

Features

- SIP (Single in-line package)
- Output voltage programmable from 0.75 Vdc to 3.3 Vdc via external resistor
- Up to 16 A output current
- Up to 95 % efficiency
- Small size, low profile, cost-efficient open frame design
- Low output ripple and noise

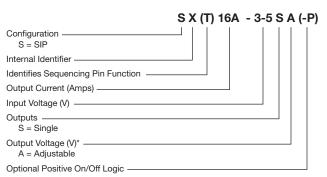
- High reliability
- Remote on/off
- Remote sense
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)
- Overtemperature protection
- Constant switching frequency (300 kHz)
- Wide operating temperature range
- Optional sequencing function

SX(T)16A-3-5SA SIP Non-Isolated Power Module

Description

Bourns® SX(T)16A-3-5SA is a non-isolated DC-DC converter offering designers a cost and space-efficient solution with standard features such as remote on/off, remote sense, precisely regulated programmable output voltage, overcurrent and overtemperature protection, and optional output voltage sequencing. These modules deliver up to 16 A of output current with full load efficiency of 95 % at 3.3 V output.

How to Order



^{*}Fixed output voltage parts and optional features available; contact factory.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Device reliability may be affected if exposed to absolute maximum ratings for extended time periods.

Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Continuous Input Voltage	-0.3	5.8	V _{dc}	
Operating Temperature Range	-40	+85	°C	See Thermal Considerations section
Storage Temperature	-55	+125	°C	
Sequencing Function	-0.3	V _{in} , max.	V _{dc}	

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise specified, specifications apply over all input voltage, resistive load and temperature conditions.

Characteristic	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Operating Input Voltage	2.4		5.5	V _{dc}	V _{out} ≤ V _{in} - 0.5 V
Maximum Input Current	-		16.0	A _{dc}	Over V _{in} range, I _o max, V _{out} = 3.3 V _{dc}
Input No Load Current		25 30		mA mA	V_{in} = 5.0 V_{dc} , lo = 0 A, mod. enabled, $-V_{out}$ = 0.75 V_{dc} $-V_{out}$ = 3.3 V_{dc}
Input Stand-by Current		1.5		mA	V _{in} = 5.0 V _{dc} , module disabled
Inrush Transient			0.1	A ² s	
Input Reflected Ripple Current		100		mAp-p	
Input Ripple Rejection		30		dB	120 Hz

Caution: The power modules are not internally fused. An external input line fast acting fuse with a maximum rating of 20 A (glass type, rated to 32V) is required. See the Safety Considerations section of this data sheet.

Applications

- Intermediate Bus architecture
- Distributed power applications
- Workstations and servers
- Telecom equipment
- Enterprise networks including LANs/WANs
- Latest generation ICs (DSP, FPGA, ASIC) and microprocessor powered applications

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Electrical Specifications (Continued)

Characteristic	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy	-2.0		2.0	% V _{o,set}	V _{in} min, I _o max, T _A = 25 °C
Output Voltage Tolerance	-3.0		3.0	% V _{o,set}	Over all rated in out voltage, load and temperature conditions
Voltage Adjustment Range	0.7525		3.63	V _{dc}	
Line Regulation		0.3		% V _{o,set}	
Load Regulation		0.4		% V _{o,set}	
Temperature Regulation		0.4		% V _{o,set}	
Output Current	0.0		16.0	A _{dc}	
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode)		200		% I _o max	
Output Short Circuit Current		3.5		A _{dc}	V _o ≤ 250 mV – Hiccup Mode
Output Ripple and Noise Voltage RMS Peak-to-Peak		8 25	15 50	mVrms mVpk-pk	1 μF ceramic/10 μF tantalum capacitors 5 Hz to 20 MHz bandwidth
External Capacitance $ - ESR \ge 1 \ m\Omega \\ - ESR \ge 10 \ m\Omega $			1000 5000	μF μF	
Efficiency (V _{in} = 5 V _{dc} , T _A = 25 °C, Full Load)		82.0 87.0 89.0 90.0 92.5 95.0		% % % % %	V _{o,set} = 0.75 V _{dc} V _{o,set} = 1.2 V _{dc} V _{o,set} = 1.5 V _{dc} V _{o,set} = 1.8 V _{dc} V _{o,set} = 2.5 V _{dc} V _{o,set} = 3.3 V _{dc}
Switching Frequency		300		kHz	
Dynamic Load Response 8 A to 16 A; 16 A to 8 A; $(\Delta i/\Delta t = 2.5 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}; 25 ^{\circ}\text{C})$		300 25		mV μs	1 μF ceramic/10 μF tantalum capacitor Peak Deviation Settling Time (V_0 <10 % peak deviation)
8 A to 16 A; 16 A to 8 A; (Δi/Δt = 2.5 A/μs; 25 °C)		150 100		mV μs	3 x 100 μF polymer capacitors Peak Deviation Settling Time (V _O <10 % peak deviation)

