

v02.0404

HMC424

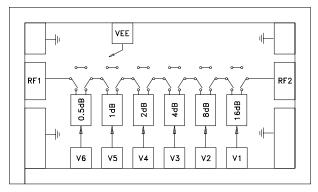
0.5dB LSB GaAs MMIC 6-BIT DIGITAL ATTENUATOR, DC - 13 GHz

Typical Applications

The HMC424 is ideal for:

- Fiber Optics & Broadband Telecom
- Microwave Radio & VSAT
- Military Radios, Radar, & ECM
- Space Applications

Functional Diagram



Features

0.5 dB LSB Steps to 31.5 dB Single Control Line Per Bit +/- 0.5 dB Typical Bit Error Die Size: 0.85 mm x 1.45 mm x 0.1 mm

General Description

The HMC424 die is a broadband 6-bit GaAs IC digital attenuator MMIC chip. Covering DC to 13 GHz, the insertion loss is less then 4 dB typical. The attenuator bit values are 0.5 (LSB), 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16 dB for a total attenuation of 31.5 dB. Attenuation accuracy is excellent at \pm 0.5 dB typical step error with an IIP3 of +32 dBm. Six control voltage inputs, toggled between 0 and -5V, are used to select each attenuation state. A single Vee bias of -5V allows operation at frequencies down to DC.

Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, With Vee = -5V & VCTL = 0/-5V

Parameter	Frequency (GHz)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Insertion Loss	DC - 8.0 GHz 8.0 - 13.0 GHz		3.0 4.0	3.8 4.6	dB dB
Attenuation Range	DC - 13.0 GHz		31.5		dB
Return Loss (RF1 & RF2, All Atten. States)	DC - 8.0 GHz 8.0 - 13.0 GHz	8 11	12 15		dB dB
Attenuation Accuracy: (Referenced to Insertion Loss) 0.5 - 7.5 dB States 8 - 31.5 dB States	DC - 13.0 GHz DC - 13.0 GHz	\pm 0.3 + 4% of Atten. Setting Max \pm 0.3 + 6% of Atten. Setting Max		dB dB	
Input Power for 0.1 dB Compression	1.0 - 13.0 Ghz		22		dBm
Input Third Order Intercept PointREF State(Two-Tone Input Power= 0 dBm Each Tone)All Other States	1.0 - 13.0 Ghz		46 32		dBm dBm
Switching Characteristics	DC - 13.0 GHz				
tRISE, tFALL (10/90% RF) tON/tOFF (50% CTL to 10/90% RF)			30 50		ns ns

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Insertion Loss

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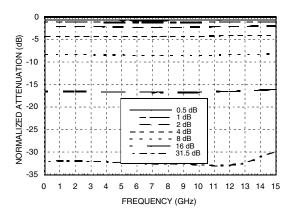
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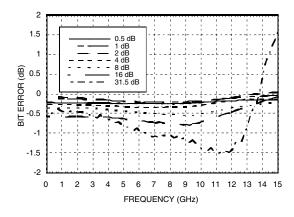
0 -1 -2 (qB) -3 -4 **INSERTION LOSS** -5 -6 -7 +25 C +85 C -55 C -8 -9 -10 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 FREQUENCY (GHz)

Normalized Attenuation

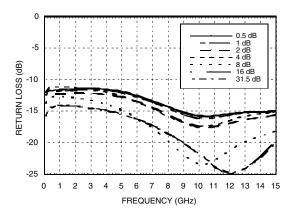
(Only Major States are Shown)



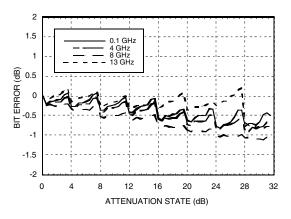
Bit Error vs. Frequency (Only Major States are Shown)



Return Loss RF1, RF2 (Only Major States are Shown)

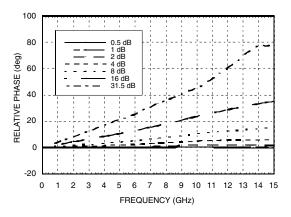


Bit Error vs. Attenuation State



Relative Phase vs. Frequency

(Only Major States are Shown)



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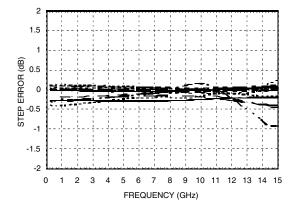


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Worst Case Step Error Between Successive Attenuation States

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Truth Table

Control Voltage Input				Attenuation		
V1 16 dB	V2 8 dB	V3 4 dB	V4 2 dB	V5 1 dB	V6 0.5 dB	State RF1 - RF2
Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Reference I.L.
Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	0.5 dB
Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	1 dB
Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	2 dB
Low	Low	High	Low	Low	Low	4 dB
Low	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	8 dB
High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	16 dB
High	High	High	High	High	High	31.5 dB
Any Combination of the above states will provide						

Any Combination of the above states will provide an attenuation approximately equal to the sum of the bits selected.

