

# SEMIPACK® 1

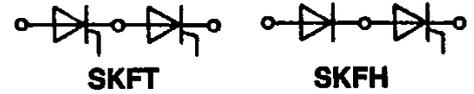
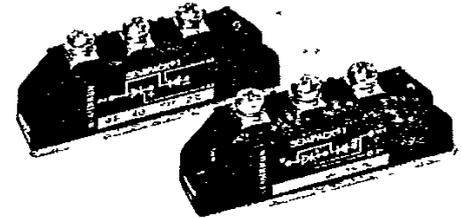
## Fast Thyristor/ Diode Modules

**SKFT 40**  
**SKFT 60**

**SKFH 40**  
**SKFH 60**  
Thyristor data<sup>1)</sup>



V <sub>DRM</sub> V <sub>RRM</sub>	t <sub>q</sub> (T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C)	I <sub>TRMS</sub> (maximum values for continuous operation)			
		110 A	130 A	110 A	130 A
V	μs	I <sub>TAV</sub> (sin. 180; T <sub>case</sub> = ... °C; 50 Hz)			
		40 A (87 °C)	60 A (81 °C)	40 A (87 °C)	60 A (81 °C)
800	15	<b>SKFT</b> 40/08 DS	<b>SKFT</b> 60/08 DS	<b>SKFH</b> 40/08 DS	<b>SKFH</b> 60/08 DS
	20	-	60/08 DT	-	-
	25	40/08 DU	-	40/08 DU	-
1000	20	40/10 DT	60/10 DT	40/10 DT	60/10 DT
	25	40/10 DU	-	40/10 DU	-
1200	20	40/12 DT	60/12 DT	40/12 DT	60/12 DT
	25	40/12 DU	60/12 DU	40/12 DU	60/12 DU
1400	25	-	60/14 DU	-	-



Symbol	Conditions	SKFT 40 SKFH 40 <sup>1)</sup>	SKFT 60 SKFH 60 <sup>1)</sup>
I <sub>TM</sub>	sin. 180; T <sub>case</sub> = 60 °C; 500 Hz	220 A	260 A
I <sub>TSM</sub>	T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C	1300 A 1100 A	1500 A 1250 A
i <sup>2</sup> t	T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C	8450 A <sup>2</sup> s 6060 A <sup>2</sup> s	11150 A <sup>2</sup> s 7800 A <sup>2</sup> s
t <sub>gd</sub> t <sub>gr</sub> (di/dt) <sub>cr</sub> (dv/dt) <sub>cr</sub>	T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C; I <sub>g</sub> = 1 A; di <sub>g</sub> /dt = 1 A/μs V <sub>D</sub> = 0,67 · V <sub>DRM</sub> non-repetitive/f = 50 ... 60 Hz T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C	1 μs 1 μs 600 A/μs / 125 A/μs 500 A/μs	
I <sub>H</sub> I <sub>L</sub>	T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C; typ./max. T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C; R <sub>G</sub> = 33 Ω; typ./max.	300 mA/600 mA 1 A/2 A	
V <sub>T</sub> V <sub>T(TO)</sub> r <sub>T</sub> I <sub>D</sub> ; I <sub>R</sub>	T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C; I <sub>T</sub> = 200 A; max. T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C; V <sub>DRM</sub> ; V <sub>RRM</sub>	2,3 V 1,5 V 4 mΩ 15 mA	1,75 V 1,45 V 1,5 mΩ 15 mA
V <sub>GT</sub> I <sub>GT</sub> V <sub>GD</sub> I <sub>GD</sub>	T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C T <sub>vj</sub> = 125 °C	3 V 200 mA 0,25 V 8 mA	
R <sub>thjc</sub> R <sub>thch</sub> T <sub>vj</sub> T <sub>stg</sub>	cont. } per thyristor/per module	0,43/0,215 °C/W <sup>2)</sup>	0,38/0,19 °C/W <sup>2)</sup>
V <sub>isol</sub> M <sub>1</sub> M <sub>2</sub> w	a. c. 50 Hz; r.m.s; 1 s/1 min. Case to heatsink } SI units/ Busbars to terminals } US units approx.	3000 V ~ /2500 V ~ 5 Nm/44 lb. in ± 15 % 3 Nm/26 lb. in. ± 15 % 120 g	
Case	→ page B 2-12	SKFT A 5 A 8	SKFH A 5 A 8

### Features

- Heat transfer through ceramic isolated metal baseplate
- Hard soldered joints for high reliability
- UL recognized, file no. 63 532

### Typical Applications

- Self-commutated inverters
- DC choppers
- AC motor speed control
- Inductive heating
- Uninterruptible power supplies
- Electronic welders
- General power switching applications

<sup>1)</sup> For the data of the diode see page B 2-21

<sup>2)</sup> Internal insulation: beryllium oxide · Observe the warning on page B 2-1.

