

Semicustom

CMOS

Standard cell array

CS91 Series

■ DESCRIPTION

The CS91 series 0.11 μm CMOS standard cell is a line of highly integrated CMOS ASICs featuring high speed and low power consumption. This series incorporates up to 48 million gates which have a gate delay time of 16 ps, resulting in both integration and speed about three times higher than conventional products.

■ FEATURES

- Technology : 0.11 μm silicon-gate CMOS, 5- to 8-layer wiring (Copper is used as wire material.) , Low-K (2.7) Inter-layer material (Inter-layer material that has low permittivity)
- Support for high speed, high integration, low leak internal cell set. Capable of incorporating on the same chip.
- Supply voltage : +1.2 V \pm 0.1 V (standard specification)
- Junction temperature range : $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Gate delay time : $t_{pd} = 16\text{ ps}$ (1.2 V, inverter, F/O = 1)
- Gate power consumption : $P_d = 6.6\text{ nW/MHz/BC}$ (1.2 V, inverter, F/O = 1)
- Support for ultra high speed (622 Mbps to 780 Mbps, 2.5 Gbps to 3.125 Gbps, 10 Gbps) interface macros for transmission
- Special interfaces : P-CML, LVDS, PCI, SSTL-2, GTL, TLVTTL, and others.)
- Buffer cell dedicated to crystal oscillator
- IP macros : CPU (ARM9, ARM7TDMI) , DSP, PCI, IEEE1394, USB, IrDA, PLL, ADC, DAC, and others.
- Compiled cells (RAM/ROM/multiplier, and others.)
- Hardware/software co-design environment
- Short-term development using a timing driven layout tool
- Hierarchical design environment for supporting large-scale circuits
- Support for SIGNAL INTEGRITY, EMI noise reduction
- Support for High resolution RC extraction base delay calculation environment
- Support for optimization environment of power supply wire

(Continued)

CS91 Series

(Continued)

- Support for static timing sign off
- Support for memory (RAM) BIST
- Support for boundary SCAN
- Support for LOGIC BIST
- A variety of package options : FC-BGA (2116 pin Max) , EBGA, and others.

Note : Including items under development.

■ MACRO LIBRARY (Including macros being prepared)

1. Logic cells (about 400 types)

- Adder
- AND-OR Inverter
- Clock Buffer
- Latch
- NAND
- AND
- NOR
- SCAN Flip Flop
- ENOR
- AND-OR
- Decoder
- Non-SCAN Flip Flop
- Inverter
- Buffer
- OR-AND Inverter
- OR
- Selector
- EOR
- Others

2. IP macros

CPU/DSP	ARM9, ARM7TDMI, Communications DSP, DSP for AV
Ultra high speed I/F macros	622 Mbps to 780 Mbps, 2.5 Gbps to 3.125 Gbps, 10 Gbps
Interface macro	PCI, IEEE1394, USB, IrDA, etc.
Multimedia processing macros	JPEG, MPEG, etc.
Mixed signal macros	ADC, DAC, OPAMP, etc.
Compiled macros	RAM, ROM, multiplier, adder, multiplier-accumulator, etc.
PLL	Analog PLL, digital PLL

3. Special I/O interface macros

- T-LVTTL
- SSTL
- HSTL
- P-CML
- LVDS
- PCI
- USB

■ COMPILED CELLS (UNDER DEVELOPMENT)

Compiled cells are macro cells which are automatically generated with the bit/word configuration specified. The CS91 series has the following types of compiled cells. (Note that each macro is different in word/bit range depending on the column type.)