General Specifications

Characteristic	Nom.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Calculated MTBF	13,675,000	hours	
Weight	5.4 (0.19)	g (oz.)	

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Feature Specifications

Characteristic	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Remote Enable Open = On (Logic Low) Low = Off (Logic High)	>2.5		0.4 5.5	V _{dc} V _{dc}	10 μA max. 1 mA max.
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times Case 1: On/Off Low – V _{in} Applied Case 2: V _{in} Applied, then On/Off Set Low Case 3: Output Voltage Rise		2.5 2.5 3.0		msec msec msec	(10 %-90 % of V _O setting)
Sequencing Delay Time	10			msec	Delay from V _{in} , min. to application of voltage on SEQ pin
Tracking Accuracy		100 200	200 400	mV mV	Power Up: 2 V/ms Power Down: 1 V/ms
Output Voltage Overshoot			1	% V _{o, set}	I _o max, V _{in} =5.5, T _A =25 °C
Remote Sense Range			0.5	V _{dc}	
Overtemperature Protection		125		°C	See Thermal Consideration section
Input Undervoltage Lockout -Turn-on Threshold -Turn-off Threshold		2.2 2.0		V V	

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Characteristic Curves

The curves provided below are typical characteristics for the SX(T)16A-3-5SA modules at 25 °C. For any specific test configurations or any specific test requests, please contact Bourns.

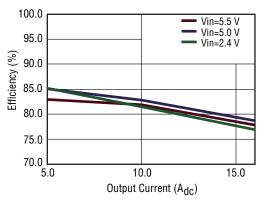


Fig. 1 Efficiency vs. Output Current ($V_{out} = 0.75 V_{dc}$)

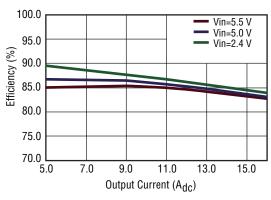


Fig. 2 Efficiency vs. Output Current (Vout = 1.2 Vdc)

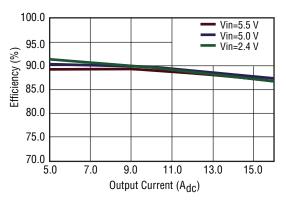


Fig. 3 Efficiency vs. Output Current ($V_{out} = 1.5 V_{dc}$)

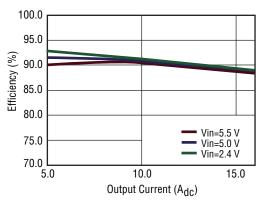


Fig. 4 Efficiency vs. Output Current (Vout = 1.8 Vdc)

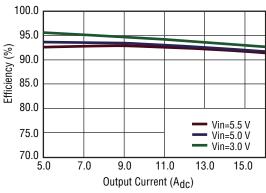


Fig. 5 Efficiency vs. Output Current (Vout = 2.5 Vdc)