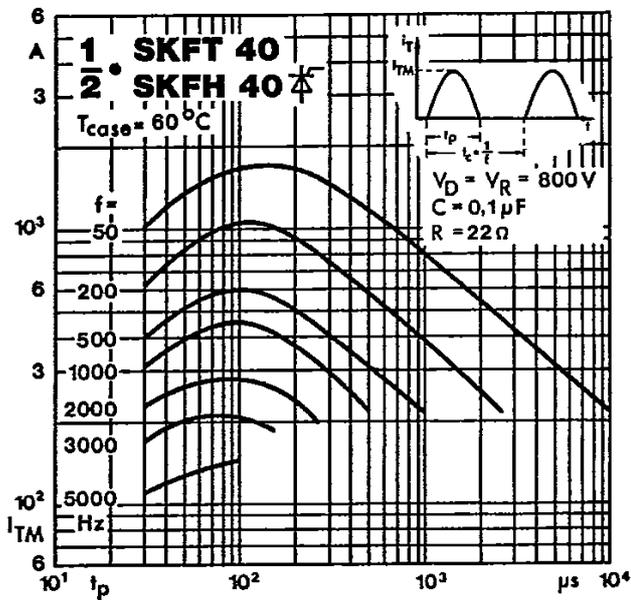


Fig. 1 a Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

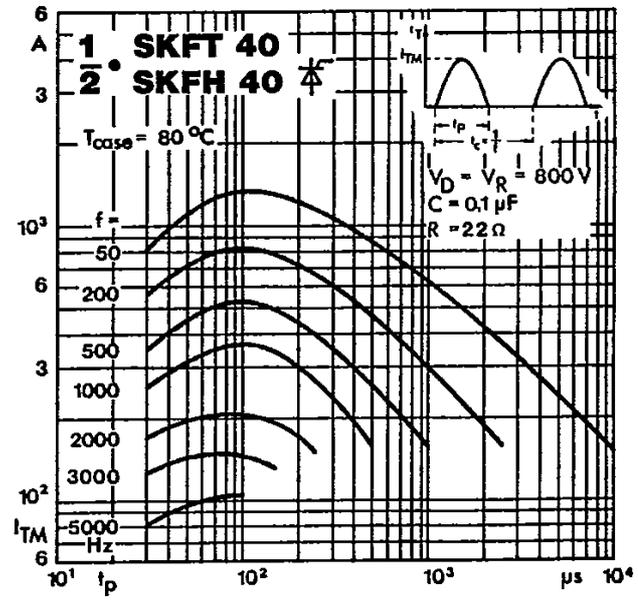


Fig. 1 b Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

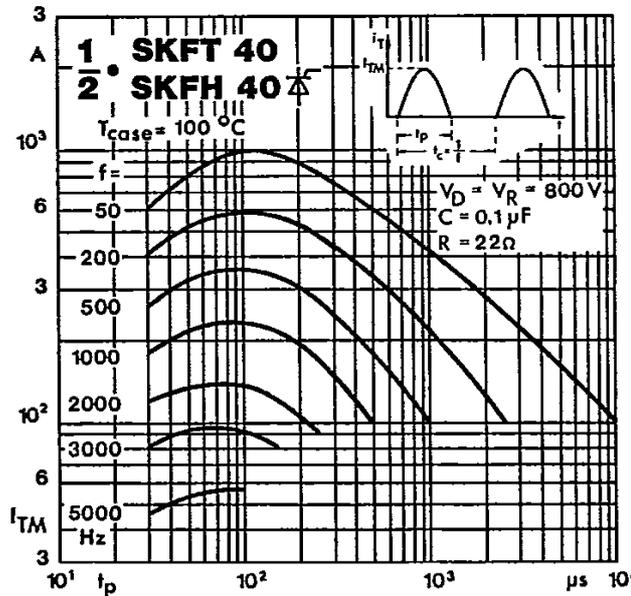


Fig. 1 c Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

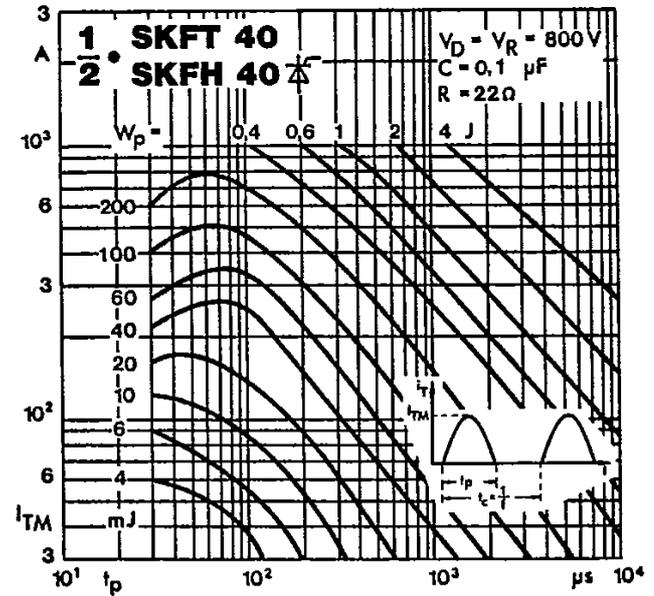


