

Ethernet Encoder/decoder and 10BaseT Transceiver with Built-in Waveform Shaper

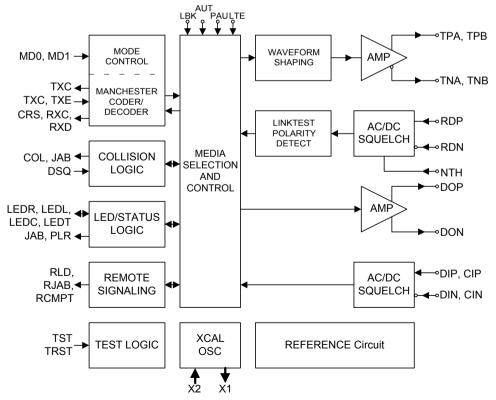
FEATURES

- Pin-out and functionally compatible with Level One LXT907.
- Built-in UTP waveform shaping function no external filters required.
- Integrated Manchester encoder/decoder.
- 10Base-T compliant transceiver and AUI transceiver.
- Full duplex capability.
- Automatic and manual interface selection (AUI/TP).
- Automatic TP polarity detection and correction.
- · Heartbeat enable/disable function and jabber disable function.
- Drives 4 LED status indicators.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

MTD907 is an integrated Ethernet Endec and 10Base-T transceiver with built-in UTP transmission waveform shaping function. The integrated encoder/decoder conforms to IEEE802.3 standards and provides all needed active circuitry with which to interface the majority of IEEE802.3-conforming controllers to either the 10Base-T media or attachment unit interface (AUI). The functions provided by MTD907 include Manchester encoding/decoding, jabber detection, automatic media selection, reception squelch and transmission waveform shaping, automatic UTP polarity detection and correction for the UTP media.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



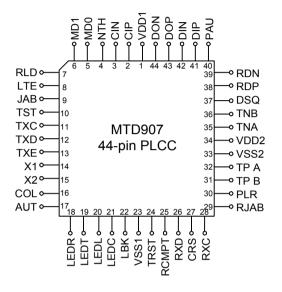
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MTD907

1.0 PIN CONNECTION

44-pin PLCC



1.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

No	Symbol	I/O	Name	Description
1	VDD1	-	Positive Power	+5 Volt power supplies.
34	VDD2		Supply	
2	CIP	I.	Collision Input	AUI transceiver CI circuit differential input pair.
3	CIN	I	Pair	
4	NTH	I	Normal Threshold	Active high input, selects normal TP input threshold; when NTH=0, the TP input threshold is reduced 4.5dB.
5	MD0	1	Mode	Mode selection pins. Determines controller compatibility
6	MD1	Ι	Selection	mode: mode 00 is for AMD, 01 for Intel, 10 for Fujitsu, 11 for NSC.
7	RLD	0	Remote Link Down	Active high output. Signifies when the remote port is in link down condition.
8	LTE	Ι	Link Test Enabler	Active high input. Enables the link test when high; when low, disables the TP link test.
9	JAB	0	Jabber Indicator	Active high output. High output indicates jabber condition.
10	TST	Ι	Test	Active high input internally pulled low. This pin is used in test mode only.
11	TXC	0	Transmit Clock	10 MHz clock output. Should be directly connected to the controller to synchronize transmission operation.
12	TXD		Transmit Data	Input signal, NRZ data from the controller.
13	TXE	Ι	Transmission Enabler	Active high input. Enables data transmission and begins jabber timer; should be synchronized with TXC by the controller.
14	X1	0	Crystal	Built-in crystal oscillator. A 20 MHz crystal must be
15	X2	I	Oscillator	connected across these 2 pins or an external clock must be applied to X2 with X1 left open.
16	COL	0	Collision Detection	Output signal; drives controller collision detection input.



