

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

IS93C46D 1-KBIT SERIAL ELECTRICALLY ERASABLE PROM

FEATURES

- Industry-standard Microwire Interface
 - Non-volatile data storage
 - Wide voltage operation:
 - Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
 - Full TTL compatible inputs and outputs
 - Auto increment for efficient data dump
- User Configured Memory Organization
 By 16-bit or by 8-bit
- Hardware and software write protection

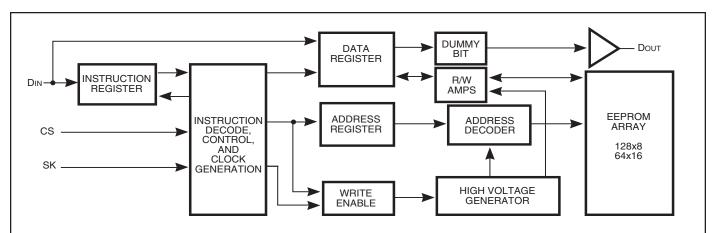
 Defaults to write-disabled state at power-up
 Software instructions for write-enable/disable
 - Soliware instructions for write-enable/disable
- Enhanced low voltage CMOS E²PROM technology
- Versatile, easy-to-use Interface
 - Self-timed programming cycle
 - Automatic erase-before-write
 - Programming status indicator
 - Word and chip erasable
 - Chip select enables power savings
- Durable and reliable
 - 40-year data retention after 1M write cycles
 - 1 million write cycles
 - Unlimited read cycles
 - Schmitt-trigger inputs
- Lead-free available

JANUARY 2007

DESCRIPTION

The IS93C46D is a 1Kb non-volatile, ISSI [®] serial EEPROM. It is fabricated using an enhanced CMOS design and process. The IS93C46D contains power-efficient read/write memory, and organization of 128 bytes of 8 bits or 64 words of 16 bits. When the ORG pin is connected to Vcc or left unconnected, x16 is selected; when it is connected to ground, x8 is selected.

An instruction set defines the operation of the devices, including read, write, and mode-enable functions. To protect against inadvertent data modification, all erase and write instructions are accepted only while the device is write-enabled. A selected x8 byte or x16 word can be modified with a single WRITE or ERASE instruction. Additionally, the two instructions WRITE ALL or ERASE ALL can program the entire array. Once a device begins its self-timed program procedure, the data out pin (Dout) can indicate the READY/ **BUSY** status by raising chip select (CS). The selftimed write cycle includes an automatic erasebefore-write capability. The device can output any number of consecutive bytes/words using a single **READ** instruction.

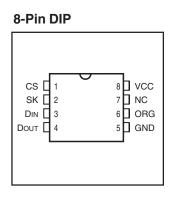


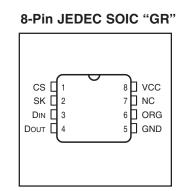
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

Copyright © 2006 Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. All rights reserved. ISSI reserves the right to make changes to this specification and its products at any time without notice. ISSI assumes no liability arising out of the application or use of any information, products or services described herein. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of this device specification before relying on any published information and before placing orders for products.



PIN CONFIGURATIONS





PIN DESCRIPTIONS

CS	Chip Select
SK	Serial Data Clock
Din	Serial Data Input
Dout	Serial Data Output
ORG	Organization Select
NC	NotConnected
Vcc	Power
GND	Ground

Applications

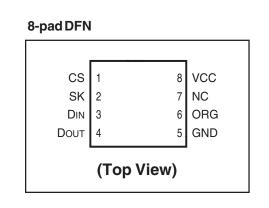
The IS93C46D is very popular in many applications which require low-power, low-density storage. Applications using this device include industrial controls, networking, and numerous other consumer electronics.

Endurance and Data Retention

The IS93C46D is designed for applications requiring up to 1M programming cycles (WRITE, WRALL, ERASE and ERAL). It provides 40 years of secure data retention without power after the execution of 1M programming cycles.

Device Operations

The IS93C46D is controlled by a set of instructions which are clocked-in serially on the Din pin. Before each low-to-high transition of the clock (SK), the CS pin must have already been raised to HIGH, and the Din value must be stable at either LOW or HIGH. Each



instruction begins with a start bit of the logical "1" or HIGH. Following this are the opcode (2 bits), address field (6 or 7 bits), and data, if appropriate. The clock signal may be held stable at any moment to suspend the device at its last state, allowing clockspeed flexibility. Upon completion of bus communication, CS would be pulled LOW. The device then would enter Standby mode if no internal programming is underway.

