



Low-Cost, μ P Supervisory Circuits

General Description

The MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in μ P systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L provide four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6 seconds.
- 3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

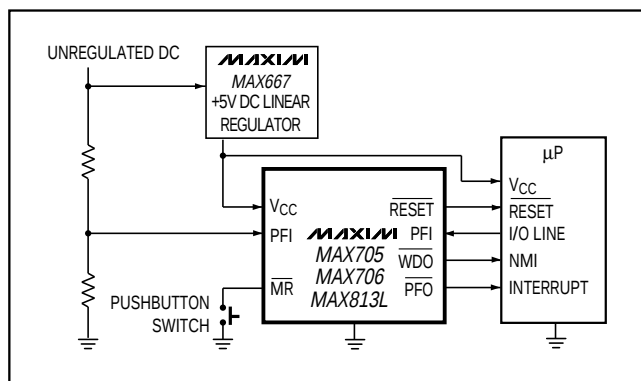
The MAX707/MAX708 are the same as the MAX705/MAX706, except an active-high reset is substituted for the watchdog timer. The MAX813L is the same as the MAX705, except RESET is provided instead of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

Two supply-voltage monitor levels are available: The MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L generate a reset pulse when the supply voltage drops below 4.65V, while the MAX706/MAX708 generate a reset pulse below 4.40V. All four parts are available in 8-pin DIP, SO and μ MAX packages.

Applications

Computers
Controllers
Intelligent Instruments
Automotive Systems
Critical μ P Power Monitoring

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

- ♦ **μ MAX Package: Smallest 8-Pin SO**
- ♦ **Guaranteed $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Valid at $V_{CC} = 1V$**
- ♦ **Precision Supply-Voltage Monitor**
4.65V in MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L
4.40V in MAX706/MAX708
- ♦ **200ms Reset Pulse Width**
- ♦ **Debounced TTL/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input**
- ♦ **Independent Watchdog Timer—1.6sec Timeout (MAX705/MAX706)**
- ♦ **Active-High Reset Output (MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L)**
- ♦ **Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning**

Ordering Information

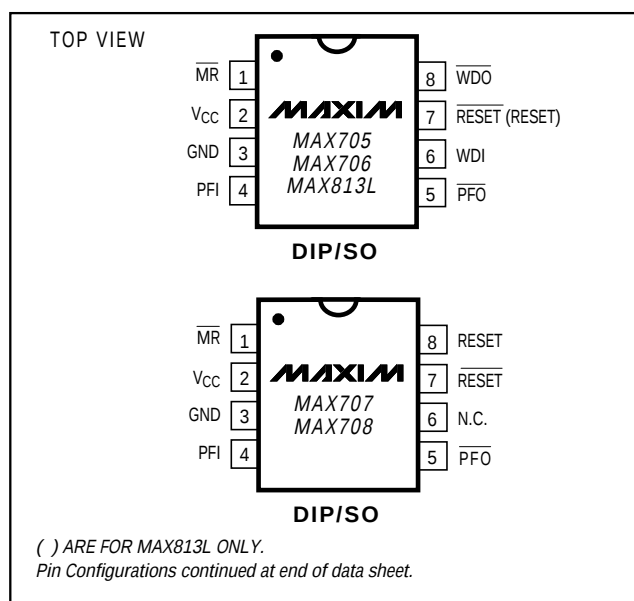
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX705CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX705C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

* Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

Pin Configurations



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)		SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)	471mW
V_{CC}	-0.3V to 6.0V	μ MAX (derate 4.10mW/°C above +70°C)	330mW
All Other Inputs (Note 1)	-0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)	CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C)	640mW
Input Current		Operating Temperature Ranges	
V_{CC}	20mA	MAX70_C_, MAX813LC_	0°C to +70°C
GND	20mA	MAX70_E_, MAX813LE_	-40°C to +85°C
Output Current (all outputs)	20mA	MAX70_MJA	-55°C to +125°C
Continuous Power Dissipation		Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +160°C
Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)	727mW	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Note 1: The input voltage limits on PFI and $\overline{MR}$ can be exceeded if the input current is less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{CC} = 4.75V$ to $5.5V$ for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to $5.5V$ for MAX706/MAX708, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	V_{CC}	MAX70_C	1.0		5.5	V
		MAX813LC	1.1		5.5	
		MAX70_E/M, MAX813LE/M	1.2		5.5	
Supply Current	I_{SUPPLY}	MAX705C, MAX706C, MAX813LC		150	350	μA
		MAX705E/M, MAX706E/M, MAX813LE/M		150	500	
		MAX707C, MAX708C		50	350	
		MAX707E/M, MAX708E/M		50	500	
Reset Threshold (Note 2)	V_{RT}	MAX705, MAX707, MAX813L	4.50	4.65	4.75	V
		MAX706, MAX708	4.25	4.40	4.50	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (Note 2)				40		mV
Reset Pulse Width (Note 2)	t_{RS}		140	200	280	ms
$\overline{RESET}$ Output Voltage		$I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
		$I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$			0.4	
		MAX70_C, $V_{CC} = 1V$, $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$			0.3	
		MAX70_E/M, $V_{CC} = 1.2V$, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$			0.3	
RESET Output Voltage		MAX707, MAX708, $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
		MAX707, MAX708, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.4	
		MAX813LC, $I_{SOURCE} = 4\mu A$, $V_{CC} = 1.1V$	0.8			
		MAX813LE/M, $I_{SOURCE} = 4\mu A$, $V_{CC} = 1.2V$	0.9			
		MAX813L	$I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$		$V_{CC} - 1.5$	
			$I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$		0.4	
Watchdog Timeout Period	t_{WD}	MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L	1.00	1.60	2.25	sec
WDI Pulse Width	t_{WP}	$V_{IL} = 0.4V$, $V_{IH} = (V_{CC}) (0.8)$	50			ns
WDI Input Threshold	Low	MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, $V_{CC} = 5V$			0.8	V
	High		3.5			
WDI Input Current		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, WDI = V_{CC}		50	150	μA
		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, WDI = 0V	-150	-50		
$\overline{WDO}$ Output Voltage		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 1.5$			V
		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$			0.4	

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX706/MAX708, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\overline{MR}$ Pull-Up Current			$\overline{MR} = 0V$	100	250	600	μA
$\overline{MR}$ Pulse Width		tMR		150			ns
$\overline{MR}$ Input Threshold	Low			0.8			V
	High			2.0			
$\overline{MR}$ to Reset Out Delay (Note 2)		tMD				250	ns
PFI Input Threshold			VCC = 5V	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
PFI Input Current				-25.00	0.01	25.00	nA
$\overline{PFO}$ Output Voltage			ISOURCE = 800 μA	VCC - 1.5			V
			ISINK = 3.2mA	0.4			

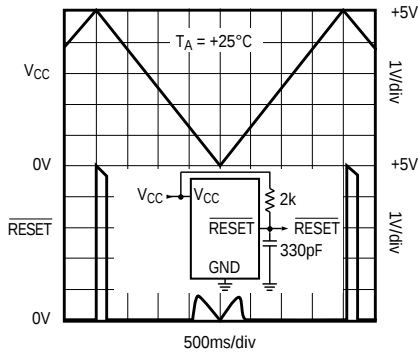
Note 2: Applies to both $\overline{RESET}$ in the MAX705-MAX708 and $\overline{RESET}$ in the MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L.

MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L

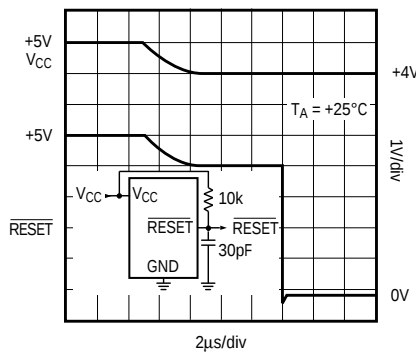
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Typical Operating Characteristics

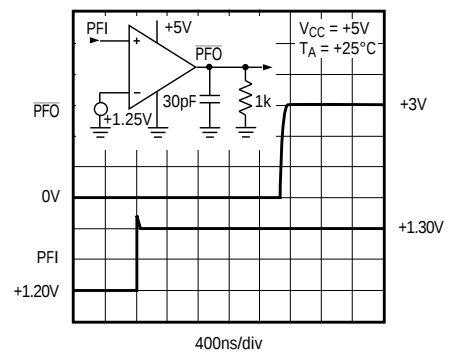
MAX705/MAX707
RESET OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



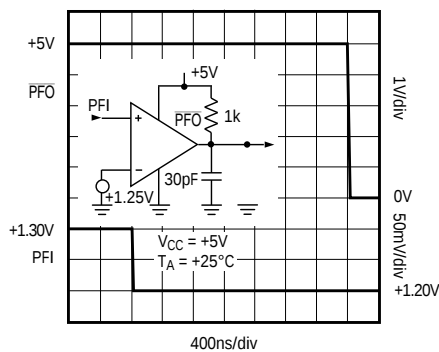
MAX705/MAX707
RESET RESPONSE TIME



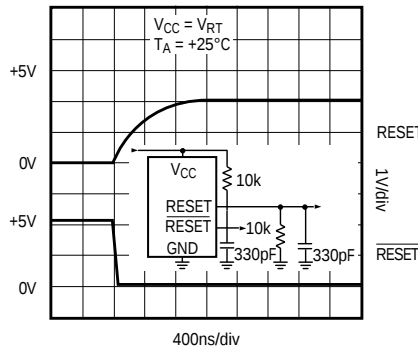
POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR
DE-ASSERTION RESPONSE TIME