	I	1		
17	AUT	I	Automatic Port Selection	Active high input. When active, MTD907 defaults to the AUI port if the TP link test fails. If driven low, the port selection is determined by the PAU pin.
18	LEDR/	0	Receive LED,	Active low output driver for receiving the LED indicator.
	JABDIS	1	Disable Jabber	The LED 'on' time is extended by at least 80 ms.
				When externally tied or driven low, disables the internal
				jabber timer.
19	LEDT/	0	Transmit LED,	Active low output driver for LED transmission indicator.
	PWDN	Ĩ	Power Down	The LED 'on' time is extended by at least 80ms.
			r onor bonn	When externally tied or driven low, forces MTD907 into
				power-down state.
20	LEDL/	0	Link LED,	Active low output driver for link integrity LED indicator.
20	LPSS	I	Link Pass	When externally tied or driven low, forces MTD907 into
			Ellink F 000	'link pass' state.
21	LEDC/	0	Collision LED,	Active low output driver for collision indicator LED. The
21	FDX	Î	Full Duplex	LED on time is extended by at least 80 ms.
	1 DX			When externally tied low, enables MTD907 for full duplex
				operation by disabling internal TP loopback and TP
				collision detection functions.
22	LBK		Loopback	Active high input; enables internal loopback mode.
22	VSS1	-	Negative	Power supply ground.
33	VSS1 VSS2	-	•	Power supply ground.
	TRST		Power Supply Test Mode	Active high test made react signal. Only recognized in
24	1831		Reset	Active high test mode reset signal. Only recognized in test mode (TST pin high) and internally pulled low.
25	DOMDT			
25	RCMPT	0	Remote	Active high output; indicating TP transceiver at the
	DVD	0	Compatible	remote end is compatible with remote signaling.
26	RXD	0	Received Data	Output signal; recovers received data. Should be
07	000			connected directly to controller.
27	CRS	0	Carrier Sense	Output signal; detects incoming network traffic. Should
	DYO	0	Deschard	be connected directly to controller.
28	RXC	0	Received	Output signal; recovers received clock. Should be
		~	Clock	connected directly to controller.
29	RJAB	0	Remote	Active high output signal; indicates when the remote end
		~	Jabber	is in jabber state.
30	PLR	0	Polarity	Active high output signal; indicates when the TP polarity
			Reversal	is reversed.
31	TPB	0	Twisted-pair	Two differential driver pairs (A and B) for the TP cable.
32	TPA	0	Transmission	The outputs are pre-equalized, thus no external filters
35	TNA	0	Pairs A & B	are required. The TPX pins and TNX pins must be
36	TNB	0		shorted together with a 24.9 Ω 1% to match the 100 Ω TP
		<u>.</u>		impedance.
37	DSQ		Disable SQE	Active high input. When driven high, selects MTD907 for
				hub/switch/repeater operation by disabling signal quality
				test (heartbeat).
38	RDP		Receive Data	Differential input pair for TP cable. The reception filter is
39	RDN		Input Pair (TP)	integrated on-chip. No external filter is required.
40	PAU	I	Select	Recognized only if the AUT pin is low. PAU=1 selects
			Port/AUI	AUI port, PAU=0 selects TP port. It is recommended
				that you tie this pin to ground if driving AUT pin high.
41	DIP		AUI Reception	Differential input pair from the AUI transceiver DI circuit.
42	DIN	I	Pair	
43	DOP	0	AUI	Differential output pair to the AUI transceiver DO circuit.
44	DON	0	Transmission	
			Pair	
		_		

2.0 CONTROLLER COMPATIBILITY MODE DESCRIPTIONS

Mode	Controllers:	MD0	MD1
1	Advanced Micro Devices AM7990 or compatible controllers.	0	0
2	Intel 82586 or 82596, or compatible controllers.	0	1
3	Fujitsu MB86950 or MB86960, Seeq 8005 or compatible continuous	1	0
	clock-type controllers.		
4	National Semiconductor 8390, TI TMS380C26 or compatible controllers.	1	1

3.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

DC Supply Voltage (Vcc)	-0.5V to +7V
DC Input Voltage (Vin)	-0.5V to Vcc+0.5V
Storage Temperature	-65 ^o C to 150 ^o C
Operating Temperature	0°C to 70°C

4.0 OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.75	5	5.25	V	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	-	70	°C	
	lcc	-	35	55	mA	Idle
Supply Current	lcc	-	60	80	mA	Transmitting on TP
Supply Current	lcc	-	50	70	mA	Transmitting on AUI
	lcc	-	3	6	mA	Power-down mode

