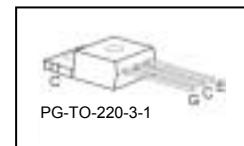
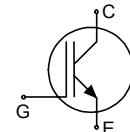


## Low Loss IGBT in TrenchStop® and Fieldstop technology

- Very low  $V_{CE(sat)}$  1.5 V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175 °C
- Short circuit withstand time – 5μs
- Designed for :
  - Variable Speed Drive for washing machines and air conditioners
  - induction cooking
  - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- TrenchStop® and Fieldstop technology for 600 V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$V_{CE(sat), T_j=25^\circ C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking Code	Package
IKP10N60T	600V	10A	1.5V	175°C	G10T60	PG-TO-220-3-1

### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_C$	20	A
$T_C = 25^\circ C$		10	
$T_C = 100^\circ C$			
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_{Cpuls}$	30	
Turn off safe operating area	-	30	
$V_{CE} \leq 600V, T_j \leq 175^\circ C$			
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time <sup>2)</sup>	$t_{SC}$	5	μs
$V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CC} \leq 400V, T_j \leq 150^\circ C$			
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ C$	$P_{tot}$	110	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+175	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s		260	

<sup>1</sup> J-STD-020 and JESD-022

<sup>2)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		1.35	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$		62	

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=0.2\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5	2.05	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=0.3\text{mA}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	4.1	4.6	5.7	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=600\text{V},$ $V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$	-	6	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$		none			$\Omega$

**Dynamic Characteristic**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE}=25\text{V},$ $V_{GE}=0\text{V},$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	551	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	24	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	17	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=480\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	-	62	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$	TO-220-3-1	-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}, t_{SC}\leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} = 400\text{V},$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	100	-	A

<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

**Switching Characteristic<sup>3)</sup>, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$** 

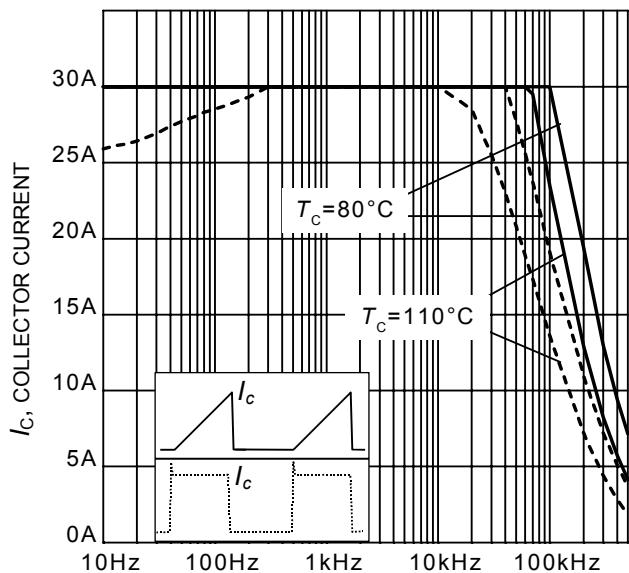
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=10\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_G=23\Omega$ ,	-	8	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=60\text{nH}$ ,	-	215	-	
Fall time	$t_f$	$C_\sigma^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$	-	38	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	Energy losses include	-	0.16	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	"tail" and diode	-	0.27	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$	reverse recovery.	-	0.43	-	

**Switching Characteristic<sup>3)</sup>, Inductive Load, at  $T_j=175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$** 

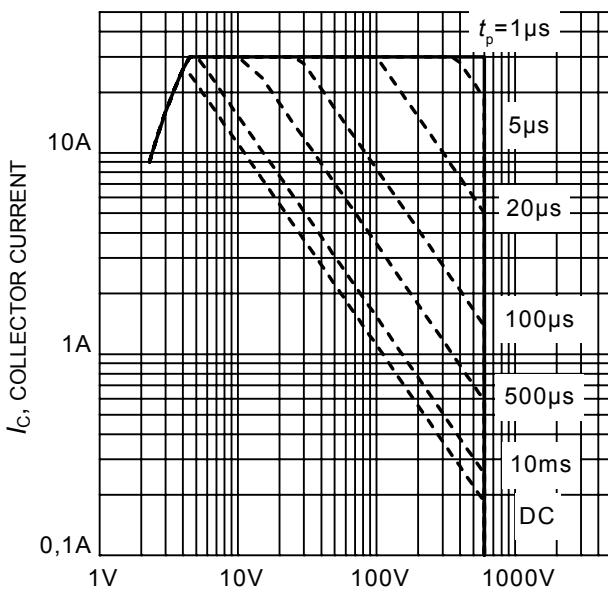
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=10\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_G=23\Omega$ ,	-	11	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$L_\sigma^{(2)}=60\text{nH}$ ,	-	233	-	
Fall time	$t_f$	$C_\sigma^{(2)}=40\text{pF}$	-	63	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	Energy losses include	-	0.26	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	"tail" and diode	-	0.35	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$	reverse recovery.	-	0.61	-	

