



Integrated
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PRELIMINARY

ICS853058

**8:1, DIFFERENTIAL-TO-
3.3V OR 2.5V LVPECL/ECL CLOCK MULTIPLEXER**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

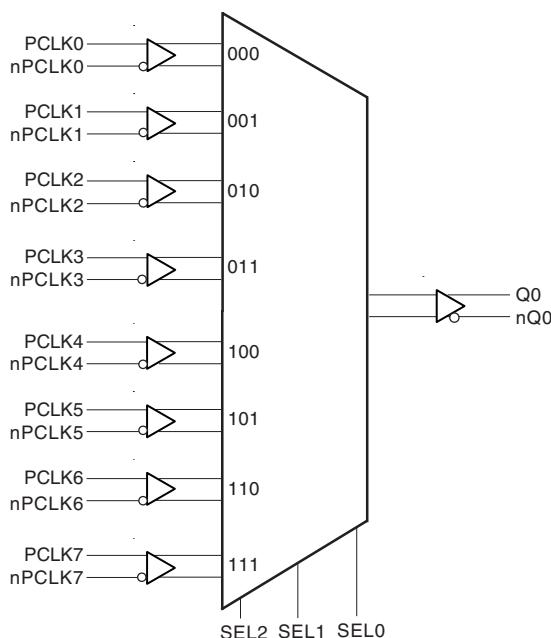


The ICS853058 is an 8:1 Differential-to-3.3V or 2.5V LVPECL / ECL Clock Multiplexer which can operate up to 2.5GHz and is a member of the HiPerClockS™ family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The ICS853058 has 8 differential selectable clock inputs. The PCLK, nPCLK input pairs can accept LVPECL, LVDS, CML or SSTL levels. The fully differential architecture and low propagation delay make it ideal for use in clock distribution circuits. The select pins have internal pulldown resistors. The SEL2 pin is the most significant bit and the binary number applied to the select pins will select the same numbered data input (i.e., 000 selects PCLK0, nPCLK0).

FEATURES

- High speed 8:1 differential multiplexer
- 1 differential 3.3V or 2.5V LVPECL output
- 8 selectable differential PCLK, nPCLK inputs
- PCLKx, nPCLKx pairs can accept the following differential input levels: LVPECL, LVDS, CML, SSTL
- Maximum output frequency: 2.5GHz
- Translates any single ended input signal to LVPECL levels with resistor bias on nPCLKx input
- Part-to-part skew: TBD
- Propagation delay: 620ps (typical)
- LVPECL mode operating voltage supply range: $V_{cc} = 2.375V$ to $3.465V$, $V_{ee} = 0V$
- ECL mode operating voltage supply range: $V_{cc} = 0V$, $V_{ee} = -3.465V$ to $-2.375V$
- $-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$ ambient operating temperature

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT

PCLK0	1	PCLK7	24
nPCLK0	2	nPCLK7	23
PCLK1	3	PLCK6	22
nPCLK1	4	nPCLK6	21
V _{cc}	5	V _{cc}	20
SEL0	6	Q0	19
SEL1	7	nQ0	18
SEL2	8	V _{EE}	17
PCLK2	9	PCLK5	16
nPCLK2	10	nPCLK5	15
PCLK3	11	PCLK4	14
nPCLK3	12	nPCLK4	13

ICS853058
24-Lead, 173-MIL TSSOP
4.4mm x 7.8mm x 0.92mm body package
G Package
Top View

The Preliminary Information presented herein represents a product in prototyping or pre-production. The noted characteristics are based on initial product characterization. Integrated Circuit Systems, Incorporated (ICS) reserves the right to change any circuitry or specifications without notice.



