## Low ON Resistance Triple, SP3T, Wide-Bandwidth Video Switch

## Features

- Bi-directional operation

■ $3 \times 3$ input/3output channels analog video switch
■ Wide bandwidth 300 MHz

- Low $4 \Omega$ switch resistance between two ports
- Excellent $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ matching between channels
- Minimal propagation delay through the switch

■ Low quiescent current consumption

- $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ Operating Range: 4.0 V to 5.5 V
- Zero bounce in flow-through mode
- Control inputs compatible with TTL level
- Data and control inputs provide the undershoot clamp diode
■ High ESD rating: > 2 kV HBM
- $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating temperature range

■ Suitable for both RGB and Component-Video Switching

- Available in a small TSSOP16 package


## Applications

- Advanced TVs
- Front projectors
- LCD Monitors
- Notebook PCs
- DVD Players



## Description

The STMAV335 is a bi-directional triple (3 channel) Single Pole/Triple Throw (SP3T) highspeed, low-power CMOS TTL-compatible analog video switch designed for advanced video applications which demand superior image quality. The low ON Resistance ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ ) of the switch allows inputs to be connected to outputs without adding propagation delay or generating additional ground bounce noise.

STMAV335 is designed for very low cross-talk, low bit-to-bit skew, high channel-to-channel noise isolation and low I/O capacitance. The switch offers very little or practically no attenuation of the high-speed signals at the outputs, thus preserving the signal integrity to pass stringent requirements.

Moreover the device reduces the overall BOM costs by eliminating the need for more costly multi input-output controllers.

## Order Codes

| Part Number | Temperature Range | Package | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STMAV335 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | TSSOP16 | STMAV335TTR |

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## 1 Summary Description

### 1.1 Functional Description

The STMAV335 is a high bandwidth analog video switch. Its low ON-resistance and low I/O capacitance result in a very small propagation delay.

The combination of SEL1 and SEL2 is used to either disable or enable the desired video channel. Refer to the truth table for the selection of the appropriate channels.

Figure 1. Functional Diagram


## 2 Pin Configuration

Figure 2. Pin Configuration (Top View )


Table 1. Pin Description

| Symbol | Type | Name and Functions |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| SEL1, SEL2 | IN | Bus Switch Enable. Tie to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ through a pull-up resistor. The <br> minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking <br> capability of the driver. |
| $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{Pb} / \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{Pr} / \mathrm{B}$ | IN/OUT | Analog Video I/Os |
| $\mathrm{Y} 1, \mathrm{~Pb} 1, \mathrm{Pr} 1$ | IN/OUT | Component 1; Analog Video I/Os |
| $\mathrm{Y} 2, \mathrm{Pb2}, \mathrm{Pr} 2$ | IN/OUT | Component 2; Analog Video I/Os |
| $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{B}$ | IN/OUT | RGB or Component 3; Analog Video I/Os |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | Power supply |
| GND |  | Ground |

Table 2. Truth Table

| SEL1 | SEL2 | Selection |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Component $=$ YPbPr1 |
| 0 | 1 | Component $=$ YPbPr2 |
| 1 | 0 | Component $=$ RGB |
| 1 | 1 | Switch disabled; external pull up resistor recommended |

## 3 Application Diagrams

Figure 3. STMAV335 used in LCD TV as a 3-to-1 analog video switch


Figure 4. STMAV335 used in PC as a 1-to-3 analog video switch


### 3.1 Power Supply Sequencing

Proper power-supply sequencing is advised for all CMOS devices. It is recommended to always apply $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ before applying any signals to the input/output or control pins.

## 4 Maximum Ratings

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {S }}$ | DC Switch Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ | DC Output Sink Current | 128 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}} / \mathrm{I}_{\text {GND }}$ | DC $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} /$ GND Current | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: $\quad$ Absolute maximum ratings are those values above which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. All voltages are referenced to GND.

