

SINGLE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

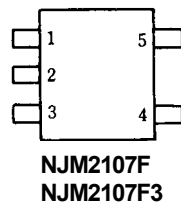
NJM2107 is a single operational amplifier of ultra miniature surface mount package.

NJM2107 has features of low operating supply voltage and low saturation output voltage. The NJM2107 is suitable for small electronic equipments and hybrid circuits.

■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage ($V^+ / V^- = \pm 1.0V$ to $\pm 3.5V$)
- Low Output Saturation ($4V_{P-P}$ at single 5V supply)
- V Shield Plate between +Input and -Input
- Suitable Pin Arrangement for Application
- Mounted in Ultra Miniature 2.0 X 1.25mm (1/8 of DMP8 package)
- Bipolar Technology

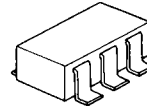
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN FUNCTION

- 1. +INPUT
- 2. V⁻
- 3. -INPUT
- 4. OUTPUT
- 5. V⁺

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

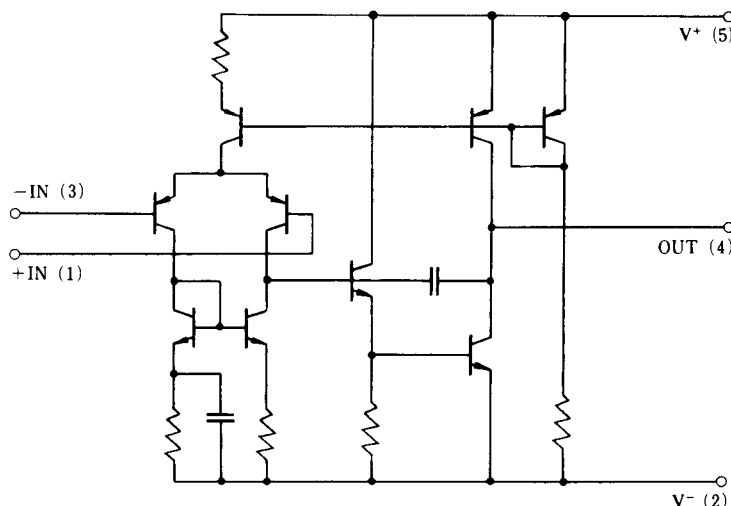


NJM2107F



NJM2107F3

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJM2107

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V^+ / V^-	± 3.5	V
Differential Input Voltage	V_{ID}	± 7	V
Input Voltage	V_{IC}	± 3.5	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	(MTP5) 200 (SC88A) 250 (note1)	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-40~+125	°C

(note1) On glass epoxy board. (50x50x1.6mm)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

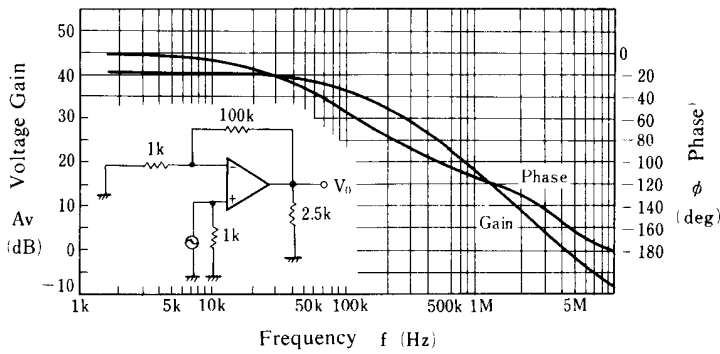
($V^+ / V^- = \pm 2.5V, Ta = 25^\circ C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}	$R_S = 10k\Omega$	-	1	6	mV
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}	$I^+ - I^-$	-	5	200	nA
Input Bias Current	I_B		-	100	500	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{ICM}		± 1.5	-	-	V
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_V	$R_L = 10k\Omega, V_O = \pm 2.0V$	60	80	-	dB
Output Voltage Swing	V_{OM}	$R_L = 2.5k\Omega$	± 2.0	± 2.2	-	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$	60	80	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$	60	70	-	dB
Slew Rate	SR	$V_{IN} = \pm 1V_{P-P}, A_{CL} = +1$	-	3	-	V/ μs
Operating Current	I_{CC}		1	2	3	mA

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

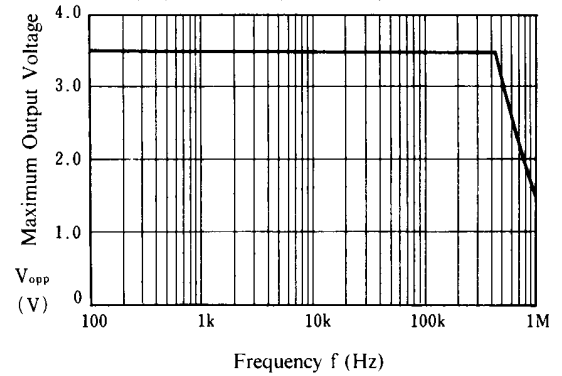
Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency

