Low Skew, 1-TO-17

DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



The ICS8532BY-01 is a low skew, 1-to-17, Differential-to-3.3V LVPECL Fanout Buffer and a member of the HiPerClockS™ family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The ICS8532BY-01 has two selectable clock inputs.

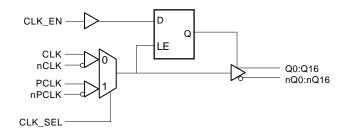
The CLK, nCLK pair can accept most standard differential input levels. The PCLK, nPCLK pair can accept LVPECL, CML, or SSTL input levels. The clock enable is internally synchronized to eliminate runt pulses on the outputs during asynchronous assertion/deassertion of the clock enable pin.

Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS8532BY-01 ideal for those clock distribution applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability.

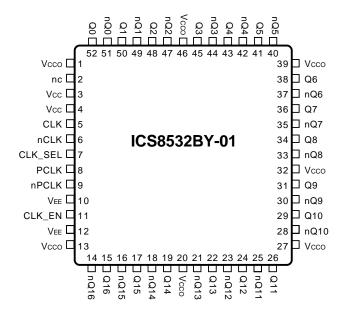
FEATURES

- 17 differential 3.3V LVPECL outputs
- Selectable differential CLK, nCLK or LVPECL clock inputs
- CLK, nCLK pair can accept the following differential input levels: LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL
- PCLK, nPCLK supports the following input types: LVPECL. CML, SSTL
- Maximum output frequency: 500MHz
- Translates any single-ended input signal (LVCMOS, LVTTL, GTL) to 3.3V LVPECL levels with resistor bias on nCLK input
- Output skew: 50ps (maximum)
- Part-to-part skew: 250ps (maximum)
- Propagation delay: 2.5ns (maximum)
- · 3.3V operating supply
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Industrial temperature information available upon request

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



52-Lead LQFP 10mm x 10mm x 1.4mm body package Y package Top View

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ty	/pe	Description
1, 13, 20, 27, 32, 39, 46	V _{cco}	Power		Output supply pins.
2	nc	Unused		No connect.
3, 4	V _{cc}	Power		Positive supply pins.
5	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
6	nCLK	Input	Pullup	Inverting differential clock input.
7	CLK_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Clock select input. When HIGH, selects CLK, nCLK inputs. When LOW, selects PCLK, nPCLK inputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
8	PCLK	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
9	nPCLK	Input	Pullup	Inverting differential LVPECL clock input.
10, 12	V_{EE}	Power		Power supply ground.
11	CLK_EN	Input	Pullup	Synchronizing clock enable. When HIGH, clock outputs follows clock input. When LOW, Q outputs are forced low, nQ outputs are forced high. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
14, 15	nQ16, Q16	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
16, 17	nQ15, Q15	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
18, 19	nQ14, Q14	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
21, 22	nQ13, Q13	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
23, 24	nQ12, Q12	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
25, 26	nQ11, Q11	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
28, 29	nQ10, Q10	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
30, 31	nQ9, Q9	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
33, 34	nQ8, Q8	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
35, 36	nQ7, Q7	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
37, 38	nQ6, Q6	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
40, 41	nQ5, Q5	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
42, 43	nQ4, Q4	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
44, 45	nQ3, Q3	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
47, 48	nQ2, Q2	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
49, 50	nQ1, Q1	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
51, 52	nQ0, Q0	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

NOTE: Unused output pairs must be terminated.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
	CLK, nCLK				4	pF	
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	PCLK, nPCLK				4	pF
	Capacitarice	CLK_EN, CLK_SEL				4	pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor				51		ΚΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown	Resistor			51		ΚΩ

TABLE 3A. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

	Inputs	Outputs		
CLK_EN	CLK_SEL	Selected Source	Q0:Q16	nQ0:nQ16
0	0	CLK, nCLK	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
0	1	PCLK, nPCLK	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
1	0	CLK, nCLK	Enabled	Enabled
1	1	PCLK, nPCLK	Enabled	Enabled

After CLK_EN switches, the clock outputs are disabled or enabled following a rising and falling input clock edge as shown in Figure 1.

In the active mode, the state of the outputs are a function of the CLK, nCLK and PCLK, nPCLK inputs as described in Table 3B.

