

3.5A/2.5A, 12V, 0.050/0.130 Ohm, Logic Level, Complementary LittleFET™ Power MOSFET

This complementary power MOSFET is manufactured using an advanced MegaFET process. This process, which uses feature sizes approaching those of LSI integrated circuits, gives optimum utilization of silicon, resulting in outstanding performance. It is designed for use in applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and low voltage bus switches. This product achieves full rated conduction at a gate bias in the 3V to 5V range, thereby facilitating true on-off power control directly from logic level (5V) integrated circuits.

Formerly developmental type TA49092.

Ordering Information

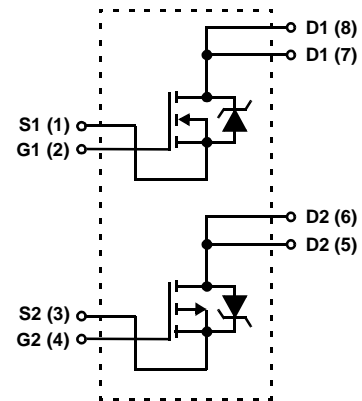
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
RF1K49092	MS-012AA	RF1K49092

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. For ordering in tape and reel, add the suffix 96 to the part number, i.e., RF1K4909296.

Features

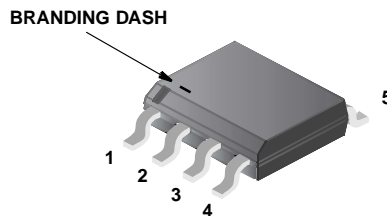
- 3.5A, 12V (N-Channel)
2.5A, 12V (P-Channel)
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.050\Omega$ (N-Channel)
 $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.130\Omega$ (P-Channel)
- Temperature Compensating PSPICE® Model
- On-Resistance vs Gate Drive Voltage Curves
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- UIS Rating Curve
- Related Literature
 - TB334 "Guidelines for Soldering Surface Mount Components to PC Boards"

Symbol



Packaging

JEDEC MS-012AA



RF1K49092

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified

	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL	UNITS	
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)	V_{DSS}	12	-12	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{k}\Omega$, Note 1)	V_{DGR}	12	-12	V
Gate to Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 10	± 10	V
Drain Current				
Continuous (Pulse Width = 5s)	I_D	3.5	2.5	A
Pulsed (Figures 5, 26)	I_{DM}	Refer to Peak Current Curve	Refer to Peak Current Curve	
Pulsed Avalanche Rating (Figures 6, 27)	E_{AS}	Refer to UIS Curve	Refer to UIS Curve	
Power Dissipation				
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	2	2	W
Derate Above 25°C		0.016	0.016	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Temperature for Soldering				
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s	T_L	300	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief 334	T_{pkg}	260	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

- $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C .

N-Channel Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, (Figure 13)	12	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, (Figure 12)	1	-	2	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 12\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	μA
			$T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	50	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 10\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA	
Drain to Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 3.5\text{A}, V_{GS} = 5\text{V}$, (Figures 9, 11)	-	-	0.050	Ω	
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}	$V_{DD} = 6\text{V}, I_D \approx 3.5\text{A}, R_L = 1.71\Omega, V_{GS} = 5\text{V}, R_{GS} = 25\Omega$ (Figure 10)	-	-	100	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$		-	18	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	60	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		-	50	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	60	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t_{OFF}		-	-	140	ns	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TOT)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}$	-	20	25	nC	
Gate Charge at 5V	$Q_{g(5)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 5\text{V}$					
Threshold Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 1\text{V}$					
Input Capacitance	C_{ISS}	$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$ (Figure 14)	-	750	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}		-	700	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{RSS}		-	275	-	pF	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	Pulse width = 1s Device mounted on FR-4 material	-	-	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	

N-Channel Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 3.5\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = 3.5\text{A}, dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	70	ns

P-Channel Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, (Figure 34)	-12	-	-	V	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, (Figure 33)	-1	-	-2	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = -12\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1	μA
			$T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-50	μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 10\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA	
Drain to Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 2.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = -5\text{V}$	-	-	0.130	Ω	
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}	$V_{DD} = -6\text{V}$, $I_D \approx 2.5\text{A}$, $R_L = 2.40\Omega$, $V_{GS} = -5\text{V}$, $R_{GS} = 25\Omega$ (Figure 31)	-	-	115	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$		-	25	-	ns	
Rise Time	t_r		-	65	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(OFF)}$		-	40	-	ns	
Fall Time	t_f		-	45	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t_{OFF}		-	-	110	ns	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TOT)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } -10\text{V}$	$V_{DD} = -9.6\text{V}$, $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$, $R_L = 3.84\Omega$ (Figure 36)	-	19	24	nC
Gate Charge at -5V	$Q_{g(-5)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } -5\text{V}$		-	10	14	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TH)}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } -1\text{V}$		-	0.8	1.1	nC
Input Capacitance	C_{ISS}	$V_{DS} = -10\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$ (Figure 35)	-	775	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C_{OSS}		-	550	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{RSS}		-	150	-	pF	
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	Pulse width = 1s Device mounted on FR-4 material	-	-	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	

P-Channel Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = -2.5\text{A}$	-	-	-1.25	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = -2.5\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	55	ns

Typical Performance Curves (N-Channel)