5.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (under operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Test Conditions
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-	-	0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0	-	-	V	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.4	V	lol=1.6mA
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	2.4	-	-	V	lol=40uA
Output Low Voltage (LED)	V _{OL}	-	-	0.7	V	Iol=10mA
Output Diag Time (TXC, DXC)	T _R	-	3	12	ns	Cload=20pF
Output Rise Time (TXC, RXC)	T _R	-	2	8	ns	TTL load
Output Fall Time (TXC, RXC)	Τ _F	-	3	12	ns	Cload=20pF
	Τ _F	-	2	8	ns	TTL load
X2 Rise Time (external clock)	-	-	-	10	ns	
X2 Duty Cycle (external clock)	-	-	50/50	40/60	%	

6.0 AUI ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (under operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input Low Current	١L	-	-	-700	uA	
Input High Current	Ι _Η	-	-	500	uA	
Differential Output Voltage	V _{OD}	550	-	1200	mV	
Differential Squelch Threshold	V _{DS}	150	220	350	mV	5 MHz square wave

7.0 TP ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (under operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Transmit Output Impedance	Zout	-	5	-	Ω	
Peak Differential Output Voltage	Vod	3.3	3.5	3.7	V	Load=100 Ω
Transmit Timing Jitter Addition	-	-	6.4	10	+/- ns	Internal MAU
Transmit Timing Jitter Added by MAU and PLS Sections	-	-	3.5	5.5	+/- ns	After IEEE 802.3- specified TP line model
Receive Input Impedance	Zin	-	20	-	kΩ	Between input pairs
Differential Squelch	Vds	300	420	585	mV	5MHz square wave input, NTH=1
Threshold	Vds	180	250	345	mV	5MHz square wave input, NTH=0

8.0 SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (under operating conditions)

Jabber Timing:

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Maximum Transmission Time before Jabber	-	20	-	150	ms
Unjab Time	-	250	-	750	ms

Link Integrity Pulse Timing:

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Link Loss Time	-	63	-	64	ms
Transmit Link Integrity Timing	-	8	-	24	ms
Receive Link Integrity Pulse Timing	-	3.1	-	63	ms

Start-of-Frame Timing, AUI

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Decoder Acquisition Time	t _{DATA}	-	700	1100	ns
CD Turn-on Delay	t _{CD}	-	50	200	ns

Start-of-Frame Timing, TP

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Decoder Acquisition Time	t _{DATA}	-	1000	1700	ns
CD Turn-on Delay	t _{CD}	-	400	550	ns

RXC Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode3	Mode 4	Unit
Receive Data Setup from RXC	t _{RDS}	Min.	43	30	30	30	ns
Receive Data Hold from RXC	t _{RDH}	Min.	10	30	30	30	ns
RXC Shut-off Delay from CRS Assertion	t _{sws}	Тур.	-	-	+/-100	-	ns
RXC Hold after CRS Turn-off	t _{RCH}	-	8	1	-	8	bt
RXD Data through Delay	t _{RD}	Max.	400	375	375	375	ns
CRS Turn-off Delay	t _{CRSOFF}	Max.	500	475	475	475	ns
RXC Switching Delay after CD Off	t _{SWE}	Тур.	-	-	120	-	ns

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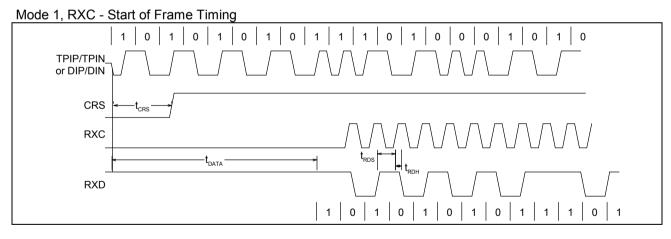
Transmission Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TXE Setup from TXC	t _{EHCH}	22	-	-	ns
TXD Setup from TXC	t _{DACH}	22	-	-	ns
TXE Hold from TXC	t _{CHEL}	5	-	-	ns
TXD Hold from TXC	t _{CHDU}	5	-	-	ns
Transmission Start-up Delay, AUI	t _{STUD}	-	200	450	ns
Transmission Start-up Delay, TP	t _{STUD}	-	350	450	ns
Transmission through Delay, AUI	t _{TPD}	-	-	300	ns
Transmission through Delay, TP	t _{TPD}	-	-	350	ns