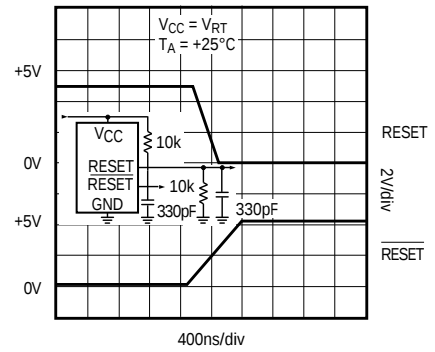
POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR
ASSERTION RESPONSE TIME



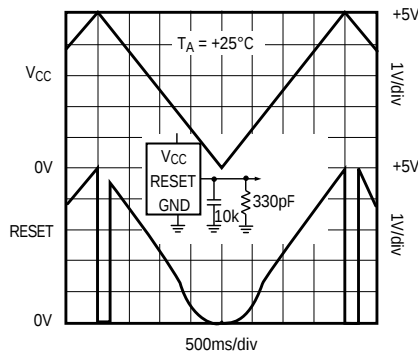
MAX707
RESET, RESET ASSERTION



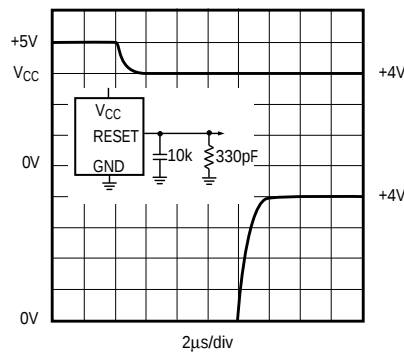
MAX707
RESET, RESET DE-ASSERTION



MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L
RESET OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



MAX813L
RESET RESPONSE TIME



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Pin Description

MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L

PIN						NAME	FUNCTION
MAX705/MAX706		MAX707/MAX708		MAX813L			
DIP/SO	μMAX	DIP/SO	μMAX	DIP/SO	μMAX		
1	3	1	3	1	3	$\overline{MR}$	Manual-Reset Input triggers a reset pulse when pulled below 0.8V. This active-low input has an internal 250μA pull-up current. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS logic line as well as shorted to ground with a switch.
2	4	2	4	2	4	V _{CC}	+5V Supply Input
3	5	3	5	3	5	GND	0V Ground Reference for all signals
4	6	4	6	4	6	PFI	Power-Fail Voltage Monitor Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, $\overline{PFO}$ goes low. Connect PFI to GND or V _{CC} when not used.
5	7	5	7	5	7	$\overline{PFO}$	Power-Fail Output goes low and sinks current when PFI is less than 1.25V; otherwise $\overline{PFO}$ stays high.
6	8	-	-	6	8	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for 1.6sec, the internal watchdog timer runs out and WDO goes low (Figure 1). Floating WDI or connecting WDI to a high-impedance three-state buffer disables the watchdog feature. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, WDI is three-stated, or WDI sees a rising or falling edge.
-	-	6	-	-	-	N.C.	No Connect
7	1	7	1	-	-	$\overline{RESET}$	Active-Low Reset Output pulses low for 200ms when triggered, and stays low whenever V _{CC} is below the reset threshold (4.65V in the MAX705 and 4.40V in the MAX706). It remains low for 200ms after V _{CC} rises above the reset threshold or $\overline{MR}$ goes from low to high (Figure 3). A watchdog timeout will not trigger $\overline{RESET}$ unless $\overline{WDO}$ is connected to $\overline{MR}$.
8	2	-	-	8	2	$\overline{WDO}$	Watchdog Output pulls low when the internal watchdog timer finishes its 1.6sec count and does not go high again until the watchdog is cleared. $\overline{WDO}$ also goes low during low-line conditions. Whenever V _{CC} is below the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ stays low; however, unlike $\overline{RESET}$, $\overline{WDO}$ does not have a minimum pulse width. As soon as V _{CC} rises above the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ goes high with no delay.
-	-	8	2	7	1	RESET	Active-High Reset Output is the inverse of $\overline{RESET}$. Whenever $\overline{RESET}$ is high, RESET is low, and vice versa (Figure 2). The MAX813L has a RESET output only.