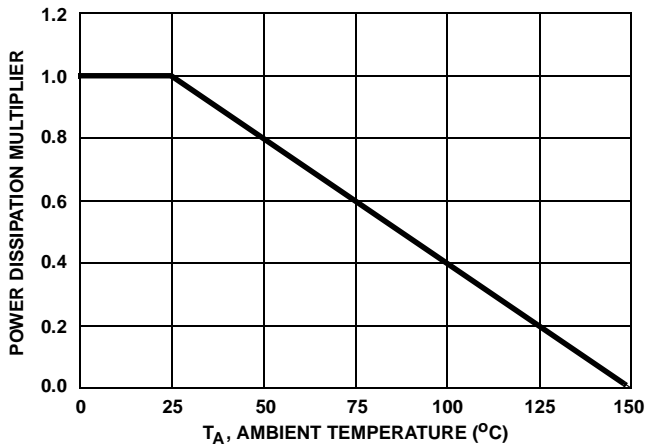


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

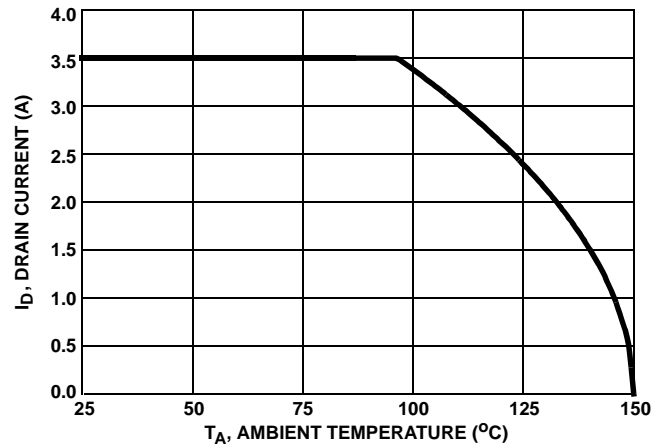


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (N-Channel) (Continued)

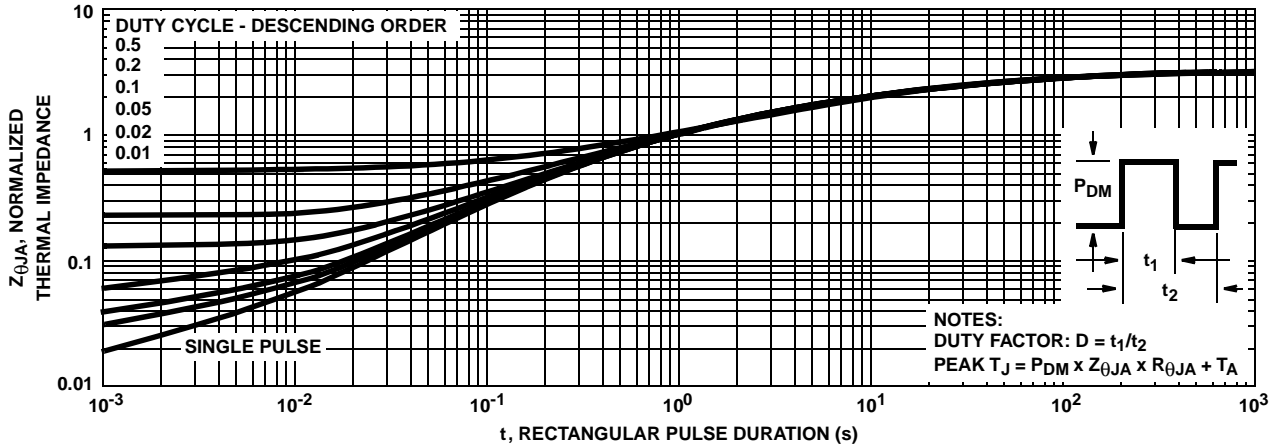


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

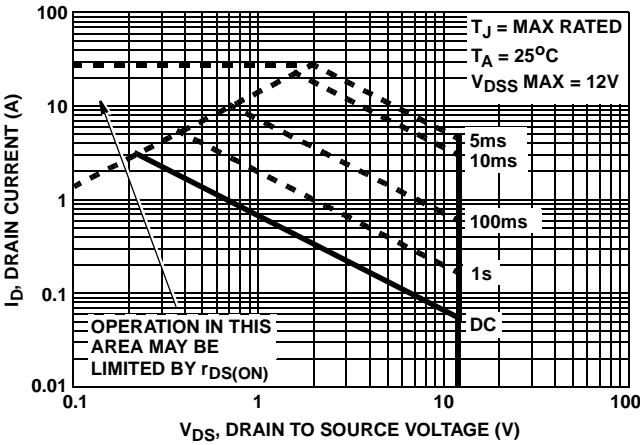


FIGURE 4. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

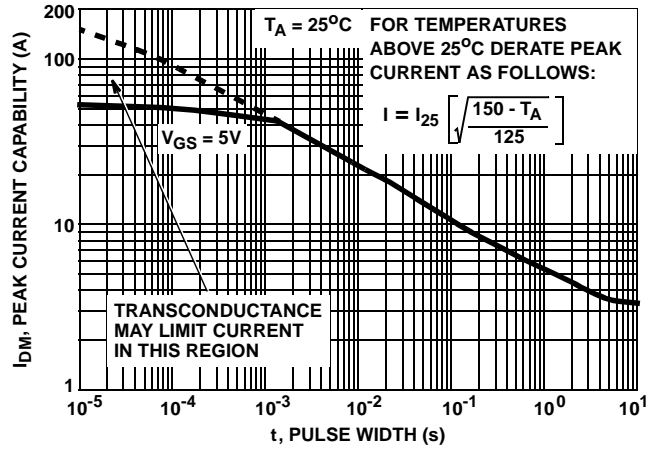
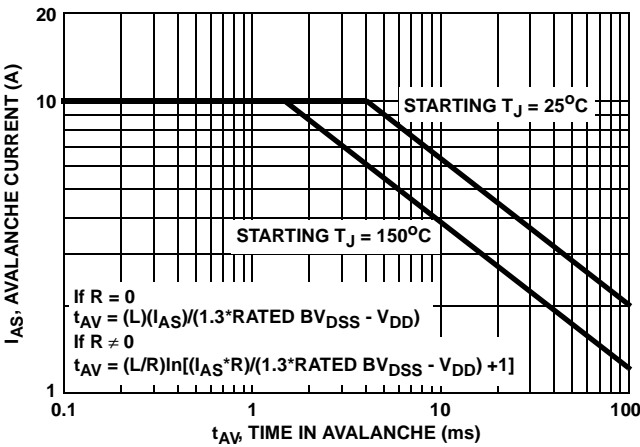