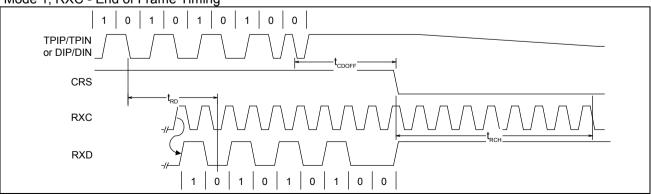
COL and Loopback Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
COL Turn-on Delay	t _{COLD}	-	-	500	ns
COL Turn-off Delay	t _{COLOFF}	-	-	500	ns
COL (SQE) Delay after TXE Off	t _{SQED}	0.65	-	1.6	us
COL (SQE) Pulse Duration	t _{SQEP}	500	-	1500	ns
LBK Setup from TXE	t _{KHEH}	10	25	-	ns
LBK Hold after TXE	t _{KHEL}	10	0	-	ns

9.0 TIMING DIAGRAM

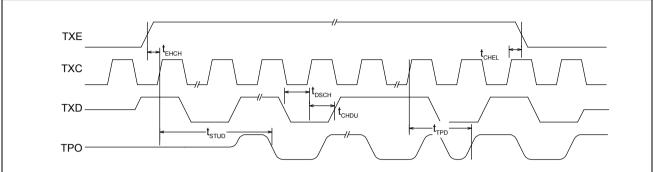


Mode 1, RXC - End of Frame Timing

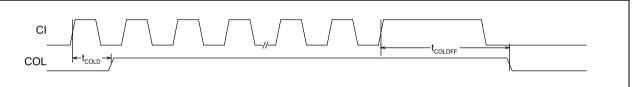




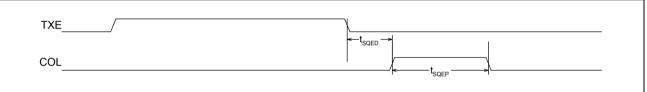
Mode 1, Transmission Timing



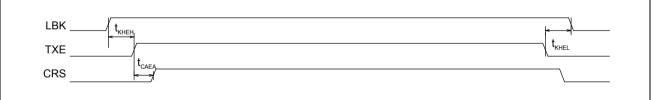
Mode 1, Collision Detection Timing



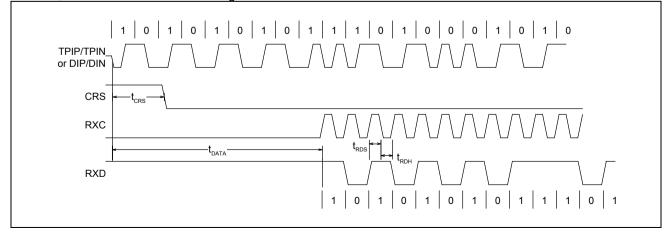
Mode 1, HBT/CI Output Timing



Mode 1, Loopback Timing

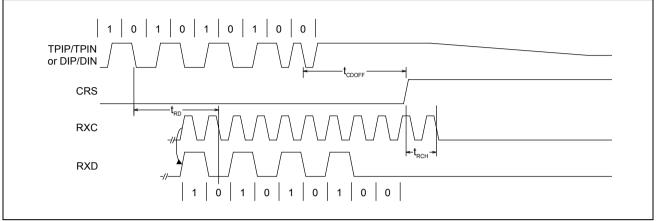


Mode 2, RXC - Start of Frame Timing

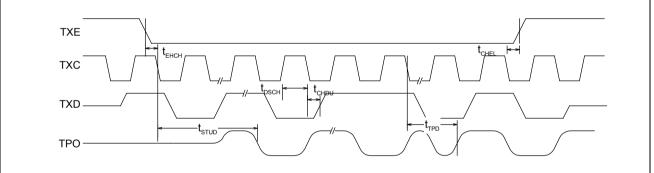




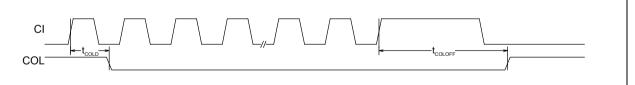
Mode 2, RXC - End of Frame Timing



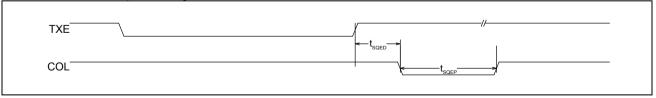
Mode 2, Transmission Timing



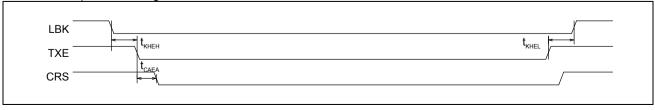
Mode 2, Collision Detection Timing



Mode 2, HBT/CI Output Timing

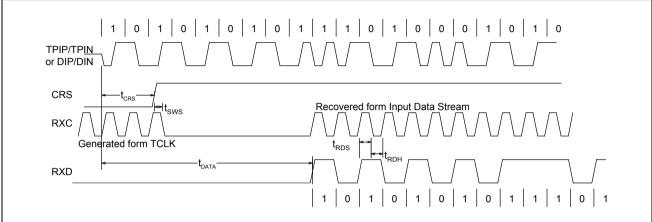


Mode 2, Loopback Timing

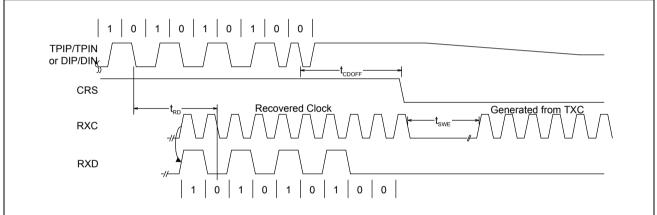




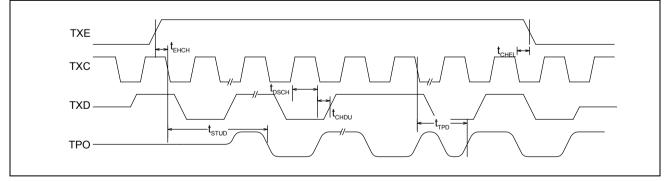
Mode 3, RXC - Start of Frame Timing



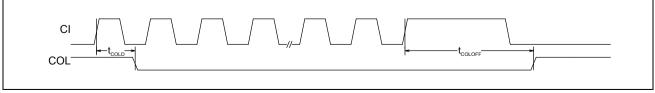
Mode 3, RXC - End of Frame Timing



Mode 3, Transmission Timing

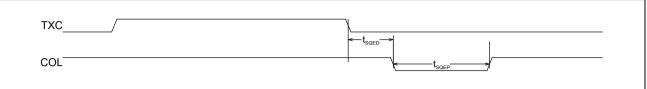


Mode 3, Collision Detection Timing

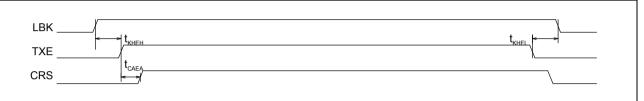




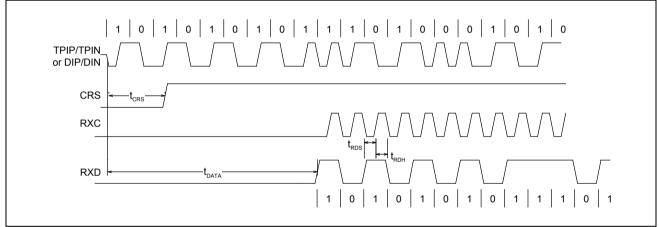
Mode 3, HBT/CI Output Timing



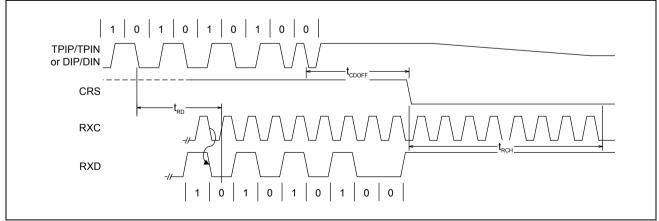
Mode 3, Loopback Timing



Mode 4, RXC - Start of Frame Timing

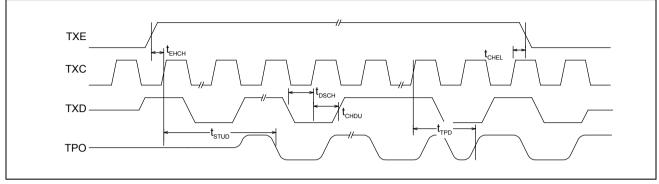


Mode 4, RXC - End of Frame Timing

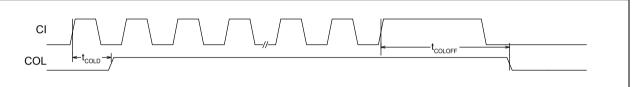




Mode 4, Transmission Timing



