# Zener Transient Voltage Suppressors

## GENERAL DATA IS APPLICABLE TO ALL SERIES IN THIS GROUP

The SMB series is designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. They have excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. The SMB series is supplied in ON Semiconductor's exclusive, cost-effective, highly reliable Surmetic package and is ideally suited for use in communication systems, numerical controls, process controls, medical equipment, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications.

#### **Specification Features:**

- Standard Zener Breakdown Voltage Range 6.8 to 200 V
- Peak Power 600 Watts @ 1 ms
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage < 5 μA Above 10 V
- UL Recognition
- Response Time is Typically < 1 ns

#### **Mechanical Characteristics:**

**CASE:** Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

**FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

DOLADITY: Cathada:

**POLARITY:** Cathode indicated by molded polarity notch. When operated in zener mode, will be positive with respect to anode

**MOUNTING POSITION:** Any

**LEADS:** Modified L—Bend providing more contact area to bond pad **MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:** 

260°C for 10 Seconds

WAFER FAB LOCATION: Phoenix, Arizona

ASSEMBLY/TEST LOCATION: Seremban, Malaysia



### ON Semiconductor

Formerly a Division of Motorola http://onsemi.com

PLASTIC SURFACE MOUNT ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSORS 6.8–200 VOLTS 600 WATT PEAK POWER



#### SMB PLASTIC CASE 403A

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping
P6SMBXXXAT3	SMB	Tape and Reel 2500 Units/Reel

Devices listed in *bold, italic* are ON Semiconductor **Preferred** devices. **Preferred** devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Power Dissipation (1) @ T <sub>L</sub> ≤ 25°C	P <sub>PK</sub>	600	Watts
Forward Surge Current (2) @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	IFSM	100	Amps
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Lead (typical)	$R_{ heta JL}$	25	°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to +150	°C

NOTES: 1. Nonrepetitive current pulse per Figure 2 and derated above  $T_A$  = 25°C per Figure 3.

2. 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), PW = 8.3 ms, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted)  $V_F = 3.5 \text{ V Max}$ ,  $I_F^{**} = 50 \text{ A for all types}$ .