Fig. 2 Energy dissipation per pulse

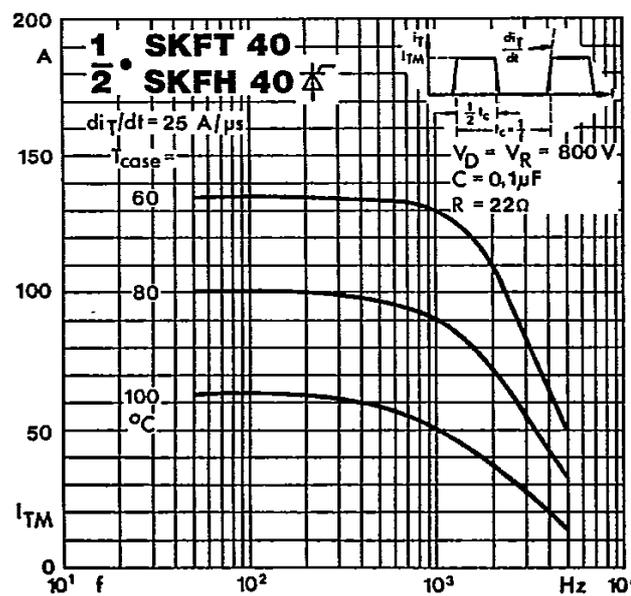


Fig. 3 a Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

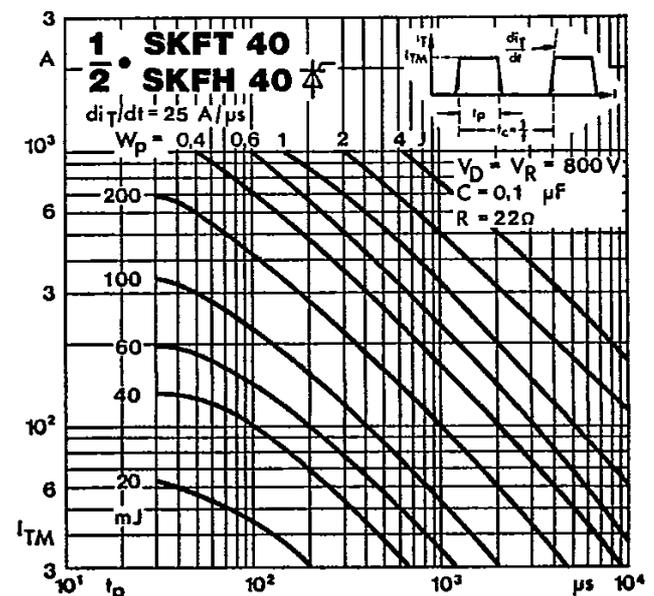


Fig. 4 a Energy dissipation per pulse

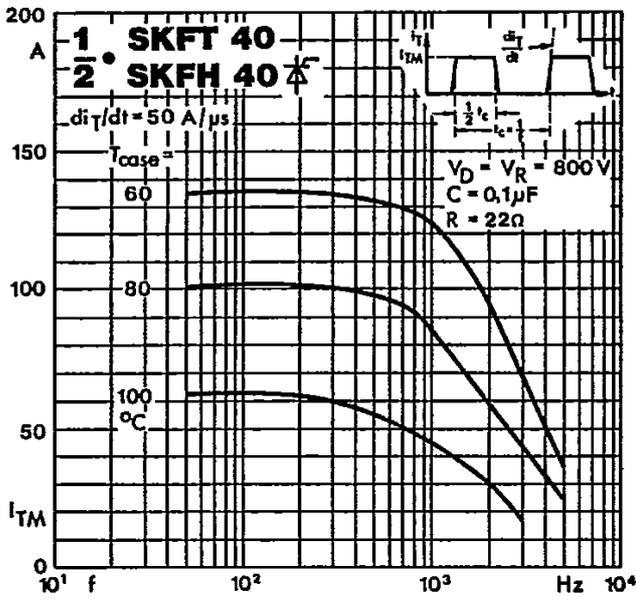


Fig. 3 b Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

