DS04-29106-2E

ASSP

TIMER

MB4214

LONG PERIOD TIMER

The Fujitsu MB4214 is designed for a long period timer.

It contains oscillator, divider (13 stages of flip-flop), output circuit, power supply circuit and comparator (2-ch).

Arbitrary period is set by external resistor RT, capacitor CT and Vs input voltage.

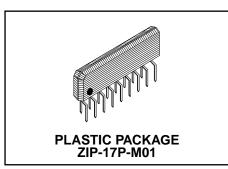
- Time adjustable: 500ms to 100hours
- · Oscillator period is controlled by Vs input voltage
- · Free running oscillation is achieved
- · On-chip low power IIL (Integrated Injection Logic) divider
- On-chip zener diode to keep stability
- On-chip two-pair of comparators
- Timer output level: TTL level (open collector)
- Plastic 17-pin ZIP Package (Suffix: -PSZ)

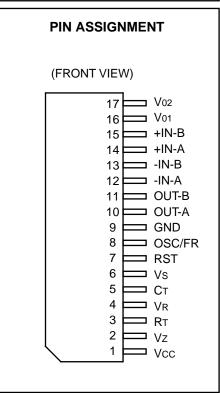
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(See NOTE) (TA=25°C)

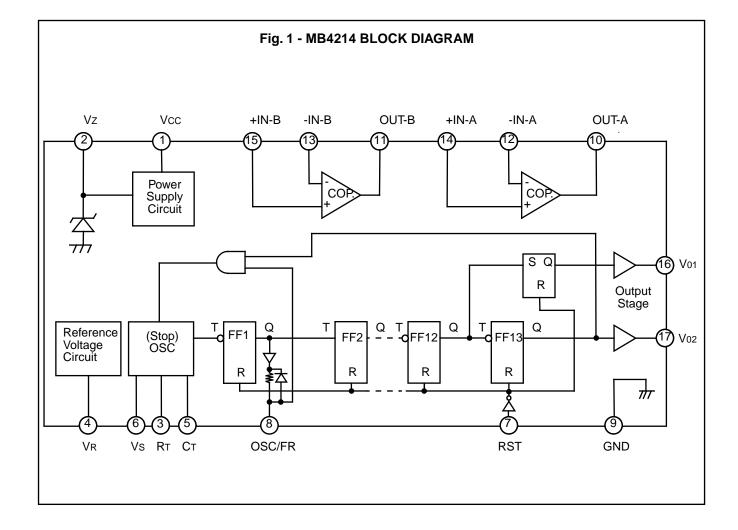
		•		
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	18	V	
Zener Current	IZ	20	mA	
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3 to 18 (VIN≤VCC)	V	
Output Voltage	Vo	18	V	
Power Dissipation	PD	620 (TA≤85°C)	mW	
Operating Temperature	TA	-30 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-55 to +125	°C	

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if the above Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.





This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high mpedance circuit.



■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin No.	Pin Name	
1	Vcc	Power Supply Voltage, 4.5 to 16V
2	Vz	Zener Pin VZ pin outputs zener current 20mA max. Unless it is used as stability power supply source, it should be connected to VCC pin through a resistor about 100kΩ.
3	RT	RT Input Pin This pin is provided to connect the time constant of a resistor which controls the oscillator period.
4	VR	Reference Voltage Output Reference voltage of 3.5V is output. This pin can supply the current up to 3mA.
5	Ст	C⊤ Input pin This pin is provided to connect a capacitor which controls the oscillator period.
6	Vs	Vs Input Voltage Input Voltage to this pin controls the oscillator period.
7	RST	Reset Pin Counter operation is interrupted by the instruction of RST pin input level. All counter is cleared when this pin is connected to GND. Power on reset is achieved by connecting a external capacitor.
8	OSC/FR	Free Running Oscillator Output When this pin is connected to GND, 4096 times as long as normal oscillator frequency is output.
9	GND	Ground
10 11	OUT-A OUT-B	Open Collector outputs
12 13 14 15	-IN-A -IN-B +IN-A +IN-B	Comparator Inputs
16	V01	Timer Output Pin NO. 1 The 2048times as long as fundamental oscillator period is kept.
17	V02	Time Output Pin NO. 2 The 4096 times as long as fundamental oscillator period is kept. Owing to free running oscillation, the 4096 times as long as oscillator frequency is output.