FIGURE 5. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

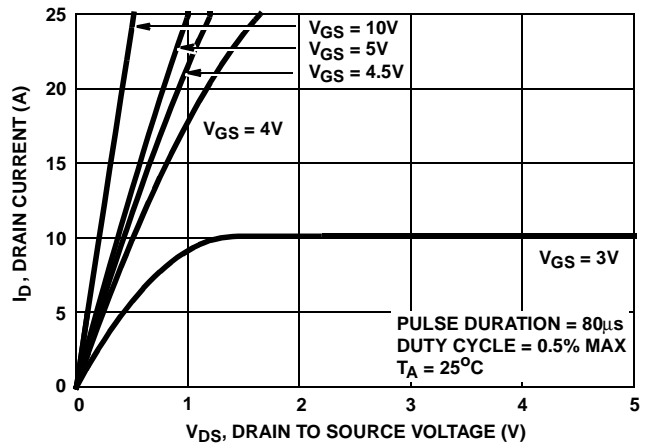


FIGURE 7. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

Typical Performance Curves (N-Channel) (Continued)

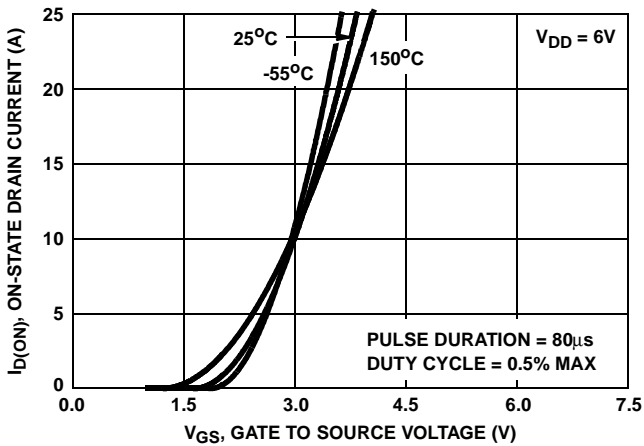


FIGURE 8. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

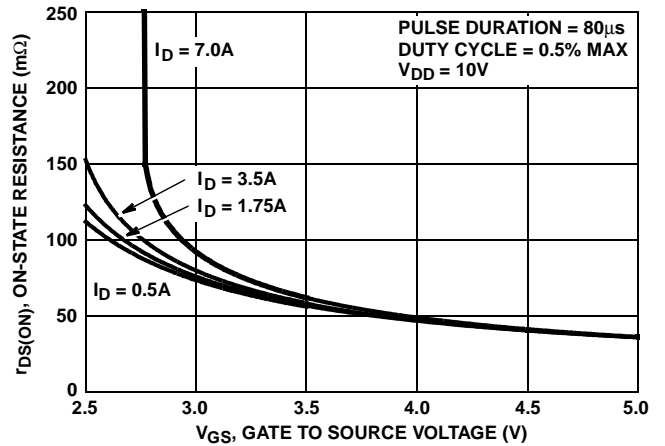


FIGURE 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT

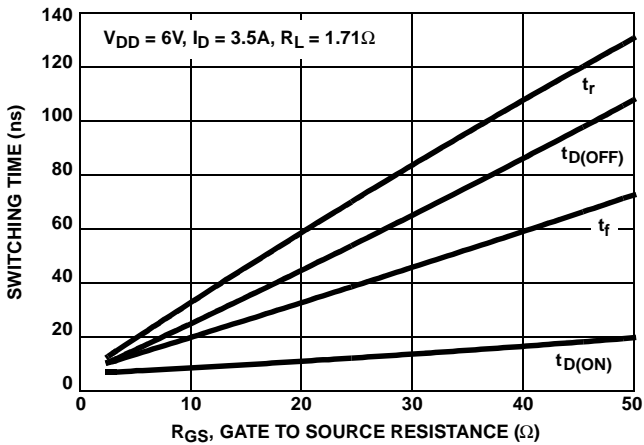


FIGURE 10. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

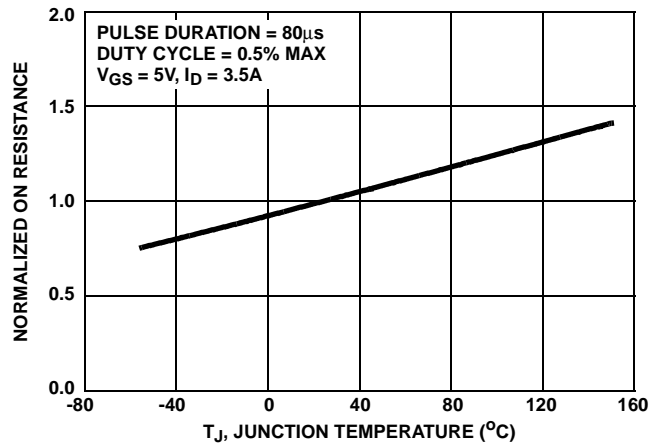


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

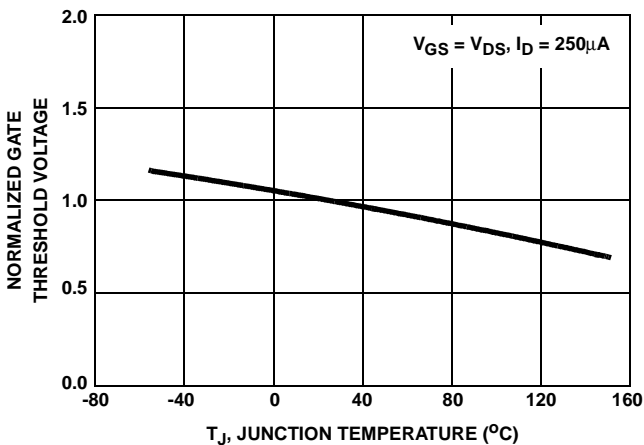


FIGURE 12. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

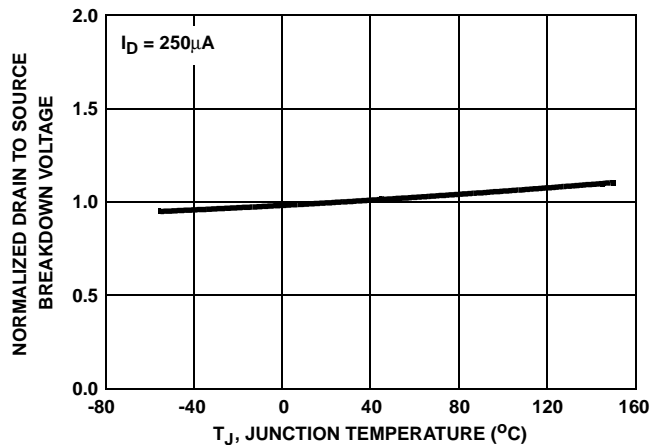


FIGURE 13. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (N-Channel) (Continued)

