Product Preview Clock Generator for PowerQUICC III

The MPC9850 is a PLL based clock generator specifically designed for Motorola Microprocessor And Microcontroller applications including the PowerQUICC III. This device generates a microprocessor input clock plus the 500 MHz Rapid I/O clock. The microprocessor clock is selectable in output frequency to any of the commonly used microprocessor input and bus frequencies. The Rapid I/O outputs are LVDS compatible. The device offers eight low skew clock outputs organized into two output banks, each configurable to support different clock frequencies. The extended temperature range of the MPC9850 supports telecommunication and networking requirements.

Features

- 8 LVCMOS outputs for processor and other circuitry
- 2 differential LVDS outputs for Rapid I/O interface
- · Crystal oscillator or external reference input
- 25 or 33 MHz Input reference frequency
- Selectable output frequencies include = 200, 166, 133, 125, 111, 100, 83, 66, 50, 33 or 16 MHz
- Buffered reference clock output
- Rapid I/O (LVDS) Output = 500, 250 or 125 MHz
- Low cycle-to-cycle and period jitter
- 100 lead PBGA package
- 3.3V supply with 3.3V or 2.5V (Bank B) output LVCMOS drive
- Supports computing, networking, telecommunications applications
- Ambient temperature range –40°C to +85°C

Functional Description

The MPC9850 uses either a 25 or 33 MHz reference frequency to generate 8 LVCMOS output clocks, of which, the frequency is selectable from 16 MHz to 200 MHz. The reference is applied to the input of a PLL and multiplied to 2 GHz. Output dividers, divide this frequency by 10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 24, 30, 40, 60 or 120 to produce output frequencies of 200, 166, 133, 125, 111, 100, 83 66 50 33 or 16 MHz. The single-ended LVCMOS outputs are divided into two banks of 4 low skew outputs each, for use in driving a microprocessor or microcontroller clock input as well as other system components. The 2 GHz PLL output frequency is also divided to produce a 125, 250 or 500 MHz clock output for Rapid I/O applications such as found on the PowerQUICC III communications processor. The input reference, either crystal or external input is also buffered to a separate output that my be used as the clock source for a Gigabit Ethernet PHY if desired.

The reference clock may be provided by either an external clock input of 25 MHz or 33 MHz. An internal oscillator requiring a 25 MHz crystal for frequency control may also be used. The external clock source my be applied to either of two clock inputs and selected via the CLK_SEL control input. Both single ended LVCMOS and differential LVPECL inputs are available. The crystal oscillator or external clock input is selected via the input pin of REF_SEL. Other than the crystal, no external components are required for crystal oscillator operation. The REF_33MHz configuration pins is used to select between a 33 and 25 MHz input frequency.

The MPC9850 is packaged in a 100 lead MAPBGA package to optimize both performance and board density.



MPC9850

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Table 1. PIN CONFIGURATIONS

Pin	I/O	Туре	Function	Supply	Active/State
CLK	Input	LVCMOS	PLL reference clock input (pull-down)	VDD	
PCLK, PCLK	Input	LVPECL	PLL reference clock <u>input</u> (PCLK – pull–down, PCLK – pull–up and pull–down)	V _{DD}	
QA0, QA1, QA2, QA3	Output	LVCMOS	Bank A Outputs	VDDOA	
QB0, QB1, QB2, QB3	Output	LVCMOS	Bank B Outputs	VDD	
QC0, QC1, QC0, QC1	Output	LVDS	Bank C Outputs		
REF_OUT	Output	LVCMOS	Reference Output (25 MHz or 33 MHz)	VDD	
XTAL_IN	Input	LVCMOS	Crystal Oscillator Input Pin	VDD	
XTAL_OUT	Output	LVCMOS	Crystal Oscillator Output Pin	VDD	
REF_CLK_SEL	Input	LVCMOS	Select between CLK and PCLK input (pull-down)	VDD	high
REF_SEL	Input	LVCMOS	Select between External Input and Crystal Oscillator Input (pull–down)	V _{DD}	high
REF_33MHz	Input	LVCMOS	Selects 33MHz input (pull-down)	VDD	high
MR	Input	LVCMOS	Master Reset (pull–up)	VDD	low
PLL_BYPASS	Input	LVCMOS	Select PLL or static test mode (pull-down)	VDD	high
CLK_A[0:5] ^a	Input	LVCMOS	Configures Bank A clock output frequency (pull-up)	V _{DD}	high
CLK_B[0:5] ^b	Input	LVCMOS	Configures Bank B clock output frequency (pull-up)	VDDOB	high
RIO_C [0:1]	Input	LVCMOS	Configures Bank C clock output frequency (pull-down)	V _{DD}	
V _{DD}			3.3 V Supply		
V _{DDA}			Analog Supply		
VDDOB			Supply for Output Bank B		
GND			Ground		