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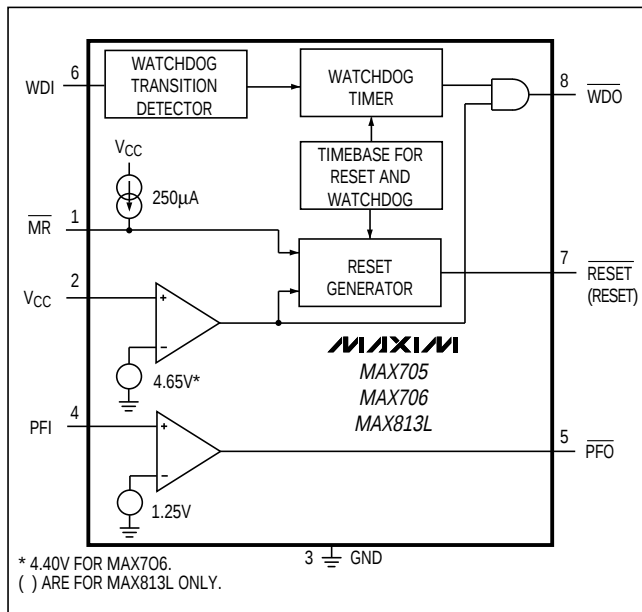


Figure 1. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Block Diagram

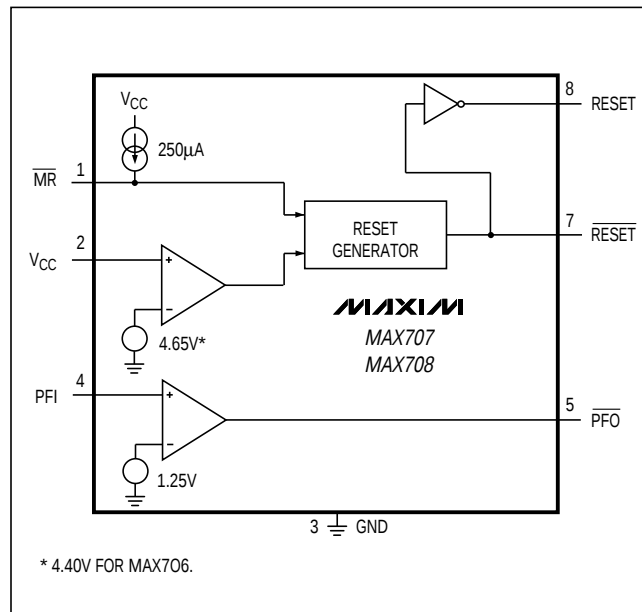


Figure 2. MAX707/MAX708 Block Diagram

Detailed Description

Reset Output

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts the μ P in a known state. Whenever the μ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L assert reset during power-up and prevent code execution errors during power-down or brownout conditions.

On power-up, once V_{CC} reaches 1V, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is a guaranteed logic low of 0.4V or less. As V_{CC} rises, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ stays low. When V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold, an internal timer releases $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ after about 200ms. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pulses low whenever V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold, i.e. brownout condition. If brownout occurs in the middle of a previously initiated reset pulse, the pulse continues for at least another 140ms. On power-down, once V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ stays low and is guaranteed to be 0.4V or less until V_{CC} drops below 1V.

The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L active-high RESET output is simply the complement of the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output, and is guaranteed to be valid with V_{CC} down to 1.1V. Some μ Ps, such as Intel's 80C51, require an active-high reset pulse.

Watchdog Timer

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L watchdog circuit monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within 1.6sec and WDI is not three-stated, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ goes low. As long as $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted or the

WDI input is three-stated, the watchdog timer will stay cleared and will not count. As soon as reset is released and WDI is driven high or low, the timer will start counting. Pulses as short as 50ns can be detected.

Typically, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ will be connected to the non-maskable interrupt input (NMI) of a μ P. When V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ will go low whether or not the watchdog timer has timed out yet. Normally this would trigger an NMI interrupt, but $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes low simultaneously, and thus overrides the NMI interrupt.

If WDI is left unconnected, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ can be used as a low-line output. Since floating WDI disables the internal timer, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ goes low only when V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, thus functioning as a low-line output.

The MAX705/MAX706 have a watchdog timer and a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output. The MAX707/MAX708 have both active-high and active-low reset outputs. The MAX813L has both an active-high reset output and a watchdog timer.

Manual Reset

The manual-reset input ($\overline{\text{MR}}$) allows reset to be triggered by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is TTL/CMOS logic compatible, so it can be driven by an external logic line. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ can be used to force a watchdog timeout to generate a reset pulse in the MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L. Simply connect $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ to $\overline{\text{MR}}$.

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Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator can be used for various purposes because its output and noninverting input are not internally connected. The inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference.