($V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



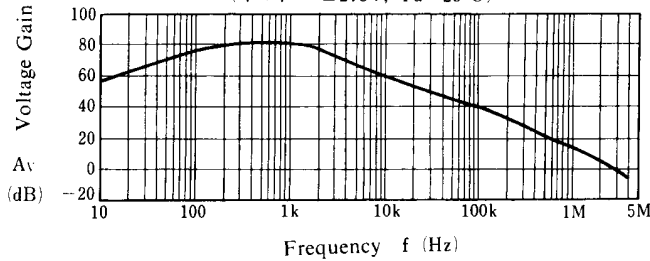
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Frequency

($V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$, $R = 2.5k\Omega$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

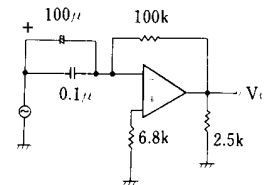


Voltage Gain, vs. Frequency

($V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

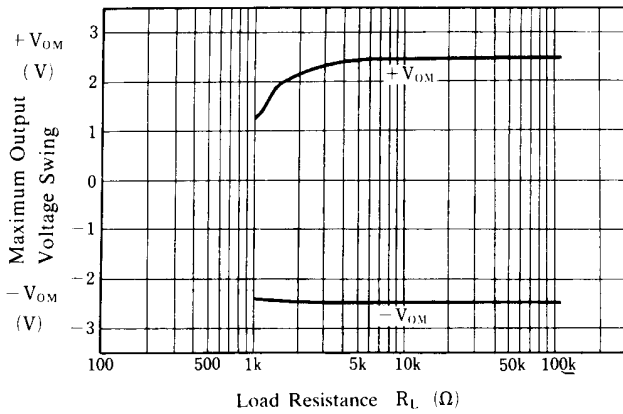


Test Circuit



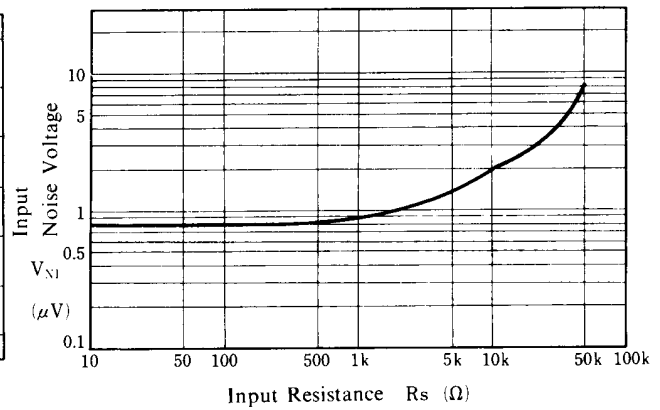
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance

($V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



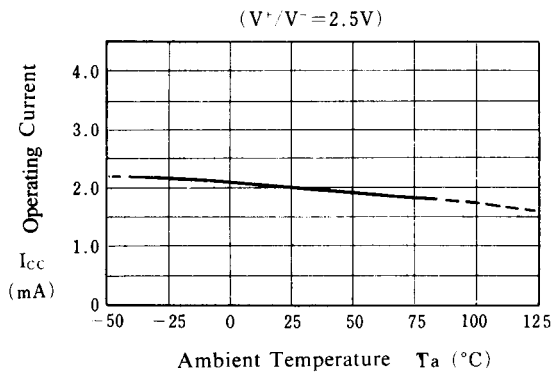
Input Noise Voltage vs. Input Resistance