Read (READ)

The READ instruction is the only instruction that outputs serial data on the Dout pin. After the read instruction and address have been decoded, data is transferred from the selected memory register into a serial shift register. (Please note that one logical "0" bit precedes the actual 8 or 16-bit output data string.) The output on Dout changes during the low-to-high transitions of SK (see Figure 3).

Low Voltage Read

The IS93C46D has been designed to ensure that data read operations are reliable in low voltage environments. They provide accurate operation with Vcc as low as 1.8V.

Auto Increment Read Operations

In the interest of memory transfer operation applications, the IS93C46D has been designed to output a continuous stream of memory content in response to a single read operation instruction. To utilize this function, the system asserts a read instruction specifying a start location address. Once the 8 or 16 bits of the addressed register have been clocked out, the data in consecutively higher address locations is output. The address will wrap around continuously with CS HIGH until the chip select (CS) control pin is brought LOW. This allows for single instruction data dumps to be executed with a minimum of firmware overhead.



Write Enable (WEN)

The write enable (WEN) instruction must be executed before any device programming (WRITE, WRALL, ERASE, and ERAL) can be done. When Vcc is applied, this device powers up in the write disabled state. The device then remains in a write disabled state until a WEN instruction is executed. Thereafter, the device remains enabled until a WDS instruction is executed or until Vcc is removed. (See Figure 4.) (Note: Chip select must remain LOW until Vcc reaches its operational value.)

Write (WRITE)

The WRITE instruction includes 8 or 16 bits of data to be written into the specified register. After the last data bit has been applied to DIN, and before the next rising edge of SK, CS must be brought LOW. If the device is write-enabled, then the falling edge of CS initiates the self-timed programming cycle (see WEN).

If CS is brought HIGH, after a minimum wait of 200 ns (5V operation) after the falling edge of CS (tcs) Dout will indicate the READY/**BUSY** status of the chip. Logical "0" means programming is still in progress; logical "1" means the selected register has been written, and the part is ready for another instruction (see Figure 5). The READY/**BUSY** status will not be available if: a) The CS input goes HIGH after the end of the self-timed programming cycle, twp; or b) Simultaneously CS is HIGH, Din is HIGH, and SK goes HIGH, which clears the status flag.

Write All (WRALL)

The write all (WRALL) instruction programs all registers with the data pattern specified in the instruction. As with the WRITE instruction, the falling edge of CS must occur to initiate the self-timed programming cycle. If CS is then brought HIGH after a minimum wait of 200 ns (tcs), the Dour pin indicates the READY/**BUSY** status of the chip (see Figure 6). Vcc is required to be above 4.5V for WRALL to function properly.

Write Disable (WDS)

The write disable (WDS) instruction disables all programming capabilities. This protects the entire device against accidental modification of data until a WEN instruction is executed. (When Vcc is applied, this part powers up in the write disabled state.) To protect data, a WDS instruction should be executed upon completion of each programming operation.

Erase Register (ERASE)

After the erase instruction is entered, CS must be brought LOW. The falling edge of CS initiates the self-timed internal programming cycle. Bringing CS HIGH after a minimum of tcs, will cause Dout to indicate the READ/BUSY status of the chip: a logical "0" indicates programming is still in progress; a logical "1" indicates the erase cycle is complete and the part is ready for another instruction (see Figure 8).

Erase All (ERAL)

Full chip erase is provided for ease of programming. Erasing the entire chip involves setting all bits in the entire memory array to a logical "1" (see Figure 9). Vcc is required to be above 4.5V for ERAL to function properly.

Instruction ⁽²⁾	Start Bit	OP Code		ganization = GND) Input Data		ganization = Vcc) Input Data
READ	1	10	(A6-A0)	_	(A5-A0)	_
WEN (Write Enable)	1	00	11xxxxx	_	11xxxx	
WRITE	1	01	(A6-A0)	(D7-D0)	(A5-A0)	(D15-D0)
WRALL (Write All Registers	s) 1	00	01xxxxx	(D7-D0)	01xxxx	(D15-D0)
WDS (Write Disable)	1	00	00xxxxx	_	00xxxx	
ERASE	1	11	(A6-A0)	_	(A5-A0)	_
ERAL (Erase All Registers)	1	00	10xxxxx	_	10xxxx	_

INSTRUCTION SET - IS93C46D (1Kb)

Notes:

1. x = Don't care bit.