a. PowerPC bit ordering (bit 0 = msb, bit 5 = lsb)
b. PowerPC bit ordering (bit 0 = msb, bit 5 = lsb)
c. PowerPC bit ordering (bit 0 = msb, bit 1 = lsb)

Table 2. FUNCTION TABLE

Control	Default	0	1				
REF_CLK_SEL	0	CLK0	CLK1				
REF_SEL 0		CLKx	XTAL				
PLL_BYPASS	0	Normal	Bypass				
REF_33MHz	0	Selects 25MHz Reference	Selects 33MHz Reference				
MR 1		Reset	Normal				
CLK_A, CLK_B, and RIO_C control output frequencies. See Table 3 and Table 4 for specific device configuration							

Table 3. OUTPUT CONFIGURATIONS (BANKS A & B)

CLK_x[0:5] ^a	CLK_x[0] (msb)	CLK_x[1]	CLK_x[2]	CLK_x[3]	CLK_x[4]	CLK_x[5] (Isb)	N	Frequency (MHz)
111111	1	1	1	1	1	1	128	15.87
111100	1	1	1	1	0	0	120	16.67
101000	1	0	1	0	0	0	80	25.00
011110	0	1	1	1	1	0	60	33.33
010100	0	1	0	1	0	0	40	50.00
001111	0	0	1	1	1	1	30	66.67
001100	0	0	1	1	0	0	24	83.33
001010	0	0	1	0	1	0	20	100.00
001001	0	0	1	0	0	1	18	111.11
001000	0	0	1	0	0	0	16	125.00
000111	0	0	0	1	1	1	15	133.33
000110	0	0	0	1	1	0	12	166.67
000101	0	0	0	1	0	1	10	200.00
000100	0	0	0	1	0	0	8p	250

a. PowerPC bit ordering (bit 0 = msb, bit 5 = lsb)

b. Minimum value for N

Table 4. OUTPUT CONFIGURATIONS (BANK C)

RIO_C[0:1]	Frequency (MHz)
00	50 (test output)
01	125
10	250
11	500

OPERATION INFORMATION

Output Frequency Configuration

The MPC9850 was designed to provide the commonly used frequencies in PowerQUICC, PowerPC and other microprocessor systems. Table 3 lists the configuration values that will generate those common frequencies. The MPC9850 can generate numerous other frequencies that may be useful in specific applications. The output frequency (fout) of either Bank A or Bank B may be calculated by the following equation.

fout = 2000 / N

where fout is in MHz and N = 2 * $CLK_x[0:5]$

This calculation is valid for all values of N from 8 to 126.

Note that N = 15 is a modified case of the configuration inputs CLK_x[0:5]. To achieve N = 15 CLK_x[0:5] is configured to 00111 or 7.

Crystal Input Operation

TBD

Power-Up and MR Operation

Figure 2 defines the release time and the minumum pulse length for MR pin. The MR release time is based upon the power supply being stable and within V_{DD} specifications. See Table 11 for actual parameter values. The MPC9850 may be configured after release of reset and the outputs will be stable for use after lock indication is obtained.