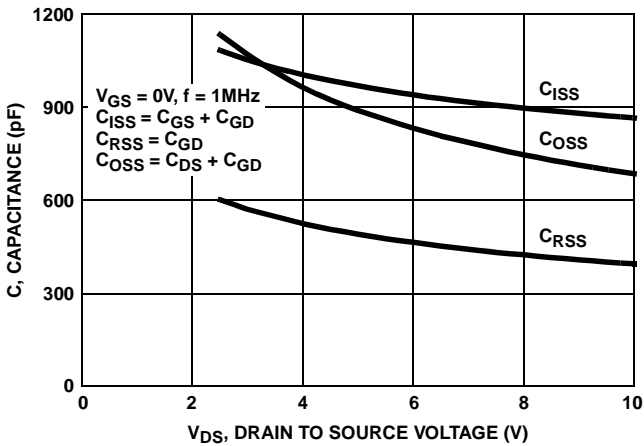
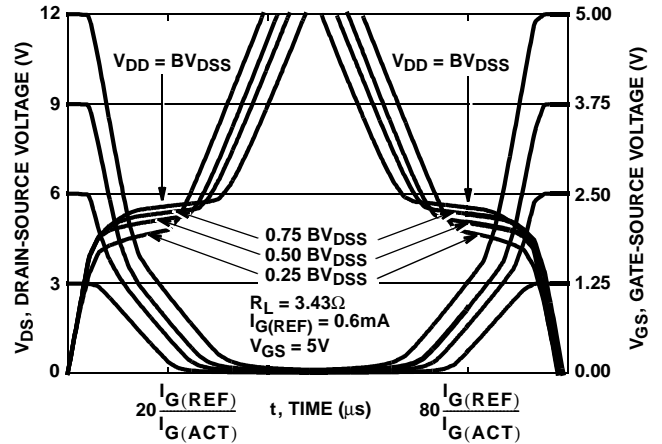


FIGURE 14. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 15. NORMALIZED SWITCHING WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

Test Circuits and Waveforms (N-Channel)

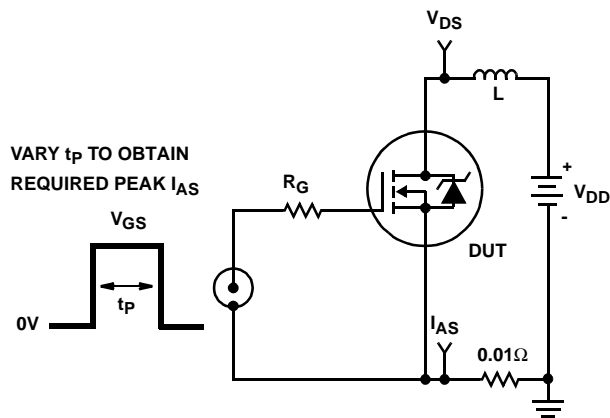


FIGURE 16. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

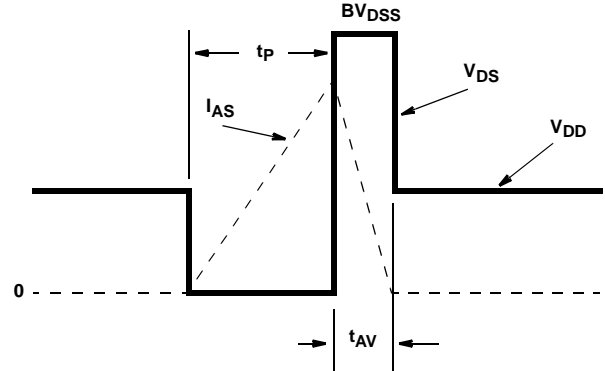


FIGURE 17. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

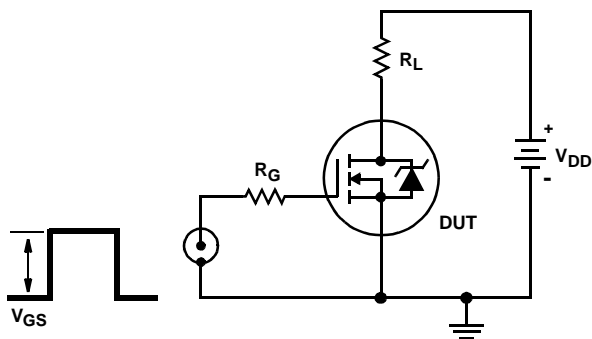


FIGURE 18. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

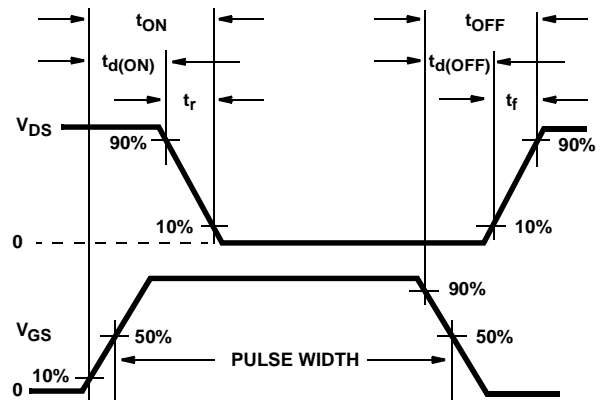


FIGURE 19. RESISTIVE SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

Test Circuits and Waveforms (N-Channel) (Continued)

