W49

3-Phase Motor Driver for CD-ROMs

The W49 series are ICs developed for CD-ROM spindle motor drives. These ICs possess a short brake and reverserotation brake for two types of brake functions, and also contain FG output and rotation direction detection (FR) circuits, making them high-functionality and high-performance ICs.

Applications

CD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-ROM, and DVD-RAM

Features

- 1) Three-phase, full-wave, pseudo-linear drive system.
- 2) Built-in power save and thermal shutdown functions.
- 3) Built-in current limiter and Hall bias circuits.
- 5) Built-in rotation direction detector.
- 6) Built-in reverse rotation prevention circuit.
- 7) Built-in short brake pin.

4) Built-in FG output.

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Applied Voltage (with 5V power supply)	Vcc	7	V
Applied Voltage (motor power supply1)	VM1	13.5	V
Applied Voltage (motor power supply2)	VM2	13.5	V
Power W49 dissipation	Pd	1700*2	mW
Operating temperature	Topr	-20~+75	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~+150*5	
Output current	lout	1100	mA

* 1 Reduced by 17.6mW for each increase in Ta of 1 over 25

* 2 When mounted on a 70mmX70mmX1.6mm glass epoxy board. Reduced by 13.6mW for each increase in Ta of 1 over 25.

* 3 Reduced by 11.6mW for each increase in Ta of 1 over 25 .

* 4 Reduced by 8.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1 over 25 .

* 5 Tj should not exceed 150 .

* 6 Should not exceed Pd or ASO values.

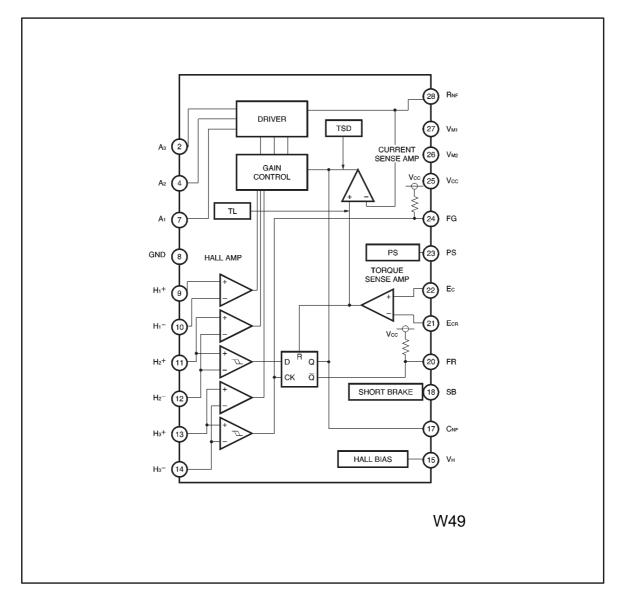
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Recommended operating conditions	(Ta = 25°C)
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Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
	Vcc	4.25~5.5	V
Power supply voltage	VM1	13.5	V
	VM2	13.5	V

Block diagram



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Pin descriptions

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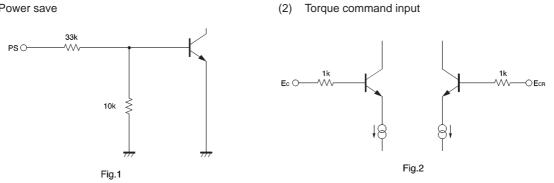
Pin No.	Pin Name	Functiom
2	Аз	Output
4	A2	Output
7	A1	Output
8	GND	GND
9	H1+	Hall signal input
10	H1-	Hall signal input
11	H ₂ +	Hall signal input
12	H2	Hall signal input
13	H3+	Hall signal input
14	H₃ [_]	Hall signal input
15	Vн	Hall bias
17	CNF	For connection of phase compensation capacitor
18	SB	Short brake
20	FR	Rotation direction detection
21	Есв	Output voltage control reference
22	Ec	Output voltage control
23	PS	Power save
24	FG	FG signal output
25	Vcc	Power supply
26	V _{M2}	Motor power supply 2
27	V _{M1}	Motor power supply 1
28	RNF	For connection of output current detection resistor
FIN	_	SUB GND

* * Missing pin numbers are N.C.

