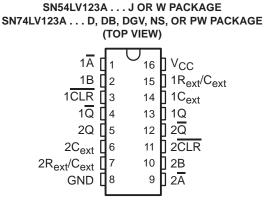
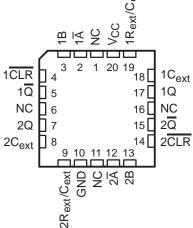
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- *EPIC* <sup>™</sup> (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Process
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce) <0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)
  >2.3 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- 2-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Support Mixed-Mode Voltage Operation on All Ports
- Schmitt-Trigger Circuitry on A, B, and CLR Inputs for Slow Input Transition Rates
- Edge Triggered From Active-High or Active-Low Gated Logic Inputs
- Retriggerable for Very Long Output Pulses, up to 100% Duty Cycle
- Overriding Clear Terminates Output Pulse
- Glitch-Free Power-Up Reset on Outputs
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D, NS), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages, Ceramic Flat (W) Packages, Chip Carriers (FK), and DIPs (J)









#### description

The 'LV123A devices are dual retriggerable monostable multivibrators designed for 2-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

These edge-triggered multivibrators feature output pulse-duration control by three methods. In the first method, the  $\overline{A}$  input is low, and the B input goes high. In the second method, the B input is high, and the  $\overline{A}$  input goes low. In the third method, the  $\overline{A}$  input is low, the B input is high, and the clear (CLR) input goes high.

The output pulse duration is programmable by selecting external resistance and capacitance values. The external timing capacitor must be connected between  $C_{ext}$  and  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  (positive) and an external resistor connected between  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  and  $V_{CC}$ . To obtain variable pulse durations, connect an external variable resistance between  $R_{ext}/C_{ext}$  and  $V_{CC}$ . The output pulse duration also can be reduced by taking CLR low.

Pulse triggering occurs at a particular voltage level and is not directly related to the transition time of the input pulse. The  $\overline{A}$ , B, and  $\overline{CLR}$  inputs have Schmitt triggers with sufficient hysteresis to handle slow input transition rates with jitter-free triggering at the outputs.



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### description (continued)

Once triggered, the basic pulse duration can be extended by retriggering the gated low-level-active  $(\overline{A})$  or high-level-active (B) input. Pulse duration can be reduced by taking CLR low. The input/output timing diagram illustrates pulse control by retriggering the inputs and early clearing.

The variance in output pulse duration from device to device typically is less than  $\pm 0.5\%$  for given external timing components. An example of this distribution for the 'LV123A is shown in Figure 11. Variations in output pulse width versus supply voltage and temperature are shown in Figure 7.

During power up, Q outputs are in the high state, and  $\overline{Q}$  outputs are in the low state. The outputs are glitch free without applying a reset pulse.

Pin assignments for these devices are identical to those of the 'AHC123A and 'AHCT123A devices for interchangeability when allowed.

The SN54LV123A is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C. The SN74LV123A is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

For additional application information on multivibrators, see the application report Designing With the SN74AHC123A and SN74AHCT123A, literature number SCLA014.

	(each	multivib	orator)	
	NPUTS		OUTI	PUTS
CLR	Ā	В	Q	Q
L	Х	Х	L	Н
Х	Н	Х	L†	н†
x	Х	L	L†	H‡
н	L	$\uparrow$	л	U
н	$\downarrow$	Н	л	U
↑	L	Н	л	ប

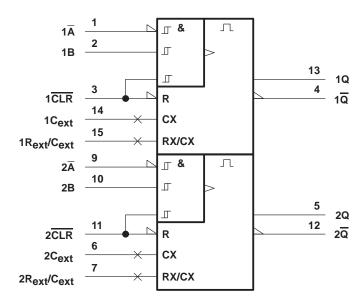
**FUNCTION TABLE** 

<sup>†</sup>These outputs are based on the assumption that the indicated steady-state conditions at the A and B inputs have been set up long enough to complete any pulse started before the setup.