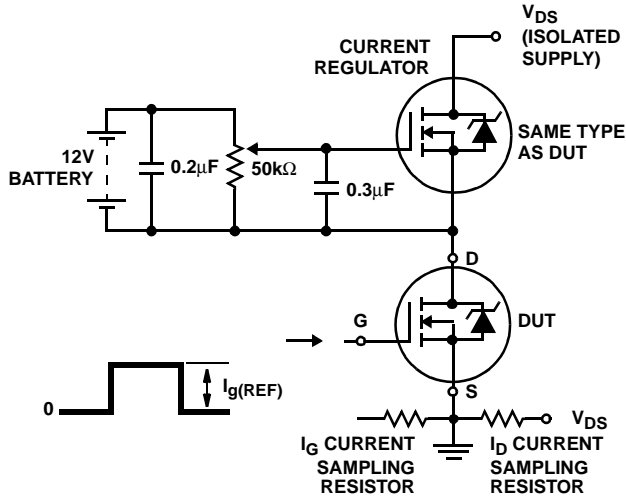


FIGURE 20. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

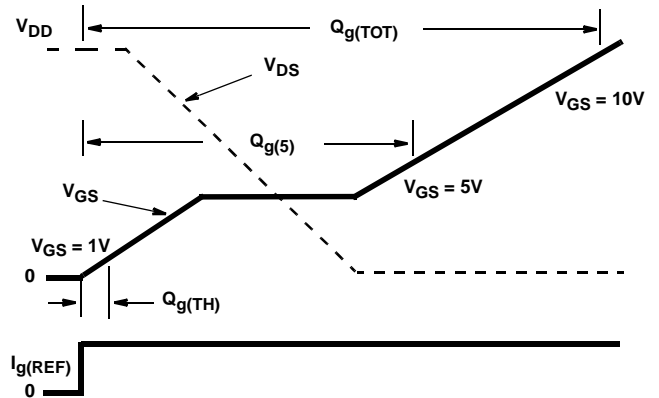


FIGURE 21. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

Typical Performance Curves (P-Channel)

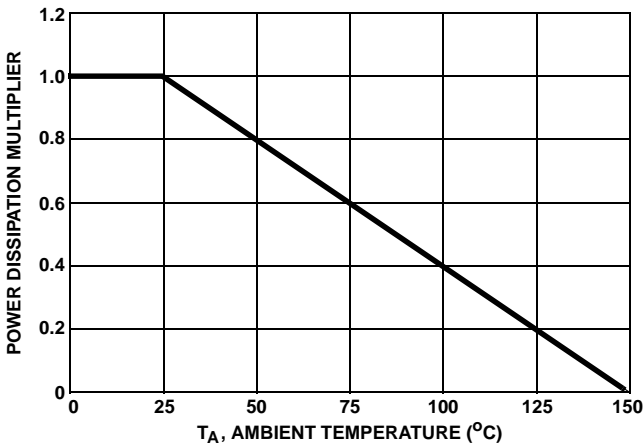


FIGURE 22. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

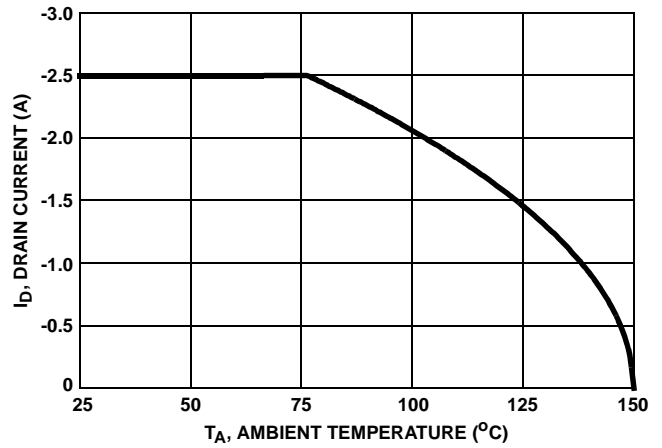


FIGURE 23. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

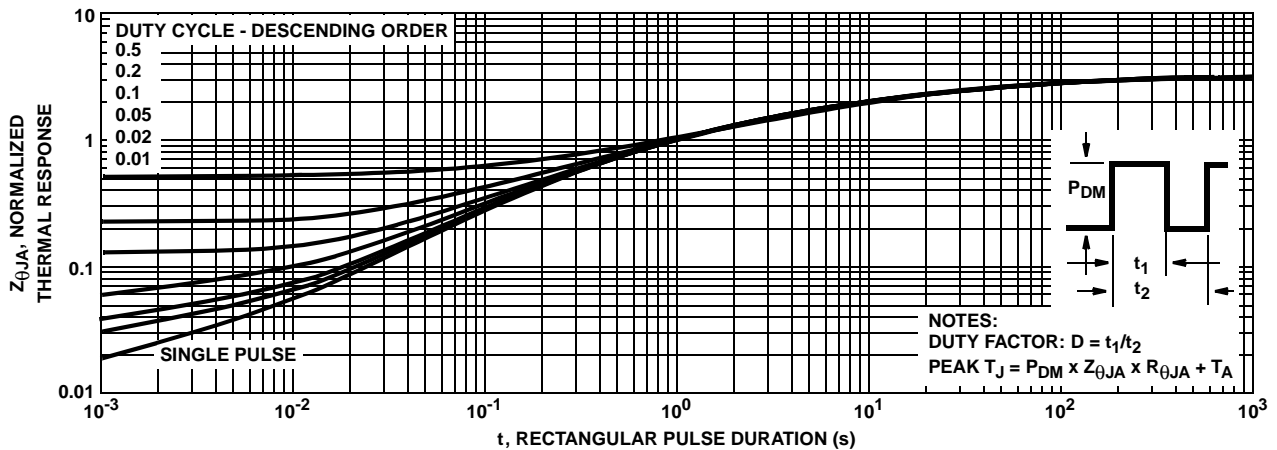


FIGURE 24. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

Typical Performance Curves (P-Channel) (Continued)