<sup>2)</sup> Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma$  and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

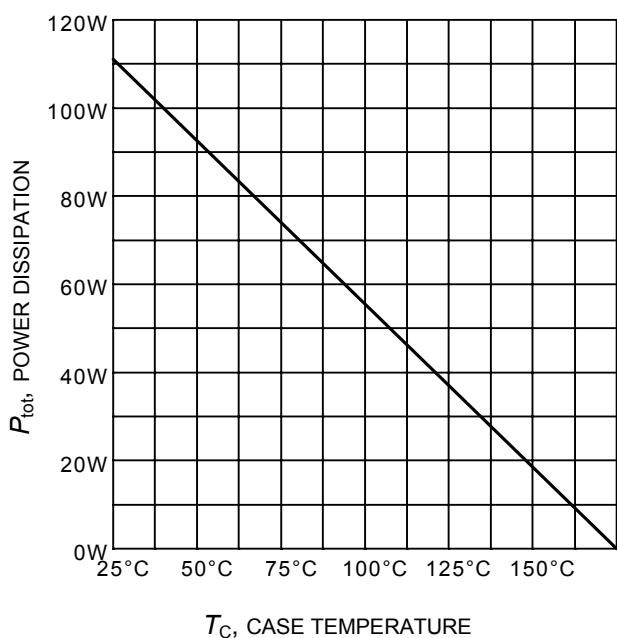
<sup>3)</sup> Diode from device IKP10N60T



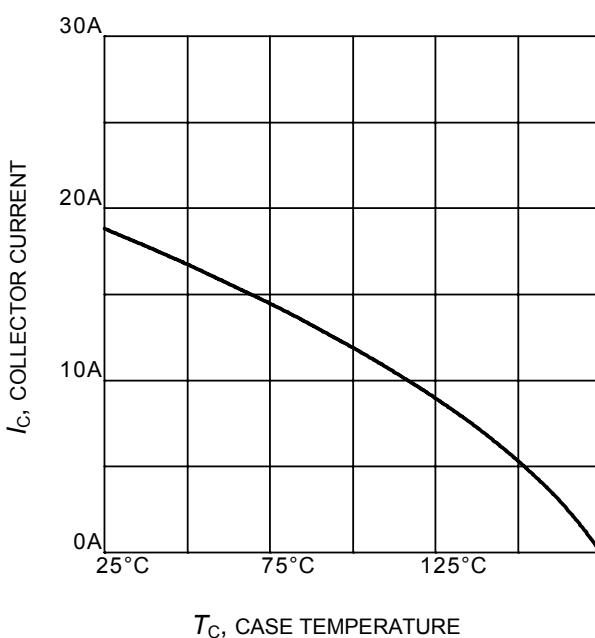
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega)$



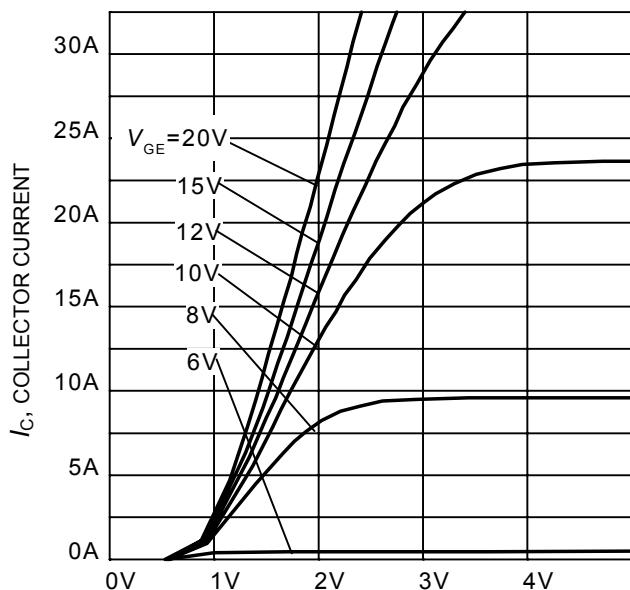
**Figure 2. Safe operating area**  
 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$