1. Clock synchronous single-port RAM (1 address : 1 RW)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
4	32 to 144 K	16 to 1 K	2 to 144	bit
16	2176 to 288 K	1088 to 8 K	2 to 36	bit

2. Clock synchronous dual-port RAM (2 addresses : 1 RW, 1 R)

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
4	32 to 144 K	16 to 1 K	2 to 144	bit
16	128 to 144 K	64 to 4 K	2 to 36	bit
—	Up to 288 K	—	—	bit

3. Clock synchronous ROM

Column type	Memory capacity	Word range	Bit range	Unit
16	256 to 512 K	128 to 4 K	2 to 128	bit
64	1024 to 512 K	512 to 16 K	2 to 32	bit

■ HIGH-CAPACITY MEMORY

• Clock synchronous single port RAM (1 address : 1 RW)

Memory capacity	Unit
Up to 4 M	bit

CS91 Series

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Application	Rating		Unit
			Min	Max	
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	V_{DDI} (Internal)	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	1.8	V
		V_{DDE} (External 2.5 V)	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	3.6	V
		V_{DDE} (External 3.3 V)	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	4.0	V
Input voltage ^{*1}	V_I	1.2 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDI} + 0.5$ ($\leq 1.8\text{ V}$)	V
		2.5 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDE} + 0.5$ ($\leq 3.6\text{ V}$)	V
		3.3 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDE} + 0.5$ ($\leq 4.0\text{ V}$)	V
Output voltage	V_O	1.2 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDI} + 0.5$ ($\leq 1.8\text{ V}$)	V
		2.5 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDE} + 0.5$ ($\leq 3.6\text{ V}$)	V
		3.3 V	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	$V_{DDE} + 0.5$ ($\leq 4.0\text{ V}$)	V
Storage temperature	T_{ST}	Plastic package	-55	+125	°C
Power-supply pin current ^{*2}	I_D	Per V_{DDI}/V_{DDE} pin	—	—	mA
		Per V_{SS} pin	—	—	mA
Output current ^{*3}	I_O	L type simultaneous switching noise : minimum, delay : long	—	—	mA
		M type simultaneous switching noise : small, delay : middle	—	—	mA
		H type simultaneous switching noise : middle, delay : short	—	—	mA

*1 : Values are determined separately for LVDS, etc.

*2 : Maximum supply current which can be supplied constantly.

*3 : Maximum output current which can be supplied constantly.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (PROVISIONAL SPEC)

- Single power supply ($V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
"H" level input voltage	V_{IH}	$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	—	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
"L" level input voltage	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	$V_{DD} \times 0.3$	V
Junction temperature	T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply voltage	3.3 V supply voltage	V_{DDE}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
	1.2 V supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
"H" level input voltage	3.3 V CMOS level	V_{IH}	2.0	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	V
	1.2 V CMOS level		$V_{DDI} \times 0.7$	—	$V_{DDI} + 0.3$	V
"L" level input voltage	3.3 V CMOS level	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	+0.8	V
	1.2 V CMOS level		-0.3	—	$V_{DDI} \times 0.3$	V
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

- Dual power supply ($V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$)

($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply voltage	2.5 V supply voltage	V_{DDE}	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
	1.2 V supply voltage	V_{DDI}	1.1	1.2	1.3	V
"H" level input voltage	2.5 V CMOS level	V_{IH}	1.7	—	$V_{DDE} + 0.3$	V
	1.2 V CMOS level		$V_{DDI} \times 0.7$	—	$V_{DDI} + 0.3$	V
"L" level input voltage	2.5 V CMOS level	V_{IL}	-0.3	—	+0.7	V
	1.2 V CMOS level		-0.3	—	$V_{DDI} \times 0.3$	V
Junction temperature		T_j	-40	—	+125	°C

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

CS91 Series

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (PROVISIONAL SPEC)

- Single power supply : $V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

($V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply current* ¹ , * ²	I_{DDs}	Static state	—	—	—	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	—	V_{DD}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output current	I_{OH}	$V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	V
“L” level output current	I_{OL}	$V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	V
Output short circuit current* ³	I_{OS}	—	—	—	—	mA
Input leakage current* ⁴	I_L	—	—	—	± 10	μA
Pull up/pull down resistance	R_P	Pull up : $V_{IL} = 0$ Pull down : $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	—	12	—	k Ω

*1 : When the memory macro is in standby mode and analog macro is in power-down mode. At both case, conditions are $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ and $T_j = +25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.