## 5 Electrical Characteristics

Table 4. Recommended Operating Conditions
$T_{A}=-20$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$

| Symbol | Parameter (Note 1) | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Power Supply Voltage |  | 4.0 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Voltage |  | 0 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Voltage |  | 0 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}, \mathrm{tf}}$ | Input Rise and Fall Time | Switch Control Input | 0 |  | 5 | $\mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  |  | Switch I/O | 0 |  | DC | $\mathrm{ns} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Free Air Operating Temperature |  | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ESD }}$ | ESD-Human Body Model (HBM) Note 2 |  | -2 |  | +2 | kV |

Note: 1 Unused control inputs must be held HIGH or LOW. They should not float.
2 In accordance with IEC61000-4-2, level 4
Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}(\mathrm{V})$ | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Analog Signal Range |  | 5 | 0 |  | 2.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | Clamp Diode Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.5 |  |  | -1.2 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH Level Input Voltage |  | 4.0-5.5 | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW Level Input Voltage |  | 4.0-5.5 |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | $0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5.5 |  |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IOFF | OFF-STATE Leakage Current | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{~Pb} / \mathrm{G}, \operatorname{Pr} / \mathrm{B} \mathrm{YX} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & \mathrm{PbX} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \operatorname{PrX} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & \mathrm{R} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{G} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{~B} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{aligned}$ | 5.5 |  |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Switch ON resistance (1) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{ON}}=13 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.5 |  | 3 | 7 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{ON}}=26 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.5 |  | 7 | 10 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ or GND, $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}=0$ | 5.5 |  |  | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Increase in $\mathrm{I}_{\text {CC }}$ per Input | One input at 3.4 V Other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND | 5.5 |  |  | 2.5 | mA |

Note: 1 Measured by the voltage drop between $Y / R, \operatorname{Pb} / G, \operatorname{Pr} / B$ and $Y X / R, P b X / G, \operatorname{PrX} / B$ pins at the indicated current through the switch. ON Resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two.

Table 6. AC Electrical Characteristics
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=20 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{RU}=\mathrm{RD}=75 \Omega$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | Output Enable Time Select to Bus YX/ R, PbX/G, PrX/B | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=7 V \text { for } t_{\text {PZL }} \\ & V_{I}=\text { OPEN for } t_{P H Z} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 5.2 |  | 5.7 | ns |
|  | Output Enable Time Select to Bus Y/R, Pb/G, Pr/B |  |  |  | 5.1 |  | 5.6 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}} \mathrm{tPIZ}^{\text {l }}$ | Output Disable Time Select to Bus YX/ R, PbX/G, PrX/B | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=7 \mathrm{~V} \text { for } \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLZ}} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\text { OPEN for } \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 5.2 |  | 5.5 | ns |
| tPHZ, tPLZ | Output Disable Time, Output Enable time OE_N to Bus A, B/C |  |  |  | 5.5 |  | 5.5 |  |
| $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | -3dB Bandwidth | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 300 |  |  |  |  | MHz |
| $\mathrm{X}_{\text {TALK }}$ | Crosstalk | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega, 10 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | -58 |  |  |  | dB |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{G}}$ | Differential Gain | $\begin{aligned} & R_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{f}=3.58 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.64 |  |  |  | \% |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{P}}$ | Differential Phase | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & \mathrm{f}=3.58 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.1 |  |  |  | Deg. |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {IRR }}$ | OFF Isolation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=150 \Omega \\ & 10 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | -60 |  |  |  | dB |

Table 7. Capacitance
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Control Pin Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 3 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {/ }}$ | Input/Output Capacitance Port: Y/R, Pb/G, Pr/B | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{SEL} 1, \\ & \mathrm{SEL} 2=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | 7 |  | pF |
|  | Input/Output Capacitance Port: YX/R, PbX/G, PrX/B |  |  | 5 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{Con}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | Switch On Capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V},$ <br> Except <br> SEL1,SEL2=5.0 |  | 12 |  | pF |