Power Supply Bypassing

The MPC9850 is a mixed analog/digital product. The architecture of the MPC9850 supports low noise signal operation at high frequencies. In order to maintain its superior signal quality, all V_{DD} pins should be bypassed by high-frequency ceramic capacitors connected to GND. If the spectral frequencies of the internally generated switching noise on the supply pins cross the series resonant point of an individual bypass capacitor, its overall impedance begins to look inductive and thus increases with increasing frequency. The parallel capacitor combination shown ensures that a low impedance path to ground exists for frequencies well above the noise bandwidth.



Figure 3. V_{CC} Power Supply Bypass

Table 5. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGSa

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Мах	Unit	Condition
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage (core)	-0.3	3.8	V	
VDDC	Supply Voltage (Analog Supply Voltage)	-0.3	V _{DD}	V	
VDDOB	Supply Voltage (LVCMOS output for Bank B)	Supply Voltage (LVCMOS output for Bank B) -0.3		V	
VIN	DC Input Voltage	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	
VOUT	DC Output Voltage ^b	DC Output Voltage ^b -0.3		V	
IIN	DC Input Current		±20	mA	
IOUT	DC Output Current		±50	mA	
Τ _S	Storage Temperature	-65	125	°C	

a. Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those maximum values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation at absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

b. V_{DDx} references power supply pin associated with specific output pin.

Table 6. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
VTT	Output Termination Voltage		V _{DD} ÷ 2		V	
MM	ESD Protection (Machine Model)	TBD			V	
HBM	ESD Protection (Human Body Model)	TBD			V	
CDM	ESD Protection (Charged Device Model	TBD			V	
LU	Latch-Up Immunity	200			mA	
CIN	Input capacitance		TBD		pF	Inputs
θͿϹ	Thermal resistance (junction-to-ambient, junction-to- board, junction-to-case)		TBD		°C/W	
ТА	Ambient Temperature ^a	-40		85	°C	

a. Operating junction temperature impacts device life time. Maximum continuous operating junction temperature should be selected according to the application life time requirements (See application note AN1545 for more information). The device AC and DC parameters are specified up to 110°C junction temperature allowing the MPC9850 to be used in applications requiring industrial temperature range. It is recommended that users of the MPC9850 employ thermal modeling analysis to assist in applying the junction temperature specifications to their particular application.

Table 7. DC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition		
Supply Current for V _{DD} =3.3V±5% and V _{DDOB} = 3.3V±5%								
IDD	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (Core)		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DD} pins		
IDDC	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (Analog Supply)		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DDIN} pins		
IDDOB	Maximum Bank B Supply Current		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DDOB} pins		
Supply C	urrent for V_{DD} =3.3V±5% and V_{DDOB} = 2.5V±5%							
IDD	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (Core)		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DD} pins		
IDDC	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (Analog Supply)		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DDIN} pins		
IDDOB	Maximum Bank B Supply Current		TBD	TBD	mA	V _{DDOB} pins		

Table 8. LVDS DC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Characteristics		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition	
Differential LVDS clock outputs (QC0, QC0 Cnd QC1, QC1) for VDD=3.3V±5%								
VPP	Output Differential Voltage ^a (peak-to-peak)	(LVDS)	250			mV		
VOS	Output Offset Voltage	(LVDS)	1125		1275	mV		

a. Vpp is the minimum differential input voltage swing required to maintain AC characteristics including tpd and device-to-device skew.

