# Advance Information

# Low-Voltage 1.65/2.5/3.3V 16-Bit Transparent Latch

# With 26 $\Omega$ Series Resisters and 3.6V-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3-State, Non-Inverting)

The MC74VCX162373 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 16-bit transparent latch. It is designed for very high-speed, very low-power operation in 1.65V, 2.5V or 3.3V systems. The VCX162373 is byte controlled, with each byte functioning identically, but independently. Each byte has separate Output Enable and Latch Enable inputs. These control pins can be tied together for full 16-bit operation.

When operating at 2.5V (or 1.65V) the part is designed to tolerate voltages it may encounter on either inputs or outputs when interfacing to 3.3V busses. It is guaranteed to be over—voltage tolerant to 3.6V.

The MC74VCX162373 contains 16 D–type latches with 3–state 3.6V–tolerant outputs. It is designed with  $26\Omega$  series resistors in each of the outputs to reduce noise. When the Latch Enable (LEn) inputs are HIGH, data on the Dn inputs enters the latches. In this condition, the latches are transparent, (a latch output will change state each time its D input changes). When LE is LOW, the latch stores the information that was present on the D inputs a setup time preceding the HIGH–to–LOW transition of LE. The 3–state outputs are controlled by the Output Enable  $(\overline{\text{OEn}})$  inputs. When  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is LOW, the outputs are enabled. When  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance state, but this does not interfere with new data entering into the latches.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation: V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.65–3.6V
- 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs
- High Speed Operation: 3.3ns max for 3.0 to 3.6V

4.5ns max for 2.3 to 2.7V 9.0ns max for 1.65 to 1.95V

Static Drive: ±12mA Drive at 3.0V

±8mA Drive at 2.3V ±3mA Drive at 1.65V

- · Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- IOFF Specification Guarantees High Impedance When VCC = 0V
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20μA)
   Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds ±300mA @ 125°C
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V

## MC74VCX162373



LOW-VOLTAGE 1.65/2.5/3.3V 16-BIT TRANSPARENT LATCH



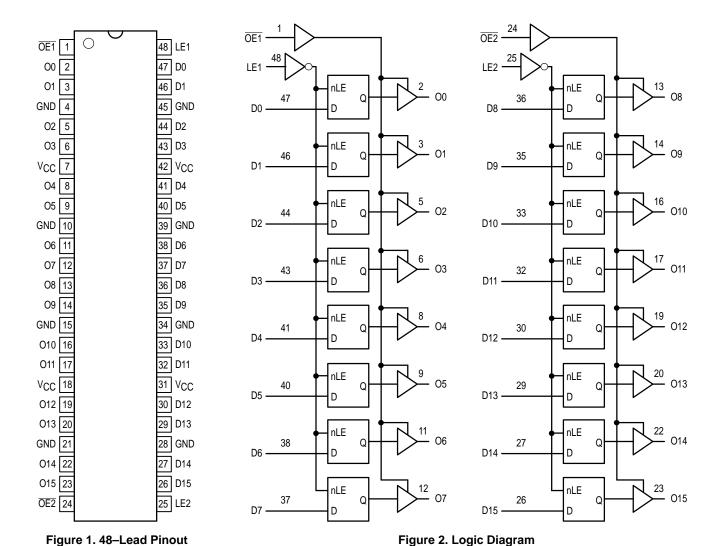
**DT SUFFIX**48-LEAD PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE
CASE 1201-01

#### **PIN NAMES**

	<del>-</del>
Pins	Function
OEn LEn	Output Enable Inputs Latch Enable Inputs
D0-D15	Inputs
O0-O15	Outputs

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

(Top View)



**Outputs** Inputs Outputs Inputs OE1 OE2 LE1 D0:7 00:7 LE2 D8:15 O8:15 Ζ Χ Н Χ Χ Н Χ Ζ Н L L L Н L L L Н Н Н Н Н L Н L L L Χ 00 L L Χ 00

H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; Z = High Impedance State; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable, for ICC reasons, DO NOT FLOAT Inputs. O0 = No Change.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6		٧
VI	DC Input Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_{I} \le +4.6$		٧
VO	DC Output Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_{O} \le +4.6$	Output in 3–State	V
		$-0.5 \le V_{O} \le V_{CC} + 0.5$	Note 1.; Outputs Active	V
Ιικ	DC Input Diode Current	-50	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA
lok	DC Output Diode Current	-50	V <sub>O</sub> < GND	mA
		+50	AO > ACC	mA
Io	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
Icc	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	±100		mA
IGND	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150		°C

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute—maximum—rated conditions is not implied.