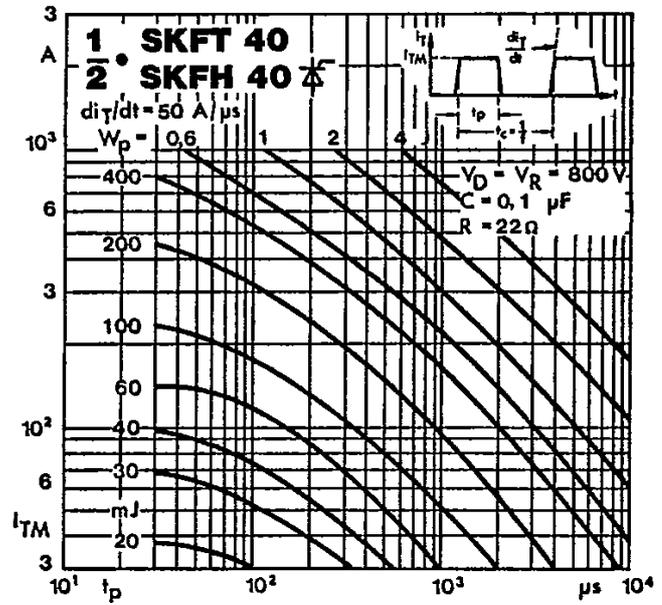


Fig. 4 b Energy dissipation per pulse

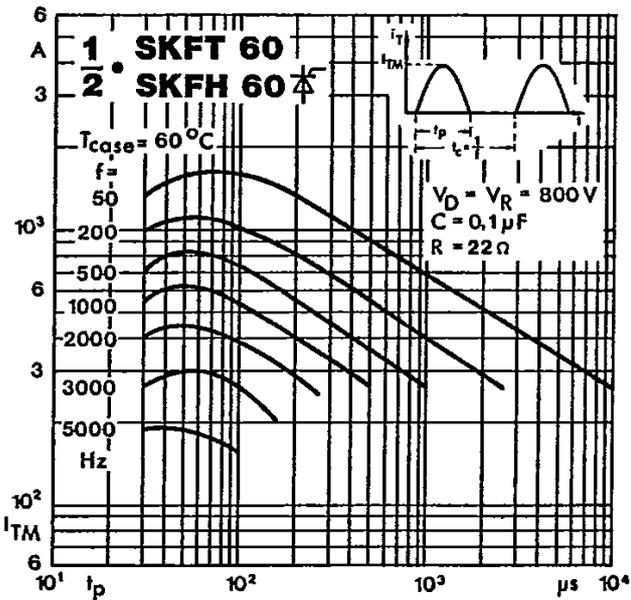


Fig. 1 a Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

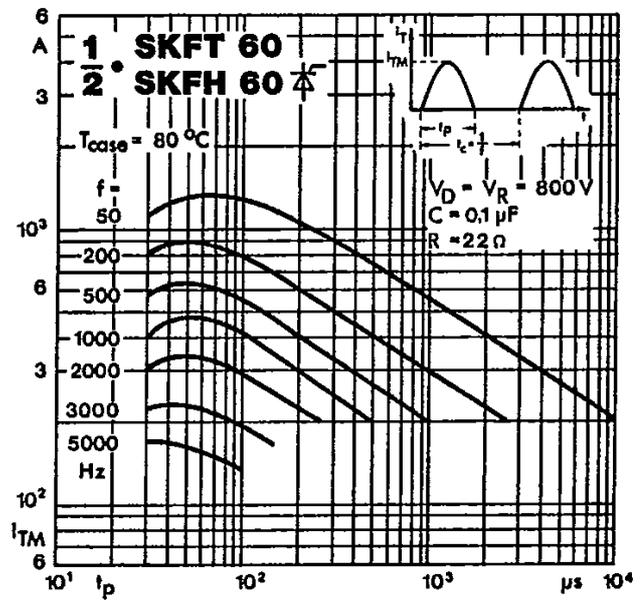


Fig. 1 b Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

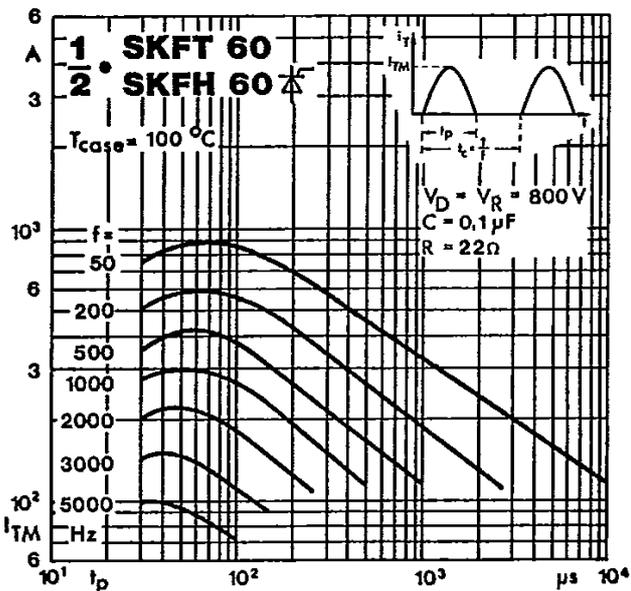