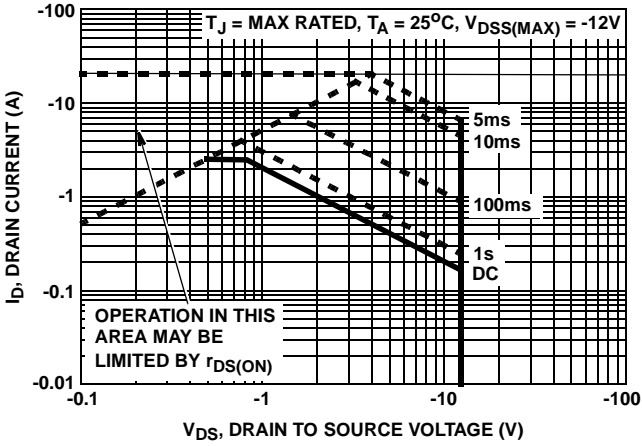


FIGURE 25. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

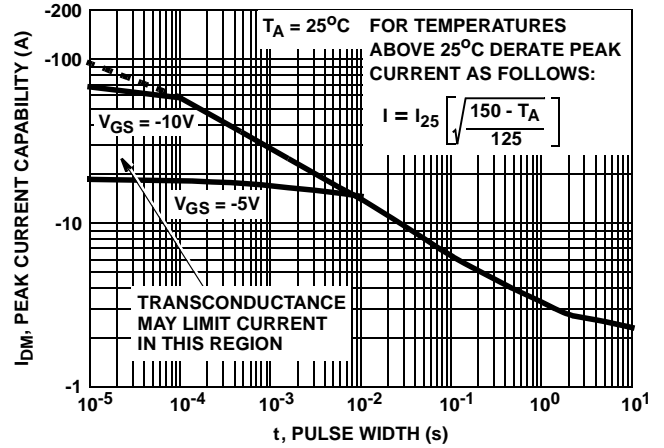
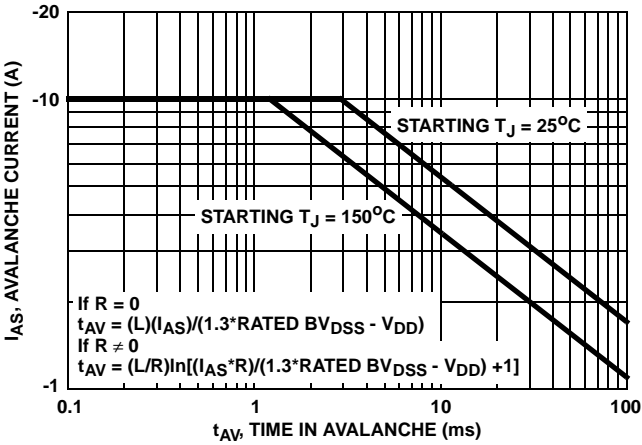


FIGURE 26. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 27. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

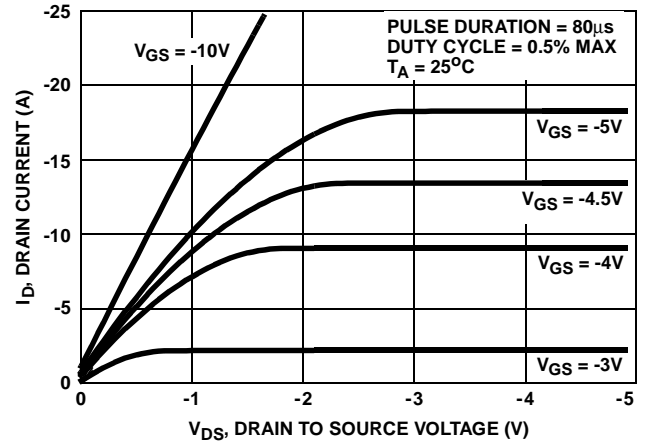


FIGURE 28. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

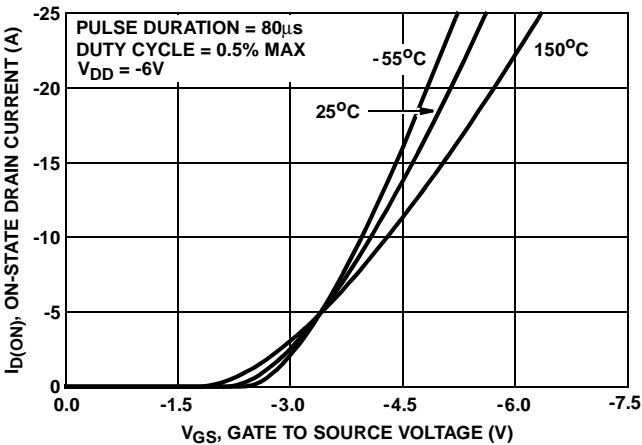


FIGURE 29. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

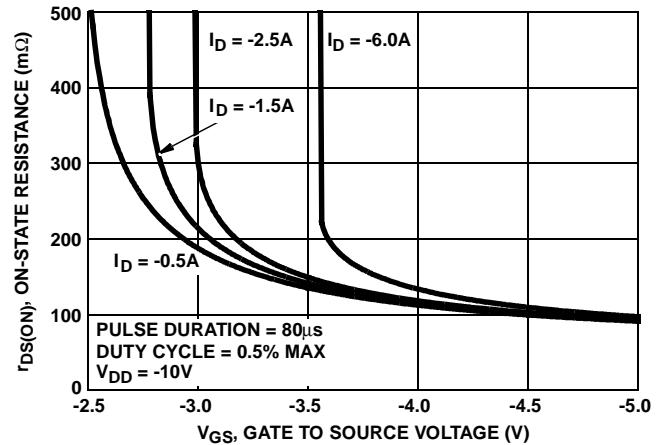


FIGURE 30. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT

Typical Performance Curves (P-Channel) (Continued)