($V^+/V^- = \pm 3.0V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

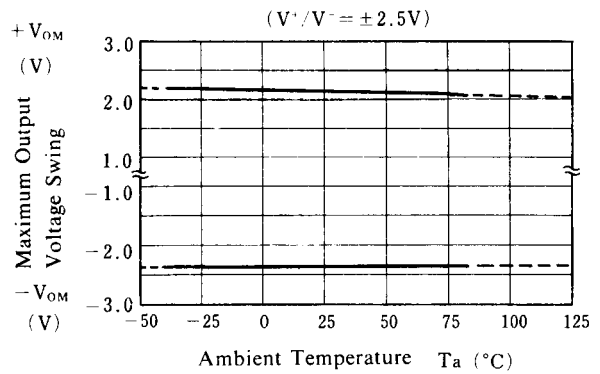


■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

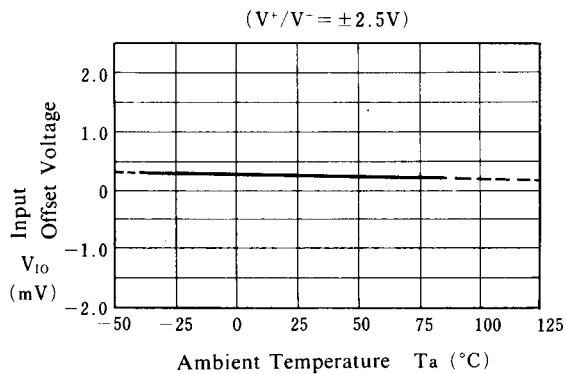
Operating Current vs. Temperature



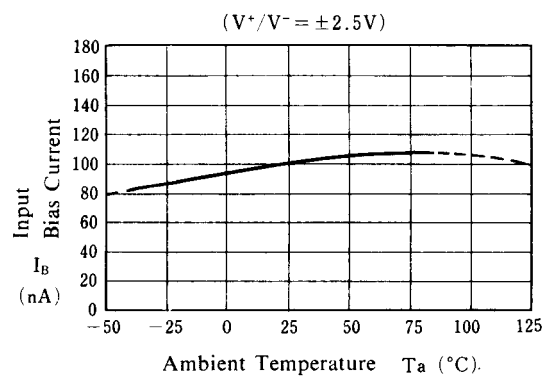
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature



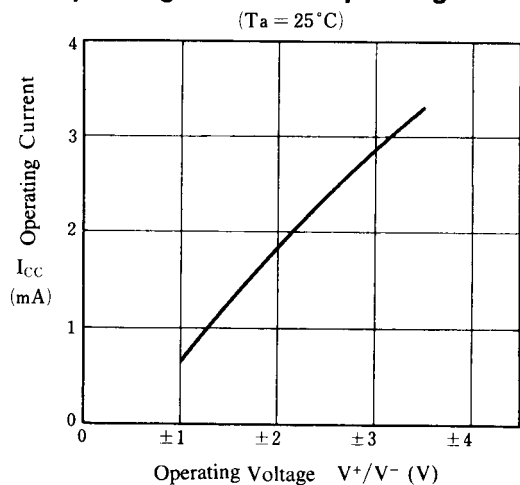
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature



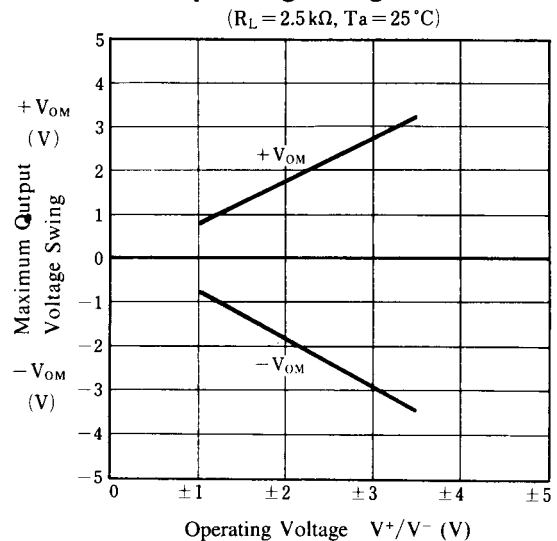
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage

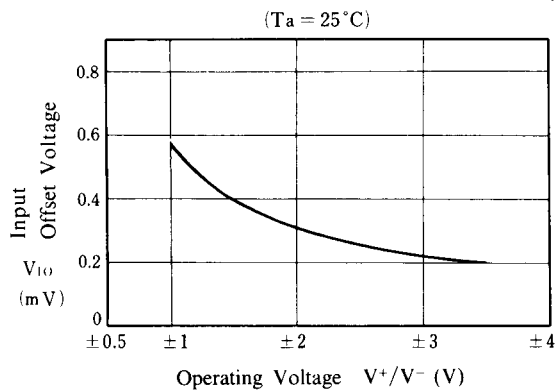


Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage



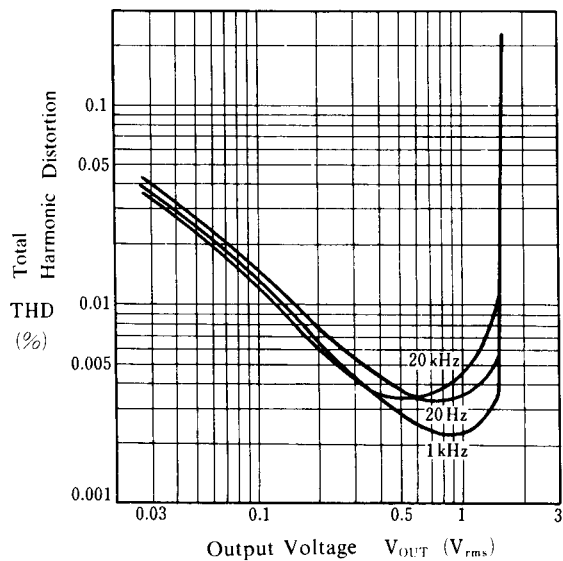
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Input Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage



Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Voltage

($V^+/V^- = \pm 2.5V$, $R_L = 2.5k\Omega$, Gain = 10dB, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



[CAUTION]

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