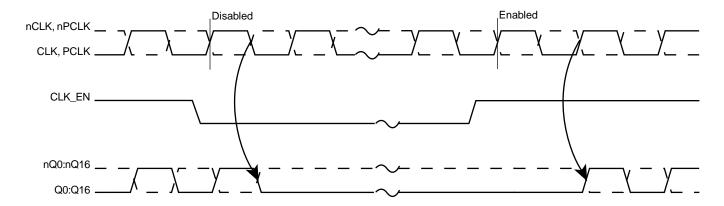


FIGURE 1 - CLK_EN TIMING DIAGRAM

TABLE 3B. CLOCK INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

In	puts	Ou	tputs	Input to Output Mode	Polarity
CLK or PCLK	nCLK or nPCLK	Q0:Q16	nQ0:nQ16	input to Output Mode	Polarity
0	1	LOW	HIGH	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting
1	0	HIGH	LOW	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting
0	Biased; NOTE 1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting
1	Biased; NOTE 1	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting
Biased; NOTE 1	0	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting
Biased; NOTE 1	1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Application Information section "Wiring the Differential Input to Accept Single Ended Levels".

ICS8532BY-01 Low Skew, 1-to-17



DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{CCx} 4.6V

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Inputs, V}_{\text{I}} & -0.5\text{V to V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5\text{V} \\ \text{Outputs, V}_{\text{O}} & -0.5\text{V to V}_{\text{CCO}} + 0.5\text{V} \\ \text{Package Thermal Impedance, q}_{\text{JA}} & 42.3^{\circ}\text{C/W (0 lfpm)} \\ \text{Storage Temperature, T}_{\text{STG}} & -65^{\circ}\text{C to } 150^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array}$

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Table 4A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{cc}	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	٧
V _{cco}	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current			122	150	mA

Table 4B. LVCMOS / LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Current	CLK_EN, CLK_SEL		2		V _{cc} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK_EN, CLK_SEL		-0.3		0.8	V
	Input High Current	CLK_SEL	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.465V$			150	μΑ
I'IH	Imput High Current	CLK_EN	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.465V$			5	μΑ
,	Input Low Current	CLK_SEL	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.465V$	-5			μΑ
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK_EN	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.465V$	-150			μΑ

Table 4C. Differential DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
I Innut High Compant		CLK	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.465V$		·	150	μA
' _{IH}	Input High Current	nCLK	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} = 3.465V$			5	μA
ı	Input Low Current	CLK	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.465V$	-5			μA
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	nCLK	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.465V$	-150			μA
V _{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input	Voltage		0.15		1.3	V
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Inpu NOTE 1, 2	ut Voltage;		V _{EE} + 0.5		V _{cc} - 0.85	٧

NOTE 1: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{IH}.

NOTE 2: For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for CLK and nCLK is $V_{\rm cc}$ + 0.3V.

Low Skew, 1-TO-17 DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

Table 4D. LVPECL DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
	Input High Current	PCLK	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			150	μA
I _{IH}	Imput riigir Curient	nPCLK	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			5	μA
	Innut Low Current	PCLK	$V_{CC} = 3.465 \text{V}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{V}$	-5			μA
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	nPCLK	$V_{CC} = 3.465 \text{V}, V_{IN} = 0 \text{V}$	-150			μA
V _{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input	Voltage		0.3		1	V
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Inpu	ıt Voltage; NOTE 1, 2		V _{EE} + 1.5		V_{cc}	٧
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 3			V _{cco} - 1.4		V _{cco} - 1.0	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 3			V _{cco} - 2.0		V _{cco} - 1.7	٧
V_{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Voltag	e Swing		0.6		0.85	٧

NOTE 1: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{IH} . NOTE 2: For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for PCLK, nPCLK is V_{CC} + 0.3V.

NOTE 3: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to V_{cco} - 2V.

Table 5. AC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f _{MAX}	Output Frequency				500	MHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1	<i>f</i> ≤ 500MHz	1.3		2.5	ns
tsk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 4				50	ps
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4				250	ps
t _R	Output Rise Time	20% to 80% @ 50MHz	300		700	ps
t _F	Output Fall Time	20% to 80% @ 50MHz	300		700	ps
odo	Output Duty Cycle	0 ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 266MHz	48	50	52	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	266 ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 500MHz	47	50	53	%

All parameters measured at 500MHz unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

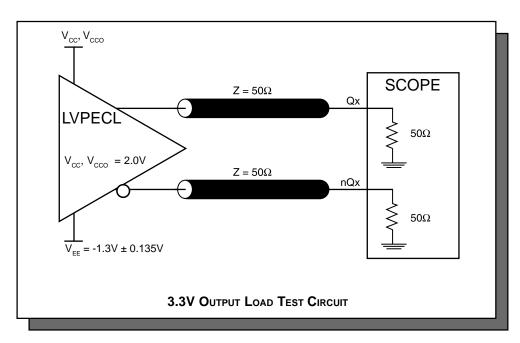
NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