Table 9. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS $(T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C)^a$

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Differential LVPECL clock inputs (CLK1, CLK1) for V _{DD} =3.3V±0.5%						
VPP	Differential Voltage ^b (peak-to-peak) (LVPECL)	250			mV	
VCMR	Differential Input Crosspoint Voltage ^C (LVPECL)	1.0		V _{DD} - 0.6	V	

a. AC characteristics are design targets and pending characterization.

b. Vpp is the minimum differential input voltage swing required to maintain AC characteristics including tpd and device-to-device skew.

c. V_{CMR} (AC) is the crosspoint of the differential input signal. Normal AC operation is obtained when the crosspoint is within the V_{CMR} (AC) range and the input swing lies within the V_{PP} (AC) specification. Violation of V_{CMR} (AC) or V_{PP} (AC) impacts the device propagation delay, device and part-to-part skew.

Table 10. LVCMOS I/O DC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition	
LVCMOS for V _{DD} =3.3V±5%							
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.0		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	LVCMOS	
VIL	Input Low Voltage			0.8	V	LVCMOS	
I _{IN}	Input Current ^a			10	μC	V _{IN} =V _{DDL} or GND	
LVCMOS for V _{DD} =3.3V±5% and V _{DDOB} = 3.3V±5%							
VOH	Output High Voltage	2.4			V	I _{OH} =-24 ma	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	I _{OL} = 24 ma	
Z _{OUT}	Output Impedance		14		Ω		
LVCMOS	for V _{DD} = $3.3V\pm5\%$ and V _{DDOB} = $2.5V\pm5\%$						
VOH	Output High Voltage	1.9			V	I _{OH} =-15 ma	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	I _{OL} = 15 ma	
ZOUT	Output Impedance		22		Ω		

a. Inputs have pull-down resistors affecting the input current.

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Input and outp	out timing specification					
^f ref	Input reference frequency (25 MHz input) Input reference frequency (33 MHz input) XTAL Input Input reference frequency in PLL bypass mode ^c	TBD TBD TBD	25 33 25	TBD TBD TBD TBD	MHz MHz MHz	PLL bypass
fvco	VCO frequency range ^d		2000		MHz	
fMCX	Output Frequency Bank C output Bank B output Bank C output			TBD TBD TBD	MHz MHz MHz	PLL locked
^f refPW	Reference Input Pulse Width	TBD			ps	
^f refCcc	Input Frequency Accuracy			100	ppm	
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time	TBD		TBD	ns	20% to 80%
DC	Output duty cycle	47.5	50	52.5	%	
PLL specificat	ions				-	
BW	PLL closed loop bandwidth ^e		TBD		kHz	
^t LOCK	Maximum PLL Lock Time			10	ms	
^t reset_ref	MR hold time on power up	TBD			ns	
treset_pulse	MR hold time	TBD			ns	
Skew and jitte	r specifications					
^t sk(O)	Output-to-output Skew (within a bank)			50	ps	
^t sk(O)	Output-to-output Skew (across banks A and B)			100	ps	$V_{DDOB} = 3.3V$
^t JIT(CC)	Cycle-to-cycle jitter RMS $(1 \sigma)^{f}$			10	ps	
^t JIT(PER)	Period JitterRMS (1 σ)		TBD		ps	
^t JIT(∅)	I/O Phase Jitter RMS (1 σ)		TBD		ps	
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time			TBD	ns	20% to 80%

Table 11. AC CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD}=3.3V±5%, V_{DDOB}=3.3V±5%, T_A= -40°C to +85°C)^{a b}

a. AC characteristics are design targets and pending characterization.

b. AC characteristics apply for parallel output termination of 50 $\!\Omega$ to VTT.

c. In bypass mode, the MPC9850 divides the input reference clock.

d. The input reference frequency must match the VCO lock range divided by the total feedback divider ratio: $f_{ref} = (f_{VCO} + M) \cdot N$.

e. -3 dB point of PLL transfer characteristics.

f. See application note AN1934 for a jitter calculation for other confidence factors than 1 σ .