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TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	PCLK0	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
2	nPCLK0	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
3	PCLK1	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
4	nPCLK1	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
5, 20	V_{cc}	Power		Positive supply pins.
6, 7, 8	SEL0, SEL1, SEL2	Input	Pulldown	Clock select input pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
9	PCLK2	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
10	nPCLK2	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
11	PCLK3	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
12	nPCLK3	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
13	nPCLK4	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
14	PCLK4	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
15	nPCLK5	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
16	PCLK5	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
17	V_{ee}	Power		Negative supply pin.
18, 19	nQ0, Q0	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
21	nPCLK6	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
22	PCLK6	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
23	nPCLK7	Input	Pullup/Pulldown	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input. $V_{cc}/2$ default when left floating.
24	PCLK7	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.

NOTE: *Pullup* and *Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.



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TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Input Pulldown Resistor			75		KΩ
$R_{VDD/2}$	Pullup/Pulldown Resistors			50		KΩ

TABLE 3. CLOCK INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs			Outputs	
SEL2	SEL1	SEL0	Q0	nQ0
0	0	0	PCLK0	nPCLK0
0	0	1	PCLK1	nPCLK1
0	1	0	PCLK2	nPCLK2
0	1	1	PCLK3	nPCLK3
1	0	0	PCLK4	nPCLK4
1	0	1	PCLK5	nPCLK5
1	1	0	PCLK6	nPCLK6
1	1	1	PCLK7	nPCLK7



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{CC}	4.6V (LVPECL mode, $V_{EE} = 0$)
Negative Supply Voltage, V_{EE}	-4.6V (ECL mode, $V_{CC} = 0$)
Inputs, V_I (LVPECL mode)	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
Inputs, V_I (ECL mode)	0.5V to $V_{EE} - 0.5V$
Outputs, I_O	
Continuous Current	50mA
Surge Current	100mA
Operating Temperature Range, T_A	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	70°C/W (0 mps) (Junction-to-Ambient)

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 2.375$ TO $3.465V$; $V_{EE} = 0V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{CC}	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	3.3	3.465	V
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current			38		mA

TABLE 4B. LVCMS/LVTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 2.375$ TO $3.465V$; $V_{EE} = 0V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	$SEL0:SEL2$	2		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	$SEL0:SEL2$	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	$SEL0:SEL2$	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$, $V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 2.625V$		150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	$SEL0:SEL2$	$V_{CC} = 3.465V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CC} = 2.625V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-150		μA

TABLE 4C. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 2.375$ TO $3.465V$; $V_{EE} = 0V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
I_{IH}	Input High Current	$PCLK0:PCLK7$ $nPCLK0:nPCLK7$	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$		150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	$PCLK0:PCLK7$	$V_{CC} = 3.465V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-10		μA
		$nPCLK0:nPCLK7$	$V_{CC} = 3.465V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$	-150		μA
V_{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input Voltage		0.15			V
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Input Voltage; NOTE 1, 2		1.2		3.3	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage Voltage; NOTE 3			$V_{CC} - 1.005$		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 3			$V_{CC} - 1.78$		V
V_{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing			0.8		V

NOTE 1: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{IH} .

NOTE 2: For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for PCLKx, nPCLKx is $V_{CC} + 0.3V$.

NOTE 3: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$.



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TABLE 4D. ECL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 0V$; $V_{EE} = -3.465V$ TO $-2.375V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1			-1.005		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1			-1.78		V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		-1.225		-0.94	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-1.87		-1.535	V
V_{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input Voltage			800		mV
V_{CMR}	Input High Voltage Common Mode Range; NOTE 2, 3		$V_{EE} + 1.2$		0	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current PCLK0:PCLK7 nPCLK0:nPCLK7				150	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current PCLK0:PCLK7		-10			μA
	nPCLK0:nPCLK7		-150			μA

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$.

NOTE 2: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{IH} .

NOTE 3: For single-ended applications, the maximum input voltage for PCLKx, nPCLKx is $V_{CC} + 0.3V$.