*2 : The values may not be guaranteed when input/output buffers with pull-up/pull-down resistor or crystal oscillator buffers are used.

*3 : The maximum current which flows when the output pin is shorted to V_{DD} or V_{SS} . Keep the output short-circuit current below the maximum rating.

*4 : The input leakage current may exceed the above value when the input buffer with pull-up/pull-down resistor is used.

- Dual power supply : $V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

($V_{DDE} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply current ^{*1, *2}	I_{DD5}	Static state	—	—	—	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH4}	$I_{OH} = -100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDE} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDE}	V
	V_{OH2}	$I_{OH} = -100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDI}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL4}	$I_{OL} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
	V_{OL2}	$I_{OL} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output current	I_{OH}	$V_{OH} = V_{DDE} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	mA
“L” level output current	I_{OL}	$V_{OL} = 0.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	mA
Output short circuit current ^{*3}	I_{OS}	—	—	—	—	mA
Input leakage current ^{*4}	I_L	—	—	—	± 10	μA
Pull up/pull down resistance	R_P	3.3 V Pull up : $V_I = 0$ Pull down : $V_I = V_{DDE}$	15	33	70	$\text{k}\Omega$
		1.2 V Pull up : $V_I = 0$ Pull down : $V_I = V_{DDI}$	—	12	—	$\text{k}\Omega$

*1 : When the memory macro is in standby mode and analog macro is in power-down mode. At both case, conditions are $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ and $T_j = +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

*2 : The values may not be guaranteed when input/output buffers with pull-up/pull-down resistor or crystal oscillator buffers are used.

*3 : The maximum current which flows when the output pin is shorted to V_{DD} or V_{SS} . Keep the output short-circuit current below the maximum rating.

*4 : The input leakage current may exceed the above value when the input buffer with pull-up/pull-down resistor is used.

CS91 Series

- Dual power supply : $V_{DDE} = +2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = +1.2 \text{ V}$

($V_{DDE} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{DDI} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply current* ^{1, 2}	I_{DD5}	Static state	—	—	—	mA
“H” level output voltage	V_{OH3}	$I_{OH} = -100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDE} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDE}	V
	V_{OH2}	$I_{OH} = -100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDI} - 0.2$	—	V_{DDI}	V
“L” level output voltage	V_{OL3}	$I_{OL} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
	V_{OL2}	$I_{OL} = 100 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$	0	—	0.2	V
“H” level output current	I_{OH}	$V_{OH} = V_{DDE} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	mA
“L” level output current	I_{OL}	$V_{OL} = 0.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	—	mA
Output short circuit current* ³	I_{OS}	—	—	—	—	mA
Input leakage current* ⁴	I_L	—	—	—	± 10	μA
Pull up/pull down resistance	R_P	2.5 V Pull up : $V_I = 0$ Pull down : $V_I = V_{DDE}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		1.2 V Pull up : $V_I = 0$ Pull down : $V_I = V_{DDI}$	—	12	—	$\text{k}\Omega$

*1 : When the memory macro is in standby mode and analog macro is in power-down mode. At both case, conditions are $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$, $V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ and $T_j = +25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

*2 : The values may not be guaranteed when input/output buffers with pull-up/pull-down resistor or crystal oscillator buffers are used.

*3 : The maximum current which flows when the output pin is shorted to V_{DD} or V_{SS} . Keep the output short-circuit current below the maximum rating.

*4 : The input leakage current may exceed the above value when the input buffer with pull-up/pull-down resistor is used.

■ AC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Delay time	t_{pd}^{*1}	$t_{yp}^{*2} \times t_{min}^{*3}$	$t_{yp}^{*2} \times t_{typ}^{*3}$	$t_{yp}^{*2} \times t_{max}^{*3}$	ns

*1 : Delay time = propagation delay time, Enable time, Disable time

*2 : “typ” is calculated from the cell specification.

*3 : Measurement conditions

Measurement condition	t_{min}	t_{typ}	t_{max}
$V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.65	1.00	1.66

Note : $t_{pd \text{ max}}$ is calculated according to the maximum junction temperature (T_j) .