Mode 4, Collision Detection Timing



Mode 4, HBT/CI Output Timing

TXE /	γ
	<-t _{SQED} →
COL	
	/≮─── ^τ _{SQEP} ────≯└────

Mode 4, Loopback Timing

LBK
TXE
CRS

10.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

MTD907 is an Ethernet Endec and 10BaseT transceiver with a built-in waveform shaper that performs the Media Attachment Unit (MAU) and Physical Layer Signaling (PLS) functions as defined in the IEEE802.3 specification.

MTD907 can function as either a PLS-only device interfacing a supported controller to an AUI cable or as an integrated PLS/MAU interfacing a supported controller to the TP cable. In the following functional descriptions, all functions are defined as seen from the controller side of the interface.

Controller Compatibility

MTD907 is configurable for interfacing with common industrial standard Ethernet controllers. The mode selection pins, MD0 and MD1, provide the mode configuration capability as tabulated in Section 2.0. The timing specification of different controller modes is specified in Section 8.0's RXC timing. Applicable timing diagrams for each of the supported controller modes are included in Section 9.0.



Transmission Function

MTD907 samples TXD data from the controller at the rising edge of the TXC signal and then performs the Manchester encoding on the input data stream. The encoded data is then transmitted through either the AUI port or the TP cable network . The built-in waveform-shaping circuits produce pre-distorted TP output waveform comforming to the jitter template specified in IEEE802.3. No external filter is required in MTD907 applications. If LTE is enabled and the TP port is selected as the network media, MTD907 transmits link integrity test pulses at regular intervals during idle periods. Due to its voltage drive and TP output drivers' low output impedence, the driving end source resistance is decided by external resistors.