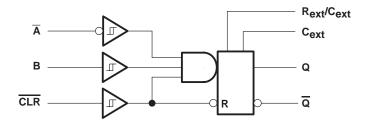
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### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, J, N, PW, and W packages.

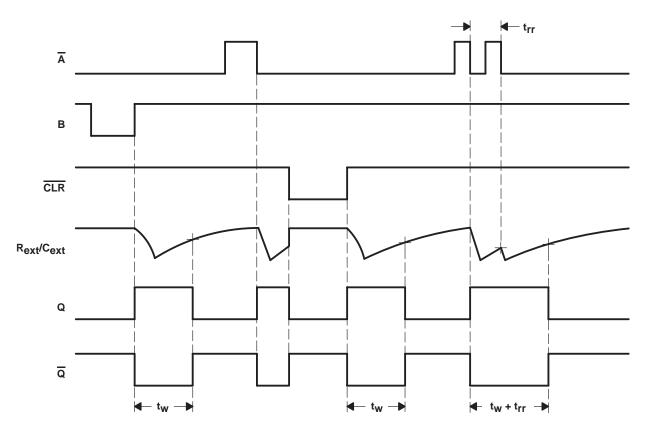
### logic diagram, each multivibrator (positive logic)





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### input/output timing diagram



### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>
or power-off state, $V_{\Omega}$ (see Note 1) -0.5 V to 7 V
Output voltage range in high or low state, $V_O$ (see Notes 1 and 2)0.5 V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V
Output voltage range in power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1) –0.5 V to 7 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> ) ±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$ ±25 mA
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND ±50 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): D package
DB package
DGV package 120°C/W
NS package
PW package
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub> –65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

2. This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.

3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



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### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			SN54LV1	23A	SN74L	/123A	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage	MIN      MAX      MIN      MAX        tage      2      5.5      2      5.5      7        input voltage $V_{CC} = 2.V$ 1.5      1.5      1.5      7        V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      7        V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      V <sub>CC</sub> × 0.7      7        V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V      0.5      0.5      0.5      0.5      0.5        V <sub>CC</sub> = 2 V      0.5 </td <td>V</td>	V				
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$	1.5		1.5		
	Llich lovel input veltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		v
VIH	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		v
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$		0.5		0.5	
V		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	١	/CC × 0.3		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	v
VIL	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	١	/CC × 0.3		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	v
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	١	/ <sub>CC</sub> ×0.3		$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	0	5.5	V
VO	Output voltage		0 0	Vcc	0	VCC	V
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$	4	-50		-50	μΑ
lou	High lovel output current	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	UC CO	-2		-2	
ЮН	nigh-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	20	-6		-6	mA
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	4	-12		-12	
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$		50		50	μΑ
	Low lovel output current	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2		2	
IOL		$V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$		6		6	mA
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		12		12	
Р.	External timing resistance	$V_{CC} = 2 V$	5k		5k		Ω
R <sub>ext</sub>		$V_{CC} \ge 3 V$	1k		1k		52
C <sub>ext</sub>	External timing capacitance		No restric	tion	No rest	riction	pF
Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>	Power-up ramp rate		1		1		ms/V
ТА	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		TEST CONDITIONS		SN54	LV123A		SN74	LV123A		LINUT
P/	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	VCC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> -0.1			
Vari		$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	2			2			V
∨он		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	3 V	2.48			2.48			v
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	4.5 V	3.8			3.8			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	2 V to 5.5 V			0.1			0.1	
Vai		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA	2.3 V			0.4			0.4	V
VOL		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	3 V		M	0.44			0.44	v
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	4.5 V		VIE	0.55			0.55	
	R <sub>ext</sub> /C <sub>ext</sub> †	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	2 V to 5.5 V		RE	±2.5			±2.5	
Ц			0 V	ć	1	±1			±1	μA
	$\overline{A}$ , B, and $\overline{CLR}$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	0 V to 5.5 V	3		±1			±1	
ICC	Quiescent	$V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND,  I_{O} = 0$	5.5 V	0		20			20	μΑ
			2.3 V	Q		220			220	
1	Active state	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND,	3 V			280			280	
lcc	(per circuit)	$R_{ext}/C_{ext} = 0.5 V_{CC}$	4.5 V			650			650	μA
			5.5 V			975	975		975	
loff	-	$V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0 V						5	μΑ
			3.3 V		1.9			1.9		~ [
Ci		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5 V		1.9			1.9		pF