TABLE 5. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 0V$; $V_{EE} = -3.465V$ TO $-2.375V$ OR $V_{CC} = 2.375$ TO $3.465V$; $V_{EE} = 0V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{MAX}	Output Frequency				2.5	GHz
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1			620		ps
$tsk(pp)$	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 3			TBD		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%		150		ps

All parameters measured up to 1.3GHz unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined according with JEDEC Standard 65.



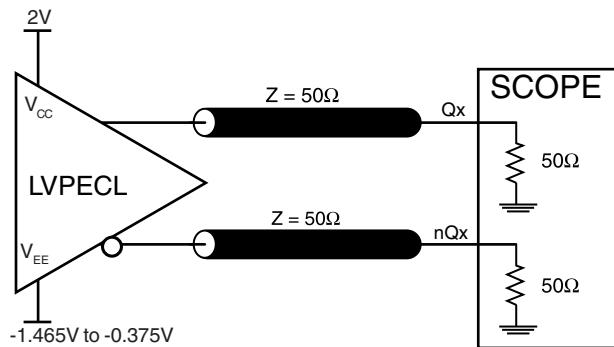
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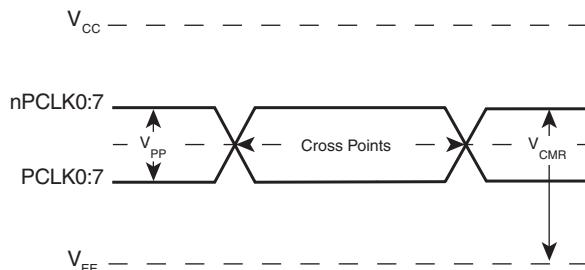
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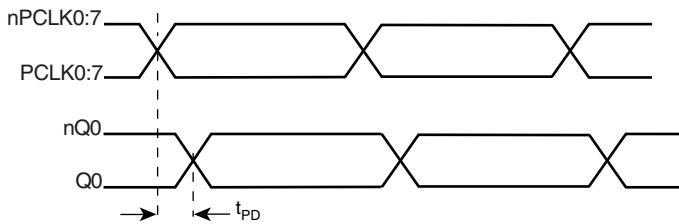
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



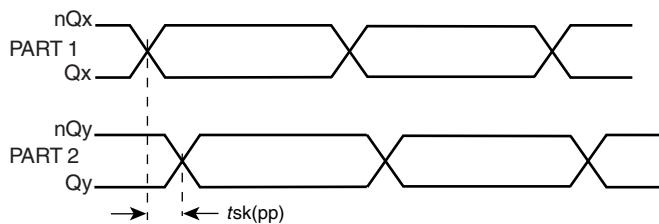
OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



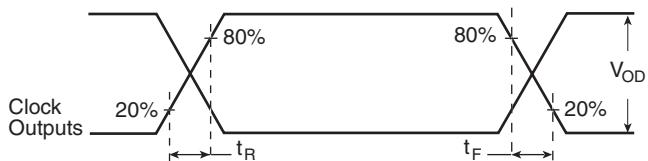
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT LEVEL



PROPAGATION DELAY



PART-TO-PART SKEW



OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



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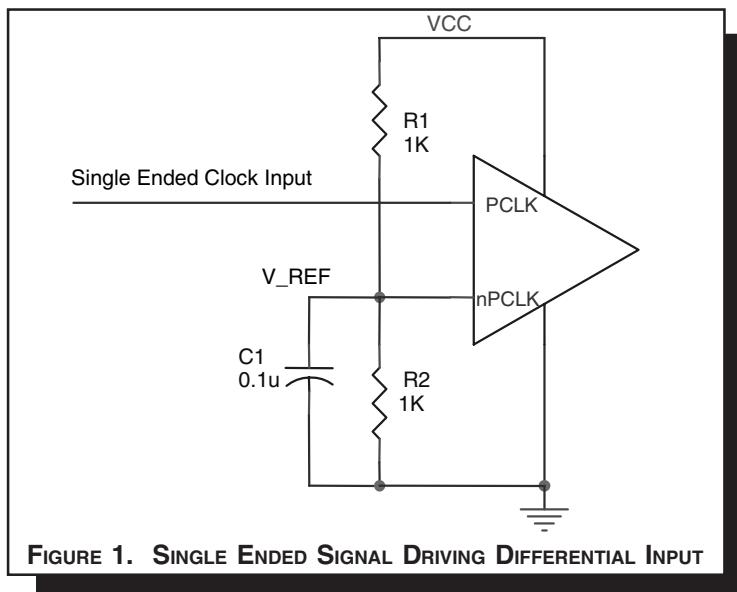
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APPLICATION INFORMATION

WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 1 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$ is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio

of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V_{REF} in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, V_{REF} should be 1.25V and $R2/R1 = 0.609$.



TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUTS

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive

50Ω transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. Figures 2A and 2B show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

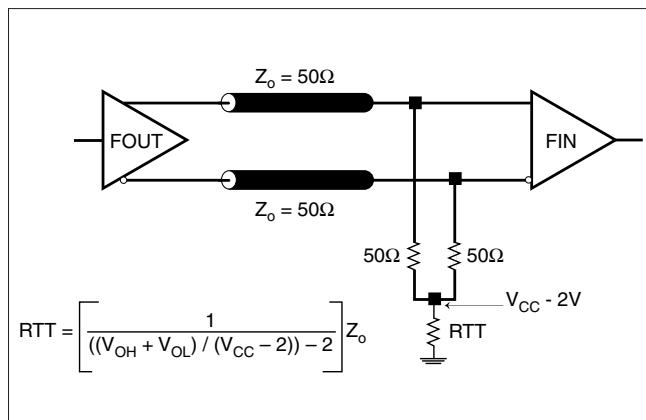


FIGURE 2A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

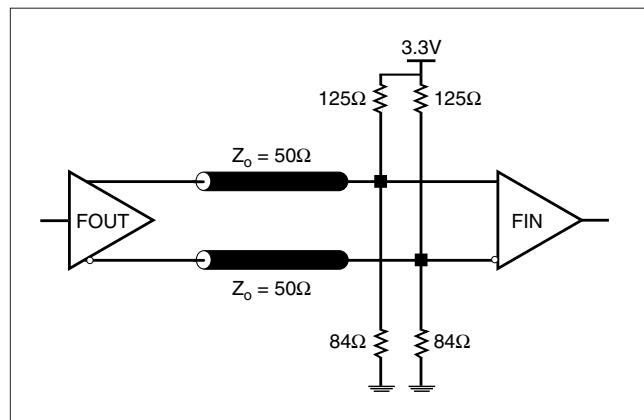


FIGURE 2B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION



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TERMINATION FOR 2.5V LVPECL OUTPUT

Figure 3A and Figure 3B show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50Ω to $V_{cc} - 2V$. For $V_{cc} = 2.5V$, the $V_{cc} - 2V$ is very close to

ground level. The R3 in Figure 3B can be eliminated and the termination is shown in Figure 3C.