Jabber Control Function

The jabber control function of MTD907 closely follows the IEEE 802.3 specification. The MTD907 built-in watchdog timer prevents the DTE from continuous transmission. When the TXE input is asserted for longer than the time limit, both transmission and loopback functions are disabled, and the JAB output pin will be asserted. Once MTD907 enters the jabber state, it will exit it only if the TXE signal remains idle for a period of 250-750ms.

The jabber function of MTD907 can be disabled by externally pulling the LEDR pin low.

SQE Function

MTD907 supports the signal quality error (SQE) function, which can be disabled through DSQ input. If the SQE function is enabled (DSQ=0), MTD907 will transmit the SQE signal after every successful 10BaseT transmission. This SQE signal will be a 10 +/- 5 bit time assertion of the COL output pin. If the AUI port is selected as the transmission media, the SQE is determined by the external MAU.

When using MTD907 in hub or switch applications, the SQE function must be disabled (DSQ=1).

Reception Function

MTD907's reception function recovers both the clock and data from the incoming Manchester-encoded data stream from either the AUI or TP port. The recovered clock and data are sent to the controller through the RXC and RXD pins, respectively.

Internal filter and squelch functions are integrated in MTD907 in order to discriminate noise from valid TP signals. No external reception filter is needed. If the incoming signal from either the AUI or TP input exceeds the squelch requirements, the CRS pin will be asserted and internal timing recovery circuits will be activated. A fast lock-on PLL will typically lock on to the input signal in 5-bit time. If the input signal drops below the squelch threshold or signal transitions are absent for 8-bit time (typical), the internal circuit will return to its idle state.