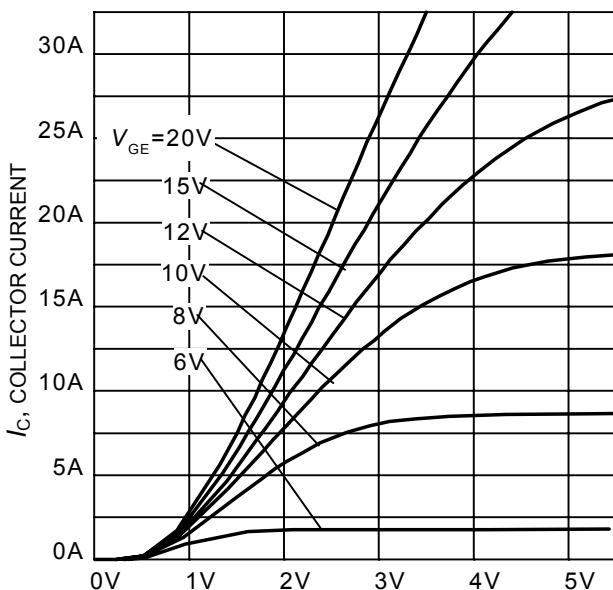


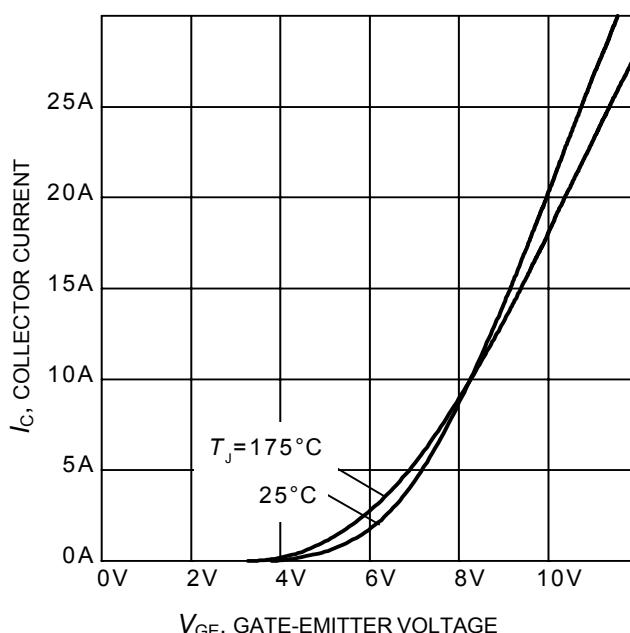
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

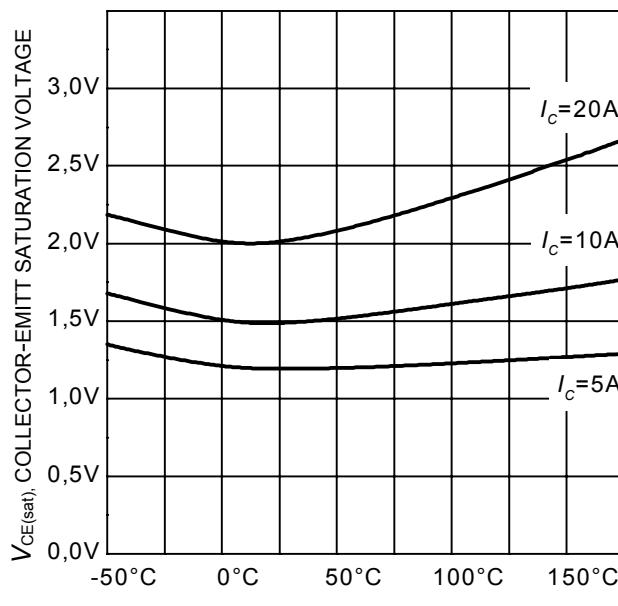


**Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

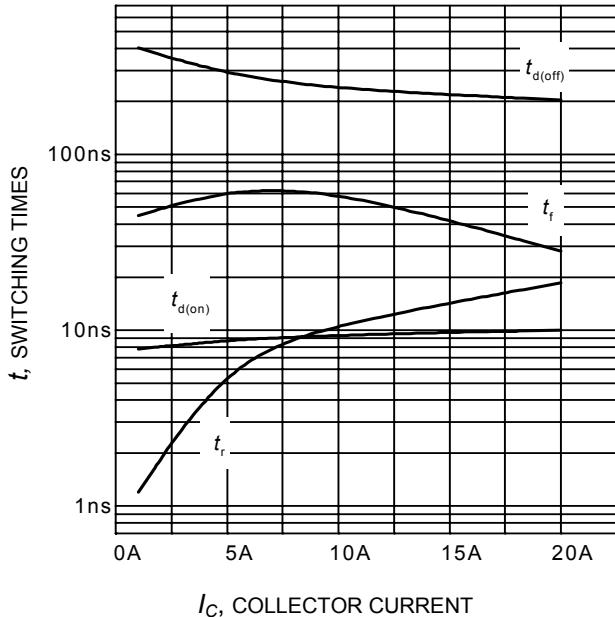

 $V_{CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
 $(T_j = 25^\circ\text{C})$ 