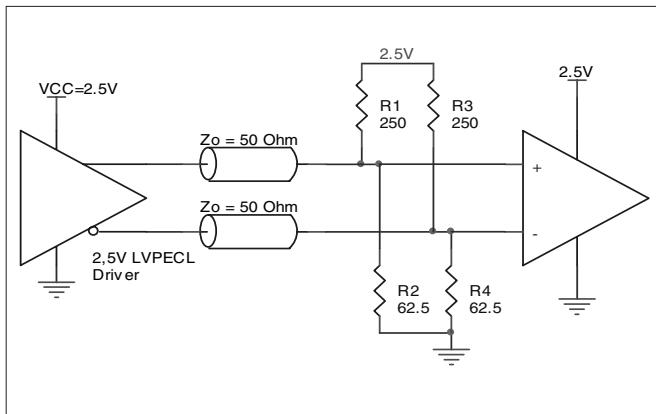


FIGURE 3A. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

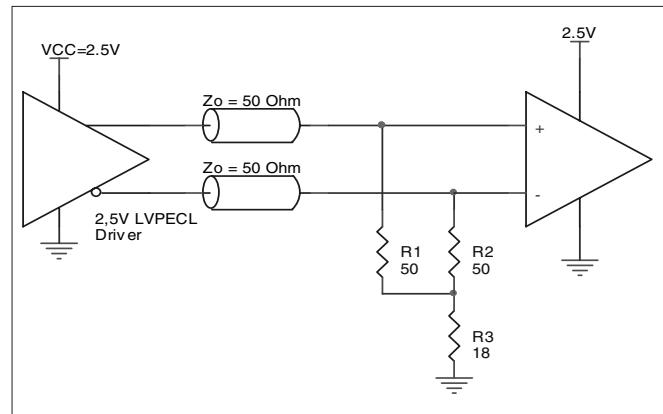


FIGURE 3B. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

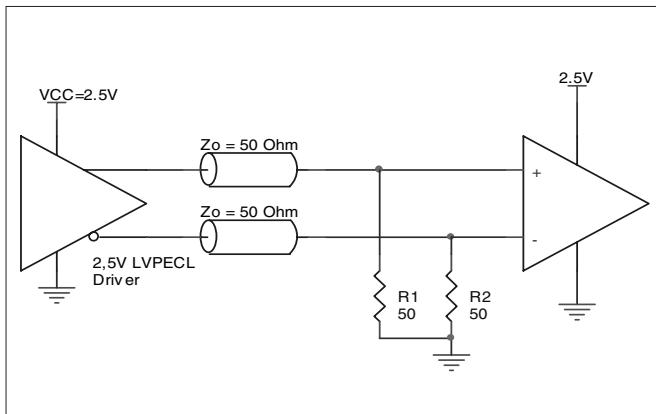


FIGURE 3C. 2.5V LVPECL TERMINATION EXAMPLE



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LVPECL CLOCK INPUT INTERFACE

The PCLK /nPCLK accepts LVPECL, CML, SSTL and other differential signals. Both V_{SWING} and V_{OH} must meet the V_{PP} and V_{CMR} input requirements. Figures 4A to 4E show interface examples for the HiPerClockS PCLK/nPCLK input driven by the most common driver types. The input interfaces sug-

gested here are examples only. If the driver is from another vendor, use their termination recommendation. Please consult with the vendor of the driver component to confirm the driver termination requirements.

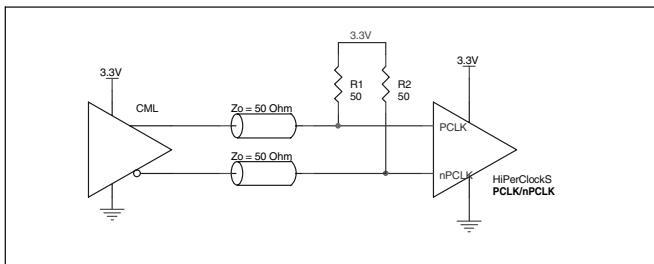


FIGURE 4A. HiPERClockS PCLK/nPCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY A CML DRIVER

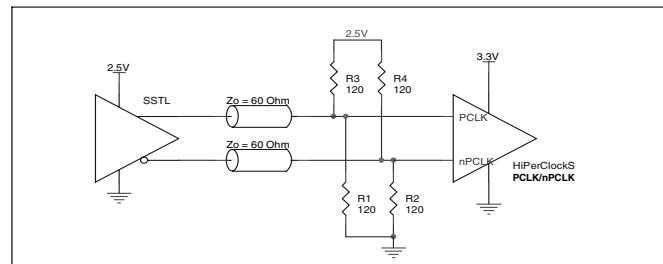


FIGURE 4B. HiPERClockS PCLK/nPCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY AN SSTL IN DRIVER