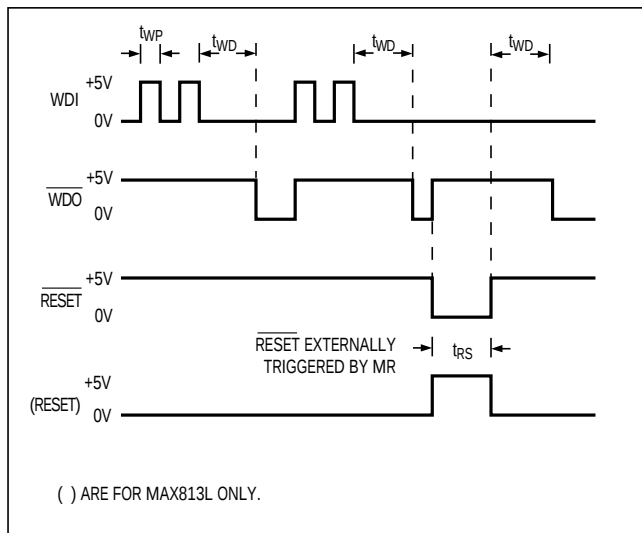


Figure 3. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Watchdog Timing

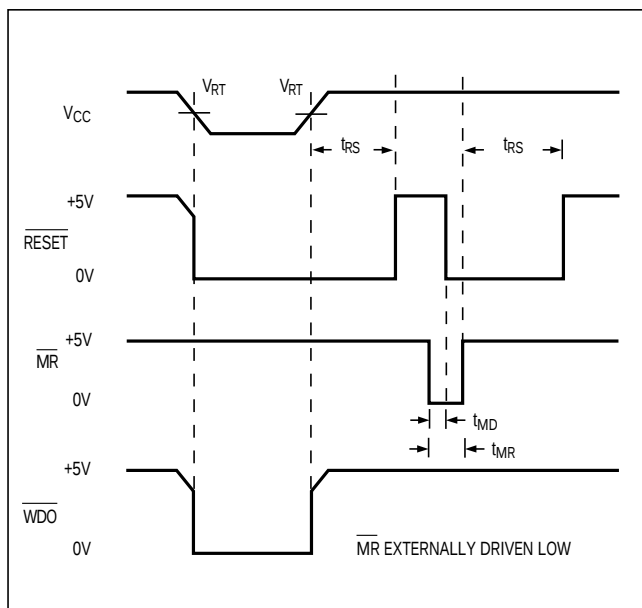


Figure 4. MAX705/MAX706 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{MR}}$, and $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ Timing with WDI Three-States. The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is the inverse of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ shown.

To build an early-warning circuit for power failure, connect the PFI pin to a voltage divider (see *Typical Operating Circuit*). Choose the voltage divider ratio so that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the +5V regulator drops out. Use $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to interrupt the μ P so it can prepare for an orderly power-down.

Applications Information

Ensuring a Valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the MAX705-MAX708 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left undriven. If a pull-down resistor is added to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin as shown in Figure 5, any stray charge or leakage currents will be drained to ground, holding $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low. Resistor value (R_1) is not critical. It should be about 100k Ω , large enough not to load $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and small enough to pull $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ to ground.

Monitoring Voltages Other Than the Unregulated DC Input

Monitor voltages other than the unregulated DC by connecting a voltage divider to PFI and adjusting the ratio appropriately. If required, add hysteresis by connecting a resistor (with a value approximately 10 times the sum of the two resistors in the potential divider network) between PFI and $\overline{\text{PFO}}$. A capacitor between PFI and GND will reduce the power-fail circuit's sensitivity to high-frequency noise on the line being monitored. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can be asserted on other voltages in addition to the +5V V_{CC} line. Connect $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to initiate a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pulse when PFI drops below 1.25V. Figure 6 shows the MAX705-MAX708 configured to assert $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ when the +5V supply falls below the reset threshold, or when the +12V supply falls below approximately 11V.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can also monitor a negative supply rail (Figure 7). When the negative rail is good (a negative voltage of large magnitude), $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is low, and when the negative rail is degraded (a negative voltage of lesser magnitude), $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is high. By adding the resistors and transistor as shown, a high $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ triggers reset. As long as $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ remains high, the MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L will keep reset asserted ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$ = low, RESET = high). Note that this circuit's accuracy depends on the PFI threshold tolerance, the V_{CC} line, and the resistors.