Fig. 1 c Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

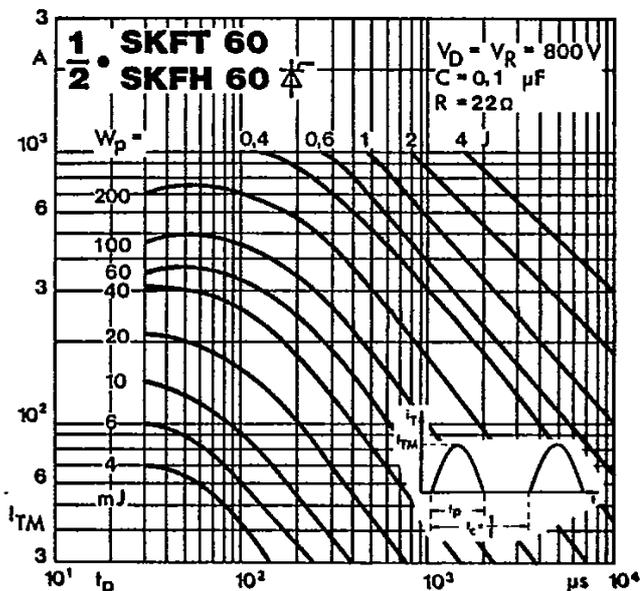


Fig. 2 Energy dissipation per pulse

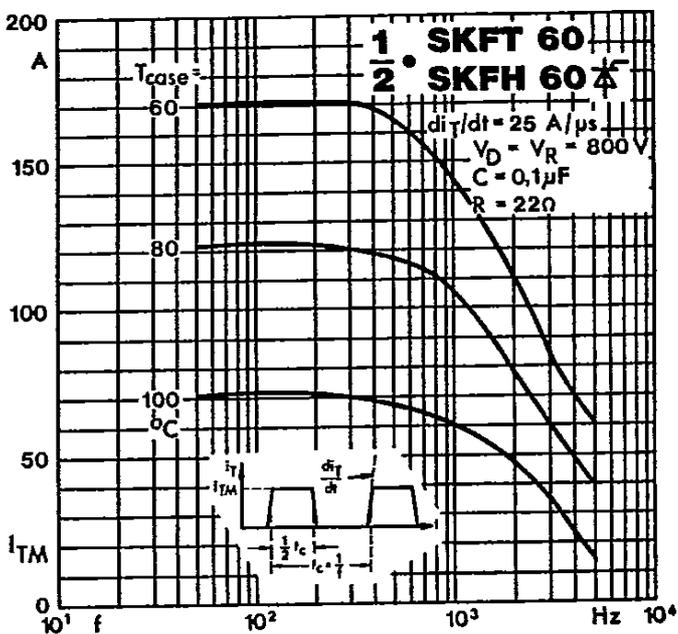


Fig. 3 a Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

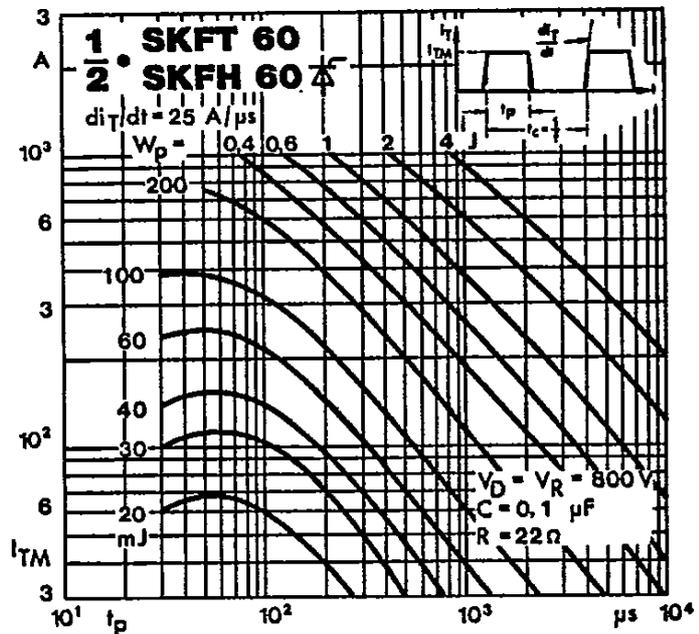


Fig. 4 a Energy dissipation per pulse

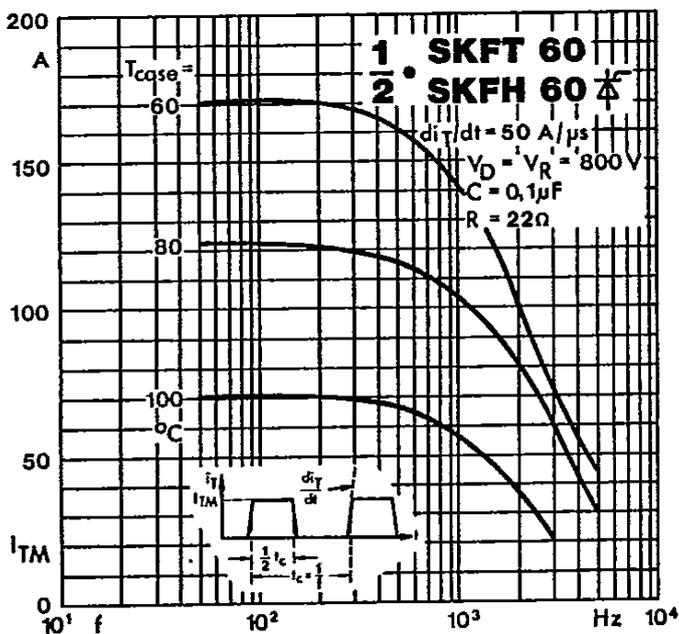