Bias Voltage & Current

Vee Range= -5.0 Vdc ± 10%				
Vee lee (Typ.) (Vdc) (mA)		lee (Max.) (mA)		
-5.0	2	4		

Control Voltage

State	Bias Condition
Low	0 to -3V @ 70 µA Typ.
High	-5 to -4.2V @ 5 µА Тур.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

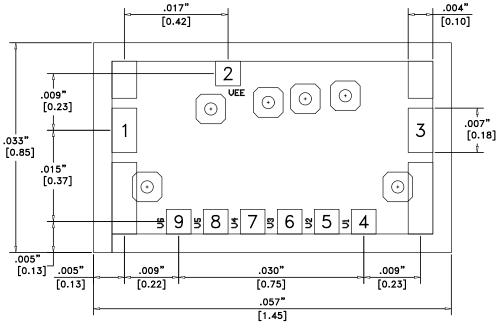
Control Voltage (V1 to V6)	Vee - 0.5 Vdc
Bias Voltage (Vee)	-7.0 Vdc
Channel Temperature	150 °C
Thermal Resistance	140 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to + 150 °C
Operating Temperature	-55 to +85 °C
RF Input Power (0.5 - 13.0 GHz)	+25 dBm



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Outline Drawing



- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS).
- 2. TYPICAL BOND PAD IS .004" SQUARE.
- 3. TYPICAL BOND PAD SPACING IS .006" CENTER TO CENTER EXCEPT AS NOTED.
- 4. BACKSIDE METALIZATION: GOLD 5. BACKSIDE METAL IS GROUND

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6. BOND PAD METALIZATION: GOLD

Pad Descriptions

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
	GND	Die bottom must be connected to RF ground.	
1, 3	RF1, RF2	This pad is DC coupled and matched to 50 Ohm. Blocking capaci- tors are required if RF line potential is not equal to 0V.	
2	VEE	Supply Voltage -5V \pm 10%	О ЗрF 2К
4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	V1 - V6	See truth table and control voltage table.	о Vee

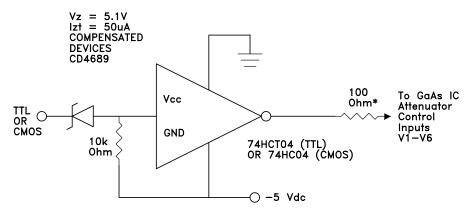
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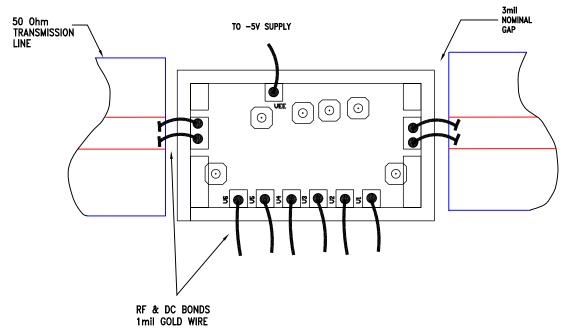
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Suggested Driver Circuit (One Circuit Required Per Bit Control Input)



Simple driver using inexpensive standard logic ICs provides fast switching using minimum DC current. * Recommended value to suppress unwanted RF signals at V1 - V6 control lines.

Assembly Diagram



Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

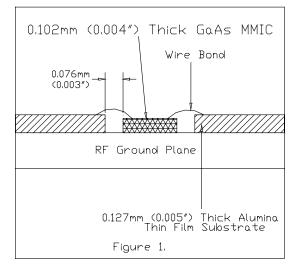
50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

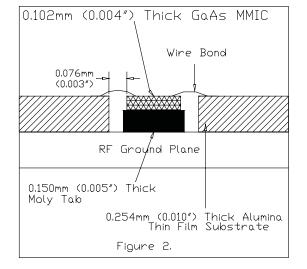
Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-tosubstrate spacing is 0.076mm to 0.152 mm (3 to 6 mils).



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Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

Cleanliness:

Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity:

Follow ESD precautions to protect against > \pm 250V ESD strikes.

Transients:

Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

General Handling:

Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.

Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Eutectic Die Attach:

A 80/20 gold tin preform is recommended with a work surface temperature of 255 deg. C and a tool temperature of 265 deg. C. When hot 90/10 nitrogen/hydrogen gas is applied, tool tip temperature should be 290 deg. C. DO NOT expose the chip to a temperature greater than 320 deg. C for more than 20 seconds. No more than 3 seconds of scrubbing should be required for attachment.

Epoxy Die Attach:

Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bonding

Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 deg. C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds.

Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).

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