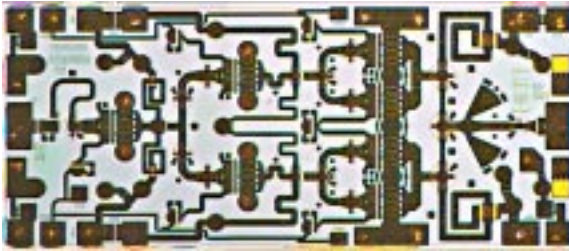


**27 - 31 GHz 1W Power Amplifier**

**TGA4509-EPU**



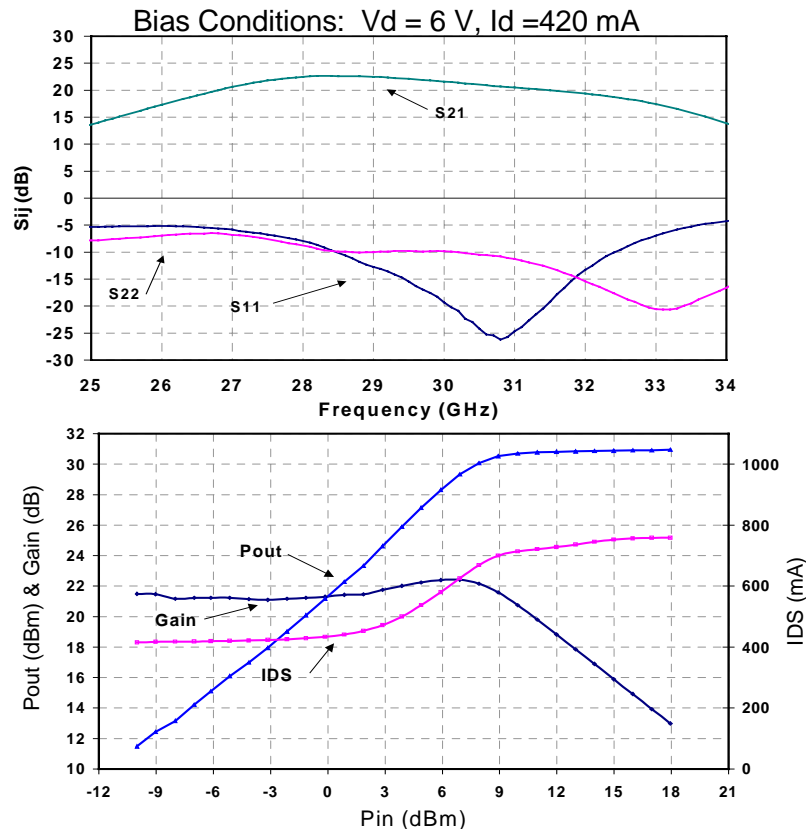
**Key Features**

- 22 dB Nominal Gain @ 30 GHz
- 30 dBm Nominal Pout @ P1dB
- 25% PAE @ P1dB
- -10 dB Nominal Return Loss
- Built-in Power Detector
- 0.25- $\mu$ m mmW pHEMT 3MI
- Bias Conditions:  $V_d = 4 - 6$  V,  $I_{dq} = 420$  mA
- Chip Dimensions 2.44 mm x 1.15 mm x 0.1 mm (0.096 x 0.045 x 0.004 in)

**Primary Applications**

- Point to Point Radio
- Point to Multi-point Radio
- LMDS
- Satellite Ground Terminal

**Fixtured Measured Performance**



Data taken  
@ 30 GHz

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

TABLE I  
MAXIMUM RATINGS 1/

| Symbol           | Parameter                         | Value            | Notes                 |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| V <sup>+</sup>   | Positive Supply Voltage           | 7 V              |                       |
| V <sup>-</sup>   | Negative Supply Voltage Range     | -5 V to 0 V      |                       |
| I <sub>g</sub>   | Gate Current                      | 35.2 mA          |                       |
| I <sup>+</sup>   | Positive Supply Current           | 930 mA           | <u>2/</u> , <u>5/</u> |
| P <sub>D</sub>   | Power Dissipation                 | TBD              |                       |
| P <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Continuous Wave Power       | 22 dBm           |                       |
| T <sub>CH</sub>  | Operating Channel Temperature     | 150 °C           | <u>3/</u> , <u>4/</u> |
| T <sub>M</sub>   | Mounting Temperature (30 seconds) | 320 °C           |                       |
| T <sub>STG</sub> | Storage Temperature               | -65 °C to 150 °C |                       |

- 1/ These values represent the maximum operable values of this device  
2/ Total current for the entire MMIC  
3/ These ratings apply to each individual FET  
4/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device mean time to failure (MTTF). For maximum life it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.  
5/ The maximum supply current from one side is 650 mA. From both sides, the maximum supply current is 930 mA.