2. If the number of bits clocked-in does not match the number corresponding to a selected command, all extra trailing bits are ignored, and WRITE, WRALL, ERASE, ERAL are also ignored, and READ, WEN, WDS are accepted.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +6.5	V
VP	Voltage on Any Pin	-0.5 to Vcc + 0.5	V
TBIAS	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Ιουτ	Output Current	5	mA

Notes:

 Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING RANGE

Range	Ambient Temperature	Vcc	
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	
Automotive	-40°C to +125°C	2.5V to 5.5V	

Note: ISSI offers Industrial grade for Commercial applications (0°C to +70°C)

CAPACITANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$	5	pF
Соит	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0V	5	pF



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial and $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ for Automotive.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Vcc	Min.	Max.	Unit
Vol2	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 100 μA	1.8V to 2.7V	_	0.2	V
VOL1	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 2.1mA	2.7V to 5.5V	_	0.4	V
VOH2	Output HIGH Voltage	Іон = —100 µA	1.8V to 2.7V	Vcc-0.2		V
Vон1	Output HIGH Voltage	Іон = -400 μА	2.7V to 5.5V	2.4		V
Vih	Input HIGH Voltage		1.8V to 2.7V 2.7V to 5.5V	0.7xVcc 2.0	Vcc+1 Vcc+1	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage		1.8V to 2.7V 2.7V to 5.5V	0.3 0.3	0.2xVcc 0.8	V
L	Input Leakage	VIN = 0V to Vcc (CS, SK,DIN,O	RG)	0	2.5	μA
Ilo	Output Leakage	VOUT = $0V$ to Vcc, $CS = 0V$		0	2.5	μA

Notes:

Automotive grade devices in this table are tested with Vcc = 2.5V to 5.5V and 4.5V to 5.5V. An operation with Vcc <2.5V is not specified.

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ for Automotive.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Vcc	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
lcc1	Vcc Read Supply Current	CS = VH, SK = 1 MHz, CMOS input levels	1.8V	_	0.1	1	mA
		$CS = V_{H}$, $SK = 2$ MHz, CMOS input levels	2.5V		0.2	1	mA
		$CS = V_{H}$, $SK = 2 MHz$, $CMOS$ input levels	5.0V	—	0.5	2	mA
lcc2	Vcc Write Supply Current	CS = VH, SK = 1 MHz, CMOS input levels	1.8V	_	0.5	1	mA
		$CS = V_{H}$, $SK = 2$ MHz, CMOS input levels	2.5V		1	2	mA
		$CS = V_{H}$, $SK = 2 MHz$, $CMOS$ input levels	5.0V	—	2	3	mA
IsB1	Standby Current	CS = GND, SK = GND	1.8V	_	0.1	1	μA
		ORG = Vcc or Floating (x16)	2.5V		0.1	2	μA
		DIN = Vcc or GND	5.0V	—	0.2	4	μA
IsB2	Standby Current	CS = GND, SK = GND	1.8V		6	10	μA
		ORG = GND (x8)	2.5V		6	10	μA
		DIN = Vcc or GND	5.0V	—	10	15	μA



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
fsк	SK Clock Frequency		1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V	0	1	Mhz
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	0	2	Mhz
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	0	3	Mhz
tsкн	SK HIGH Time		$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	250	—	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	200	_	ns
tsĸ∟	SK LOW Time		$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	250	_	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	100	—	ns
tcs	Minimum CS LOW Time		1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V	250	_	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	200	—	ns
tcss	CS Setup Time	Relative to SK	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	200	_	ns
	-		$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	100	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	_	ns
tois	Din Setup Time	Relative to SK	1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V	100		ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	50	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	_	ns
tcsн	CS Hold Time	Relative to SK	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	0	_	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	0	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	0	—	ns
tdiн	Din Hold Time	Relative to SK	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	50	—	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	50	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	—	ns
tpd1	Output Delay to "1"	AC Test	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	_	400	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	—	100	ns
tpdo	Output Delay to "0"	AC Test	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$	_	400	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	—	100	ns
tsv	CS to Status Valid	AC Test	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$		400	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		200	ns
t DF	CS to Dout in 3-state	AC Test, CS=VIL	$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$		100	ns
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	100	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		100	ns
twp	Write Cycle Time		$1.8V \le Vcc < 2.5V$		10	ms
			$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	5	ms
			$4.5V \le Vcc \le 5.5V$	_	5	ms