<sup>†</sup> This test is performed with the terminal in the off-state condition.

## timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

			TEST CO		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			SN54LV123A		SN74LV123A		UNIT
	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT		
	Pulse	CLR			6			6.5	~	6.5		
t <sub>w</sub>	duration	A or B trigger			6			6.5	5.74	6.5		ns
			D 110	C <sub>ext</sub> = 100 pF	‡	94		¢.		‡		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Pulse retrig	iger time	R <sub>ext</sub> = 1 kΩ	$C_{ext} = 0.01 \ \mu F$	‡	2		¢¥.		‡		μs

<sup>‡</sup>See retriggering data in the *application information* section.

# timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V\_{CC} = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

			TEST CO		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			SN54LV123A		SN74LV123A		UNIT
			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Pulse	CLR			5			5	~	5		-
tw	duration	A or B trigger			5			5	h.C	5		ns
	t <sub>rr</sub> Pulse retrigger time R <sub>ext</sub> =		P = 1 k 0	C <sub>ext</sub> = 100 pF	‡	76		₽	11	‡		ns
۲r			$R_{ext} = 1 R_{22}$	$C_{ext} = 0.01 \ \mu F$	‡	1.8		¢‡`		‡		μs

<sup>‡</sup> See retriggering data in the *application information* section.

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### timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

			TEST CO	ONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			SN54LV123A		SN74LV123A		UNIT
			TEST CO	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Pulse	CLR			5			5	~	5		20
<sup>t</sup> w	duration	A or B trigger	]		5			5	120	5		ns
L.	$t_{rr}$ Pulse retrigger time $R_{ext} = 1 k\Omega$		$P_{1} = 1 k 0$	C <sub>ext</sub> = 100 pF	†	59		<b>₽</b>		†		ns
۲r			rext = 1 K22	$C_{ext} = 0.01 \ \mu F$	†	1.5		¢†		†		μs

<sup>†</sup> See retriggering data in the *application information* section.

### switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	Т	<b>Α = 25°C</b>	;	SN54L	/123A	SN74L	/123A	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	A or B	Q or Q			14.5*	31.4*	1*	37*	11	37	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or $\overline{Q}$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		13*	25*	1*	29.5*	1	29.5	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or $\overline{Q}$			15.1*	33.4*	1*	39*	1	39	
	A or B	Q or $\overline{Q}$			16.6	36	1	42	1	42	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or $\overline{Q}$	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		14.7	32.8	1	34.5	1	34.5	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or Q			17.4	38	1	<del>6</del> 44	1	44	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $C_{ext} = 28 \text{ pF},$ $R_{ext} = 2  k\Omega$		197	260	DUCT	320		320	ns
tw‡		Q or $\overline{Q}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 50 \text{ pF},\\ \text{C}_{\text{ext}} = 0.01 \mu\text{F},\\ \text{R}_{\text{ext}} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	90	100	110	æ 90	110	90	110	μs
			$\begin{array}{l} C_L = 50 \text{ pF},\\ C_{ext} = 0.1 \mu\text{F},\\ R_{ext} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	0.9	1	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	ms
$\Delta t_W$ §			CL = 50 pF		±1						%

\* On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

 $t_W = Duration of pulse at Q and \overline{Q} outputs$  $\delta_{\Delta t_W} = Output pulse duration variation (Q and \overline{Q}) between circuits in same package$ 



