Approved by（Production Div．）



Checked by（ACI Engineering Div．）


| NO． | ITEM | PAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | Contents | 1 |
| 1 | Application | 2 |
| 2 | Features | 2 |
| 3 | Mechanical Specifications | 2 |
| 4 | Mechanical Drawing of TFT－LCD module | 3 |
| 5 | Input／Output Terminals | 4 |
| 6 | Absolute Maximum Ratings | 6 |
| 7 | Electrical Characteristics | 6 |
| 8 | Power On Sequence | 12 |
| 9 | Optical Characteristics | 13 |
| 10 | Handling Cautions | 16 |
| 11 | Reliability Test | 17 |
| 12 | Indication of Label | 17 |
| 13 | Block Diagram | 18 |
| 14 | Standard | 19 |
| 15 | Packing | 24 |
| - | Revision History | 25 |

## 1.Application

This data sheet applies to a color TFT LCD module, T-51410D104J-FW-P-AC.
T-51410D104J-FW-P-AC module applies to notebook PC, sub-note-book PC and other OA product, which require high quality flat panel display. This module is not designed for aerospace, avionics, medical, F/A, transportation, car or any other products, which require extreme level of reliability.
Prime View assume no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device which dose not comply with the instructions and the precautions in these specification sheet.
2. Features
. Amorphous silicon TFT LCD panel with back-light unit
. Pixel in stripe configuration
. Slim and compact, designed for O/A application
. Display Colors:262,144 colors
. Optimum Viewing Direction:6 o'clock
. 3.3V LVDS interface standard: DS90CF364 as receiver
. +3.3V DC supply voltage for TFT LCD panel driving
. Backlight driving DC/AC inverter not included in this module
.Long Life Lamp
3.Mechanical Specifications

| Parameter | Specifications | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Screen Size | 26.4 (diagonal) | cm |
|  | 10.4 (diagonal) | inch |
| Display Format | $800 \times(\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{B}) \times 600$ | dot |
| Display Colors | 262,144 | mm |
| Active Area | $211.2(\mathrm{H}) \times 158.4(\mathrm{~V})$ | mm |
| Pixel Pitch | $0.264(\mathrm{H}) \times 0.264(\mathrm{~V})$ |  |
| Pixel Configuration | Stripe | mm |
| Outline Dimension | $238.6(\mathrm{w}) \times 171.0(\mathrm{H}) \times 6.0($ typ. $)(\mathrm{D})$ | g |
| Weight | $310($ typ. $), 320($ max. $)$ |  |
| Back-light | Single CCFL, side-light type |  |
| Surface treatment | Anti-glare and hard-coating |  |
| Display mode | Normally white |  |

## 4.Mechanical Drawing of TFT-LCD Module



## 5. Input Terminals

5-1) TFT-LCD Panel Driving
Connector type: Molex 55177-1491

| Pin No. | Symbol |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | VDD | Power supply : +3.3V |  |
| 2 | VDD | Power supply : +3.3V |  |
| 3 | GND |  |  |
| 4 | GND |  |  |
| 5 | IN0- | Pixel data Transmission pair 0 (negative - ) |  |
| 6 | IN0 + | Pixel data Transmission pair 0 (positive + ) |  |
| 7 | IN1- | Pixel data Transmission pair 1 (negative - ) |  |
| 8 | IN1+ | Pixel data Transmission pair 1 (positive + ) |  |
| 9 | IN2- | Pixel data Transmission pair 2 (negative - ) |  |
| 10 | IN2+ | Pixel data Transmission pair 2 (positive + ) |  |
| 11 | CLK- | Sampling Clock (negative -) |  |
| 12 | CLK + | Sampling Clock (positive + ) |  |
| 13 | GND |  |  |
| 14 | GND |  |  |