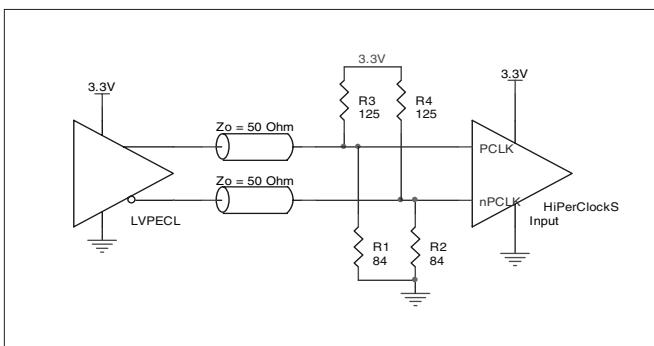


FIGURE 4C. HiPERClockS PCLK/nPCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY A 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

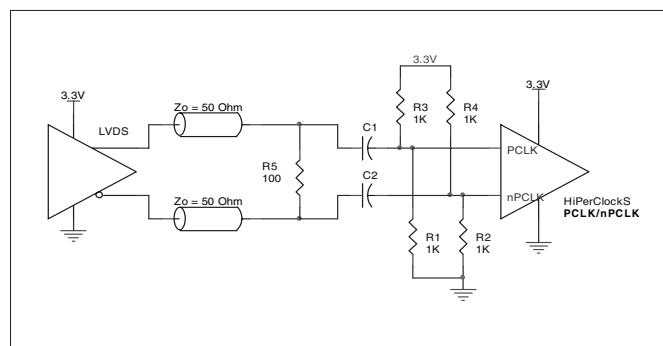


FIGURE 4D. HiPERClockS PCLK/nPCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY A 3.3V LVDS DRIVER

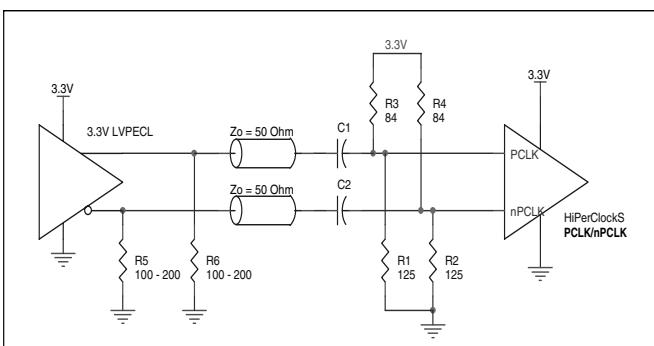


FIGURE 4E. HiPERClockS PCLK/nPCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY A 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER WITH AC COUPLE



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SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

An application schematic example of ICS853058 is shown in *Figure 5*. The inputs can accept various types of differential signals. In this example, the inputs are driven by 3.3V LVPECL drivers. An example of LVPECL terminations is shown this schematic. Other termina-

nation approaches are available in the LVPECL Termination Application Note. It is recommended at least one decoupling capacitor per power pin. The decoupling capacitor should be low ESR and located as close as possible to the power pin.