■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

The MB4214 contains reference voltage circuit, oscillator, divider and comparator as shown in Fig. 1. Oscillator frequency is arbitrary controlled by external resistor R_T, capacitor C_T and Vs input voltage.

Divider consists of 13 stages of divider circuit which is constructed by IIL (Intergrated Injection Logic) technique. It expands the oscillator period up to 4096times. About 100hours period is achieved by a small capacitor.

Free Running Oscillation (Long period low frequency) is achieved when OSC/FR pin is connected to GND.

START RESISTOR Rs

Rs is a start resistor which controls zener diode current. Zener current is 20mA max and stability zener voltage 6.2V is generated.

RESET FUNCTION

Counter operation is interrupted by the instruction of reset pin (7pin). All counter is cleared when this pin is connected to GND. Power on reset is available by connecting a external capacitor CRs. Power on reset time tpoR is formulated:

$$tPOR = 3.5 \frac{CRS}{IRS}$$
 (s)

OSCILLATOR PERIOD

Two kinds of oscillator period selecting ways are provided.

Divide internal reference voltage by external resistor, to be the Vs voltage.

RT pin voltage and reference voltage has the 2:3.5 ratio.

Oscillator period is formulated:

$$tosc = \frac{3.5}{2} RTCT \frac{R^2}{R^1 + R^2}$$
 (s)

Providing Vs voltage in other power supply source.

$$tosc = K \frac{RT CT}{2} Vs (s)$$

Note:

Conversion value K = 1

FREE RUNNING OSCILLATION

Free running oscillation is achieved when OSC/FR pin is connected to GND.

Vo2 pin outputs 4096times as long as fundamental oscillator frequency.

After the voltage is applied or reset is released, Vo2 keeps 2048times as long as fundamental period. When OSC/FR pin is left open, first divider data is output.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5 to 16	V
Timing Resistance	RT	10 to 220	kΩ
Timing Capacitance	Ст	0.001 to 100	μF
Operating Temperature	ТА	-30 to +85	°C

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Comparator Section

(TA=25°C, VCC=12V, Rs=100k Ω)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			I I m i t
			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Offset Voltage	Vio		-	2.0	5.0	mV
Input Offset Current	lıo		-	5	50	nA
Input Bias Current	lı		-250	-25	-	nA
Common-Mode Input Voltage	Vсм		0	-	Vcc-1.5	V
Voltage Gain	Av	RL=15kΩ	25	200	-	V/mV
Output Saturation Voltage	Vol	IoL=10mA	-	0.2	0.4	V
Output Sink Current	Isink	VoL=1.5V	20	-	-	mA
Output Leakage Current	Іон	Vон=18V	-	-	1.0	μΑ
Response Time	tr	RL=5.1k Ω , VRL=5V	-	1.3	-	μΑ
Large Signal Response Time	trl	RL=5.1kΩ, VRL=5V	-	300	-	ns

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

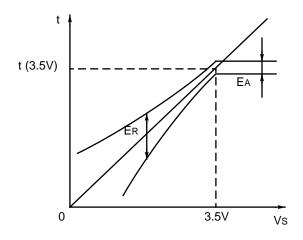
Timer Section

(TA=25°C, VCC=12V, Rs=100k Ω)

Parameter		Symbol Condition	Value			
	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply Current	Icc	Vcc=12V	50.	8.0	12	mA
Zener Voltage	Vz	Iz=0.3 to 5mA	5.7	6.2	6.7	V
Reference Voltage	VR	Vcc=4.5 to 16V, IR=0 to -3m	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
C	VRT	IRT=-200μA	1.88	2.0	2.12	V
Oh anna Ourrant	ICT1	IRT=-10μA	-11	-10	-9	μΑ
Charge Current	ICT2	IRT=-200μA	-220	-200	-180	μΑ
Maximum Oscillation Frequency	fMAX		10	100	-	kHz
Reset Input Threshould Voltage	VIL		1.1	1.4	1.7	V
	VIH		3.2	3.5	3.8	V
Reset Charge Current	IRS	VRS=0V	-160	-100	-60	μΑ
OSC/FR Output Voltage	Vol		1.1	1.4	1.7	V
	Voн		3.7	4.2	4.7	V
Stop Input Current	list	VsT=0.4V	-200	-100	-	μΑ
Output Saturation Voltage	Vol	IOL=10mA	-	0.2	0.4	V
Output Sink Current	Isink	VoL=1.5V	20	-	-	mA
Output Leakage Current	Іон	VoH=18V	-	-	1.0	μΑ
Vs Input Current	lis	Vs=0.4V	-5	-1	-	μΑ
Vs Input Voltage	Vins		0.1	-	Vcc-2	V
V⊤ Setting Error	EA	CT=0.01μF, RT=100kΩ, VS=VR	-10	-	10	%
Linearity Error	ER	CT=0.01 μ F, RT=100 $k\Omega$,	-2.5	-	2.5	%