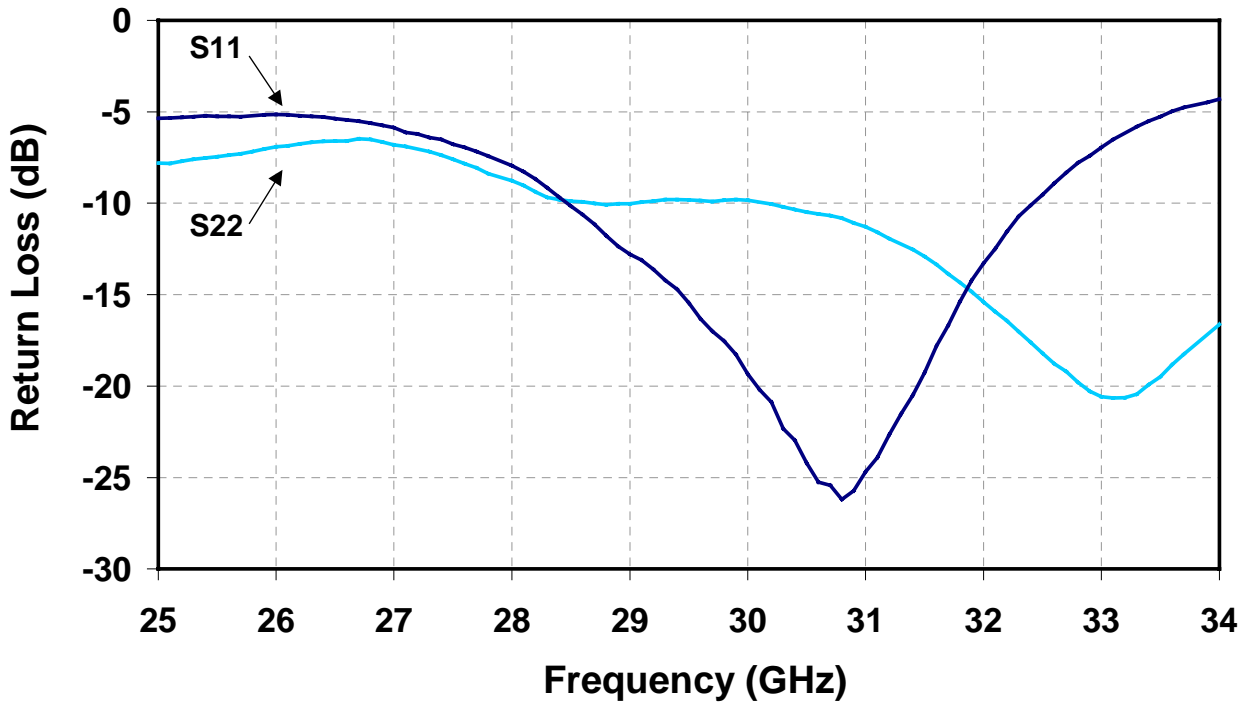
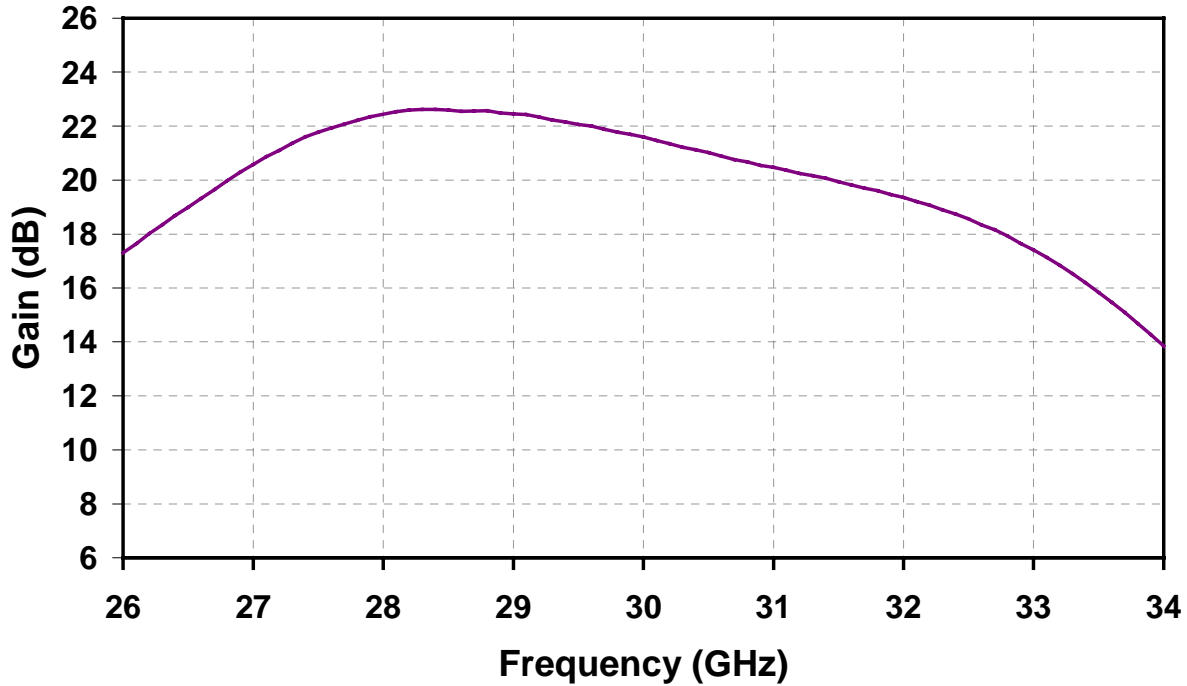
TABLE II  
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS  
(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Nominal)