Recommended Transmitter (DS90C*363 of National Semiconductor) to T-51410D104J-FW-P-AC interface Assignment:

| Input terminal of DS$90 C * 363$ |  |  | Graphic controller output signal | Output signal symbol | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { To T-51410D104J- } \\ \text { FW-P-AC } \\ \text { Interface } \\ \text { terminal(Symbol) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | No. | Symbol | Function |  |  |
| TIN0 | 44 | R0 | Red pixel data (LSB) |  |  |
| TIN1 | 45 | R1 | Red pixel data |  |  |
| TIN2 | 47 | R2 | Red pixel data | t0- | No. 5 : INO- |
| TIN3 | 48 | R3 | Red pixel data |  |  |
| TIN4 | 1 | R4 | Red pixel data | Tout0+ | No. 6 : INO+ |
| TIN5 | 3 | R5 | Red pixel data(MSB) |  |  |
| TIN6 | 4 | G0 | Green pixel data (LSB) |  |  |
| TIN7 | 6 | G1 | Green pixel data |  |  |
| TIN8 | 7 | G2 | Green pixel data |  |  |
| TIN9 | 9 | G3 | Green pixel data | t1- | -No. 7 : IN1- |
| TIN10 | 10 | G4 | Green pixel data |  |  |
| TIN11 | 12 | G5 | Green pixel data(MSB) | out1+ | No. $8: 1 \mathrm{~N} 1+$ |
| TIN12 | 13 | B0 | Blue pixel data(LSB) |  |  |
| TIN13 | 15 | B1 | Blue pixel data |  |  |
| TIN14 | 16 | B2 | Blue pixel data |  |  |
| TIN15 | 18 | B3 | Blue pixel data |  |  |
| TIN16 | 19 | B4 | Blue pixel data | Tout2- | -No. 9 : IN2- |
| TIN17 | 20 | B5 | Blue pixel data(MSB) |  |  |
| TIN18 | 22 | NC | No connection | Tout2+ | N0.10: $\mathrm{IN} 2+$ |
| TIN19 | 23 | NC | No connection |  |  |
| TIN20 | 25 | ENAB | Compound Synchronization signal |  |  |
| CLK in | 26 | NCLK | Data sampling clock | TCLK outTCLK out+ | No. 11 : CLK INNo. 12 : CLK IN+ |

Data stream of INO-/+, IN1-/+ and IN2-/+ for T-51410D104J-FW-P-AC


ENAB
NC
B5
B4
B3
B2

LVDS Interface Block Diagram


5-2) Backlight driving
Connector type : "BHR-02VS-1" of Japan Solderless Terminal MFG Co. LTD

| PIN NO. | Symbol | Description | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | VL1 | Input Voltage(High) |  |
| 2 | VL2 | Input Voltage(Low) |  |

## 6.Absolute Maximum Ratings:

$\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameters | Symbol | MIN. | MAX. | Unit | Remark |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | VDD | -0.3 | +4.0 | V |  |
| Input Signals Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | -0.3 | $\mathrm{VDD}+0.3$ | V | Note 6-1 |
| Backlight Driving Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 2000 | V |  |
| Backlight Driving Frequency | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | 0 | 100 | KHz |  |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{ST}}$ | -20 | +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Note 6-2 |
| Operating Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{OP}}$ | 0 | +60 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

Note 6-1: LVDS signal
Note 6-2: Humidity : $90 \%$ RH Max. at $\mathrm{Ta} \leq 40$ Maximum wet-bulb temperature is at 39 ,or less at $\mathrm{Ta}>40$, and no condensation.

## 7.Electrical Characteristics

7-1) Recommended Operating Conditions:

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | VDD | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |  |
| Current Dissipation | ID | - | 350 | 450 | mA | Note 7-1 |
| LVDS Differential input high threshold | VTH | - | - | 100 | mV | Note 7-2 |
| LVDS Differential input low threshold | VTL | -100 | - | - |  |  |
| Lamp Current | IFL | 3.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | mA | $5 \mathrm{~mA}: 160 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m} 2$ <br> Note 7-3 <br> Note 7-5 |
| Lamp Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | 500 | 550 | 600 | Vrms | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{FL}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ Note 7-3 |
| Lamp Initial Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SFL }}$ | - | 1200 | - | Vrms | at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | 1000 |  |  |  | at $\mathrm{Ta}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Lamp Driving Frequency | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | - | 45 | - | KHz |  |
| Total power consumption (at $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{FL}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |  | -- | 3.91 | - | W | Note 7-4 |

Note 7-1: To test the current dissipation of VDD, using the "color bars" testing pattern shown as below.