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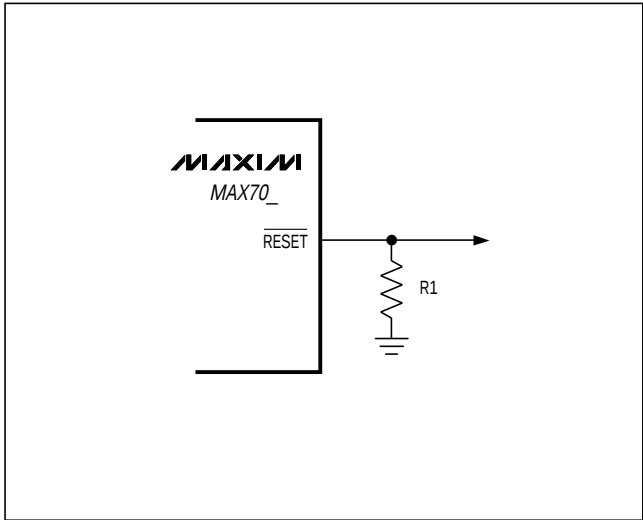


Figure 5. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Valid to Ground Circuit

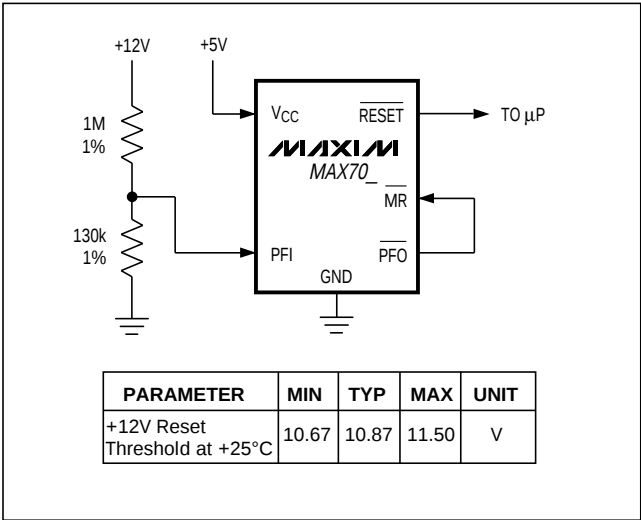


Figure 6. Monitoring Both +5V and +12V

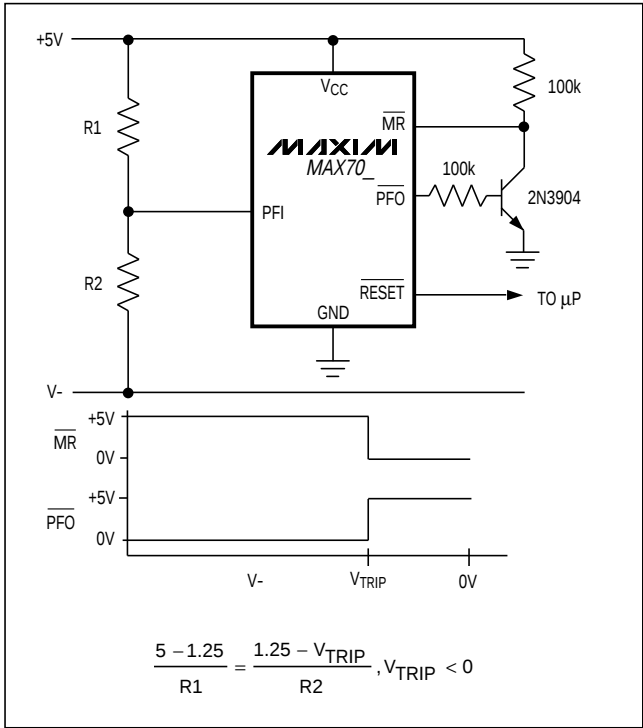


Figure 7. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

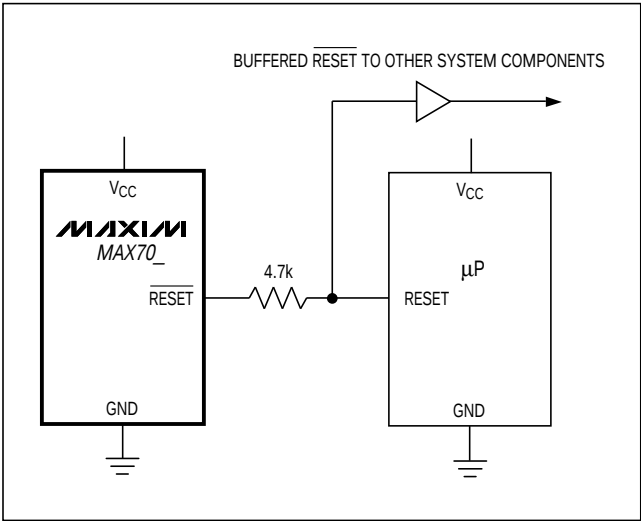


Figure 8. Interfacing to μ Ps with Bidirectional Reset I/O

Interfacing to μ Ps with Bidirectional Reset Pins

μ Ps with bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11 series, can contend with the MAX705-MAX708 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output. If, for example, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is driven high and the μ P wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct this, connect a 4.7k Ω resistor between the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output and the μ P reset I/O, as in Figure 8. Buffer the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output to other system components.