TP Interface Polarity Correction Function

The MTD907 TP interface polarity correction function detects and corrects TP polarity error using both TP link pulses and end-of-frame data. The TP polarity is internally decided as being reversed only if 8 consecutive link pulses or end-of-frame data are received with a polarity opposite to the expected polarity. Upon detecting TP polarity reversal, MTD907 will automatically exchange the received TP data polarity. This correction function is always active.

Collision Detection Function

The collision detection function is applicable only if MTD907 is used as PLS/MAU in a standard 10BaseT network. A collision is detected if valid data is present simultaneously on both TP transmission and TP reception circuits. MTD907 reports this to the controller via the assertion of the COL output. If MTD907 is used as PLS only, i.e. external MAU, then the collision detection is based on valid signals from the AUI port.

If MTD907 is configured to function as a full-duplex TP transceiver by externally pulling the LEDC pin low, the collision detection function for TP will be disabled internally. Also, if the MTD907 LBK pin is driven high, all collision function is disabled.

Loopback Function



MTD907 has 4 different loopback modes. If the TP port and half-duplex mode are selected, MTD907 provides the normal loopback function as defined in 10BaseT standards. If the TP port and full-duplex mode are selected, the internal loopback is disabled, allowing external loopback through TP ports. If the AUI interface is selected and LBK=0, the external AUI loopback mode is in effect. If LBK is driven high, the internal collision detection function is disabled, and the transmission data is forced to loop back through internal Manchester ENDEC with disregard as to which interface port is selected.

Link Integrity Test

The MTD907 link integrity test is implemented as specified in IEEE802.3 10BaseT standards. This function is enabled when input pin 8 (LTE) is driven high. While LTE=1, MTD907 will recognize link integrity pulses received in absence of a valid TP data packet. If both link integrity pulses and TP data packets are not detected within 65-66ms, MTD907 will enter a link-fail state and will disable the transmission and normal loopback functions. After it enters such a state, MTD907 will exit the link-fail state if one valid TP packet or 2 or more link integrity pulses are received. Link integrity pulses received within an interval of 4ms will be ignored by MTD907.

Remote Signaling

The link integrity pulses transmitted by MTD907 include encoded local status information by varying the link pulse intervals. This feature is implemented in such a way that MTD907 is compatible with any chip that uses the same signaling scheme, such as many of the Level One products.

Three different pieces of status information are encoded and are described as follows. Local link-down is encoded as link pulse interval sequences of 10ms-15ms-20ms. Local jabber is encoded as link pulse interval sequences of 10ms-20ms-15ms. Remote-signaling capability is encoded as a link pulse interval sequence of 10ms-20ms. MTD907 will detect and decode link pulses, thus encoding and reporting them through the RLD, RJAB and RCMPT output pins, respectively.

11.0 Comparison of MTD907 and Level One LXT901/LXT907

Waveform Synthesis Method

The main difference between MTD907 and Level One LXT901/LXT907 is the waveform synthesis method used. Level One products use a table-look-up method with a 5-bit DAC operating at 70MHz. MTD907 uses a delay cell based 16-tab FIR filter operating at 160MHz to synthesize the pre-distorted transmission waveforms required by 10BaseT standards with much refined waveform.

Mode1 and Mode4 End-of-Frame RXC Timing

Eight end-of-frame RXC pulses are provided for better controller interfacing for Mode1 and Mode 4 style timing.

MTD907 vs LXT901

These 2 devices share the same functionality except for Pin 37. LXT901 uses this pin as a UTP/STP selection input while MTD907 uses this pin as DSQ to disable or enable the built-in SQE function. For typical LXT901 UTP applications, this pin is tied high in order to select UTP interface. For these applications, MTD907 should be a drop-in replacement for LXT901 if the attached controller does not check the SQE signal.

MTD907 vs LXT907

The only noticeable difference between these 2 devices is that when LXT907 enters the power-down mode, it will drive the LEDL low periodically, while MTD907 disables all output pins once forced into the power-down mode.



12.0 APPLICATIONS

Please see the attached application schematics.

13.0 PACKAGE DIMENSION

44 PIN PLCC Unit: Inch