| Parameter                                  | Units    | Typical |
|--|----------|---------|
| Drain Operating Voltage                    | V        | 6       |
| Quiescent Current                          | mA       | 420     |
| Small Signal Gain @ 30 GHz                 | dB       | 22      |
| Gain Flatness                              | dB/50MHz | 0.0660  |
| Input Return Loss (Linear Small Signal)    | dB       | -10     |
| Output Return Loss (Linear Small Signal)   | dB       | -10     |
| Reverse Isolation                          | dB       | -40     |
| CW Output Power @ P1dB                     | dBm      | 30      |
| Power Added Efficiency @ P1dB              | %        | 25      |
| P1dB temperature coeff. TC (-40 to +85 °C) | dB/deg C | 0.0135  |

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

### Measured Fixtured Data

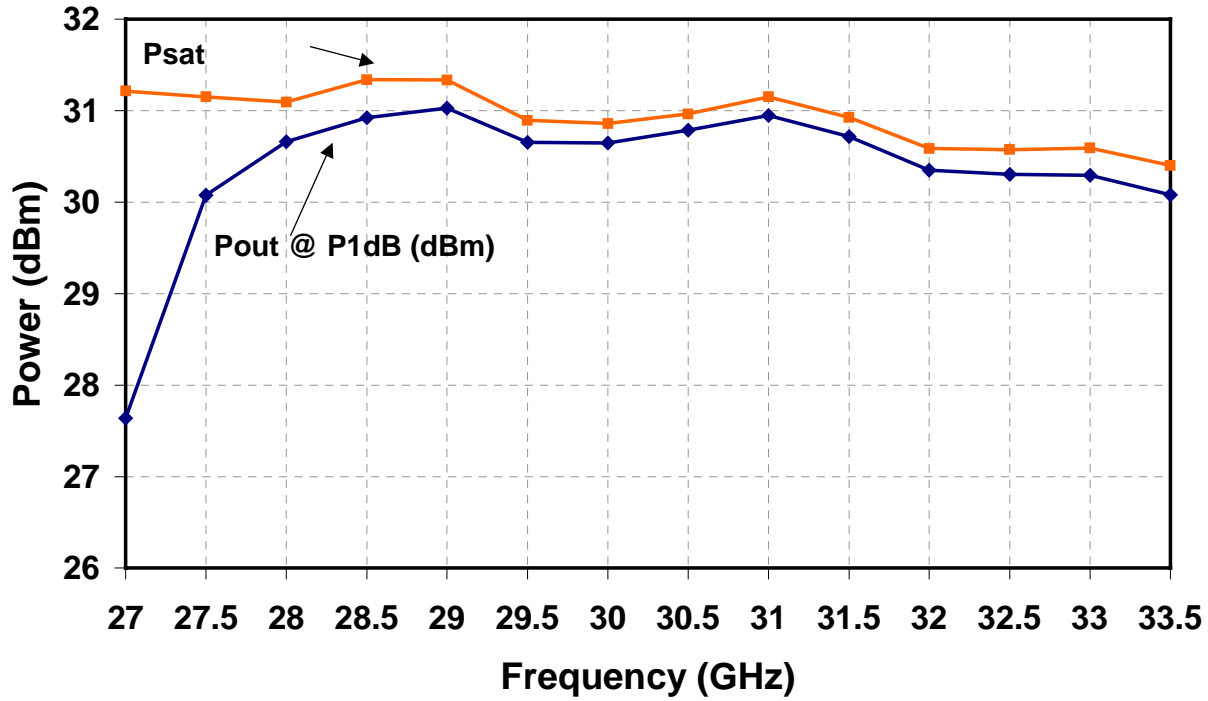
Bias Conditions:  $V_d = 6\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 420\text{ mA}$



Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

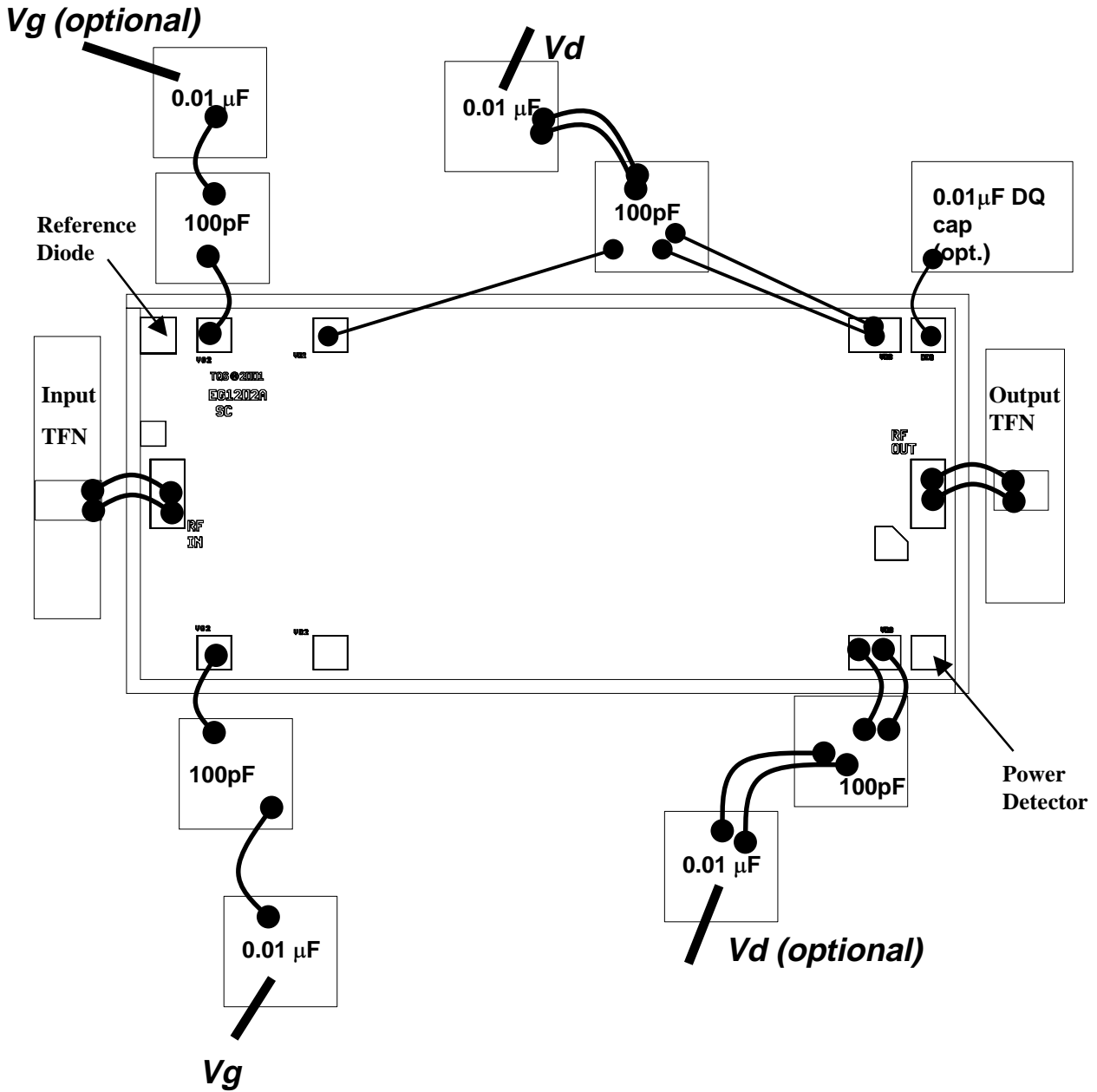
**Measured Fixtured Data**

**Bias Conditions:  $V_d = 6\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 420\text{ mA}$**



*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.*