ER
$$\frac{t (0.1V) -t (3.5V)/35}{t (3.5V)}$$
 x 100 (%)



OSCILLATOR PERIOD

1. tosc
$$= K \cdot \frac{RT \ CT}{2} \cdot VS \ (s)$$

2. tosc
$$=$$
 $\frac{3.5}{2}$ RT CT $\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$ (s)

Note: Divide internal reference voltage VR by external resistor, to be the Vs Voltage.

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

TIMER SECTION

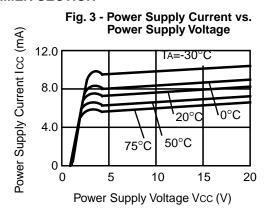


Fig. 5 - Reference Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

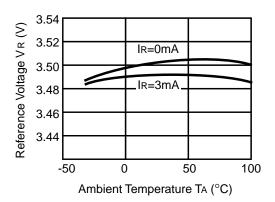


Fig. 7 - Oscillator Period vs. R_T Resistor

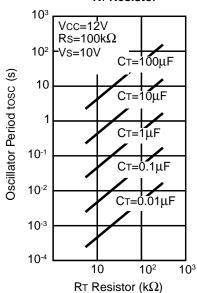


Fig. 4 - Zener Current vs. Zener Voltage

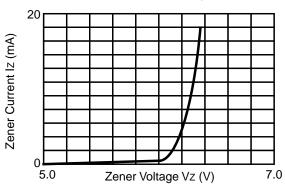


Fig. 6 - Oscillator Period vs. Vs Voltage

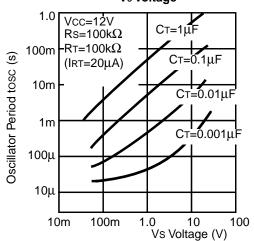
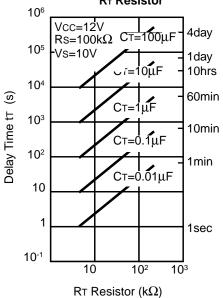
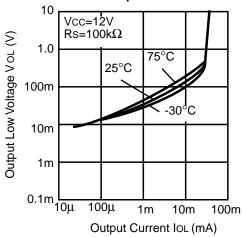


Fig. 8 - Delay Time vs. R_T Resistor



TIMER SECTION (continued)

Fig. 9 - Output Low Voltage vs. Output Current



COMPARATOR SECTION

Fig. 10 - Input Voltage/Output Voltage vs. Time

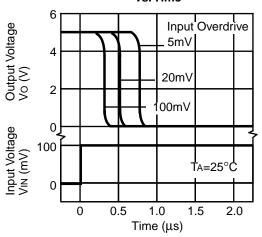


Fig. 12 - Input Voltage/Output Voltage vs. Time

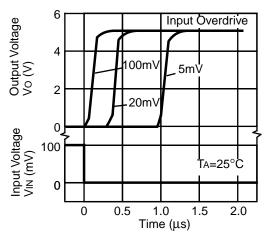
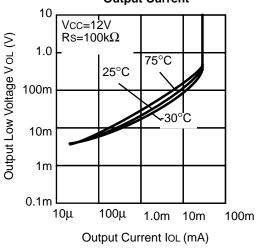