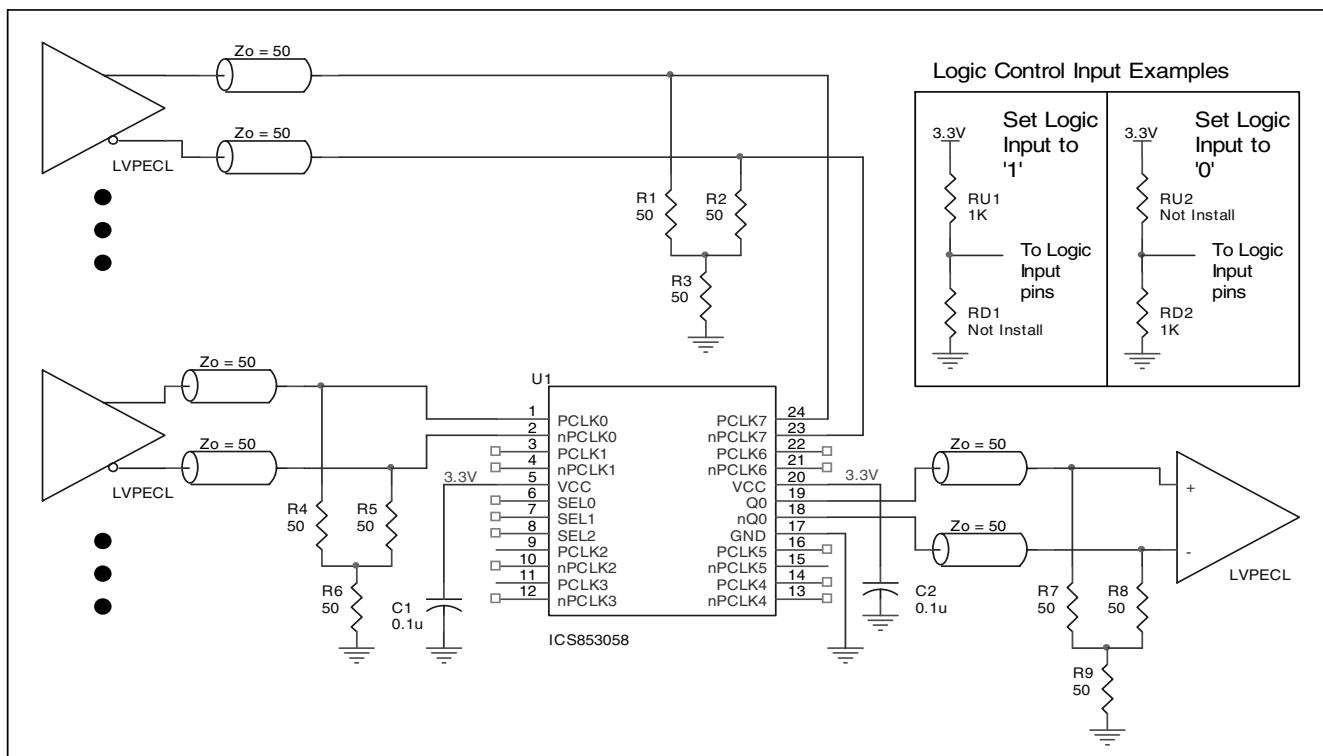


FIGURE 5. ICS853058 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE



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POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS853058. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS853058 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{CC_MAX} * I_{EE_MAX} = 3.465V * 38mA = 131.67mW$
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = **30.94mW/Loaded Output pair**
If all outputs are loaded, the total power is $1 * 30.94mW = 30.94mW$

Total Power_{MAX} (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = $131.67mW + 30.94mW = 162.61mW$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 1 meter per second and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 65°C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

$85^\circ C + 0.163W * 65^\circ C/W = 95.6^\circ C$. This is well below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 6. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 24-PIN TSSOP FORCED CONVECTION

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0 70°C/W	1 65°C/W	2.5 62°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards			



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3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 6*.