Notes:

1. C \perp = 100pF



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $TA = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ for Automotive

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
fsк	SK Clock Frequency		2.5V ≤ Vcc < 4.5V	0	2	Mhz
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	0	3	Mhz
t sĸн	SK HIGH Time		$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	200	_	ns
t skl	SK LOW Time		$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	100	_	ns
t cs	Minimum CS LOW Time		$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	200	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	200	_	ns
t css	CS Setup Time	Relative to SK	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	100	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	_	ns
t DIS	Din Setup Time	Relative to SK	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	50	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	_	ns
t csн	CS Hold Time	Relative to SK	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	0	_	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	0	_	ns
tын	Din Hold Time	Relative to SK	$2.5V \leq Vcc < 4.5V$	50		ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	50	_	ns
t PD1	Output Delay to "1"	AC Test	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		100	ns
t pdo	Output Delay to "0"	AC Test	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$		200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$	_	100	ns
t sv	CS to Status Valid	AC Test	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	_	200	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		200	ns
t df	CS to Dout in 3-state	AC Test, CS=VIL	$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$		100	ns
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		100	ns
t wp	Write Cycle Time		$2.5V \le Vcc < 4.5V$	—	5	ms
			$4.5V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5V$		5	ms

Notes:

1. C ∟= 100pF

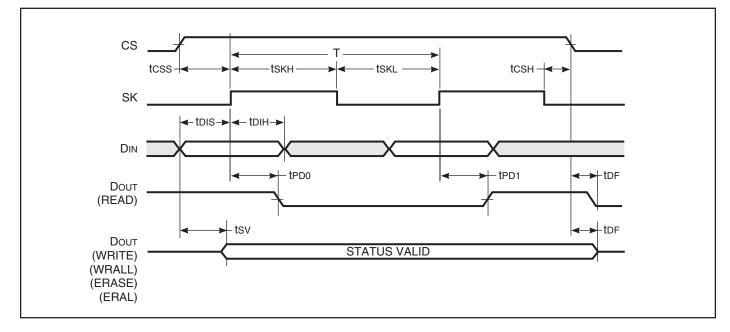
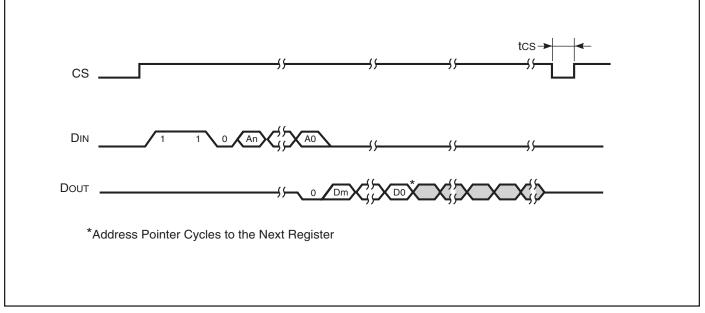


FIGURE 2. SYNCHRONOUS DATA TIMING

FIGURE 3. READ CYCLE TIMING



Notes:

To determine address bits An-A0 and data bits Dm-Do, see Instruction Set for the specific device.





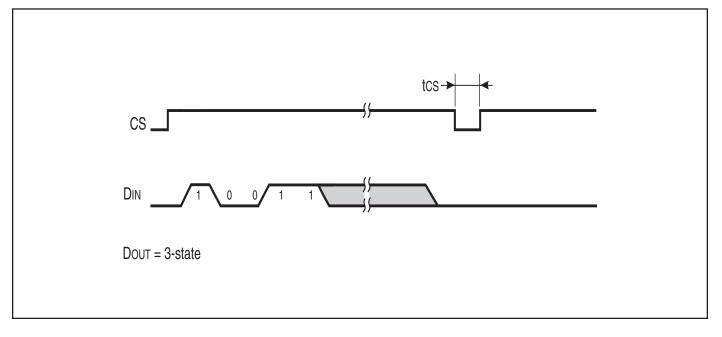
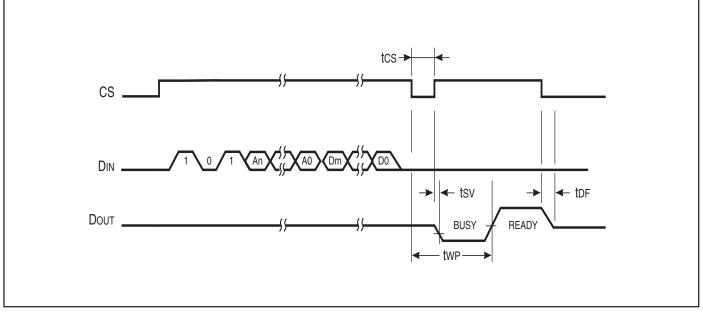