 $V_{CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

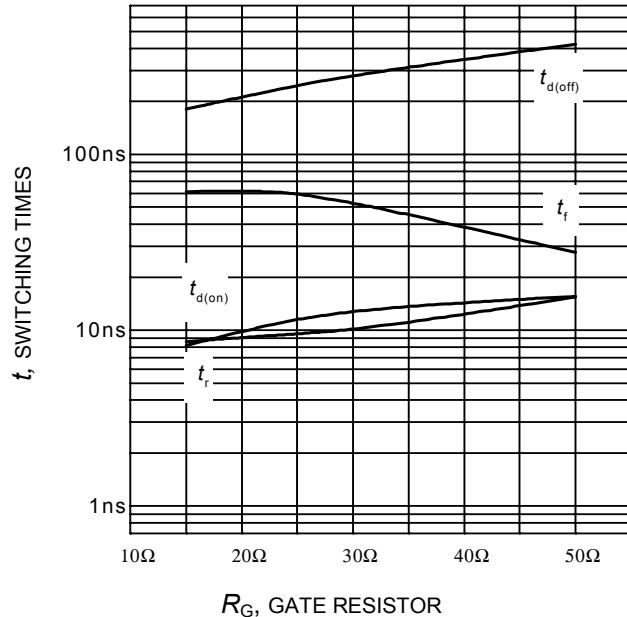
**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
 $(T_j = 175^\circ\text{C})$ 

 $V_{GE}$ , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
 $(V_{CE}=20\text{V})$ 

 $T_j$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

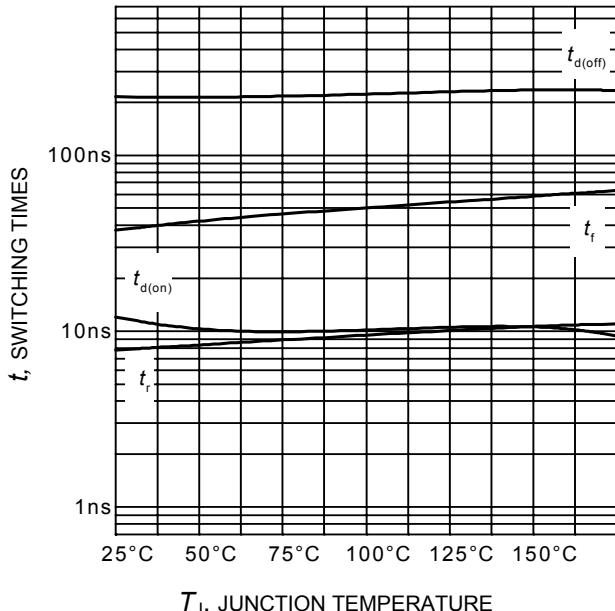
**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
 $(V_{GE} = 15\text{V})$



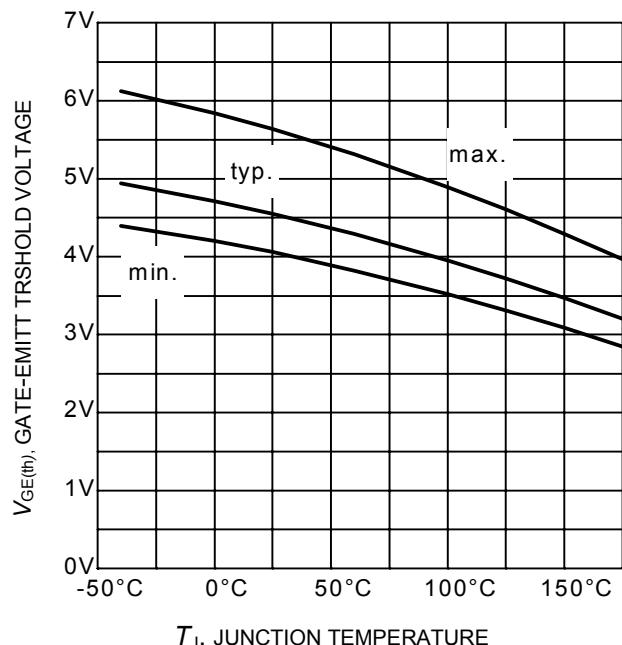
**Figure 9.** Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



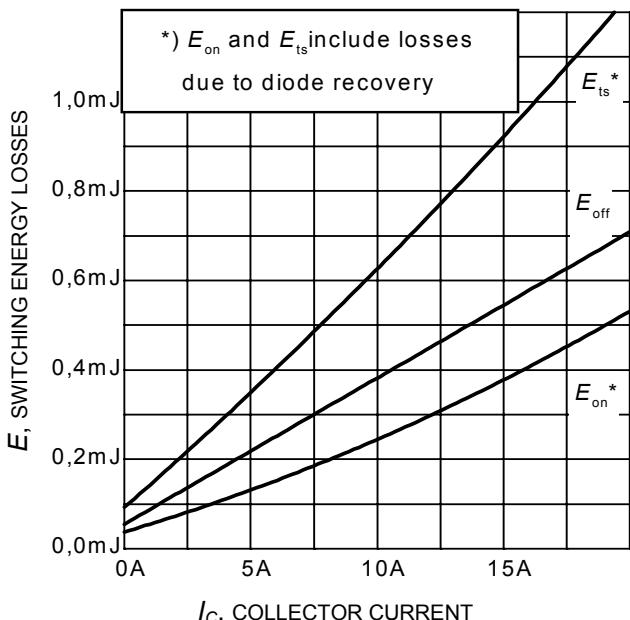
**Figure 10.** Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=10\text{A}$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