## 6 AC Loading and Diagrams

Figure 5. AC Test Circuit


Figure 6. AC Waveforms


## 7 Test Circuits

Figure 7. Test Circuit to measure the on-resistance of the switch


Figure 8. Enable/Disable Circuit and Timing Diagram


Table 8. Test Circuit

| Test | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ | $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{L}}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{L}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{Y} 1}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{P b} 1}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{P r} 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enable time | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | GND | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
|  | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
|  | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND | GND |
| Disable Time | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | GND | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
|  | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
|  | $4.75 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 | 20 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND | GND |

Note: 1 CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
2 All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $P R R \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}$, $Z O=50 \Omega, t r, t f=2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
3 The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Differential gain and phase are measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when SEL1, SEL2 $=0$ and Y is the input, the output is measured at Y 1 .

Figure 9. Differential Gain/Phase Measurement Test Circuit


Frequency response is measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when SEL1,SEL2 $=0$, and $Y$ is the input, the output is measured at $Y 1$. All unused analog I/O ports are left open.

Figure 10. Test Circuit for frequency response (BW)


Crosstalk is measured at the output of the non-adjacent ON channel. For example, when SEL1,SEL2 $=0$, and $Y$ is the input, the output is measured at Pb 1 . All unused analog input ports $(\mathrm{Pb}, \mathrm{Pr})$ and output ports $(\mathrm{PbX}, \operatorname{PrX})$ are connected to GND through $10 \Omega$ and $50 \Omega$ pulldown resistors respectively.

Figure 11. Crosstalk Test Circuit


Note: $\quad 50 \Omega$ termination resistor is needed for the network analyzer.

Off-Isolation is measured at the output of the OFF channel. For example, when SEL1=0, $\mathrm{SEL} 2=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, and Y is the input, the output is measured at Y 1 . All unused analog input ports are left open, and output ports are connected to GND through $50 \Omega$ pull-down resistors.

Figure 12. Off-Isolation Test Circuit


Note: $\quad 50 \Omega$ termination resistor is needed for the network analyzer.

Figure 13. ESD protection circuit for Input side of I/O pin


Figure 14. ESD protection circuit for Output side of I/O pin


Figure 15. ESD protection circuit for SEL1, SEL2 inputs


## 8 Package Mechanical Data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK ${ }^{\circledR}$ packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect . The category of second Level Interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

TSSOP16 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 1.1 |  |  | 0.433 |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| A2 | 0.85 | 0.9 | 0.95 | 0.335 | 0.354 | 0.374 |
| b | 0.19 |  | 0.30 | 0.0075 |  | 0.0118 |
| c | 0.09 |  | 0.20 | 0.0035 |  | 0.0079 |
| D | 4.9 | 5 | 5.1 | 0.193 | 0.197 | 0.201 |
| E | 6.25 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 0.246 | 0.252 | 0.256 |
| E1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.48 | 0.169 | 0.173 | 0.176 |
| e |  | 0.65 BSC |  |  | 0.0256 BSC |  |
| K | $0^{\circ}$ | $4^{\circ}$ | $8^{\circ}$ | 0. | $4^{\circ}$ | $8^{\circ}$ |
| L | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.70 | 0.020 | 0.024 | 0.028 |



Tape \& Reel TSSOP16 MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A |  |  | 330 |  |  | 12.992 |
| C | 12.8 |  | 13.2 | 0.504 |  | 0.519 |
| D | 20.2 |  |  | 0.795 |  |  |
| N | 60 |  |  | 2.362 |  |  |
| T |  |  | 62.4 |  |  | 0.882 |
| Ao | 6.7 |  | 5.9 | 0.264 |  | 0.272 |
| Bo | 5.3 |  | 1.8 | 0.063 |  | 0.217 |
| Ko | 1.6 |  | 4.1 | 0.153 |  | 0.071 |
| Po | 3.9 |  | 8.1 | 0.311 |  | 0.319 |
| P | 7.9 |  |  |  |  |  |



## 9 Revision History

| Date | Revision | Description of Change |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 23-Jan-2006 | 1 | First Release |

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