Idd current dissipation testing pattern

Note 7-2: Please refers to DS90CF364 specification by National Semiconductor Corporation. This LCD module conforms to LVDS standard.
Note 7-3: The back-light driving waveform should be as closed to sine-wave as possible. In order to satisfy the quality of B/L, no matter use what kind of inverter , the output lamp current must between Min. and Max. to avoid the abnormal display imagecaused by B/L.

Note 7-4: Not including the efficiency of backlight DC/AC inverter
Note 7-5: Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below


Yokogawa 2016-01
Lamp current dissipation testing configuration
7-2) Input / Output signal timing chart
(A) Vertical Timing

(B) Horizontal Timing



Duty (, b): 50 $\pm 10 \%$
D) Timing Specifications

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frame Cycling | t 1 | $604 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | $628 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | $660 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | - |  |
|  |  | - | 16.58 | 17.86 | ms |  |
| Vertical Display Period | t 2 | $600 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | $600 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | $600 \times \mathrm{t} 3$ | - |  |
| Horizontal Scanning Time | t 3 | $844 \times \mathrm{t} 5$ | $1056 \times \mathrm{t} 5$ | $1064 \times \mathrm{t} 5$ | - |  |
|  |  | 26.3 | 26.4 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Horizontal Display Period | t 4 | - | $800 \times \mathrm{t} 5$ | - | - |  |
| Clock Cycle | t 5 | 24.0 | 25.0 | - | ns |  |
| Clock High Level Time | t 6 | 9.0 | - | - | ns |  |
| Clock Low Level Time | t 7 | 9.0 | - | - | ns |  |
| Hold time | t 8 | 4.0 | - | - | ns |  |
| Set-up time | t 9 | 5.0 | - | - | ns |  |

7-3) Display Color and Gray Scale Reference

| Color |  | Input Color Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Red |  |  |  |  |  | Green |  |  |  |  |  |  | Blue |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 |  | G1 | G0 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| Basic Colors | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Red (63) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Green (63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Blue (63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Red | Red (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Red (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Red (02) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Darker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brighter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Red (61) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Red (62) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Red (63) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Green | Green (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Green (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Green (02) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Darker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brighter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Green (61) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  | 00 |  |  |
|  | Green (62) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | Green (63) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blue | Blue (00) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Blue (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Blue (02) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Darker |  | $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ |  |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow \downarrow$ | $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ |  |  |  | $\downarrow$ | - | $\downarrow \downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow \downarrow$ |  |
|  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Brighter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Blue (61) | 0 | 00 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Blue (62) |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Blue (63) | 0 | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

## 7-4) Pixel Arrangement

The LCD module pixel arrangement is the stripe.

8.Power On Sequence


1. The supply voltage for input signals should be same as $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$.
2. When the power is off , please keep whole signals (Hsync, Vsync, CLK, Data) low level or high impedance