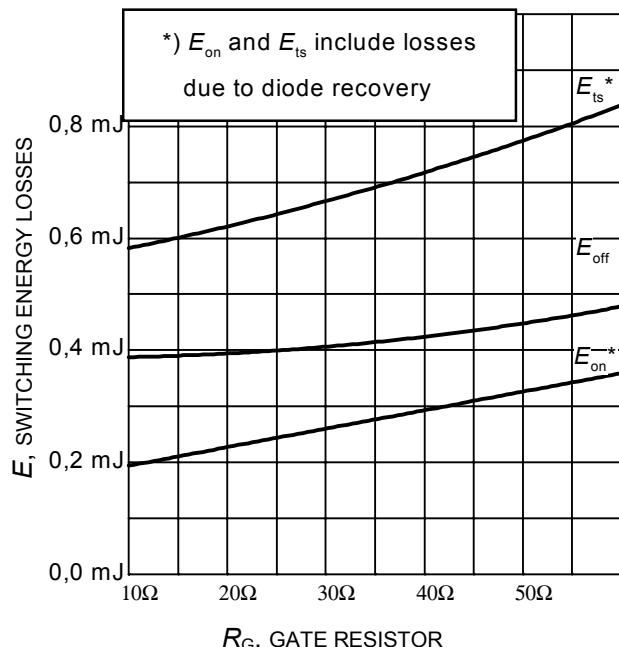
**Figure 11.** Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



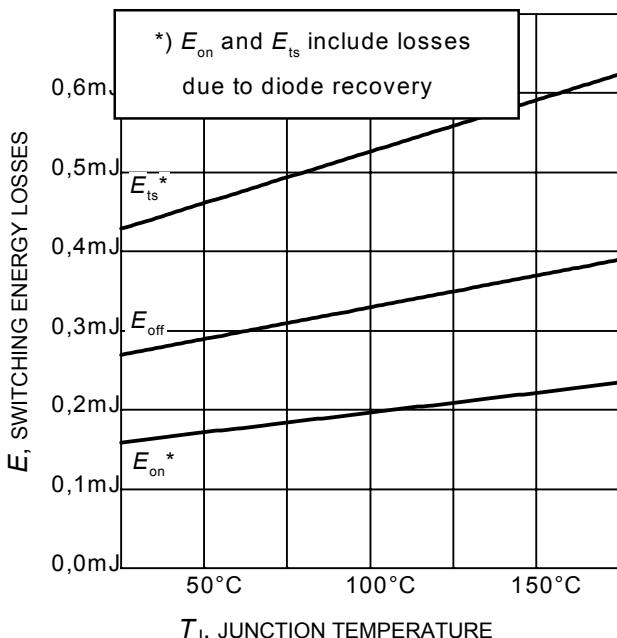
**Figure 12.** Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  
( $I_C=0.3\text{mA}$ )



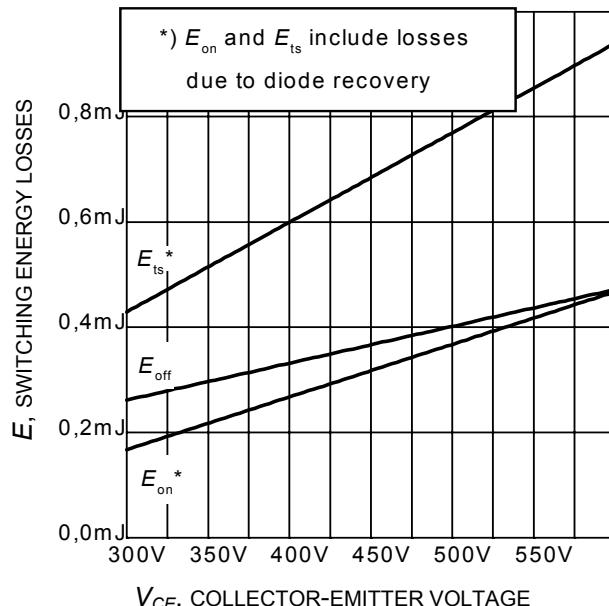
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 23\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