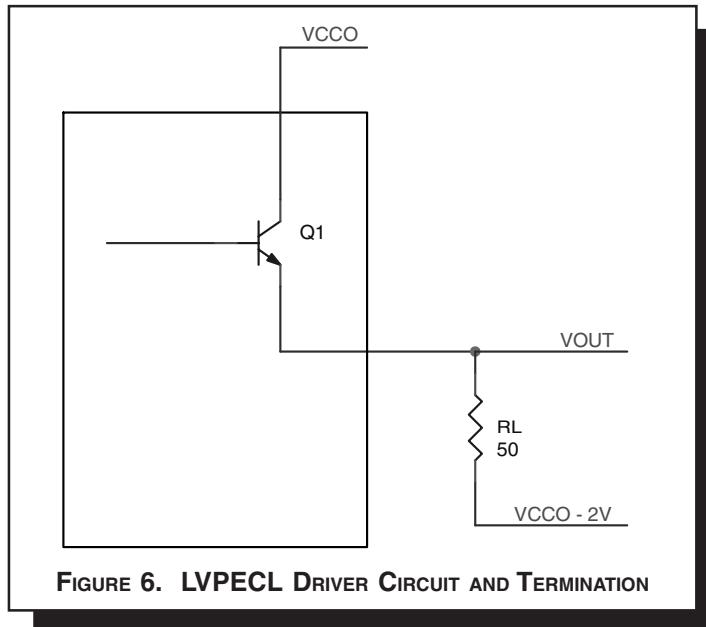


FIGURE 6. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of $V_{CCO} - 2V$.

- For logic high, $V_{OUT} = V_{OH_MAX} = V_{CCO_MAX} - 0.935V$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = 0.935V$$

- For logic low, $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_MAX} = V_{CCO_MAX} - 1.67V$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = 1.67V$$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$\begin{aligned} Pd_H &= [(V_{OH_MAX} - (V_{CCO_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = \\ &[(2V - 0.935V)/50\Omega] * 0.935V = 19.92mW \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Pd_L &= [(V_{OL_MAX} - (V_{CCO_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = \\ &[(2V - 1.67V)/50\Omega] * 1.67V = 11.2mW \end{aligned}$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = $Pd_H + Pd_L = 30.94mW$



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RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 7. θ_{JA} vs. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	0 70°C/W	1 65°C/W	2.5 62°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS853058 is: 326



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ICS853058

8:1, DIFFERENTIAL-TO-
3.3V OR 2.5V LVPECL/ECL CLOCK MULTIPLEXER

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

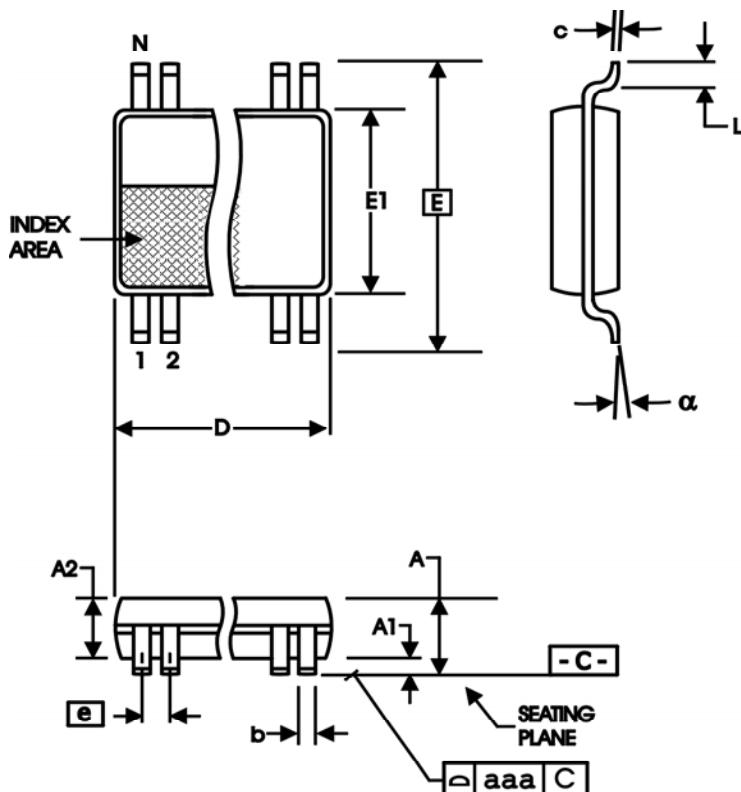


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	24	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	7.70	7.90
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-153



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TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Count	Temperature
ICS853058AG	ICS853058AG	24 Lead TSSOP	60 per tube	-40°C to 85°C
ICS853058AGT	ICS853058AG	24 Lead TSSOP on Tape and Reel	2500	-40°C to 85°C

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