## 9. Optical Characteristics

9-1) Specification:
$\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Viewing Angle | Horizontal | $\theta$ | $C R \geq 10$ | $\pm 35$ | $\pm 45$ | - | deg | Note 9-1 |
|  | Vertical | $\theta$ (to 12 <br> o'clock) |  | 10 | 15 | - | deg |  |
|  |  | $\theta$ (to 6 o'clock) |  | 25 | 40 | - | deg |  |
| Contrast Ratio |  | CR | Optimum direction | 100 | 180 | - | - | Note 9-2 |
| Response time | Rise | Tr | $\theta=0^{\circ}$ | - | 15 | 50 | ms | Note 9-4 |
|  | Fall | Tf | $\varphi=0^{\circ}$ | - | 25 | 50 | ms |  |
| Luminance Luminance Uniformity |  | L | $\theta=0^{\circ} / \varphi=0^{\circ}$ | 130 | 160 | - | $\mathrm{cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{IFL}_{\text {L }}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$, Note 9-3 |
|  |  | U |  | 55 | 80 | - | \% | Note 9-5 |
| White Chromaticity |  | x |  | 0.260 | 0.310 | 0.360 | - |  |
|  |  | y |  | 0.290 | 0.340 | 0.390 | - |  |
|  |  | Tc |  | 6400 | 6600 | 6800 | K |  |
| Lamp Life Time |  |  |  | 30000 | 40000 | - | hr | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Cross Talk Ratio |  | CTK |  | - | - | 3.5 | \% | Note 9-6 |

All the optical measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after backlight being turn-on. The optical characteristics shall be measured in dark room (ambient illumination on panel surface less than 1 Lux). The measuring configuration shows as following figure.


Optical characteristics measuring configuration

Note 9-1': The definitions of viewing angles are as follows.


Note 9-2: The definition of contrast ratio $\mathrm{CR}=\frac{\text { Luminance }}{\text { Luminance }}$| at gray | level | 63 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| at gray | level | 0 |

Note 9-3: Topcon BM-5A luminance meter $2^{\circ}$ field of view is used in the testing (after 30 minutes' operation). The typical luminance value is measured at lamp current 3.0 mA . The max luminance value is measured at lamp current 6.0 mA .

Note 9-4: Definition of Response Time $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{r}}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{f}}$ :


Note 9-5: The uniformity of LCD is defined as
$\mathrm{U}=\frac{\text { The Minimum Brightness of the } 9 \text { testing Points }}{\text { The Maximum Brightness of the } 9 \text { testing Points }}$
Luminance meter : BM-5A or BM-7 fast(TOPCON)
Measurement distance : $500 \mathrm{~mm}+/-50 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ambient illumination : < 1 Lux
Measuring direction : Perpendicular to the surface of module

The test pattern is white (Gray Level 63).


Note 8-6: Cross Talk (CTK) $=\frac{|\mathrm{YA}-\mathrm{YB}|}{\mathrm{YA}} \times 100 \%$
YA: Brightness of Pattern A
YB: Brightness of Pattern B
Luminance meter: BM 5A (TOPCON)
Measurement distance: $500 \mathrm{~mm}+/-50 \mathrm{~mm}$
Ambient illumination: < 1 Lux
Measuring direction: Perpendicular to the surface of module

## Pattern A

(Gray Level 31)


Pattern B
(Gray Level 31, central black box exclusive)

$\mathbf{X}$ : Measuring Point ( $A$ and $B$ are at the same point.)
(Gray Level 0)
10. Handling Cautions

10-1) Mounting of module
a) Please power off the module when you connect the input/output connector.
b) Please connect the ground pattern of the inverter circuit surely. If the connection is not perfect, some following problems may happen possibly.
1.The noise from the backlight unit will increase.
2. The output from inverter circuit will be unstable.
3.In some cases a part of module will heat.
c) Polarizer which is made of soft material and susceptible to flaw must be handled carefully.
d) Protective film (Laminator) is applied on surface to protect it against scratches and dirts. It is recommended to peel off the laminator before use and taking care of static electricity.
10-2) Precautions in mounting
a) When metal part of the TFT-LCD module (shielding lid and rear case) is soiled, wipe it with soft dry cloth.
b) Wipe off water drops or finger grease immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
c) TFT-LCD module uses glass which breaks or cracks easily if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Please handle with care.
d) Since CMOS LSI is used in the module. So take care of static electricity and earth yourself when handling.
10-3) Adjusting module
a) Adjusting volumes on the rear face of the module have been set optimally before shipment.
b) Therefore, do not change any adjusted values. If adjusted values are changed, the specifications described may not be satisfied.
10-4) Others
a) Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or intensive ultraviolet rays for many hours.
b) Store the module at a room temperature place.
c) The voltage of beginning electric discharge may over the normal voltage because of leakage current from approach conductor by to draw lump read lead line around.
d) If LCD panel breaks, it is possibly that the liquid crystal escapes from the panel. Avoid putting it into eyes or mouth. When liquid crystal sticks on hands, clothes or feet. Wash it out immediately with soap.
e) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.
f) Please adjust the voltage of common electrode as material of attachment by 1 module.
11. Reliability Test