1. IO absolute maximum rating must be observed.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage Op Data Retention	erating on Only	1.65 1.2	3.6 3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage		-0.3	3.6	V
Vo	, , ,	e State) –State)	0 0	V <sub>C</sub> C 3.6	V
ЮН	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V – 3.6V			-12	mA
l <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V – 3.6V			12	mA
ЮН	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V – 2.7V			-8	mA
lOL	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V – 2.7V			8	mA
ЮН	HIGH Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 – 1.95V			-3	mA
l <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 – 1.95V			3	mA
TA	Operating Free–Air Temperature		-40	+85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, $V_{IN}$ from 0.8V to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$		0	10	ns/V

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (2.7V < $V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ )

			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	to +85°C	
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
VIH	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V	2.0		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V		0.8	V
Vон	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V; I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	2.2		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA	2.4		1
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	2.2		1
VOL	LOW Level Output Voltage 2.7V < $V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ ; $I_{OL} =$			0.2	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA		0.4	1
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA		0.55	1
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		0.8	1
lį	Input Leakage Current	2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V; 0V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 3.6V		±5.0	μΑ
loz	3-State Output Current	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ ; $0V \le V_O \le 3.6V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		±10	μΑ
lOFF	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V; 0V \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$		10	μΑ
Icc	Quiescent Supply Current	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V$ ; $V_I = GND$ or $V_{CC}$		20	μΑ
		2.7V < V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V; V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V		±20	μΑ
ΔlCC	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V; V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$		750	μΑ

<sup>2.</sup> These values of V<sub>I</sub> are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (2.3V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 2.7V)

			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	to +85°C	
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
VIH	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 3.)	2.3V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7V	1.6		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 3.)	2.3V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7V		0.7	V
Vон	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V; I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -4mA	2.0		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	1.8		1
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -8mA	1.7		
VOL	LOW Level Output Voltage	$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V; I_{OL} = 100\mu A$		0.2	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA		0.4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA		0.6	
lį	Input Leakage Current	$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V; \ 0V \le V_{I} \le 3.6V$		±5.0	μΑ
loz	3–State Output Current	$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V$ ; $0V \le V_{O} \le 3.6V$ ; $V_{I} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		±10	μА
loff	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V; 0V \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$		10	μΑ
Icc	Quiescent Supply Current	$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V$ ; $V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$		20	μΑ
		$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V; V_{CC} \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$		±20	μΑ

<sup>3.</sup> These values of  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$  are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (1.65V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> < 1.95V)

			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
VIH	HIGH Level Input Voltage	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 1.95V	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage	1.65V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 1.95V		0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vон	HIGH Level Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 – 1.95V; I <sub>OH</sub> = –100μA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
		$V_{CC} = 1.65V; I_{OH} = -3mA$	1.25		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 – 1.95V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 100μA		0.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 1.65V; I_{OL} = 3mA$		0.3	
lį	Input Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V; 0 \le V_{I} \le 3.6V$		±5.0	μΑ
loz	3-State Output Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V$ ; $0 \le V_{O} \le 3.6V$ ; $V_{I} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		±10	μΑ
lOFF	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V; 0V \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$		10	μΑ
ICC	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$		20	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V; V_{CC} \le (V_I, V_O) \le 3.6V$		±20	

#### AC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4.; $t_R = t_F = 2.0ns$ ; $C_L = 30pF$ ; $R_L = 500\Omega$ )

					Limit	ts			
					T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	to +85°C			
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	OV to 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3	3V to 2.7V	V <sub>CC</sub> =	1.65 – 5V	
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay Dn to On	1	0.8 0.8	3.3 3.3	1.0 1.0	4.5 4.5		9.0 9.0	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay LE to On	1	0.8 0.8	3.6 3.6	1.0 1.0	4.9 4.9		9.8 9.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH <sup>t</sup> PZL	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.9 3.9	1.0 1.0	5.4 5.4		9.8 9.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ <sup>t</sup> PLZ	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	4.0 4.0	1.0 1.0	4.4 4.4		7.9 7.9	ns
t <sub>S</sub>	Setup Time, High or Low Dn to LE	3	1.5		1.5		2.5		ns
th	Hold Time, High or Low Dn to LE	3	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	LE Pulse Width, High	3	1.5		1.5		4.0		ns
<sup>t</sup> OSHL <sup>t</sup> OSLH	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 5.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5	ns