Fig. 11 - Output Low Voltage vs.
Output Current



■ APPLICATION EXAMPLES





Start timing: Rising edge of reset signal Stop timing: Rising edge of Vo1 output

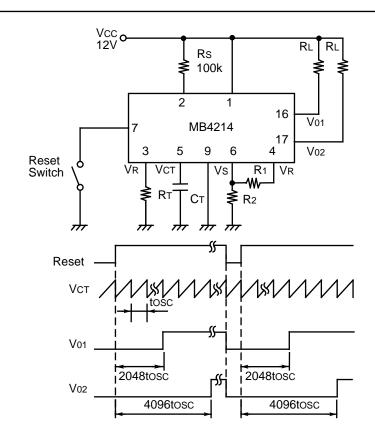
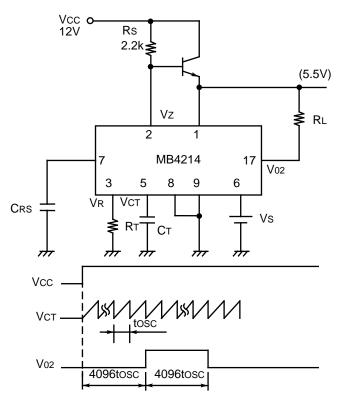
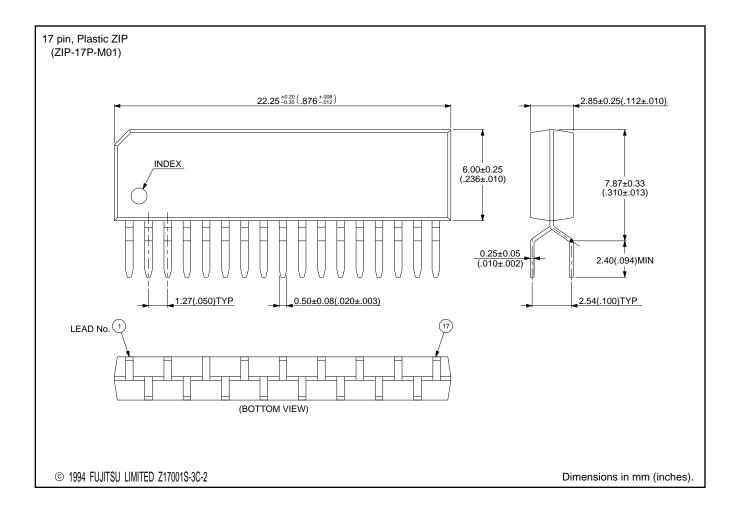


Fig. 14 - Super Low FrequencyOscillator

tosc = K
$$\cdot \frac{RT \cdot CT}{2} \cdot Vs$$
 [s]
tpor = 3.5. $\frac{CRS}{IRS}$ [s]



■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



FUJITSU LIMITED

For further information please contact:

Japan

FUJITSU LIMITED Corporate Global Business Support Division Electronic Devices KAWASAKI PLANT, 4-1-1, Kamikodanaka Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi Kanagawa 211-88, Japan

Tel: (044) 754-3763 Fax: (044) 754-3329

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS, INC. Semiconductor Division 3545 North First Street San Jose, CA 95134-1804, U.S.A. Tel: (408) 922-9000

Fax: (408) 432-9044/9045

Europe

FUJITSU MIKROELEKTRONIK GmbH Am Siebenstein 6-10 63303 Dreieich-Buchschlag Germany

Tel: (06103) 690-0 Fax: (06103) 690-122

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE. LIMITED #05-08, 151 Lorong Chuan New Tech Park

Singapore 556741 Tel: (65) 281-0770 Fax: (65) 281-0220

All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. Customers are advised to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before ordering.

The information and circuit diagrams in this document presented as examples of semiconductor device applications, and are not intended to be incorporated in devices for actual use. Also, FUJITSU is unable to assume responsibility for infringement of any patent rights or other rights of third parties arising from the use of this information or circuit diagrams.

FUJITSU semiconductor devices are intended for use in standard applications (computers, office automation and other office equipment, industrial, communications, and measurement equipment, personal or household devices, etc.).

CAUTION:

Customers considering the use of our products in special applications where failure or abnormal operation may directly affect human lives or cause physical injury or property damage, or where extremely high levels of reliability are demanded (such as aerospace systems, atomic energy controls, sea floor repeaters, vehicle operating controls, medical devices for life support, etc.) are requested to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before such use. The company will not be responsible for damages arising from such use without prior approval.

Any semiconductor devices have inherently a certain rate of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

If any products described in this document represent goods or technologies subject to certain restrictions on export under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan, the prior authorization by Japanese government should be required for export of those products from Japan.

F9703

© FUJITSU LIMITED Printed in Japan