| No | Test Item | Test Condition | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | High Temperature Storage Test | $\mathrm{Ta}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 240 \mathrm{hrs}$ |  |
| 2 | Low Temperature Storage Test | $\mathrm{Ta}=-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 240 \mathrm{hrs}$ |  |
| 3 | Low Temperature Operation Test | $\mathrm{Ta}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 240 \mathrm{hrs}$ |  |
| 4 | High Temperature \& High Humidity Operation Test | $\mathrm{Ta}=+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 80 \% \mathrm{RH}, 240 \mathrm{hrs}$ (No Condensation) |  |
| 5 | Thermal Cycling Test (non-operating) | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leftarrow \rightarrow+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leftarrow \rightarrow+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \text { Cycles }$ <br> $1 \mathrm{Hr} \quad 0.5 \mathrm{Hr} \quad 1 \mathrm{Hr}$ |  |
| 6 | Vibration Test (non-operating) | Frequency: $10 \sim 57 \mathrm{~Hz}_{\mathrm{z}}$, Amplitude: 0.15 mm $58 \sim 500 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{G}$ <br> Sweep time: 11 min <br> Test Period: 3 hrs(1 hr for each direction of $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, Z) |  |
| 7 | Shock Test (non-operating) | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \mathrm{G}, 6 \mathrm{~ms}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z} \\ & 1 \text { times for each direction } \end{aligned}$ |  |

Ta: ambient temperature
[Judgement Criteria]
Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, there should be no change which may affect practical display function.
12. Indication of Label
a) Indicated contents of the label


Contents of lot number : 1st—Process area : class $1000 \Rightarrow \mathrm{H}$ class $100 \mathrm{~K} \Rightarrow \mathrm{M}$
2nd $\sim 3$ rd—Module screen size(in inch) : 1.8" $\Rightarrow 18,2.5 " \Rightarrow 25 \ldots .$.
5th—Production year : $1999 \Rightarrow 9,2000 \Rightarrow A, 2001 \Rightarrow 1 \ldots \ldots$.
6th—Production month : 1, 2, 3,...9, A, B, C
7th~10th—Serial numbers: 0001~9999
b) Indicated contents of the Product number label


Production Country
The Module Manufacture Location

| T-51410D104J-FW-P-AC (AC) No. 2002-0203 | OPTREX CORPORATION | Page 17/25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

13. Block Diagram


## 14. Standard

14-1) Inspection condition
Viewing Angle (Major axis x)
$\theta<45^{\circ}$ inspection under non-operating condition $\theta<5^{\circ}$ inspection under operating condition


14-2) Environment condition
-Ambient Temperature: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
-Ambient Humidity: 65さ5\%RH
-Ambient Luminance: 20 watts fluorescent lamp (about 500 lux)

14-3) Sampling condition
Unless otherwise agreed in written, the sampling inspection shall be applied to the incoming inspection of customer.
-Lot size: Quantity of shipment lot per model.
-Sampling type: Normal inspection, single sampling
-Sampling Level: Level II
-Sampling table: ISO 2859 (Also known as MIL-STD-105E).

14-4) Acceptance Quality Level (AQL)
The AQL for major and minor defects is defined as follows:
-Major defect: 0.65\%
-Minor defect: 1.5\%

14-5) Classification of defects
Defects and classified as either a major or minor defect defined as bellows:
-Major defect:
It is a defect that is likely to result in failure or to reduce materially the usability of the product for the intended function.
-Minor defect:

It is a defect that will not result in functioning problem with deviation classified.