■ INPUT/OUTPUT PIN CAPACITANCE

(f = 1 MHz, $V_{DD} = V_{DI} = 0$ V, $T_j = +25$ °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input pin	C_{IN}	16 Max	pF
Output pin	C_{OUT}	16 Max	pF
Input/output pin	$C_{I/O}$	16 Max	pF

Note : Capacitance values according to the package and the location of the pin.

■ DESIGN METHOD

The standard cell integration design environment SCCAD2 has the following functions to enable development of large-scale, high-quality LSIs in less time. Note that some functions are still in development. Contact your authorized FUJITSU representative.

- Timing-driven layout function, for automatic wiring layouts based on timing restrictions to eliminate post-layout timing problems.
- Functions for division of large-scale circuits, with multiple simultaneous logical and physical designs to reduce development time.
- Functions for automated generation of power supply and signal lines including evaluation of supply voltage drop, signal noise, delay penalty, and crosstalk.
- Signal integrity functions (crosstalk countermeasures, etc.)

■ SUPPORT TOOLS

- Simulation
Synopsys, Inc. : VCS
Cadence Design Systems, Inc. : Verilog-XL, NC-Verilog, NC-VHDL
Model Technology, Inc. : Model-Sim
FUJITSU LIMITED : LCADFE
- Logic synthesis
Synopsys, Inc. : DesignCompiler, Physical Compiler
Cadence Design Systems, Inc. : BuildGates
- Clock tree
Cadence Design Systems, Inc. : CT-Gen
- Timing analysis
Synopsys, Inc. : PrimeTime
FUJITSU LIMITED : GISTA
- Power calculation
Sequence Design, Inc. : Watt Watcher
Synopsys, Inc. : Design Power, Power Compiler
FUJITSU LIMITED : PowerImpuls
- Layout
Cadence Design Systems, Inc. : SiliconEnsemble DSM
- Test tools
Logic Vision, Inc. : icBIST
FUJITSU LIMITED : DFT-Planner, FANTCAD, xpax, TERBAN, FANSCAD
- Format verification
Avant! corporation : Design VERIFYer
Synopsys, Inc. : Formality
Verplex Systems, inc. : Conformal-LEC
FUJITSU LIMITED : Assure
- Verification tool
Cadence Design Systems, Inc. : Dracula
Mentor Graphics corporation : Calibre
- Design environment tool
FUJITSU LIMITED : SCCAD2/IPSymphony

■ PACKAGES

A variety of package types

Contact your FUJITSU representative for availability dates.

Development of chips with narrow-pitch solder bump technology and high-pin count packages enables users to respond to the high-pin count, high-speed requirements of the network market. A variety of packages from existing series are also available for smooth transition from previously developed models.

FCBGA package : maximum 2116 pins, EBGA package : maximum 672 pins,

FBGA package : maximum 304 pins

QFP package (including packages under development) : maximum 304 pins

FUJITSU LIMITED

All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. Customers are advised to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before ordering.

The information and circuit diagrams in this document are presented as examples of semiconductor device applications, and are not intended to be incorporated in devices for actual use. Also, FUJITSU is unable to assume responsibility for infringement of any patent rights or other rights of third parties arising from the use of this information or circuit diagrams.

The products described in this document are designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated for general use, including without limitation, ordinary industrial use, general office use, personal use, and household use, but are not designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated (1) for use accompanying fatal risks or dangers that, unless extremely high safety is secured, could have a serious effect to the public, and could lead directly to death, personal injury, severe physical damage or other loss (i.e., nuclear reaction control in nuclear facility, aircraft flight control, air traffic control, mass transport control, medical life support system, missile launch control in weapon system), or (2) for use requiring extremely high reliability (i.e., submersible repeater and artificial satellite).

Please note that Fujitsu will not be liable against you and/or any third party for any claims or damages arising in connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any semiconductor devices have an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

If any products described in this document represent goods or technologies subject to certain restrictions on export under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law of Japan, the prior authorization by Japanese government will be required for export of those products from Japan.