> vs V<sub>OD</sub>

<b>R</b> <sub>SET</sub> <b>R</b> (Ω)	Output Swing (mVp-p)
995	608
824	734
750	800
680	884
573	1040

NOTE: For reliable operation of the GS1528A/9068A over the full temperature range, do not use an  $R_{\rm SET}$  value below 573 $\Omega$ .

# 6. Application Information

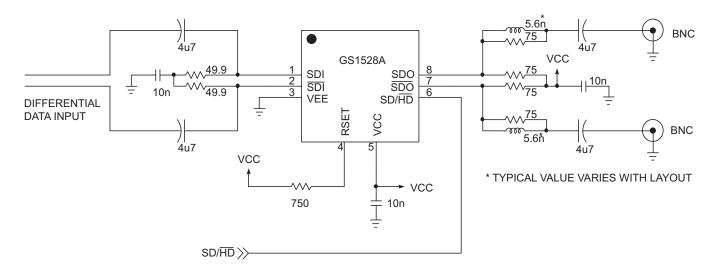
## 6.1 PCB Layout

Special attention must be paid to component layout when designing serial digital interfaces for HDTV.

An FR-4 dielectric can be used, however, controlled impedance transmission lines are required for PCB traces longer than approximately 1cm. Note the following PCB artwork features used to optimize performance:

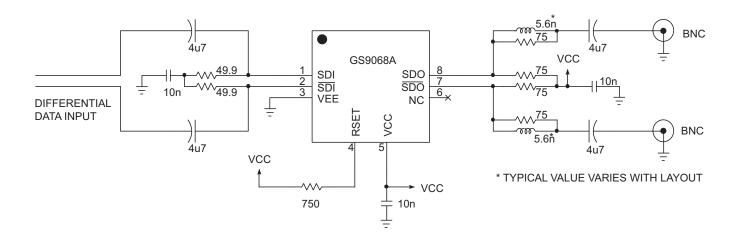
- The PCB trace width for HD rate signals is closely matched to SMT component width to minimize reflections due to changes in trace impedance.
- The PCB groundplane is removed under the GS1528A/9068A output components to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- The PCB ground plane is removed under the GS1528A/9068A R<sub>SET</sub> pin and resistor to minimize parasitic capacitance.
- Input and output BNC connectors are surface mounted in-line to eliminate a transmission line stub caused by a BNC mounting via high speed traces which are curved to minimize impedance variations due to change of PCB trace width.

## **6.2 Typical Application Circuits**



NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted.

Figure 6-1: GS1528A Typical Application Circuit

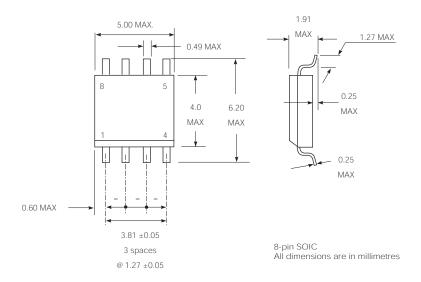


NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted.

Figure 6-2: GS9068A Typical Application Circuit

# 7. Package & Ordering Information

# 7.1 Package Dimensions



# 7.2 Packaging Data

Parameter	Value
Package Type	8-pin SOIC
Moisture Sensitivity Level	2
Junction to Case Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{j\text{-}c}$	72°C/W
Junction to Air Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{j-a}$ (at zero airflow)	116°C/W
Pb-free and RoHS Compliant	Yes

# 7.3 Ordering Information

	Part Number	Package	Temperature Range
GS1528A	GS1528ACKAE3	8-pin SOIC	0°C to 70°C
GS9068A	GS9068ACKAE3	8-pin SOIC	0°C to 70°C

# 8. Revision History

Version	ECR	PCN	Date	Changes and/or Modifications
0	132954	_	February 2004	New document.
1	133654	-	June 2004	Modified AC Electrical Characteristics. Added reflow profiles. Upgraded from a preliminary data sheet to a data sheet.
2	137403	-	July 2005	Updated to current document template to remove "Proprietary and Confidential" footer. Re-ordered solder reflow profiles to show preference for Pb-free profile. Clarified naming of standard Pb solder reflow profile. Added packaging data section. Updated document to reflect the RoHS compliance of both the GS1528A and GS9068A.
3	137886	=	September 2005	Corrected process to BiCMOS.
4	139112	38124	January 2006	Corrected Input Differential Swing to 2200mV.

### CAUTION

ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICES
DO NOT OPEN PACKAGES OR HANDLE
EXCEPT AT A STATIC-FREE WORKSTATION



### DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION

### **DATA SHEET**

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