Figure 4. MPC9850 AC test reference (LVDS outputs)



Figure 5. MPC9850 AC test reference (LVCMOS outputs)

Table 12. MPC9850 Pin Diagram (Top View)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Α	VDDOB	VDDOB	CLKA[1]	CLKA[3]	CLKA[5]	V _{DD}	QA1	QA2	VDDOB	VDDOB
В	VDDOB	V _{DDOB}	CLKA[0]	CLKA[2]	CLKA[4]	QA0	V _{DD}	QA3	VDDOB	V _{DDOB}
С	RSVD	RSVD	V _{DD}	REF_OUT						
D	V _{DDA}	V _{DDA}	V _{DD}	GND	GND	GND	GND	V _{DD}	QC0	QC0
E	REF_SEL	CLK	V _{DD}	GND	GND	GND	GND	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	GND
F	PCLK	PCLK	V _{DD}	GND	GND	GND	GND	V _{DD}	QC1	QC1
G	REF_CLK_SEL	REF_33MHz	V _{DD}	GND	GND	GND	GND	V _{DD}	PLL_BYPASS	MR
Н	XTAL_IN	XTAL_OUT	V _{DD}	RIO_C[1]	RIO_C[0]					
J	VDDOB	VDDOB	CLKB[0]	CLK[2]	CLK[4]	QB0	VDDOB	QB3	VDDOB	VDDOB
К	VDDOB	VDDOB	CLKB[1]	CLKB[3]	CLKB[5]	VDDOB	QB1	QB2	VDDOB	VDDOB
Table 13. MPC9850 Pin List										

Table 13. MPC9850 Pin List

Signal	100 Pin MAPBGA	Signal	100 Pin MAPBGA	Signal	100 Pin MAPBGA	Signal	100 Pin MAPBGA	Signal	100 Pin MAPBGA
VDDOB	A1	RSVDa	C1	REF_SEL	E1	REF_CLK_SEL	G1	VDDOB	J1
VDDOB	A2	RSVDa	C2	CLK	E2	REF_33MHz	G2	VDDOB	J2
CLKA[1]	A3	V _{DD}	C3	V _{DD}	E3	V _{DD}	G3	CLKB[0]	J3
CLKA[3]	A4	V _{DD}	C4	GND	E4	GND	G4	CLKB[2]	J4
CLKA[5]	A5	V _{DD}	C5	GND	E5	GND	G5	CLKB[4]	J5
V _{DD}	A6	V _{DD}	C6	GND	E6	GND	G6	QB0	J6
QA1	A7	V _{DD}	C7	GND	E7	GND	G7	VDDOB	J7
QA2	A8	V _{DD}	C8	V _{DD}	E8	V _{DD}	G8	QB3	J8
VDDOB	A9	V _{DD}	C9	VDD	E9	PLL_BYPASS	G9	VDDOB	J9
VDDOB	A10	REF_OUT	C10	GND	E10	MR	G10	VDDOB	J10
VDDOB	B1	V _{DDA}	D1	PCLK	F1	XTAL_IN	H1	VDDOB	K1
VDDOB	B2	VDDA	D2	PCLK	F2	XTAL_OUT	H2	VDDOB	K2
CLKA[0]	B3	V _{DD}	D3	V _{DD}	F3	V _{DD}	H3	CLKB[1]	K3
CLKA[2]	B4	GND	D4	GND	F4	V _{DD}	H4	CLKB[3]	K4
CLKA[4]	B5	GND	D5	GND	F5	V _{DD}	H5	CLKB[5]	K5
QA0	B6	GND	D6	GND	F6	V _{DD}	H6	VDDOB	K6
V _{DD}	B7	GND	D7	GND	F7	V _{DD}	H7	QB1	K7
QA3	B8	V _{DD}	D8	V _{DD}	F8	V _{DD}	H8	QB2	K8
VDDOB	B9	QC0	D9	QC1	F9	RIO_C[1]	H9	VDDOB	K9
VDDOB	B10	QC0	D10	QC1	F10	RIO_C[0]	H10	VDDOB	K10

a. RSVD pins must be left open.





NOTES

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NOTES

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