Fig. 3 b Rated peak on-state current vs. pulse duration

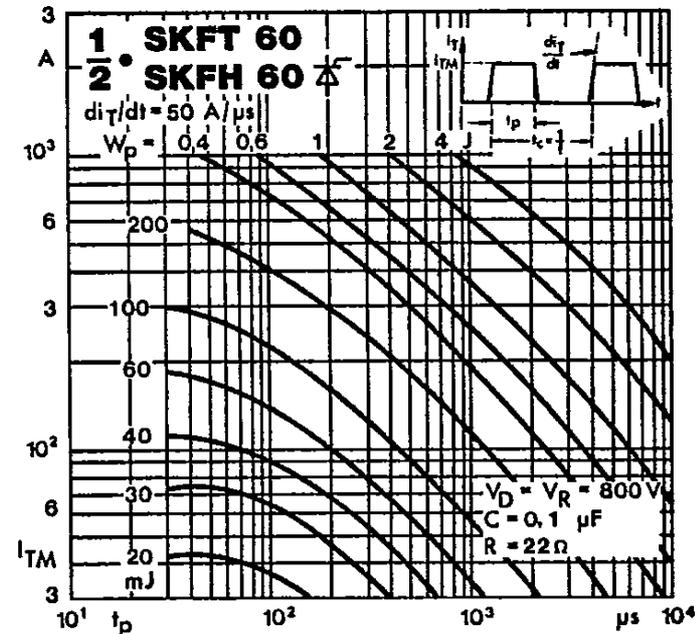


Fig. 4 b Energy dissipation per pulse

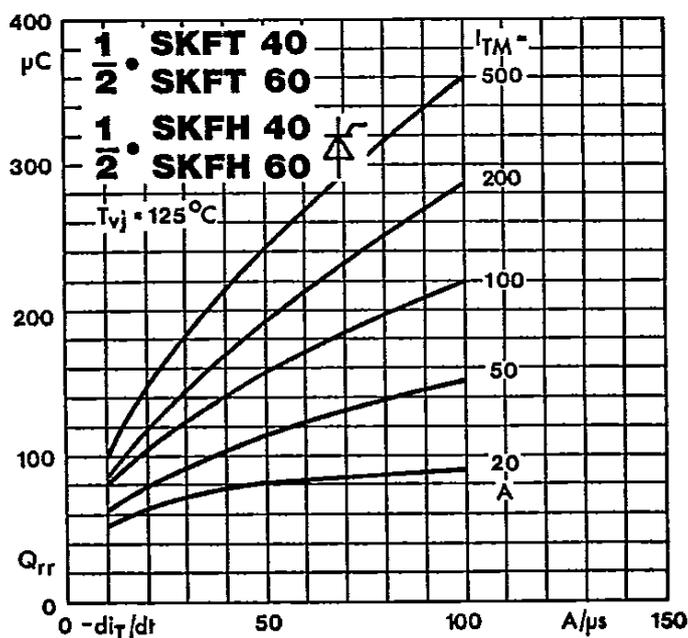


Fig. 5 Recovered charge vs. current decrease

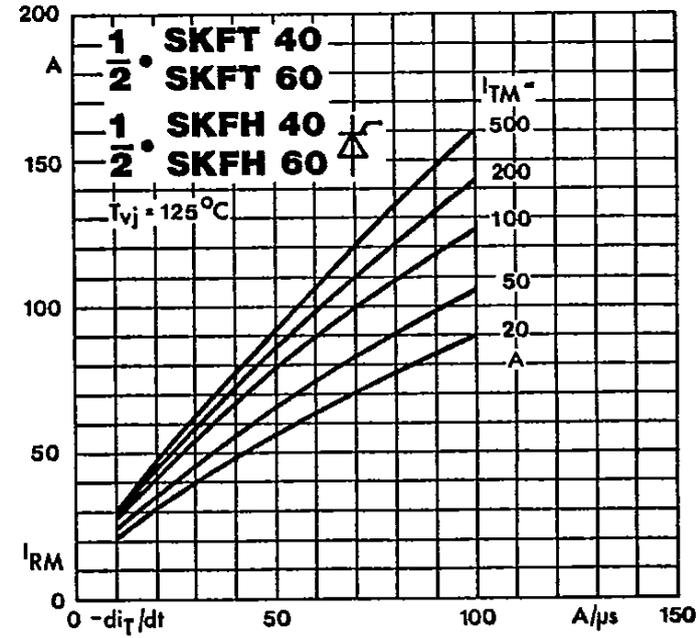


Fig. 6 Peak recovery current vs. current decrease