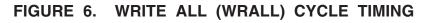
FIGURE 5. WRITE (WRITE) CYCLE TIMING

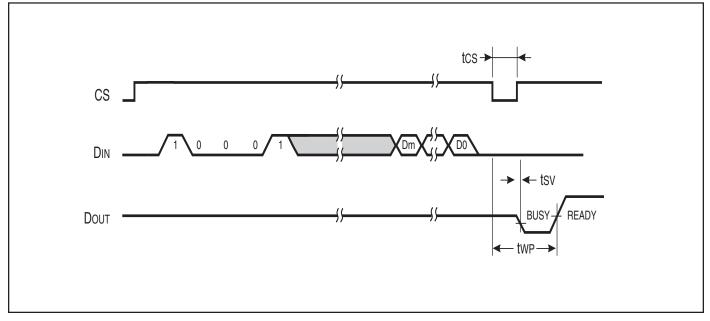


Notes:

- 1. After the completion of the instruction (Dout is in READY status) then it may perform another instruction. If device is in **BUSY** status (Dout indicates **BUSY** status) then attempting to perform another instruction could cause device malfunction.
- 2. To determine address bits An-Ao and data bits Dm-Do, see Instruction Set for the specific device.







Notes:

- 1. After the completion of the instruction (Dout is in READY status) then it may perform another instruction. If device is in **BUSY** status (Dout indicates **BUSY** status) then attempting to perform another instruction could cause device malfunction.
- 2. To determine data bits Dm-Do, see Instruction Set for the appropriate device.

FIGURE 7. WRITE DISABLE (WDS) CYCLE TIMING

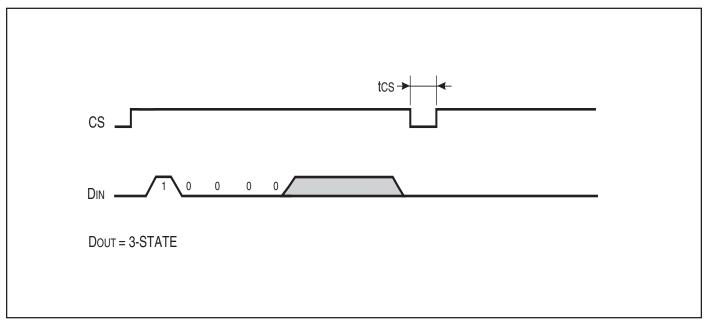
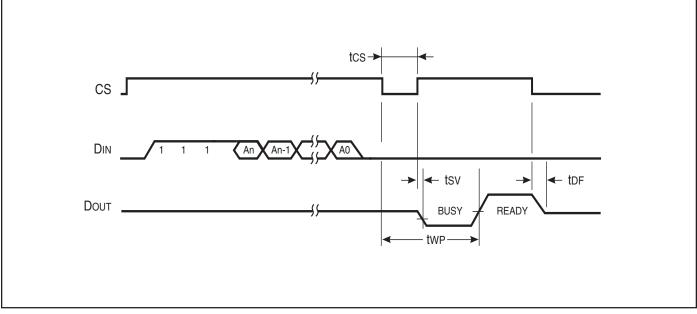


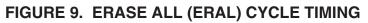


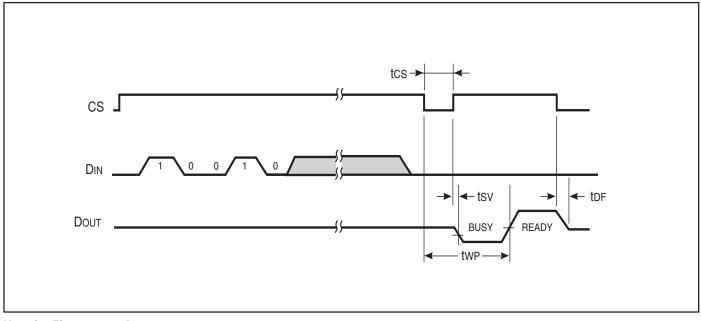
FIGURE 8. ERASE (REGISTER ERASE) CYCLE TIMING



Notes:

To determine data bits An - A0, see Instruction Set for the appropriate device.





