

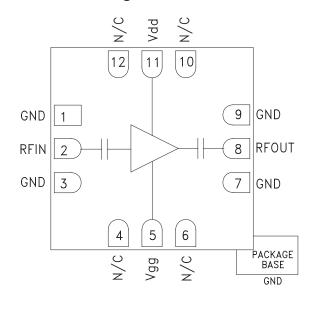


## **Typical Applications**

The HMC594LC3B is ideal for:

- Fixed Microwave
- Point-to-Multi-Point Radios
- Test & Measurement Equipment
- Radar & Sensors
- Military & Space

#### **Functional Diagram**



#### **Features**

Gain Flatness: ±0.2 dB

Noise Figure: 3 dB

Gain: 10 dB

Output IP3: +36 dBm

DC Supply: +6V @ 100 mA

50 Ohm Matched Input/Output

RoHS Compliant 3x3 mm SMT package

## **General Description**

The HMC594LC3B is a GaAs PHEMT MMIC Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) which operates from 2 to 4 GHz. The HMC594LC3B features extremely flat performance characteristics including 10 dB of small signal gain, 3.0 dB of noise figure and output IP3 of +36 dBm across the operating band. This high linearity LNA is ideal for test & measurement equipment and military assemblies due to its compact size, consistent output power and DC blocked RF I/O's. The HMC594LC3B is also available in chip form as the HMC594.

## Electrical Specifications, $T_{\Delta} = +25^{\circ}$ C, Vdd = +6V, $Idd = 100mA^{*}$

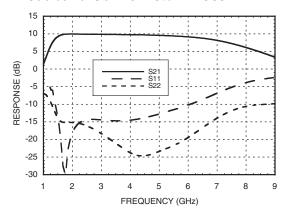
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range		2 - 4		GHz
Gain	7	10		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature		0.015		dB/ °C
Noise Figure		3	4	dB
Input Return Loss		15		dB
Output Return Loss		17		dB
Output Power for 1 dB Compression (P1dB)	18	21		dBm
Saturated Output Power (Psat)		22		dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (IP3)		36		dBm
Supply Current (Idd)		100	130	mA

<sup>\*</sup>Adjust Vgg between -1.5V to -0.5V to achieve Idd = 100mA typical.

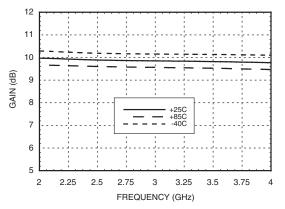




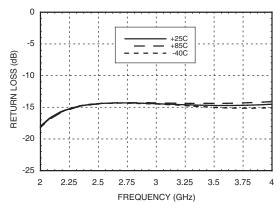
#### **Broadband Gain & Return Loss**



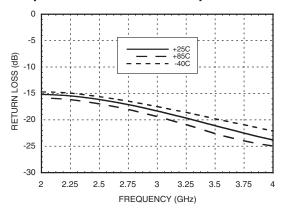
## Gain vs. Temperature



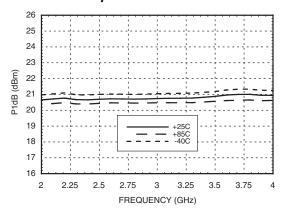
## Input Return Loss vs. Temperature



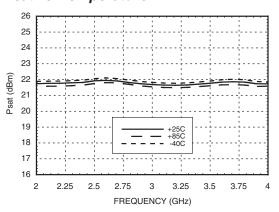
#### **Output Return Loss vs. Temperature**