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## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

00				-	_						
PARAMETER	FROM	то	TEST	T,	<b>ຊ</b> = 25°C	;	SN54L	/123A	SN74L	V123A	UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	A or B	Q or $\overline{Q}$			10.2*	20.6*	1*	24*	1	24	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or $\overline{Q}$	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		9.3*	15.8*	1*	18.5*	1	18.5	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or $\overline{Q}$			10.6*	22.4*	1*	26*	1	26	
	A or B	Q or Q			11.8	24.1	1	27.5	1	27.5	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or Q	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		10.5	19.3	1	22	1	22	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or $\overline{Q}$			12.3	25.9	1	29.5	1	29.5	
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $C_{ext} = 28 \text{ pF},$ $R_{ext} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$		182	240	, <sup>ZONQ</sup>	300		300	ns
<sub>tw</sub> †		Q or $\overline{Q}$	$\begin{array}{c} C_L = 50 \text{ pF},\\ C_{ext} = 0.01 \mu\text{F},\\ R_{ext} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	90	100	110	وم 90	110	90	110	μs
			$\begin{array}{l} C_L = 50 \text{ pF},\\ C_{ext} = 0.1 \mu\text{F},\\ R_{ext} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	0.9	1	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	ms
$\Delta t_W^{\ddagger}$			CL = 50 pF		±1						%

\* On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

 $t_{W}$  = Duration of pulse at Q and  $\overline{Q}$  outputs

 $\ddagger \Delta t_W =$ Output pulse duration variation (Q and  $\overline{Q}$ ) between circuits in same package

	FROM	то	TEST	Т	<b>λ</b> = 25°C	;	SN54L	/123A	SN74L	V123A	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	A or B	Q or Q			7.1*	12*	1*	14*	1	14	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or Q	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF		6.5*	9.4*	1*	11*	1	11	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or Q			7.4*	12.9*	1*	15*	1	15	
	A or B	Q or Q			8.3	14	1	16	1	16	
<sup>t</sup> pd	CLR	Q or Q	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		7.4	11.4	1	13	1	13	ns
	CLR trigger	Q or Q			8.7	14.9	1	2 17	1	17	
tw†			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$ $C_{ext} = 28 \text{ pF},$ $R_{ext} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$		167	200	<sup>L</sup> Onq	240		240	ns
		Q or $\overline{Q}$	$\begin{array}{c} C_L = 50 \text{ pF},\\ C_{ext} = 0.01 \mu\text{F},\\ R_{ext} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	90	100	110	æ 90	110	90	110	μs
			$\begin{array}{l} C_L = 50 \text{ pF},\\ C_{ext} = 0.1 \mu\text{F},\\ R_{ext} = 10 k\Omega \end{array}$	0.9	1	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	ms
$\Delta t_w^{\ddagger}$					±1						%

## switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 5 V ± 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

\* On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

 $\dagger t_{W}$  = Duration of pulse at Q and  $\overline{Q}$  outputs

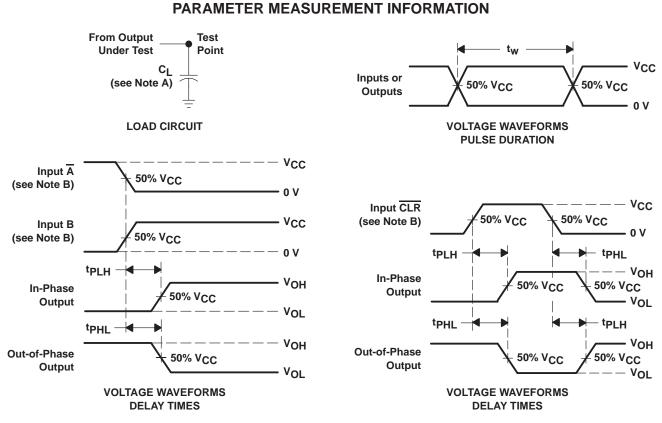
 $\ddagger \Delta t_w =$  Output pulse duration variation (Q and  $\overline{Q}$ ) between circuits in same package