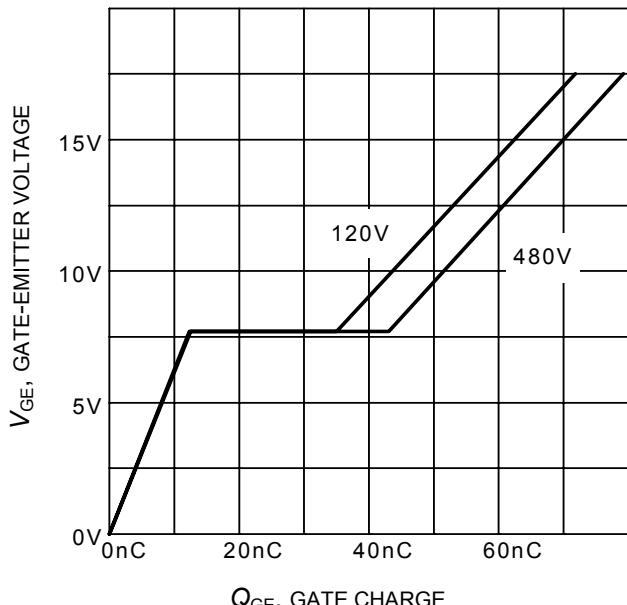
**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 10\text{A}$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G = 23\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

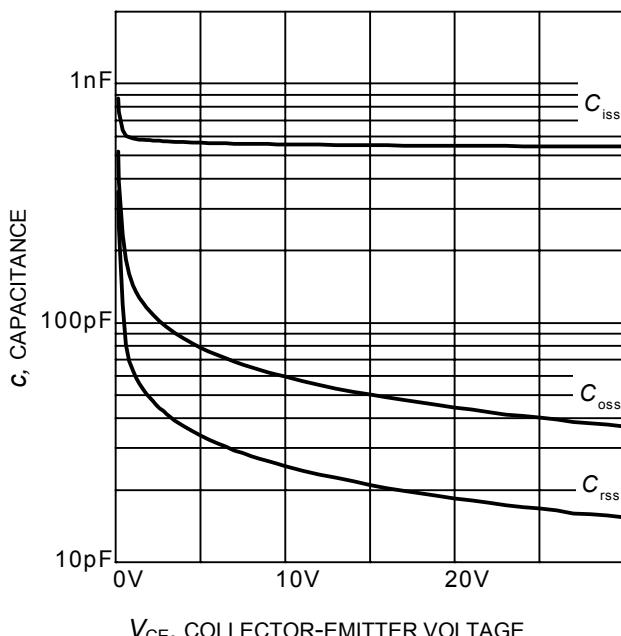


**Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G = 23\Omega$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



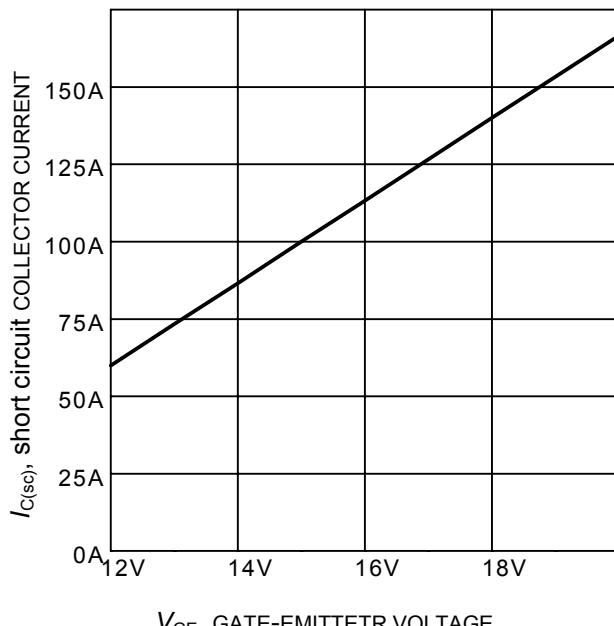
$V_{GE}$ , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C=10$  A)



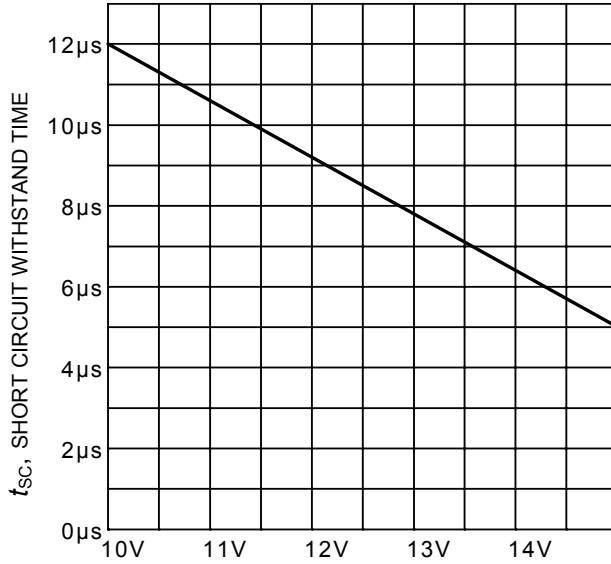
$V_{CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function**  
of collector-emitter voltage  
( $V_{GE}=0$  V,  $f = 1$  MHz)