Device††	Bre Min	V <sub>BR</sub> Vo	<u>@</u> Һ	ge* mA	Working Peak Reverse Voltage VRWM Volts	Maximum Reverse Leakage @ VRWM IR μΑ	Maximum Reverse Surge Current IRSM <sup>†</sup> Amps	Maximum Reverse Voltage <sup>@ I</sup> RSM (Clamping Voltage) VRSM Volts	Maximum Temperature Coefficient of VBR %°C	Device Marking
<b>P6SMB6.8AT3 P6SMB7.5AT3</b> P6SMB8.2AT3 P6SMB9.1AT3	<b>6.45 7.13</b> 7.79 8.65	<b>6.8 7.5</b> 8.2 9.1	<b>7.14 7.88</b> 8.61 9.55	10 10 10	<b>5.8 6.4</b> 7.02 7.78	1000 500 200 50	<b>57 53</b> 50 45	<b>10.5 11.3</b> 12.1 13.4	<b>0.057</b> <b>0.061</b> 0.065 0.068	6V8A 7V5A 8V2A 9V1A
<b>P6SMB10AT3</b> P6SMB11AT3 P6SMB12AT3 <b>P6SMB13AT3</b>	9.5 10.5 11.4 12.4	10 11 12 13	<b>10.5</b> 11.6 12.6 <b>13.7</b>	1 1 1	<b>8.55</b> 9.4 10.2 <b>11.1</b>	10 5 5 5	<b>41</b> 38 36 <b>33</b>	<b>14.5</b> 15.6 16.7 <b>18.2</b>	0.073 0.075 0.078 0.081	10A 11A 12A 13A
P6SMB15AT3 P6SMB16AT3 P6SMB18AT3 P6SMB20AT3	14.3 15.2 17.1 19	15 16 18 20	15.8 16.8 18.9 21	1 1 1	12.8 13.6 15.3 17.1	5 5 5 5	28 27 24 22	21.2 22.5 25.2 27.7	0.084 0.086 0.088 0.09	15A 16A 18A 20A
<b>P6SMB22AT3</b> P6SMB24AT3 <b>P6SMB27AT3 P6SMB30AT3</b>	20.9 22.8 25.7 28.5	22 24 27 30	23.1 25.2 28.4 31.5	1 1 1 1	18.8 20.5 23.1 25.6	5 5 5 5	<b>20</b> 18 <b>16</b> 14.4	<b>30.6</b> 33.2 <b>37.5</b> <b>41.4</b>	0.092 0.094 0.096 0.097	22A 24A 27A 30A
P6SMB33AT3 <b>P6SMB36AT3</b> <b>P6SMB39AT3</b> P6SMB43AT3	31.4 <b>34.2</b> <b>37.1</b> 40.9	33 <b>36</b> <b>39</b> 43	34.7 <b>37.8</b> <b>41</b> 45.2	1 1 1	28.2 <b>30.8</b> <b>33.3</b> 36.8	5 <b>5</b> <b>5</b> 5	13.2 <b>12</b> <b>11.2</b> 10.1	45.7 <b>49.9</b> <b>53.9</b> 59.3	0.098 <b>0.099</b> <b>0.1</b> 0.101	33A <b>36A</b> <b>39A</b> 43A
P6SMB47AT3 <b>P6SMB51AT3</b> P6SMB56AT3 P6SMB62AT3	44.7 <b>48.5</b> 53.2 58.9	47 <b>51</b> 56 62	49.4 <b>53.6</b> 58.8 65.1	1 1 1	40.2 <b>43.6</b> 47.8 53	5 <b>5</b> 5 5	9.3 <b>8.6</b> 7.8 7.1	64.8 <b>70.1</b> 77 85	0.101 <b>0.102</b> 0.103 0.104	47A <b>51A</b> 56A 62A
P6SMB68AT3 P6SMB75AT3 P6SMB82AT3 P6SMB91AT3	64.6 71.3 77.9 86.5	68 75 82 91	71.4 78.8 86.1 95.5	1 1 1	58.1 64.1 70.1 77.8	5 5 5 5	6.5 5.8 5.3 4.8	92 103 113 125	0.104 0.105 0.105 0.106	68A 75A 82A 91A
P6SMB100AT3 P6SMB110AT3 P6SMB120AT3 P6SMB130AT3	95 105 114 124	100 110 120 130	105 116 126 137	1 1 1 1	85.5 94 102 111	5 5 5 5	4.4 4 3.6 3.3	137 152 165 179	0.106 0.107 0.107 0.107	100A 110A 120A 130A
P6SMB150AT3 <b>P6SMB160AT3</b> P6SMB170AT3 P6SMB180AT3	143 <b>152</b> 162 171	150 <b>160</b> 170 180	158 <b>168</b> 179 189	1 1 1	128 <b>136</b> 145 154	5 <b>5</b> 5 5	2.9 <b>2.7</b> 2.6 2.4	207 <b>219</b> 234 246	0.108 <b>0.108</b> 0.108 0.108	150A <b>160A</b> 170A 180A
P6SMB200AT3	190	200	210	1	171	5	2.2	274	0.108	200A

Devices listed in bold, italic are ON Semiconductor Preferred devices.

 $<sup>^*</sup>$  V<sub>BR</sub> measured at pulse test current I<sub>T</sub> at an ambient temperaure of 25°C.  $^*$  \* 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), PW = 8.3 ms, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.

<sup>†</sup>Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 3 of the General Data — 600 Watt at the beginning of this group.

<sup>††</sup> T3 suffix designates tape and reel of 2500 units.

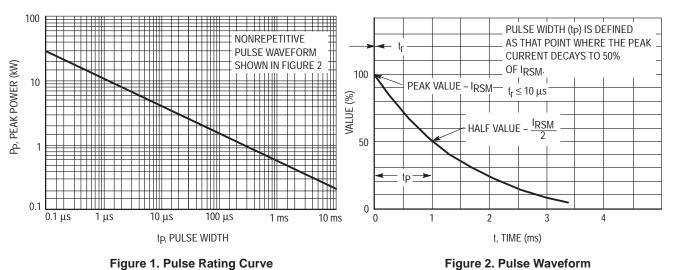
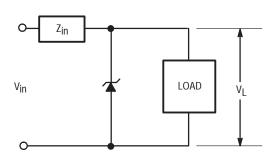


Figure 1. Pulse Rating Curve

PEAK PULSE DERATING IN % OF PEAK POWER OR CURRENT @  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ T<sub>A</sub>, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 3. Pulse Derating Curve

## **TYPICAL PROTECTION CIRCUIT**



#### **APPLICATION NOTES**

#### **RESPONSE TIME**

In most applications, the transient suppressor device is placed in parallel with the equipment or component to be protected. In this situation, there is a time delay associated with the capacitance of the device and an overshoot condition associated with the inductance of the device and the inductance of the connection method. The capacitive effect is of minor importance in the parallel protection scheme because it only produces a time delay in the transition from the operating voltage to the clamp voltage as shown in Figure 4.