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### operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			UNIT
	$C_1 = 50  pF_2$	f = 10 MHz	3.3 V	44	ъF	
Cpd	C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance			5 V	49	рF



NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>r</sub> = 3 ns, t<sub>f</sub> = 3 ns.
- C. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### caution in use

To prevent malfunctions due to noise, connect a high-frequency capacitor between  $V_{CC}$  and GND, and keep the wiring between the external components and Cext and Rext/Cext terminals as short as possible.

### power-down considerations

Large values of Cext may cause problems when powering down the 'LV123A because of the amount of energy stored in the capacitor. When a system containing this device is powered down, the capacitor may discharge from V<sub>CC</sub> through the protection diodes at pin 7 or pin 15. Current through the input protection diodes must be limited to 20 mA; therefore, the turn-off time of the  $V_{CC}$  power supply must not be faster than t = V<sub>CC</sub> × C<sub>ext</sub>/20 mA. For example, if V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V and C<sub>ext</sub> = 22 pF, the V<sub>CC</sub> supply must turn off no faster than t =  $(5 \text{ V}) \times (22 \text{ pF})/20\text{mA} = 5.5 \text{ ms}$ . Usually, this is not a problem because power supplies are heavily filtered and cannot discharge at this rate. When a more rapid decrease of V<sub>CC</sub> to zero occurs, the 'LV123A may sustain damage. To avoid this possibility, use external clamping diodes.

### output pulse duration

The output pulse duration,  $t_w$ , is determined primarily by the values of the external capacitance (C<sub>T</sub>) and timing resistance (R<sub>T</sub>). The timing components are connected as shown in Figure 2.

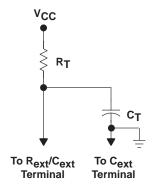


Figure 2. Timing-Component Connections

The pulse duration is given by:

 $t_w = K \times R_T \times C_T$ 

if  $C_T$  is  $\ge 1000$  pF, K = 1.0

or

if  $C_T$  is < 1000 pF, K can be determined from Figure 9

where:

tw = pulse duration in ns

 $R_T$  = external timing resistance in k $\Omega$ 

C<sub>T</sub> = external capacitance in pF

K = multiplier factor

Equation 1 and Figures 5 or 6 can be used to determine values for pulse duration, external resistance, and external capacitance.



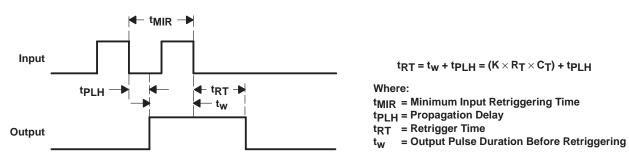
(1)

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### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

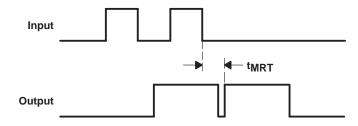
### retriggering data

The minimum input retriggering time (t<sub>MIR</sub>) is the minimum time required after the initial signal before retriggering the input. After t<sub>MIR</sub>, the device retriggers the output. Experimentally, it also can be shown that, to retrigger the output pulse, the two adjacent input signals should be  $t_{MIR}$  apart, where  $t_{MIR} = 0.30 \times t_{w}$ . The retrigger pulse duration is calculated as shown in Figure 3.





The minimum value from the end of the input pulse to the beginning of the retriggered output should be approximately 15 ns to ensure a retriggered output. This is illustrated in Figure 4.