**Recommended Assembly Diagram**



**Notes:**

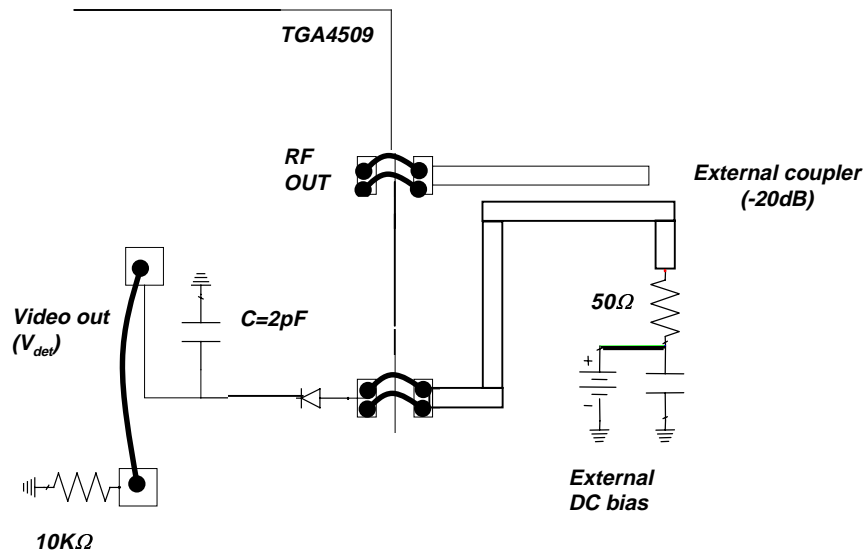
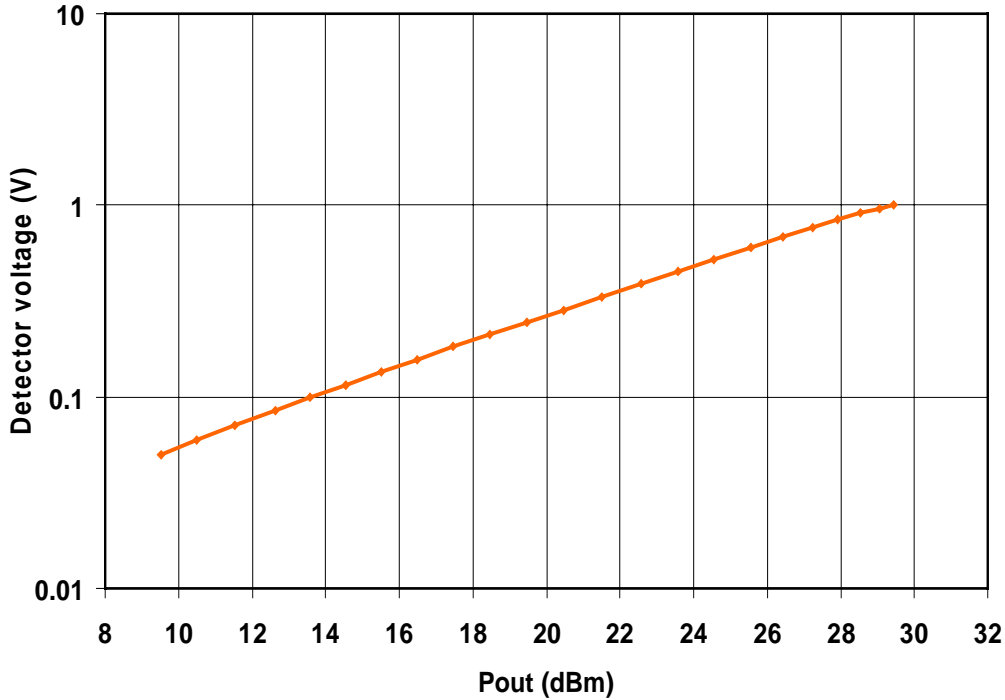
1. Connection to power det, ref diode shown.
2. 1 μF cap on gate & drain power supplies are lines required.
3. Gate voltage can either be from one side or both sides.
4. Drain voltage is required from both sides for  $I_d > 650$  mA.