Note for Figures 8 and 9:

After the completion of the instruction (Dout is in READY status) then it may perform another instruction. If device is in **BUSY** status (Dout indicates **BUSY** status) then attempting to perform another instruction could cause device malfunction.



ORDERING INFORMATION

Industrial Range: -40°C to +85°C			
Voltage Range	Order Part No.	Package	
1.8V to 5.5V	IS93C46D-2PI	300-mil Plastic DIP	
	IS93C46D-2GRI	SOIC JEDEC	

ORDERING INFORMATION

Industrial Range: -	Industrial Range: -40°C to +85°C, Lead-free		
Voltage Range	Order Part No.	Package	
1.8V to 5.5V	IS93C46D-2PLI	300-mil Plastic DIP	
	IS93C46D-2DLI	DFN	
	IS93C46D-2GRLI	SOIC JEDEC	

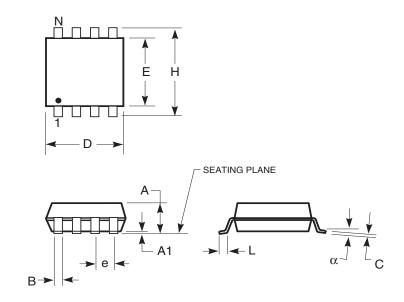
ORDERING INFORMATION

Automotive Range: -40°C to +125°C, Lead-free

Voltage Range	Order Part No.	Package
2.5V to 5.5V	IS93C46D-3PLA3 IS93C46D-3GRLA3	300-mil Plastic DIP SOIC JEDEC



150-mil Plastic SOP Package Code: G, GR



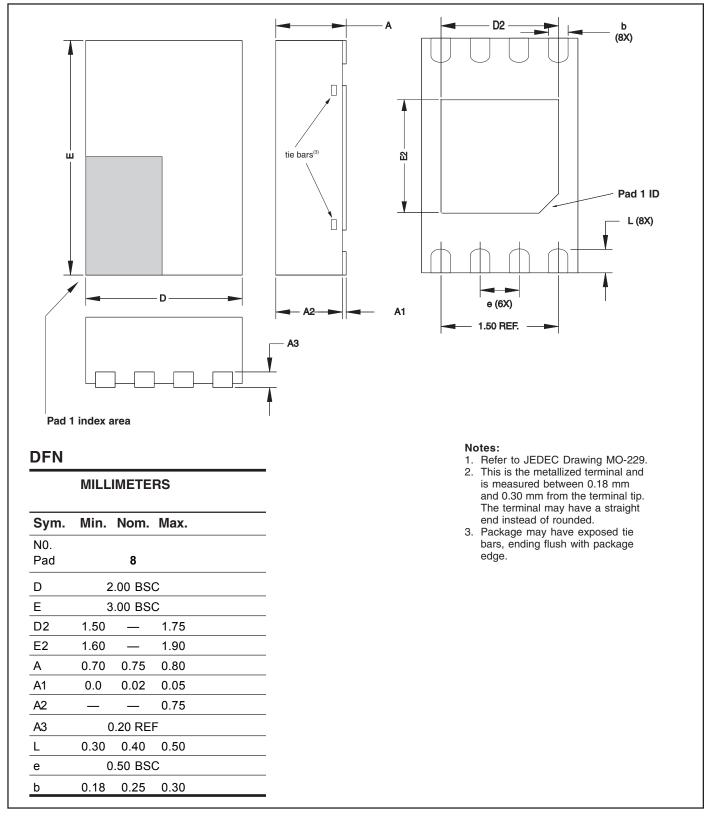
150-mil Plastic SOP (G, GR)					
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Ref. Std.	Inches		mm		
No. Leads	8		8		
A	_	0.068	_	1.73	
A1	0.004	0.009	0.1	0.23	
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	
С	0.007	0.010	0.18	0.25	
D	0.189	0.197	4.8	5	
E	0.150	0.157	3.81	3.99	
Н	0.228	0.245	5.79	6.22	
е	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		
L	0.020	0.035	0.51	0.89	