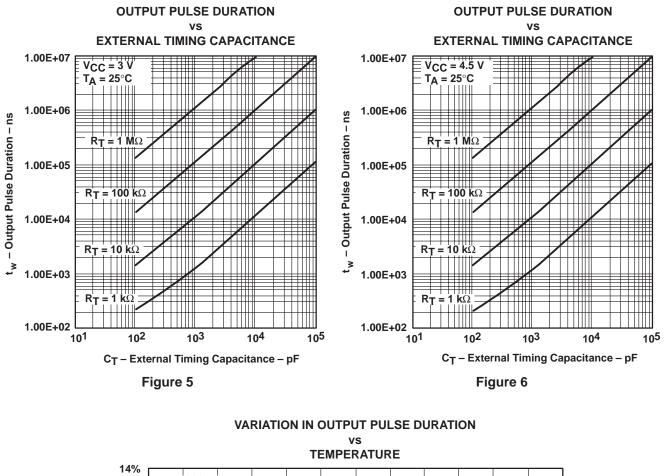
tMRT = Minimum Time Between the End of the Second Input Pulse and the Beginning of the Retriggered Output tMRT= 15 ns

### **Figure 4. Input/Output Requirements**



### SN54LV123A, SN74LV123A DUAL RETRIGGERABLE MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATORS WITH SCHMITT-TRIGGER INPUTS SCLS393B – APRIL 1998 – REVISED MAY 2000

**APPLICATION INFORMATION<sup>†</sup>** 



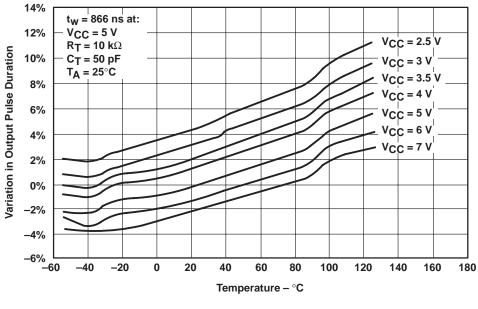


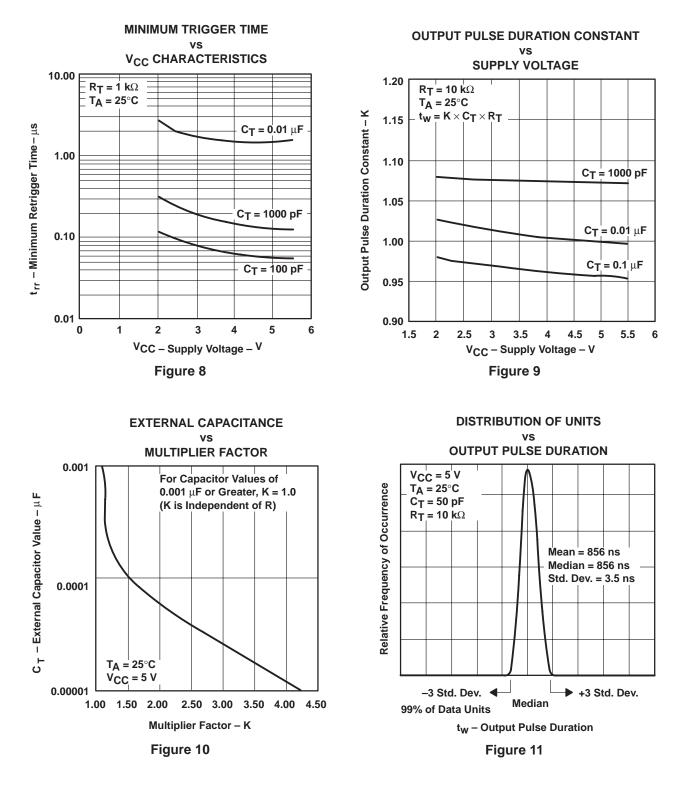
Figure 7

<sup>†</sup> Operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.



### SN54LV123A, SN74LV123A DUAL RETRIGGERABLE MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATORS WITH SCHMITT-TRIGGER INPUTS SCLS393B – APRIL 1998 – REVISED MAY 2000

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<sup>†</sup> Operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied.



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