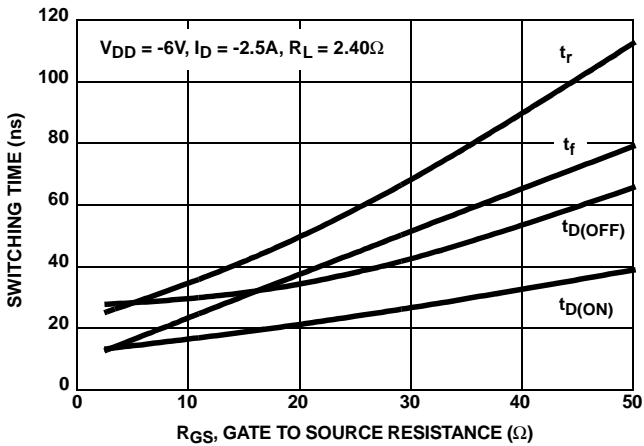


FIGURE 31. SWITCHING TIME AS A FUNCTION OF GATE RESISTANCE

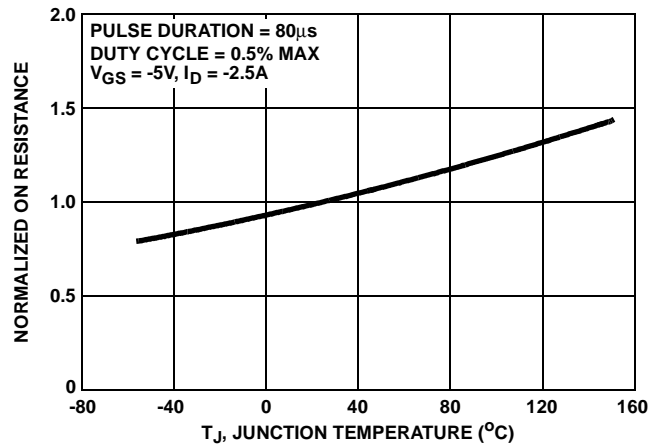


FIGURE 32. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

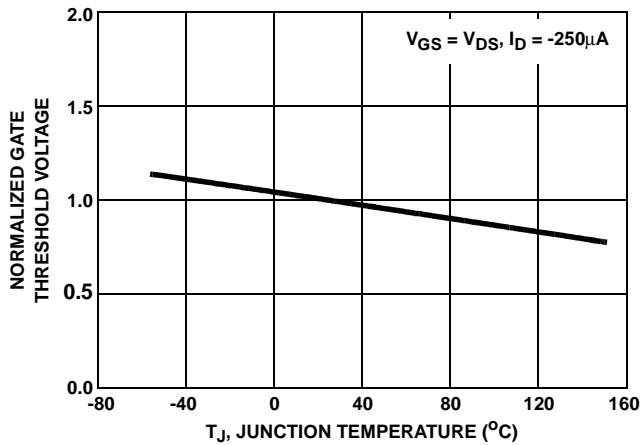


FIGURE 33. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

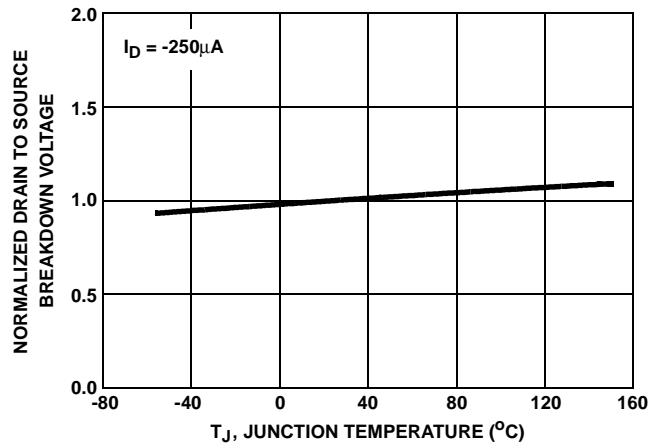


FIGURE 34. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

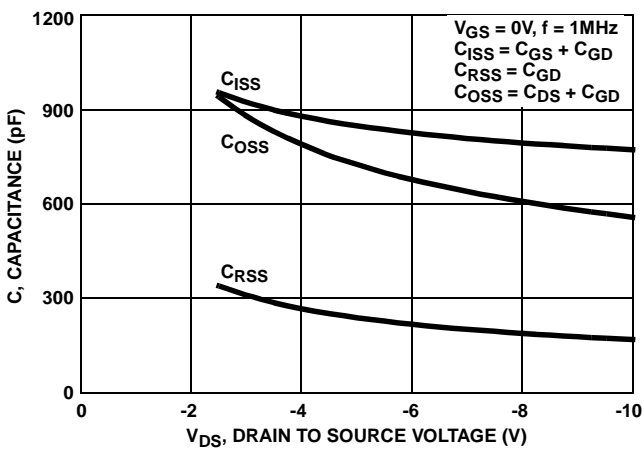
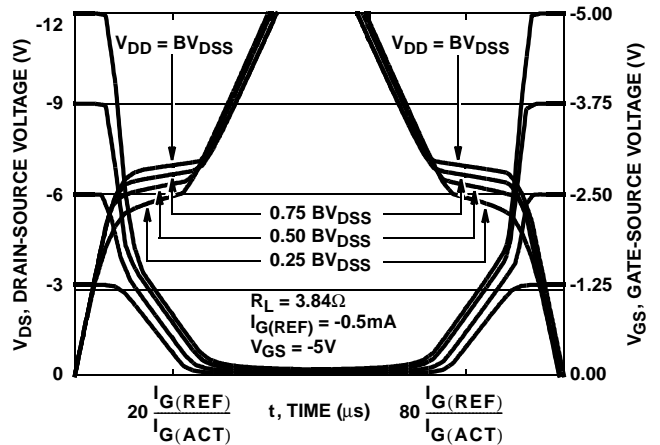


FIGURE 35. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 36. NORMALIZED SWITCHING WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

Test Circuits and Waveforms (P-Channel)