#### P1dB vs. Temperature



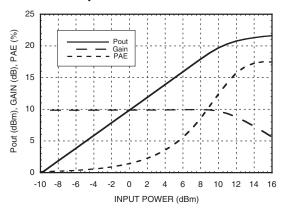
#### Psat vs. Temperature



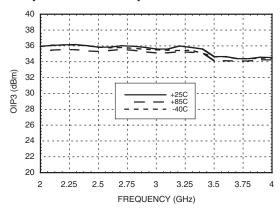




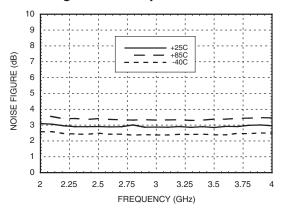
#### Power Compression @ 3 GHz



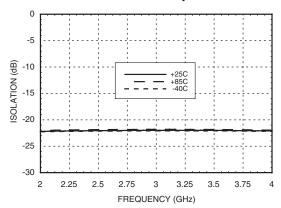
#### Output IP3 vs. Temperature



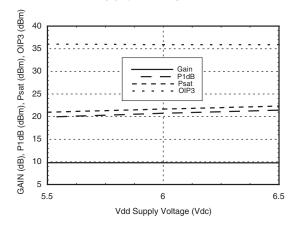
#### Noise Figure vs. Temperature



#### Reverse Isolation vs. Temperature



# Gain, Power & OIP3 vs. Supply Voltage @ 3 GHz







## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Drain Bias Voltage (Vdd)	7 Vdc	
RF Input Power (RFin)(Vdd = +6.0 Vdc)	+15 dBm	
Channel Temperature	150 °C	
Continuous Pdiss (T = 85 °C) (derate 10 mW/°C above 85 °C)	0.65 W	
Thermal Resistance (channel to ground paddle)	100 °C/W	
Storage Temperature -65 to +150 °C		
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C	

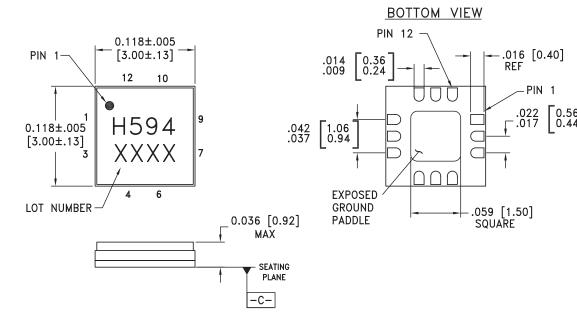
## Typical Supply Current vs. Vdd

Vdd (V)	ldd (mA)
+5.5	97
+6.0	100
+6.5	103

Note: Amplifier will operate over full voltage range shown above



## **Outline Drawing**



#### NOTES:

- 1. PACKAGE BODY MATERIAL: ALUMINA
- 2. LEAD AND GROUND PADDLE PLATING: GOLD FLASH OVER Ni.
- 3. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 4. LEAD SPACING TOLERANCE IS NON-CUMULATIVE
- 5. PACKAGE WARP SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.05mm.
- 6. ALL GROUND LEADS AND GROUND PADDLE MUST BE SOLDERED TO PCB RF GROUND.





## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1, 3, 7, 9	GND	Package bottom must also be connected to RF/DC ground	⊖ GND =
2	RFIN	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms from 2 - 4 GHz.	
4, 6 10, 12	N/C	This pin may be connected to RF/DC ground. Performance will not be affected.	
5	Vgg	Gate supply voltage for the amplifier. Adjust to achieve Idd= 100mA. External bypass capacitors are required.	Vgg =
8	RFOUT	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms from 2 - 4 GHz.	—  ├──○ RFOUT
11	Vdd	Power Supply Voltage for the amplifier. External bypass capacitors are required.	Vdd 

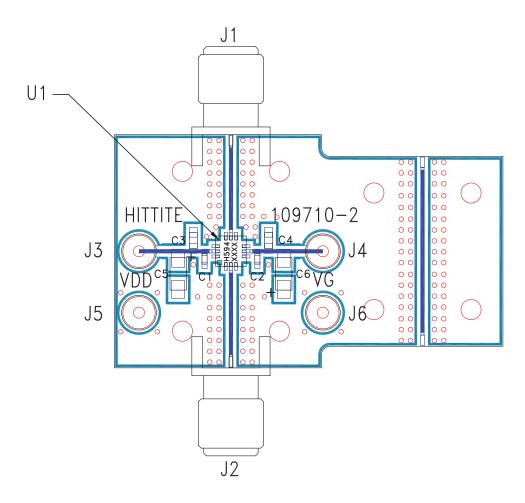
## **Application Circuit**

		1		
Component	Value		Vdd	
C1, C4	100 pF		9	
C2, C5	1,000 pF		01 02 07	
C3, C6	2.2 µF		$C1 \frac{\bot}{\bot}  C2 \frac{\bot}{\bot}  C3 \frac{\bot}{\bot}$	
		RFIN	11 ± ± ± 2 2 8	
			5	
			C4	
			Vgg	





#### **Evaluation PCB**



#### List of Materials for Evaluation PCB 109712 [1]

Item	Description	
J1 - J2	SRI SMA Connector	
J3 - J6	DC Pin	
C1 - C2	100 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.	
C3 - C4	1000 pF Capacitor, 0603 Pkg.	
C5 - C6	2.2 μF Capacitor, Tantalum	
U1	HMC594LC3B Amplifier	
PCB [2]	109710 Evaluation PCB, 10 mils	

<sup>[1]</sup> Reference this number when ordering complete evaluation PCB

The circuit board used in the final application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 ohm impedance while the package ground leads and exposed paddle should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of via holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation board should be mounted to an appropriate heat sink. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.

<sup>[2]</sup> Circuit Board Material: Rogers 4350