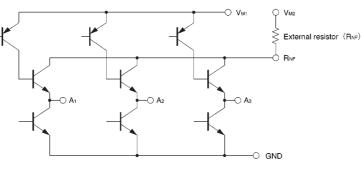
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Input / output circuits

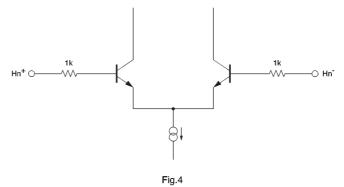
(1) Power save



(3) Torque output (A₁, A₂, and A₃)

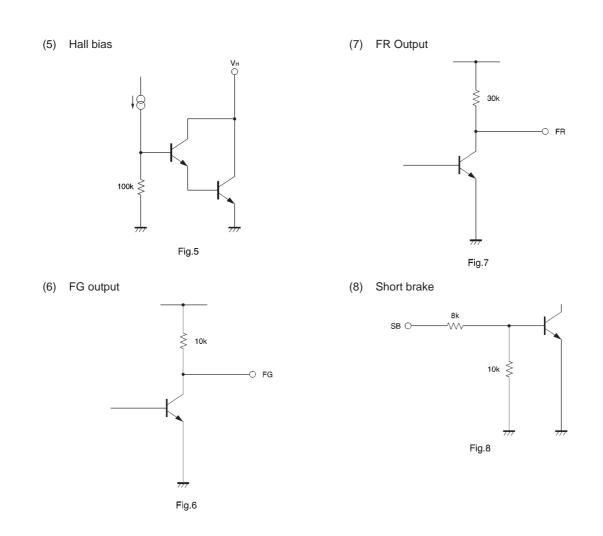


(4) Hall input (H1⁺, H1⁻, H2⁺, H2⁻, H3⁺, H3⁻)



Note: Resistance values are typical values.

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Note: Resistance values are typical values.

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•Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,	Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 5V, V _{M1} = 12V, V _{M2} = 12V)
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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Coniditions
(Total device)						
Circuit current 1	ICC1	_	0	0.2	mA	In the power save ON state
Circuit current 2	ICC2	_	4.1	6.5	mA	In the power save OFF state
(Power save)			•	•		
ON voltage range	VPSON	-	-	1.5	V	-
OFF voltage range	VPSOFF	3.5	_	-	V	_
$\langle Hall bias angle$						
Hall bias voltage	Vнв	0.5	0.9	1.5	V	IHB=10mA
(Hall amplifier)			•	•		
Input bias current	Іна	_	0.7	3.0	μA	-
Same phase input voltage range	VHAR	1.5	_	4.0	V	_
Minimum input level	VINH	50	-	-	mV _{P-P}	-
H3 hysteresis level	VHYS	10	20	40	mV	—
$\langle Torque \ command angle$						
Input voltage range	Ec	1.0	_	4.0	v	_
"-" offset voltage	Ecoff-	-80	-50	-20	mV	Ecr=2.5V
"+" offset voltage	ECOFF+	20	50	80	mV	Ecr=2.5V
Input bias current	ECIN	_	0.5	2.0	μA	Ec=Ecr
I / O gain	Gec	0.41	0.51	0.61	A/V	Ec=1.5V, 2.0V
$\langle FG \rangle$						
FG output high level voltage	VFGH	4.5	4.8	-	v	IFG=-20 μ A
FG output low level voltage	VFGL	0	0.25	0.4	V	IFG=3mA
DUTY (reference value)	DU	_	50	-	%	_
$\langle Rotation \ detection angle$						
FR output high level voltage	Vfrh	4.1	4.4	_	V	IFR=-20 μ A
FR output low level voltage	VFRL	0	0.25	0.4	V	IFR=3mA
〈Output〉						
Output saturation high level voltage	Vон	_	1.0	1.5	V	Io=-600mA
Output saturation low level voltage	Vol	_	0.4	0.8	v	Io=600mA
Pre-drive current	IVML	_	35	70	mA	Ec=0V output open
Output limit current	I⊤∟	560	700	840	mA	_
〈Short brake〉						
ON voltage range	Vsbon	3.5	_	_	V	-
OFF voltage range	VSBOFF	_	_	1.5	v	

ONot designed forradiation resistance.

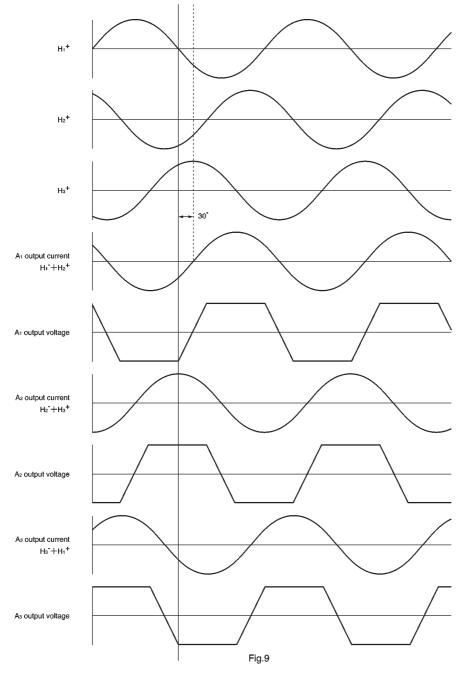
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Circuit operation

(1) Hall input to coil output

The phase relationship between the Hall input signals and the output current and voltage is shown in Fig.9. The motor position data input via the Hall pins is amplified by the Hall amplifier, and formed into waveforms by the matrix block. These signals are input to the output driver that supplies the drive current to the motor coils.