14-6) Inspection Instrument:
-DC Power supply: DC 12V
-Luminance color meter: Topcon BM -7
$\bullet$-Others: Micrometer, Microscope, and Caliper.

14-7) Cosmetic Specification

| Item |  | Specification/Description |  |  | Classification | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display <br> Inspection <br> (operating) | Display function | No Display Malfunction |  |  | Major |  |
|  | Flickering | Visible at display area |  |  | Minor |  |
|  | Contrast ratio (Black, White) | Does not meet specified range in the spec. |  |  | Major |  |
|  | Line defect | Vertical and Horizontal <br> Line defect in bright, dark |  |  | Major |  |
|  | Point defect <br> (Red, Green, Blue, <br> Dark) | Item | Number | Total | Minor | 1 |
|  |  | Bright <br> (Green) | $$ | 12 |  |  |
|  | Image retention | After displaying fixed pattern for 30 minutes, the afterimage is visible after 10 seconds. |  |  | Minor |  |
|  | Non-uniformity | Visible through 2 \% ND Filter. |  |  | Minor |  |
| External Inspection (non-operating) | Dimension | Outline |  |  | Major |  |
|  | Bezel appearance | Out of mechanical spec regarding bending area. |  |  | Minor |  |
|  | Scratch on the polarizer | $\begin{aligned} & N=5 \max (W \leq 0.1 \text { or } L \leq 10) \\ & N=0(W>0.1 \text { or } L>10) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Minor | 2 |
|  | Dent or Bubble on the polarizer ( in available viewing area) | $\begin{aligned} & N=5 \max (W \leq 0.5 \text { and } L \leq 10) \\ & N=0(W>0.5 \text { or } L>1.0) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Minor | 2 |
|  | Foreign material on polarizer | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{W}>1 / 4 \mathrm{~L}) \\ & \mathrm{N}=4 \max (0.1 \mathrm{~L}<\mathrm{D} \leq 0.4) \\ & \mathrm{N} \text { disregard } \\ & (\mathrm{W} \leq 1 / 4 \mathrm{~L}) \\ & \mathrm{N}=4 \max (0.03<\mathrm{W} \leq 0.10 \\ & \text { and } 0.3<\mathrm{L} \leq 2.1) \\ & \mathrm{N}=0(\mathrm{~W}>0.1 \text { orL }>2.1) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Minor | 3 |
|  | Plastic frame | Break or modification |  |  | Minor | 2 |
|  | Wrinkle on polarizer | Serious wrinkle is not allowed |  |  |  |  |


| Cable | The metal wire is exposed | Minor | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector <br> (signal input) | Break | Major |  |

(W-Width in mm, L-Length in mm, N-Number, D-Average Diameter in mm, ) Remark: Major: Defect that is likely to result in failure or to reduce materially the usability of the product for the intended function.
Minor: Defect that will not result in functioning problem with deviation as classified.

Note: 1. (a) Bright point defect is defined as point defect of $R, G, B$ with area $>1 / 2$ pixel Respectively and is not visible by using $5 \%$ ND filter.
(b) Definition of distribution of point defect is as follows:
within 20 mm diameter, it is allowed 4 dark points or 3 bright and dark points max.
(c) Definition of joined bright point defect is as follows:
-Three joined bright point must be nil.
-Joined bright point is 3 pairs maximum.
(d) Definition of joined dark point defect is as follows:
-Three jointed dark point must be nil.
-Coupling of one dark and one bright point in junction is counted as one dark and one bright spot.
-Two dark point in junction is counted as one dark point.
Note: 2. The external inspection is conducted at the distance 30 cm minimum between the eyes of inspector and the panel. The inspection area is defined as full screen.
Note: 3. W: Width of foreign material
$L$ : Length of foreign material (Take larger value of $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ )

4A:

15. Packing


## Revision History

| Rev. | Issued Date | Revised Content |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1.0 | Apr. 03, 2002 | New |
| 1.1 | Jun. 03, 2002 | Add <br> Page 18 : Indication of Lot Number Label |