<sup>4.</sup> These AC parameters are preliminary and may be modified prior to release. For C<sub>I</sub> = 50pF, add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum

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<sup>specification.
5. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (toshl) or LOW-to-HIGH (toslh); parameter</sup> 

#### **DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

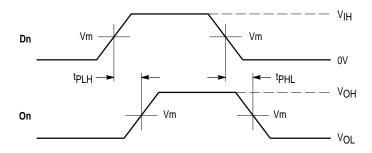
			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Тур	Unit
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.15	V
	(Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.25	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	0.35	
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.15	V
	(Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.25	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.35	
VOHV	Dynamic HIGH Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	1.55	V
	(Note 7.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	2.05	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $C_L = 30pF$ , $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$ , $V_{IL} = 0V$	2.65	

<sup>6.</sup> Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

#### **CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	Note 8.	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	Note 8.	7	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Note 8., 10MHz	20	pF

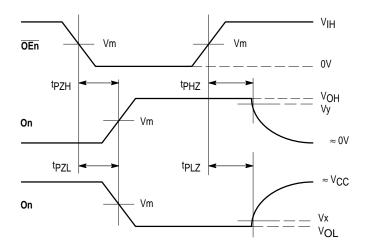
<sup>8.</sup>  $V_{CC} = 1.8$ , 2.5 or 3.3V;  $V_{I} = 0V$  or  $V_{CC}$ .

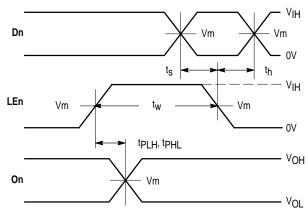


WAVEFORM 1 – PROPAGATION DELAYS  $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 50$ 0ns

Figure 3. AC Waveforms

<sup>7.</sup> Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.





#### WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

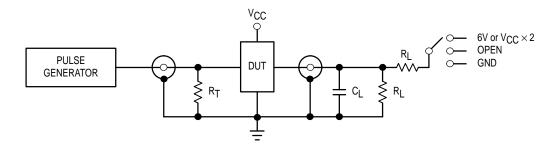
 $t_R$  =  $t_F$  = 2.0ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W$  = 500ns

WAVEFORM 3 – LE to On PROPAGATION DELAYS, LE MINIMUM PULSE WIDTH, Dn to LE SETUP AND HOLD TIMES

 $t_R = t_F = 2.0$ ns, 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500$ ns except when noted

Figure 4. AC Waveforms

	Vcc				
Symbol	3.3V ±0.3V	2.5V ±0.2V	1.8V ±0.15V		
V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7V	Vcc	Vcc		
V <sub>m</sub>	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2		
V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V		
Vy	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V		



TEST	SWITCH
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
tPZL, tPLZ	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ ; $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$ ; 1.8V $\pm 0.15V$
tPZH, tPHZ	GND

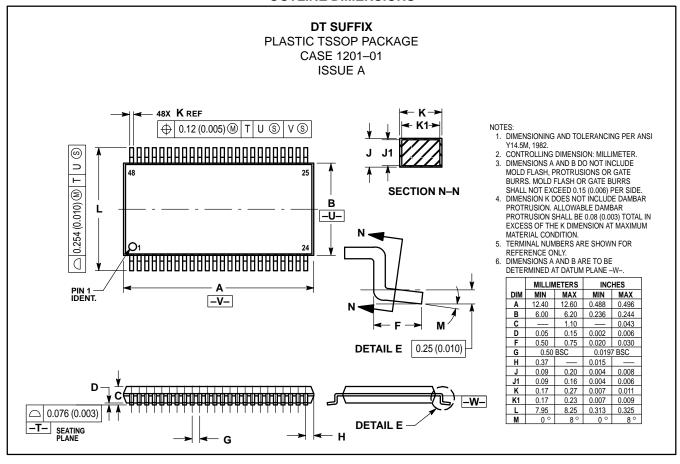
C<sub>L</sub> = 30pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)

 $R_L = 500\Omega$  or equivalent  $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically  $50\Omega$ )

Figure 5. Test Circuit

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#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



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