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MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L

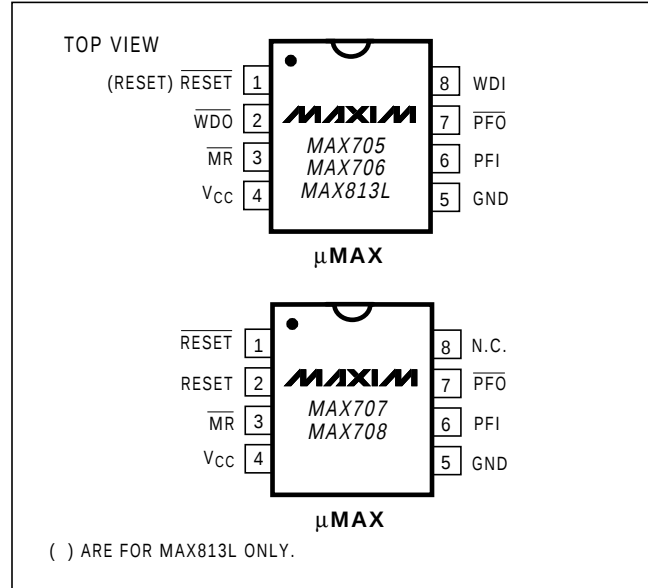
Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX705MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 Cerdip**
MAX706CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX706C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX706EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 Cerdip**
MAX707CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX707CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX707C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX707EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX707MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 Cerdip**
MAX708CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX708CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX708C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX708EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX708MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 Cerdip**
MAX813LCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX813LCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX
MAX813LC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX813LEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX813LMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 Cerdip**

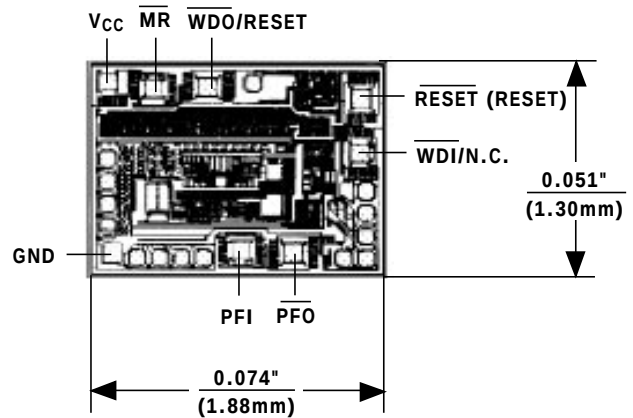
*Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

Pin Configuration (continued)



Chip Topography



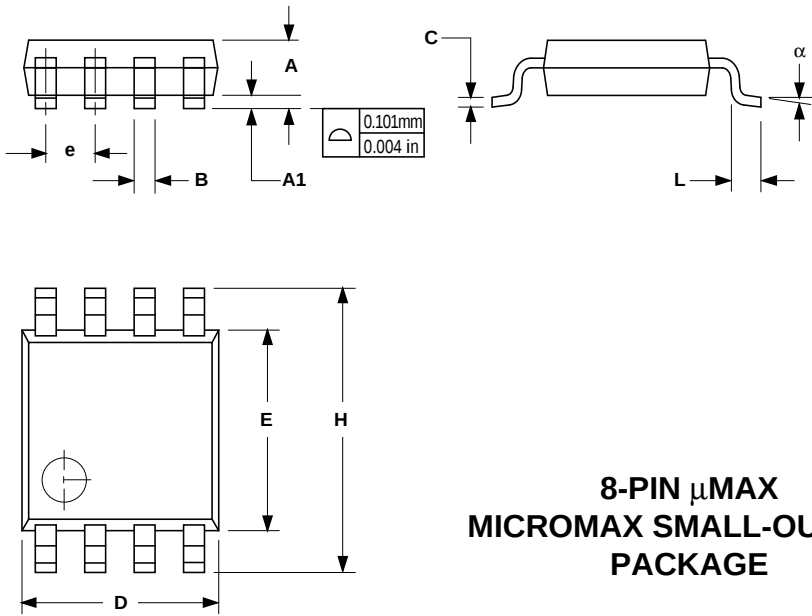
() ARE FOR MAX813L ONLY.

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 572

SUBSTRATE MUST BE LEFT UNCONNECTED.