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.*

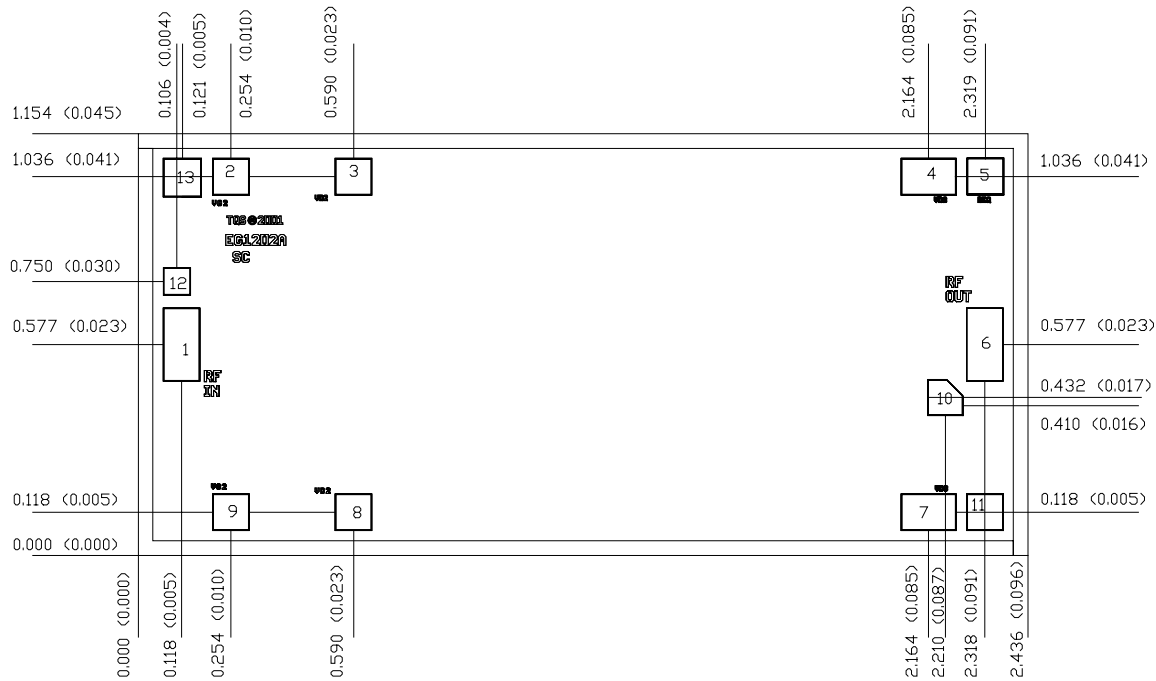
**On-chip diode functions as envelope detector**  
**External coupler and DC bias required**

TGA4509 measured detector voltage offset vs output power with 20dB coupler:  $V_b=0.8V$ ,  $f = 30GHz$ , Coupler loss is uncalibrated,  $10K\Omega$  load



Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

**Mechanical Drawing**



Units: millimeters (inches)

Thickness: 0.100 (0.004)

Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad

Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)

GND IS BACKSIDE OF MMIC

|                            |                               |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Bond Pad #1 (RF Input)     | 0.098 x 0.198 (0.004 x 0.008) |
| Bond Pad #2 (VG1)          | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #3 (VD1)          | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #4 (VD1)          | 0.148 x 0.098 (0.006 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #5 (DEQ)          | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #6 (RF Output)    | 0.098 x 0.198 (0.004 x 0.008) |
| Bond Pad #7 (VD2)          | 0.148 x 0.098 (0.006 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #8 (VD2) Optional | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #9 (VG2) Optional | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #10 (PWR DET)     | 0.095 x 0.096 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #11 (PWR DET)     | 0.098 x 0.098 (0.004 x 0.004) |
| Bond Pad #12 (REF Diode)   | 0.071 x 0.071 (0.003 x 0.003) |
| Bond Pad #13 (REF Diode)   | 0.102 x 0.102 (0.004 x 0.004) |

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## **Assembly Process Notes**

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300 °C for 30 sec.
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- No fluxes should be utilized.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.
- Microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire.
- Maximum stage temperature is 200 °C.

***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.***

*Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.*