Notes:

- 1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
- 4. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

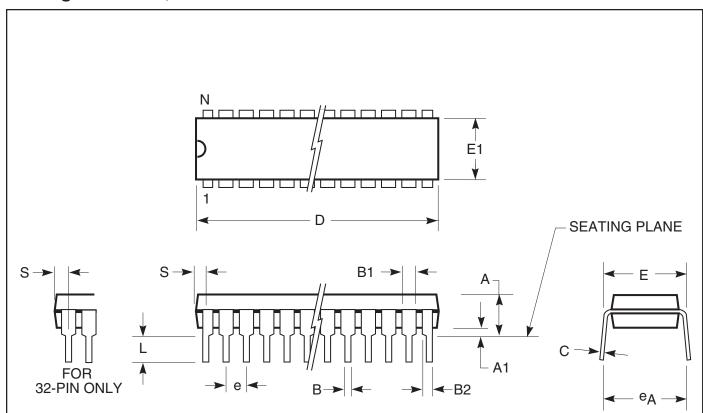


Dual Flat No-Lead Package Code: D (8-pad)



Copyright © 2006 Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. All rights reserved. ISSI reserves the right to make changes to this specification and its products at any time without notice. ISSI assumes no liability arising out of the application or use of any information, products or services described herein. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of this device specification before relying on any published information and before placing orders for products.

300-mil Plastic DIP Package Code: N,P



	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
N0. Leads		8		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.38	_	0.015	_
В	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
B1	1.14	1.52	0.045	0.060
B2	0.81	1.17	0.032	0.046
С	0.20	0.33	0.008	0.013
D	9.12	9.53	0.359	0.375
E	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
E1	6.20	6.60	0.244	0.260
ед	8.13	9.65	0.320	0.380
е	2.54 BSC		0.100) BSC
L	3.18	_	0.125	
S	0.64	0.762	0.025	0.030

MULLIMATTOC

Notes:

- 1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
- 4. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

Copyright © 2003 Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. All rights reserved. ISSI reserves the right to make changes to this specification and its products at any time without notice. ISSI assumes no liability arising out of the application or use of any information, products or services described herein. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of this device specification before relying on any published information and before placing orders for products.



300-mil Plastic DIP Package Code: N,P

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
N0.				
Leads	1	6		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.25	_	0.010	_
В	0.46 BSC		0.018 BSC	
B1	1.52 BSC		0.060 BSC	
B2	_	_	_	_
С	0.13	0.38	0.005	0.015
D	18.92	19.18	0.745	0.755
E	7.44	8.13	0.293	0.320
E1	6.22	6.48	0.245	0.255
ед	8.13	9.65	0.320	0.380
e	2.54 BSC		0.100) BSC
L	3.05	3.56	0.120	0.140
S	0.38	0.89	0.015	0.035

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
N0. Leads		20		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.38	_	0.015	—
В	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
B1	1.14	1.78	0.045	0.070
B2	_	_	_	_
С	0.20	0.36	0.008	0.014
D	25.91	26.42	1.020	1.040
E	7.49	8.26	0.295	0.325
E1	6.01	7.11	0.240	0.280
ед	_	10.92	_	0.430
е	2.54 BSC		0.100) BSC
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	1.02	1.52	0.040	0.060

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
N0. Leads	2	28		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.25	_	0.010	_
В	0.41	0.56	0.016	0.022
B1	1.27	1.78	0.050	0.070
B2	0.81	1.17	0.032	0.046
С	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015
D	35.05	35.56	1.380	1.400
E	7.49	8.00	0.295	0.315
E1	6.99	7.49	0.275	0.295
ед	7.87	10.16	0.310	0.400
е	2.54 BSC		0.100) BSC
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	0.51	1.06	0.020	0.042

	MILLIMETERS		INC	HES
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
N0. Leads		32		
А	3.56	4.57	0.140	0.180
A1	0.38	—	0.015	—
В	0.38	0.53	0.015	0.021
B1	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070
B2	_	—	_	—
С	0.13	0.38	0.005	0.015
D	40.51	40.77	1.595	1.605
E	7.75	8.26	0.305	0.325
E1	7.24	7.22	0.285	0.292
ед	8.38	9.40	0.33	0.370
е	2.54 BSC		0.100) BSC
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	1.65	2.16	0.065	0.085