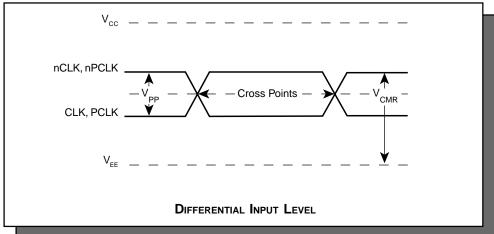
Measured at the output differential cross points.

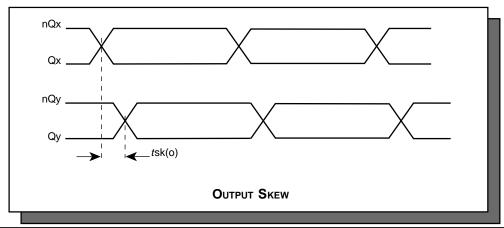
NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

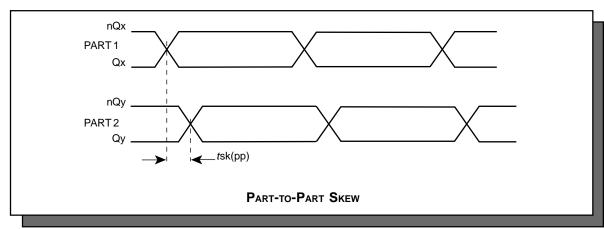
NOTE 4: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

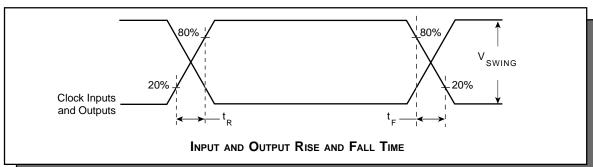
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

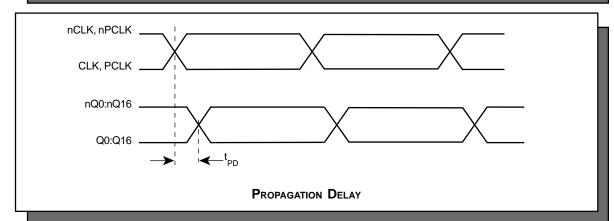


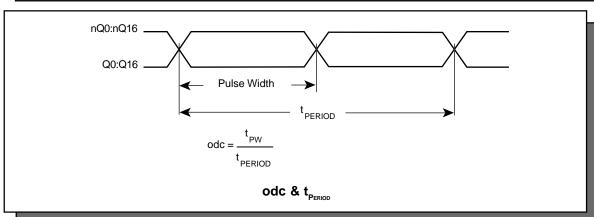








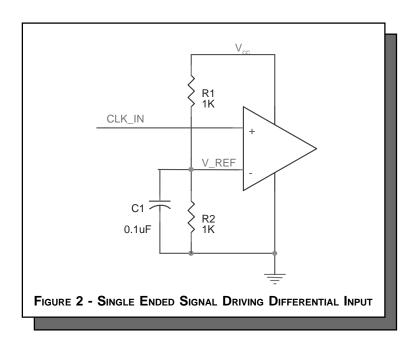




APPLICATION INFORMATION

WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 2 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage $V_REF = V_{cc}/2$ is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V_REF in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and $V_{cc} = 3.3$ V, V_REF should be 1.25V and R2/R1 = 0.609.



TERMINATION FOR LVPECL OUTPUTS

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive

 50Ω transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 3A and 3B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

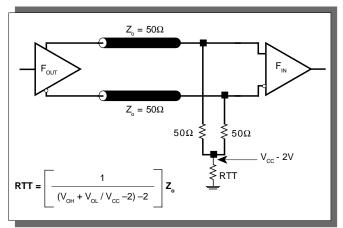


FIGURE 3A - LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

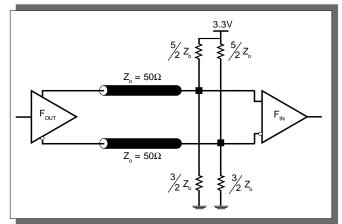


FIGURE 3B - LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS8532BY-01. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS8532BY-01 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{cc} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{CC MAX} * I_{EE MAX} = 3.465V * 150mA = **519.8mW**
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = 30.2mW/Loaded Output pair
 If all outputs are loaded, the total power is 17 * 30.2mW = 513.4mW