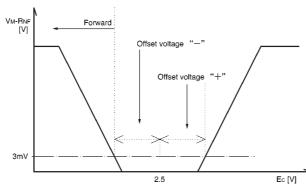
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(2) Torque command

The RNF pin voltage with respect to the torque command

(Ec) is as follows:





	Rotation direction
Ec < Ecr	Forward
Ec > Ecr	Reverse*

The I / O gain (G_{EC}) from the E_C pin to the R_{NF} pin (output current) is determined by the R_{NF} detector resistor.

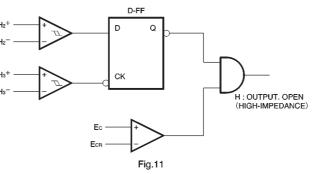
GEC = 0.255 / RNF [A / V]

ITL = 0.35 / RNF [A]

The torque limit current ITL is given by:

* Stops after detecting reverse.

(3) Reverse rotation detection function



The reverse detection circuit construction is shown in Fig.11.

1) Forward (Ec < Ecr)

The phase relationship between the Hall input signals $H2^+$ and $H3^+$ becomes as shown in Fig.9, and the reverse rotation detection circuit does not operate.

2) Reverse (Ec > Ecr)

The phase relationship between the signals H_2^+ and H_3^+ is opposite that for forward operation, and the reverse rotation detection circuit operates. The output goes OFF, and becomes open circuit.

	FR signal output pin
Forward	L
Reverse	н

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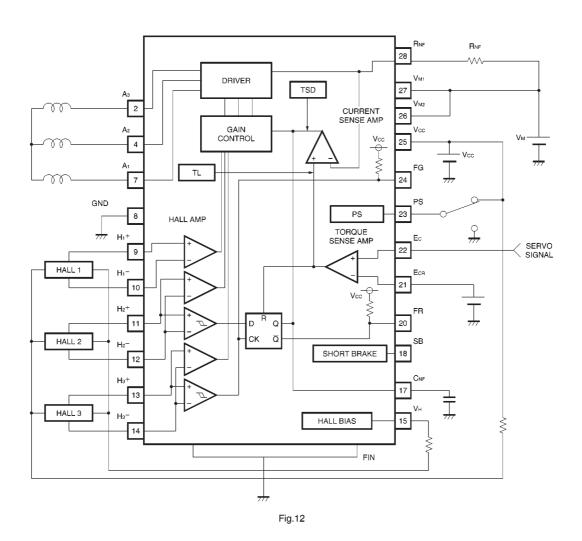
(4) Short brake

When 3.5V or more is applied to the short brake pin, the upper-side output transistors of all go off, and the lower-side output transistors go on. Short braking operates regardless of the torque command signal.

(5) Other circuits

When 3.5V or more is applied to the power save pin, all circuits are on. When 1.5V or less is applied, the IC enters power save mode. Also, the Hall bias pins turn on and off with the power save pin.

•Application example



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Operation notes

(1) Power save

The power save input is an I / O circuit like the own shown in Fig.1.

The thermal derating characteristics of the power save pin is -8mV / °C, and the resistance will fluctuate between $\pm 30\%$ so be careful of the input voltage range.

(2) Hall input

The input circuit shown in Fig.4 is used for the Hall inputs. The Hall elements can be connected either in series or in parallel.

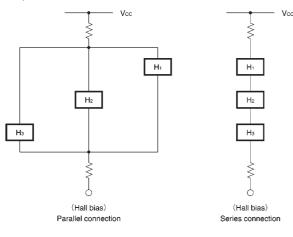


Fig.13

Electrical characteristics curves

6.0 V, 1.0 \ge VM-0.2 SATURATION VOLTAGE : Vol. (V) 5.0 CIRCUIT CURRENT : Icc (mA) 0.8 NoH -0. 4.0 SATURATION VOLTAGE 0.6 -0. 3.0 $V_{H} = 0$ 0.4 2.0 VM-1.0 0.2 1.0 VM-13 0 k 0 0 0 1.4₀ ٧м 3 4 5 200 400 600 800 1000 400 600 800 1000 2 6 200 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE : Vcc (V) OUTPUT CURRENT : lo (mA) OUTPUT CURRENT : lo (mA) Fig.17 Lower-side output saturation Fig.15 Power supply current vs. Fig.16 Upper-side output saturation voltage vs. output current power supply voltage voltage vs. output current

* All specs and applications shown above subject to change without prior notice.

(3) Thermal shutdown (TSD)

When the junction temperature reaches $175^{\circ}C$, the A₁, A₂, and A₃ coil outputs go open circuit. The thermal shutdown has approximately $15^{\circ}C$ of hysteresis.

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External dimensions (Units: mm)