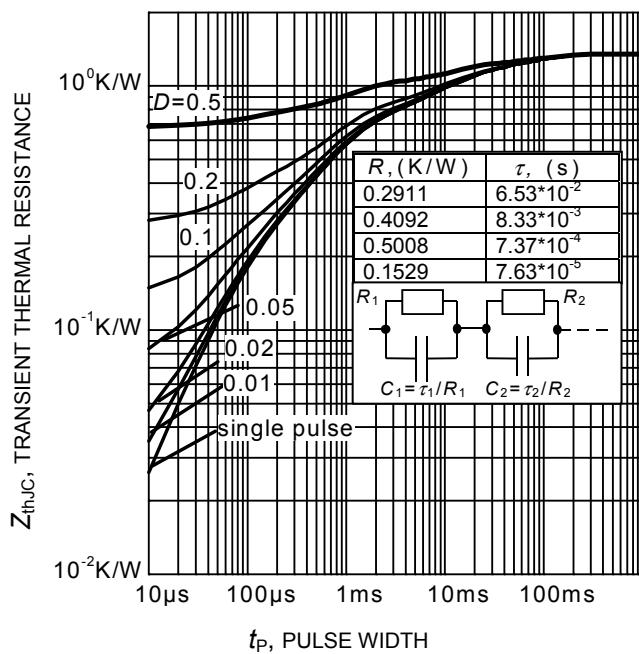
$V_{GE}$ , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

**Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} \leq 400$  V,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )

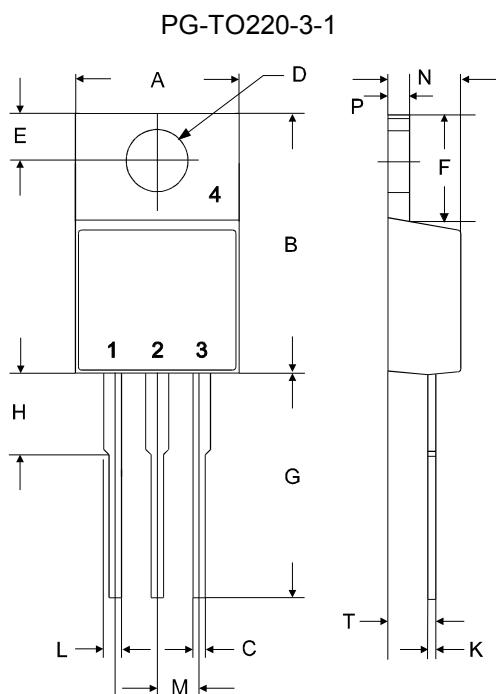


$V_{GE}$ , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

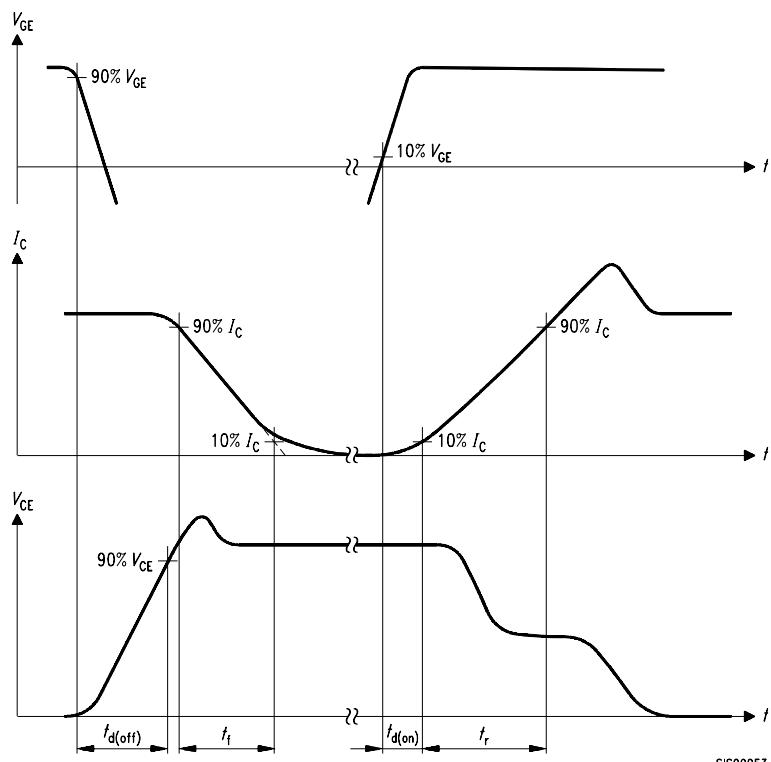
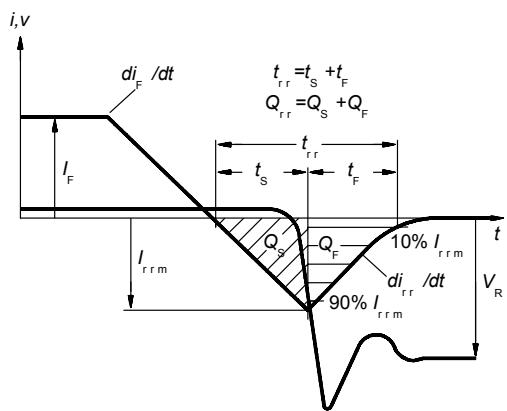
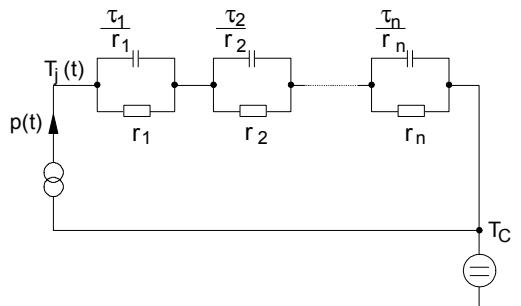
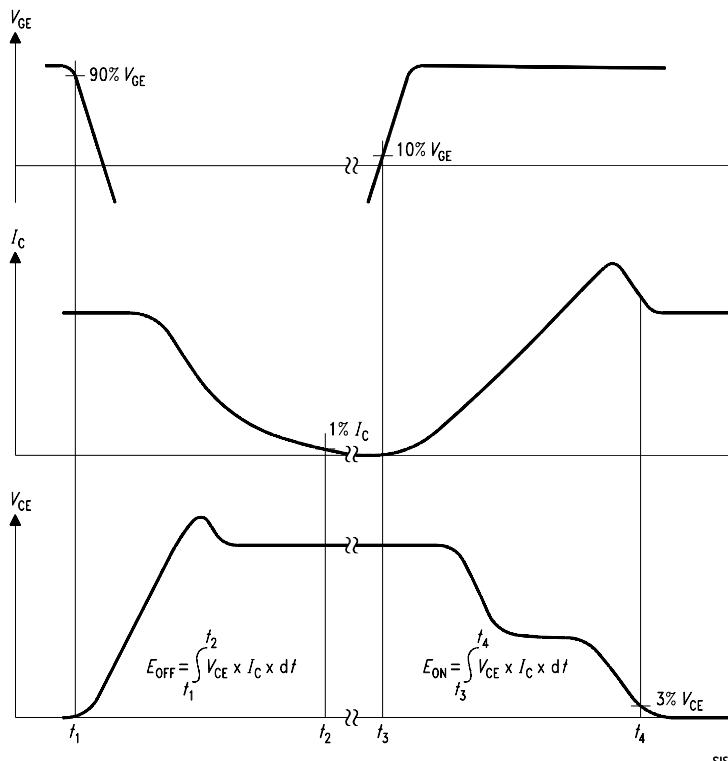
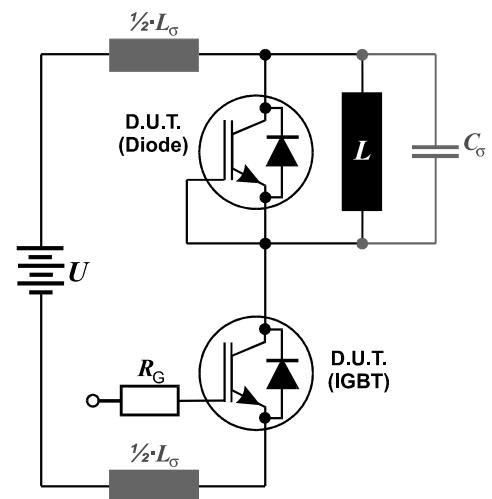
**Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}=600$  V, start at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_{jmax}<150^\circ\text{C}$ )



**Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal resistance**  
 $(D = t_p / T)$



symbol	Dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	9.70	10.30	0.3819	0.4055
B	14.88	15.95	0.5858	0.6280
C	0.65	0.86	0.0256	0.0339
D	3.55	3.89	0.1398	0.1531
E	2.60	3.00	0.1024	0.1181
F	6.00	6.80	0.2362	0.2677
G	13.00	14.00	0.5118	0.5512
H	4.35	4.75	0.1713	0.1870
K	0.38	0.65	0.0150	0.0256
L	0.95	1.32	0.0374	0.0520
M	2.54 typ.		0.1 typ.	
N	4.30	4.50	0.1693	0.1772
P	1.17	1.40	0.0461	0.0551
T	2.30	2.72	0.0906	0.1071


**Figure A. Definition of switching times**

**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**

**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**

**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**

**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
 Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma = 60\text{nH}$   
 and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma = 40\text{pF}$ .

**Edition 2006-01**

**Published by**

**Infineon Technologies AG  
81726 München, Germany**

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