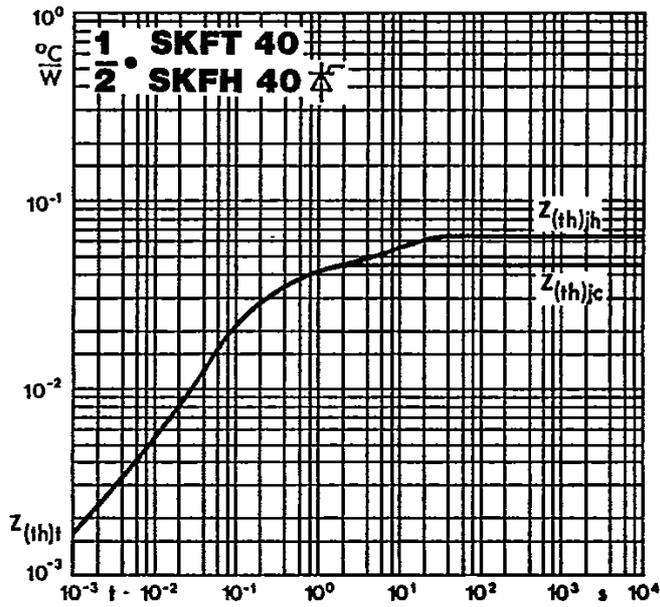


Fig. 7 a Transient thermal impedance vs. time

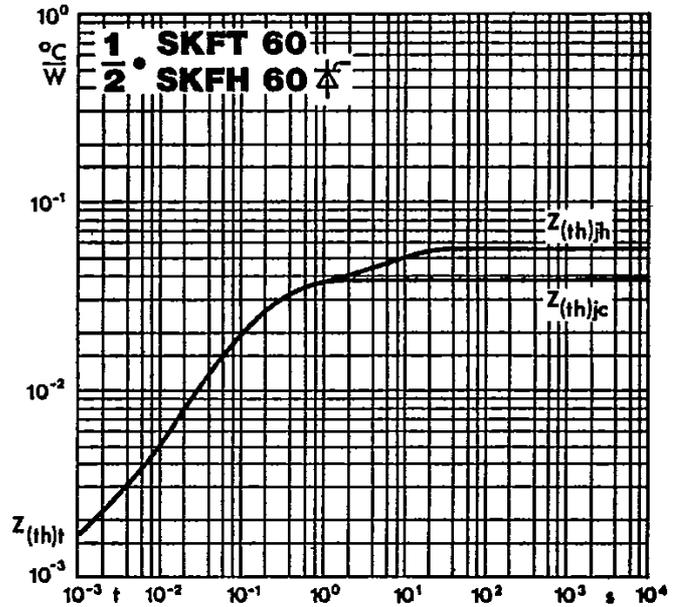


Fig. 7 b Transient thermal impedance vs. time

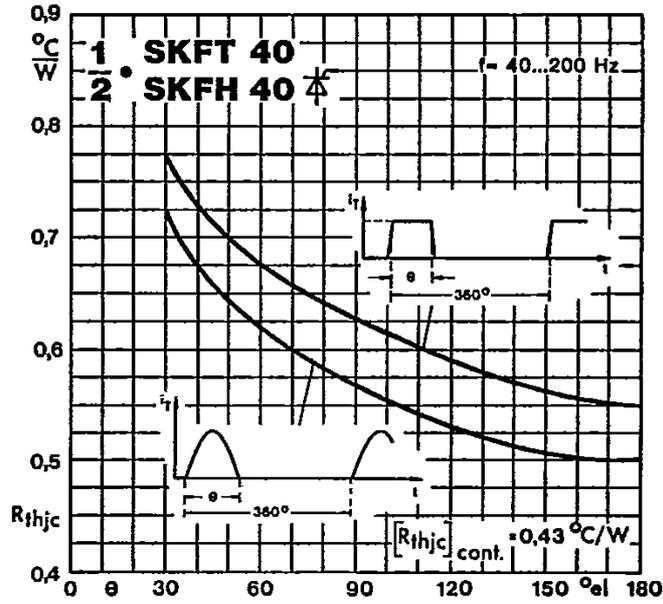


Fig. 8 a Thermal resistance vs. conduction angle, 40...200 Hz

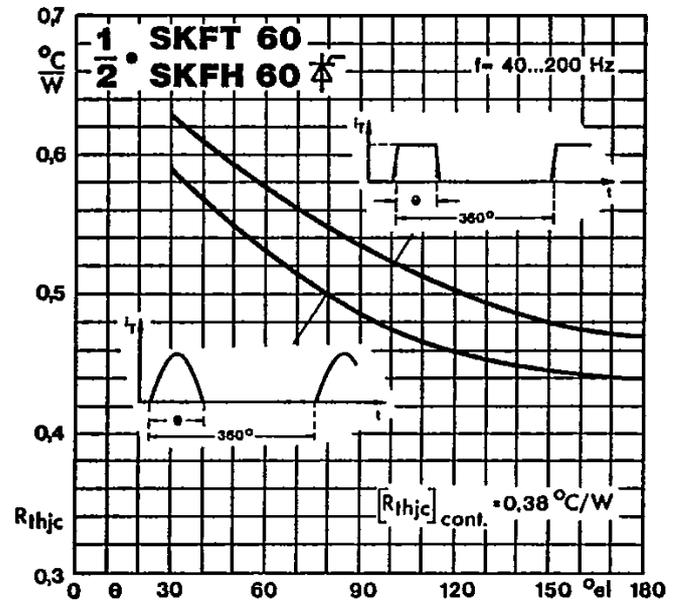


Fig. 8 b Thermal resistance vs. conduction angle, 40...200 Hz