The inductive effects in the device are due to actual turn-on time (time required for the device to go from zero current to full current) and lead inductance. This inductive effect produces an overshoot in the voltage across the equipment or component being protected as shown in Figure 5. Minimizing this overshoot is very important in the application, since the main purpose for adding a transient suppressor is to clamp voltage spikes. The SMB series have a very good response time, typically < 1 ns and negligible inductance. However, external inductive effects could produce unacceptable overshoot. Proper circuit layout,

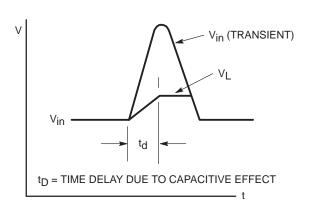
minimum lead lengths and placing the suppressor device as close as possible to the equipment or components to be protected will minimize this overshoot.

Some input impedance represented by  $Z_{in}$  is essential to prevent overstress of the protection device. This impedance should be as high as possible, without restricting the circuit operation.

#### **DUTY CYCLE DERATING**

The data of Figure 1 applies for non-repetitive conditions and at a lead temperature of 25°C. If the duty cycle increases, the peak power must be reduced as indicated by the curves of Figure 6. Average power must be derated as the lead or ambient temperature rises above 25°C. The average power derating curve normally given on data sheets may be normalized and used for this purpose.

At first glance the derating curves of Figure 6 appear to be in error as the 10 ms pulse has a higher derating factor than the 10  $\mu s$  pulse. However, when the derating factor for a given pulse of Figure 6 is multiplied by the peak power value of Figure 1 for the same pulse, the results follow the expected trend.



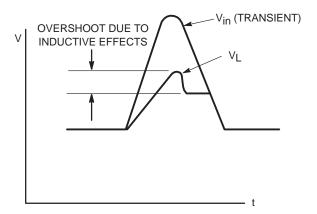


Figure 4. Figure 5.

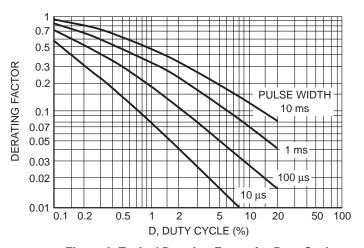


Figure 6. Typical Derating Factor for Duty Cycle

#### **UL RECOGNITION**

The entire series has *Underwriters Laboratory Recognition* for the classification of protectors (QVGV2) under the UL standard for safety 497B and File #116110. Many competitors only have one or two devices recognized or have recognition in a non-protective category. Some competitors have no recognition at all. With the UL497B recognition, our parts successfully passed several tests

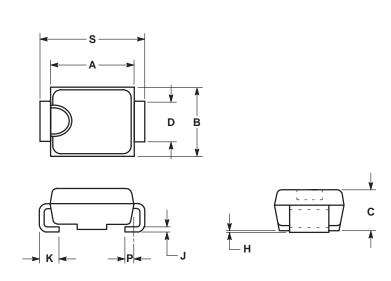
including Strike Voltage Breakdown test, Endurance Conditioning, Temperature test, Dielectric Voltage-Withstand test, Discharge test and several more.

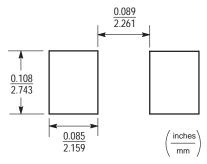
Whereas, some competitors have only passed a flammability test for the package material, we have been recognized for much more to be included in their Protector category.

#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

## **Transient Voltage Suppressors – Surface Mounted**

## **600 Watt Peak Power**





#### **SMB Footprint**

- NOTES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

  3. D DIMENSION SHALL BE MEASURED WITHIN DIMENSION P.

	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.160	0.180	4.06	4.57	
В	0.130	0.150	3.30	3.81	
С	0.075	0.095	1.90	2.41	
D	0.077	0.083	1.96	2.11	
Н	0.0020	0.0060	0.051	0.152	
J	0.006	0.012	0.15	0.30	
K	0.030	0.050	0.76	1.27	
P	0.020	REF	0.51 REF		
S	0.205	0.220	5.21 5.59		

CASE 403A **PLASTIC** 

(Refer to Section 10 of the TVS/Zener Data Book (DL150/D) for Surface Mount, Thermal Data and Footprint Information.)



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