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Package Information



DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.036	0.044	0.91	1.11
A1	0.004	0.008	0.10	0.20
B	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
C	0.005	0.007	0.13	0.18
D	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05
E	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05
e	0.0256		0.65	
H	0.188	0.198	4.78	5.03
L	0.016	0.026	0.41	0.66
α	0°	6°	0°	6°

21-0036D

µP Supervisory Circuits

Part Number	Nominal Reset Threshold (V)	Minimum Reset Pulse Width (ms)	Active-Low Reset	Active-High Reset	RESET Valid to V _{CC} = 1V	Nominal Watchdog Timeout Period (sec), if Available	Separate Watchdog Output	Backup-Battery Switch	V _{CC} -to-V _{OUT} On Resistance Max (Ω)	V _{BATT} -to-V _{OUT} On Resistance Max (Ω)	CE Write Protect	Power-Fail Comparator	Manual-Reset Input	Low-Line Output	Battery-On Output	Supply Operating Mode max (mA typ)	ISUPPLY max (µA typ)	Pins	Price [†] 1000-up (\$)
MAX1232	4.37/4.62	250	✓	✓	✓	0.15/0.6/1.2		✓	10	400		✓	✓			0.20(0.05)	5(0.05)	8	1.71
MAX690A/692A	4.65/4.40	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓	6	400		✓	✓			0.35(0.2)	1(0.4)	8	3.26
MAX690R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓	✓		✓	0.1(0.035)	5(0.04)	16	3.61
MAX691A/693A	4.65/4.40	140/adj.	✓	✓	✓	1.6/adj.		✓				✓	✓			0.1(0.035)	5(0.04)	16	3.61
MAX1691	The MAX1691 is a module with the MAX691A and a 125mAh lithium battery																		
MAX696	Adj.	35/adj.	✓	✓	✓	1.6/adj.		✓				✓	✓		✓			16	3.55
MAX697	Adj.	35/adj.	✓	✓	✓	1.6/adj.		✓				✓	✓		✓			16	3.58
MAX700	4.65/adj.	200	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓			0.20(0.1)		8	2.17
MAX703/704	4.65/4.40	140	✓	✓	✓			✓	10	400		✓	✓			0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	1.38*
MAX704R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓	6	400		✓	✓			0.50(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	2.93
MAX705/706	4.65/4.40	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓				✓	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	1.02*
MAX706P	2.63	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓				✓	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	1.71
MAX706R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓				✓	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	1.71
MAX707/708	4.65/4.40	140	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	0.88*
MAX708R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓			0.35(0.2)		8	1.63
MAX791	4.65	140	✓	✓	✓	1		✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓	✓	✓	✓	0.15(0.06)	5(0.04)	16	3.90
MAX792L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1		✓			✓/10ns	✓	✓	✓	✓	0.15(0.07)		16	3.42
MAX793R/S/U/T	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX794	Adj.	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX795R/S/U/T	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX800L/M	4.60/4.40	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6/adj.		✓	1.2	25	✓/10ns	✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.1(0.035)	5(0.04)	16	3.88
MAX801L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%	✓	✓	1.6		✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX802L/M/R/S/T	4.60/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓	10	400		✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	3.59
MAX804R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140		✓	✓	1.6		✓	6	400		✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.50(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	3.66
MAX805L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140		✓	✓	1.6		✓	10	400		✓	✓	✓	✓	0.35(0.2)	5(0.05)	8	3.26
MAX806R/S/T	2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓	6	400		✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.50(0.4)	1(0.4)	8	3.90
MAX807L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%	✓/±1.5%	✓	1.6		✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX808L/N/M	4.68/4.58/4.43	140	✓/±1.5%	✓	✓			✓	TBD	TBD	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	16	††
MAX809L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	0.06(0.024)		3	††
MAX810L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	0.06(0.024)		3	††
MAX813L	4.65	140	✓	✓	✓	1.6		✓				✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.35(0.2)	TBD	8	1.02*
MAX814K/L/N/T	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	140	✓/±1%	✓/±1%	✓			✓				✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX815K/L/N/T	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	140	✓/±1%	✓	✓	1.6		✓				✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX816	Adj./±1%	140	✓	✓	✓			✓				✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	TBD	TBD	8	††
MAX820L/M/R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	✓	✓	✓	1		✓			✓/10ns	✓/±2%	✓	✓	✓	0.15(0.07)		16	3.82
MXD1210	4.37/4.62							✓	2.5	667	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	0.5(0.23)	0.1(0.002)	8	2.44

† Prices provided are for design guidance and are FOB USA (unless otherwise noted). International prices will differ due to local duties, taxes, and exchange rates.
†† Future product—contact factory for pricing and availability. Specifications are preliminary.
* 25,000 pc. price, factory direct

MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L

Low-Cost, μ P Supervisory Circuits

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12 _____ Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 737-7600

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