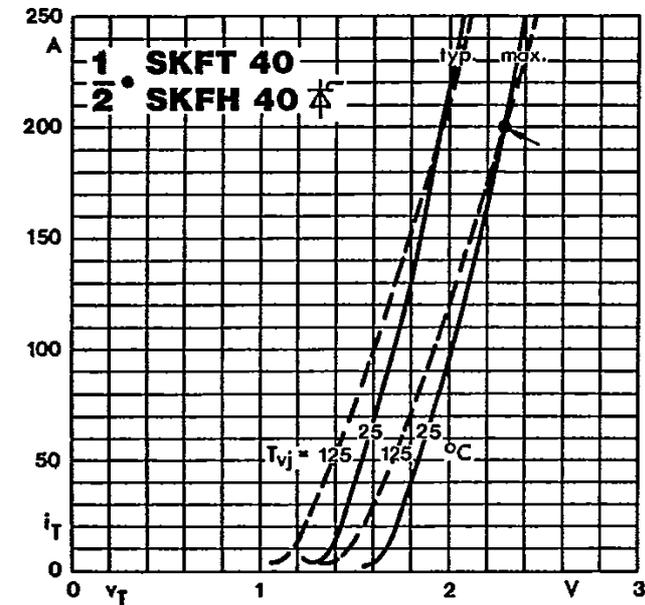


Fig. 9 a On-state characteristics

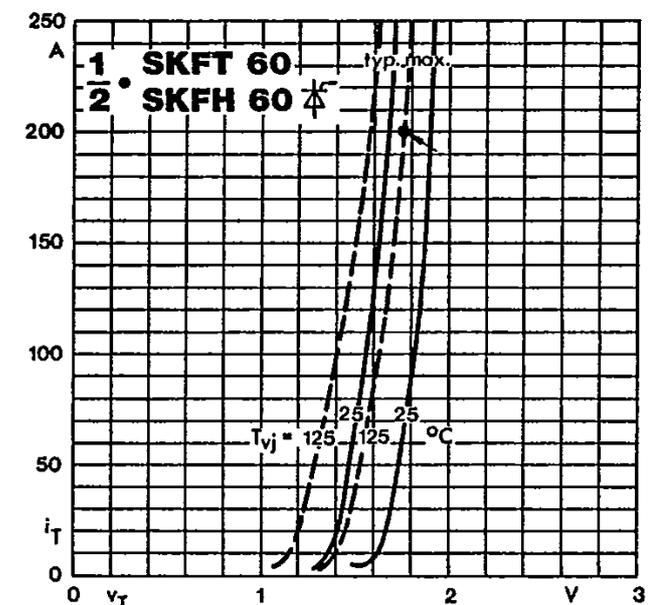


Fig. 9 b On-state characteristics

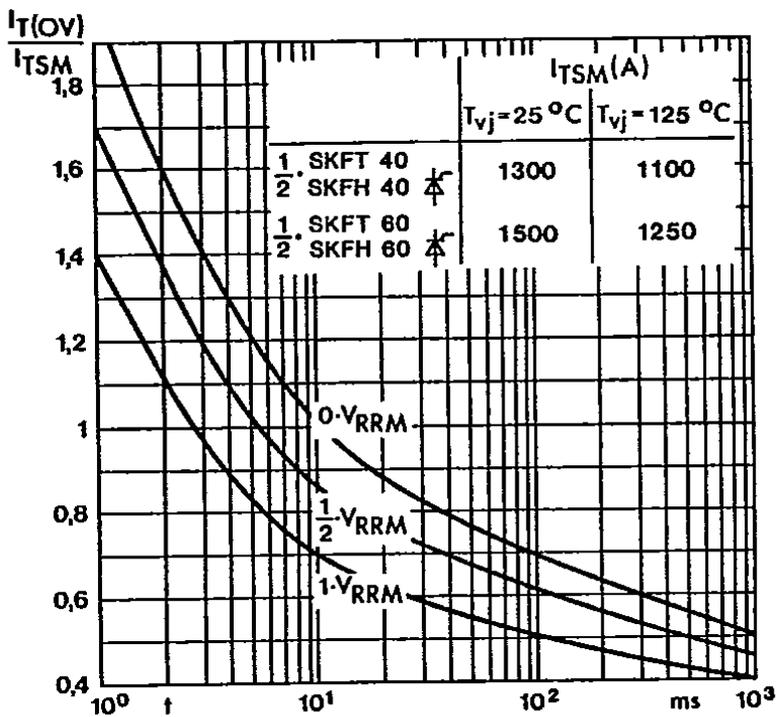


Fig. 10 Surge overload current vs. time

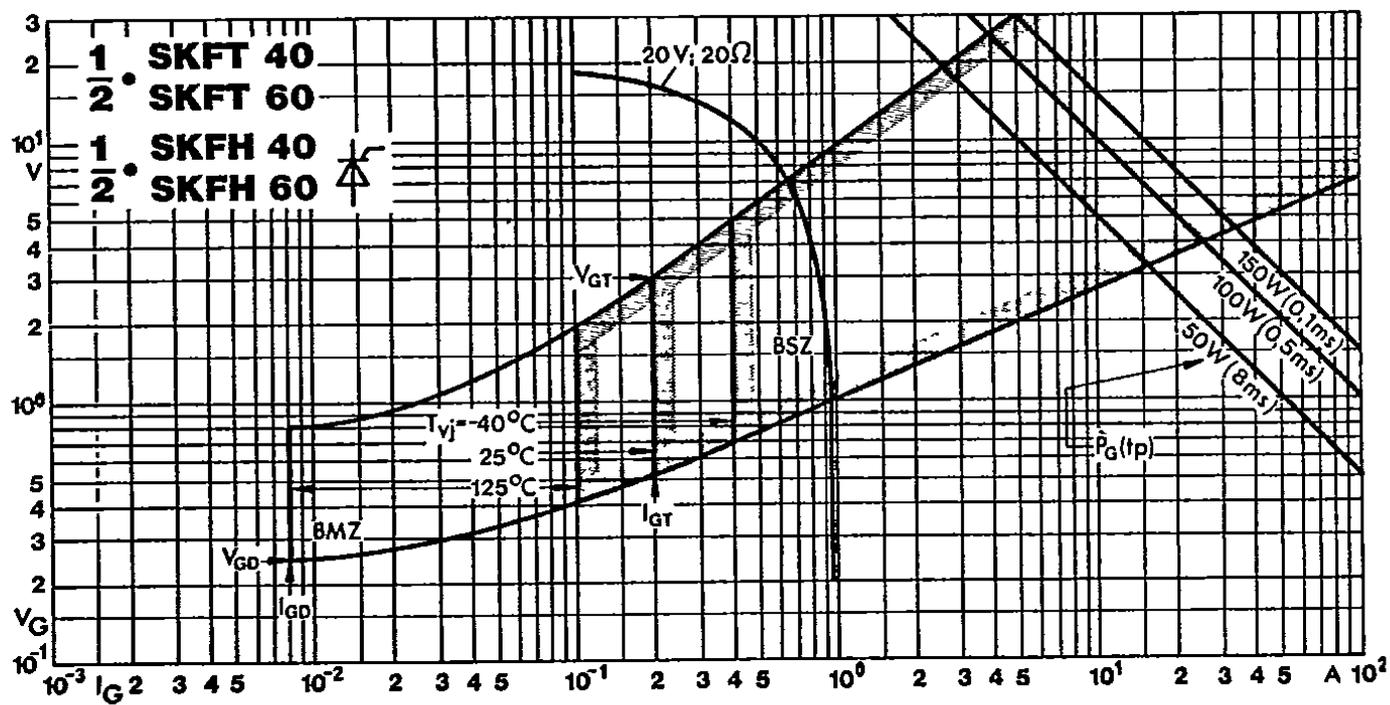


Fig. 11 Gate trigger characteristics