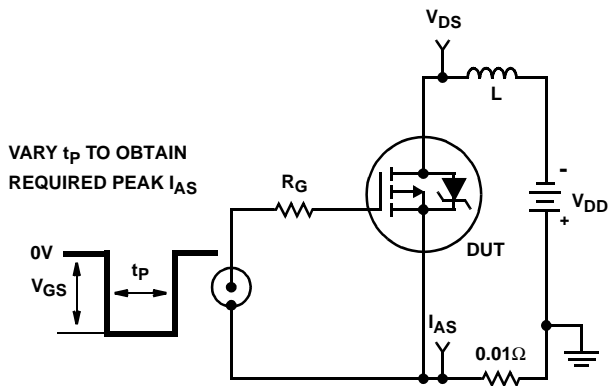


FIGURE 37. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

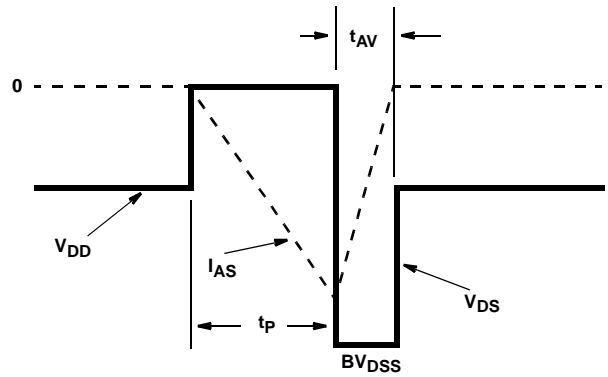


FIGURE 38. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

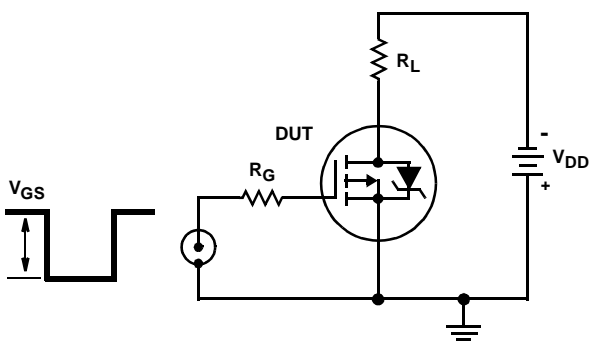


FIGURE 39. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

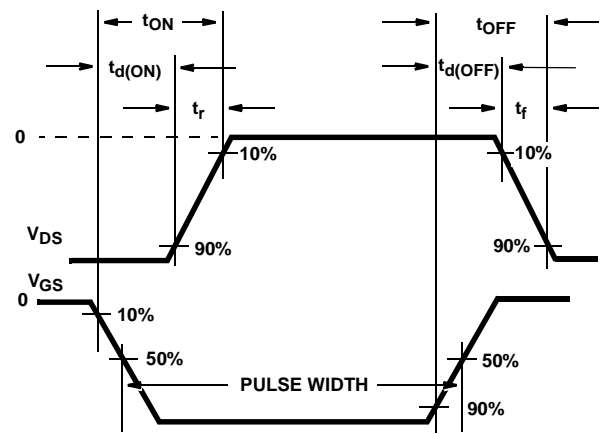


FIGURE 40. RESISTIVE SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

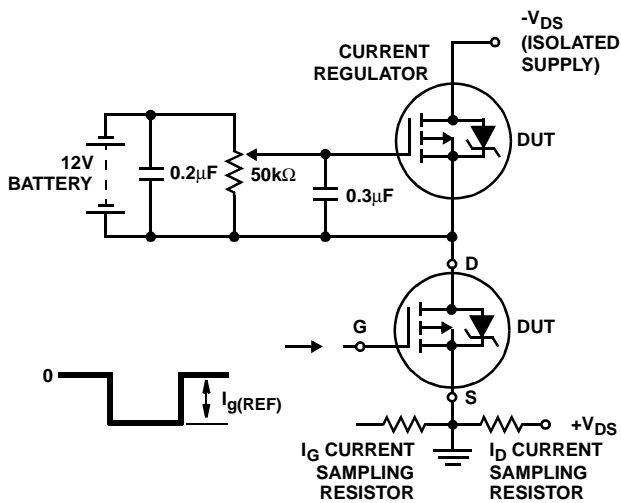


FIGURE 41. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

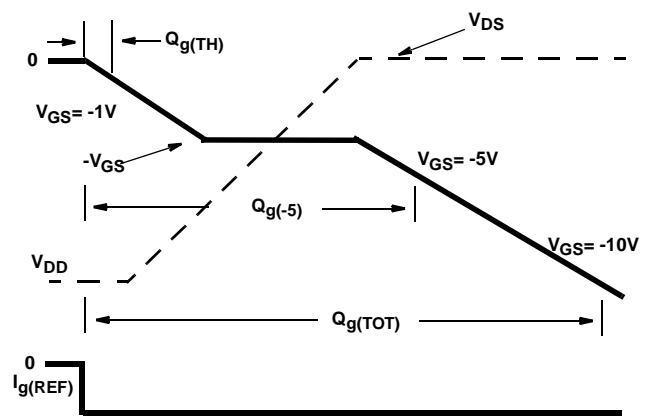


FIGURE 42. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

Soldering Precautions

1. The soldering process creates a considerable thermal stress on any semiconductor component. The melting temperature of solder is higher than the maximum rated temperature of the device. The amount of time the device is heated to a high temperature should be minimized to assure device reliability. Therefore, the following precautions should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.
2. Always preheat the device.
3. The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should always be less than 100°C. Failure to preheat the device can result in excessive thermal stress which can damage the device.
4. The maximum temperature gradient should be less than 5°C per second when changing from preheating to soldering.
5. The peak temperature in the soldering process should be at least 30°C higher than the melting point of the solder chosen.
6. The maximum soldering temperature and time must not exceed 260°C for 10 seconds on the leads and case of the device.
7. After soldering is complete, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes, as forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and may result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
8. During cooling, mechanical stress or shock should be avoided.

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CROSSVOLT TM	GlobalOptoisolator TM	POP TM	SuperSOT TM -3	
DenseTrench TM	GTO TM	Power247 TM	SuperSOT TM -6	
DOMET TM	HiSeC TM	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT TM -8	
EcoSPARK TM	ISOPLANAR TM	QFET TM	SyncFET TM	
E ² CMOS TM	LittleFET TM	QST TM	TinyLogic TM	
EnSigna TM	MicroFET TM	QT Optoelectronics TM	TruTranslation TM	
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FACT Quiet Series TM	MICROWIRE TM	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	UltraFET [®]	

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1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
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