Total Power _{MAX} (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = 519.8mW + 513.4mW = 1033.2mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS TM devices is 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: $Tj = \theta_{IA} * Pd_{total} + T_{A}$

Tj = Junction Temperature

 θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

 $T_{\Lambda} = Ambient Temperature$

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used . Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 36.4°C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

 $70^{\circ}\text{C} + 1.033\text{W} * 36.4^{\circ}\text{C/W} = 107.6^{\circ}\text{C}$. This is well below the limit of 125°C

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

Table 6. Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} for 52-pin LQFP Forced Convection

0200500Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards58.0°C/W47.1°C/W42.0°C/WMulti-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards42.3°C/W36.4°C/W34.0°C/W

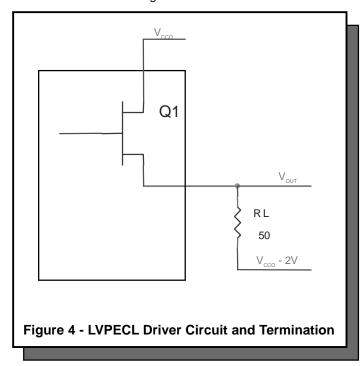
NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

 θ_{LA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in Figure 4.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of V_{CCO} - 2V.

• For logic high,
$$V_{OUT} = V_{OH_MAX} = V_{CCO_MAX} - 1.0V$$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = 1.0V$$

• For logic low,
$$V_{OUT} = V_{OL_MAX} = V_{CCO_MAX} - 1.7V$$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = 1.7V$$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high. Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_{-}H = [(V_{OH_MAX} - (V_{CCO_MAX} - 2V))/R_{_{L}}] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}))/R_{_{L}}] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - 1V)/50\Omega] * 1V = 20.0mW$$

$$Pd_{L} = [(V_{OL_MAX} - (V_{CCO_MAX} - 2V))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = 10.2mW$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = Pd_H + Pd_L = 30.2mW

Low Skew, 1-to-17 DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

Table 7. $\theta_{_{JA}} \text{vs. A}\text{ir Flow Table}$

$\boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{\boldsymbol{\mathsf{JA}}}}$ by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)

	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	58.0°C/W	47.1°C/W	42.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	42.3°C/W	36.4°C/W	34.0°C/W

NOTE: Most all modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards, so the data in the second row will pertain to most designs

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS8532BY-01 is: 1398

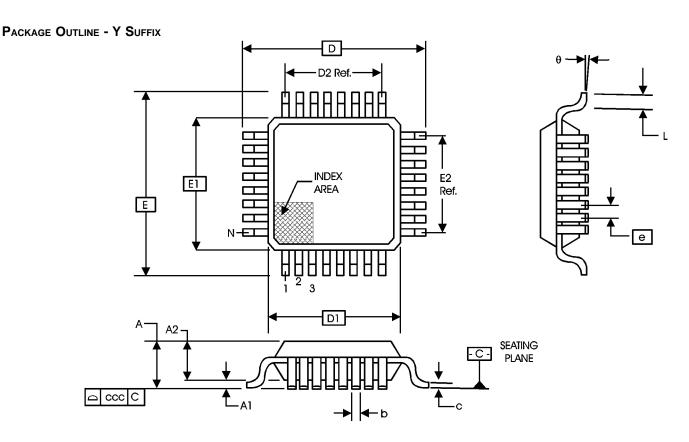


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

	JEDEC VARIATION ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS							
SYMBOL		BCC						
STWIBUL	MINIMUM	NOMINAL	MAXIMUM					
N		52						
Α			1.60					
A 1	0.05		0.15					
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45					
b	0.22	0.32	0.38					
С	0.09		0.20					
D		12.00 BASIC						
D1		10.00 BASIC						
D2		7.80 Ref.						
E		12.00 BASIC						
E1		10.00 BASIC						
E2		7.80 Ref.						
е		0.65 BASIC						
L	0.45		0.75					
θ	0°		7°					
ccc			0.10					

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-026



Low Skew, 1-to-17 DIFFERENTIAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL FANOUT BUFFER

TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Count	Temperature
ICS8532BY-01	ICS8532BY-01	52 Lead LQFP	160 per tray	0°C to 70°C
ICS8532BY-01T	ICS8532BY-01	52 Lead LQFP on Tape and Reel	500	0°C to 70°C

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