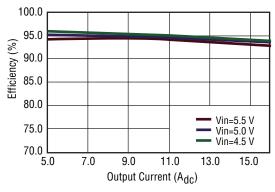
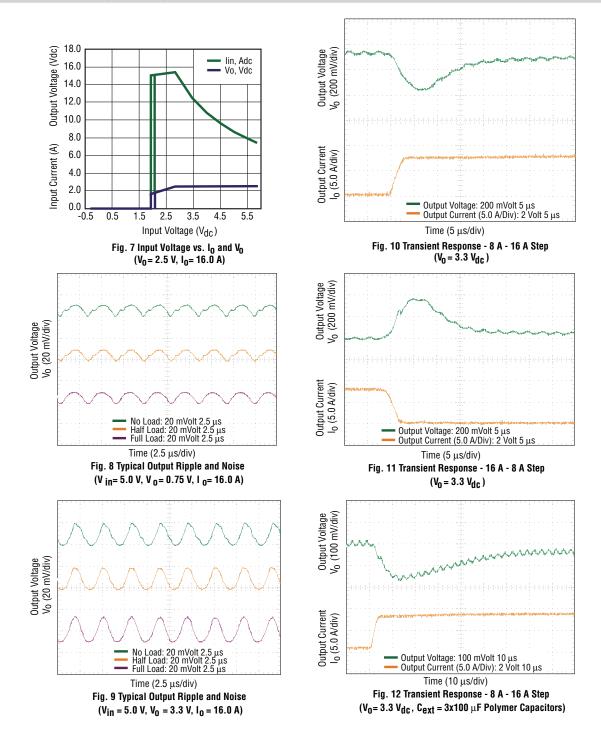


Fig. 6 Efficiency vs. Output Current ($V_{Out} = 3.3 V_{dc}$)

Characteristic Curves (Continued)



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Characteristic Curves (Continued)

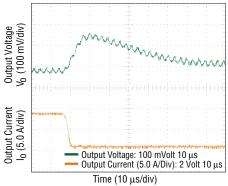


Fig. 13 Transient Response - 16 A - 8 A Step (V_0 = 3.3 V_{dC} , C_{ext} = 3x100 μ F Polymer Capacitors)

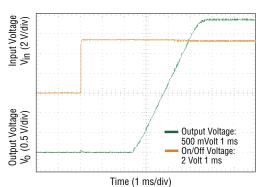


Fig. 16 Typical Start-up with Application of V_{in} ($V_{in} = 5 V_{dc}$, $V_0 = 3.3 V_{dc}$, $I_0 = 16 A$)

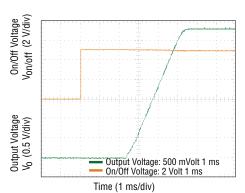


Fig. 14 Typical Start-up using Remote On/Off (V_{in} = 5 V_{dc} , V_{0} = 3.3 V_{dc} , I_{0} = 10 A)

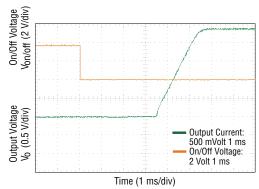


Fig. 17 Typical Start-up using Remote On/Off with Prebias (V_{in} = 5 V_{dc} , V_0 = 3.3 V_{dc} , I_0 = 1 A, V_{bias} = 1 V_{dc})

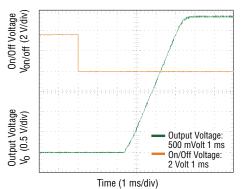


Fig. 15 Typical Start-up using Remote On/Off with Low-ESR External Capacitors (100x100 μF Polymer) (Vin = 5.0 Vdc , Vo = 3.3 Vdc , Io = 10.0 A, Co = 1000 μF)

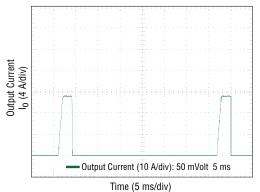


Fig. 18 Output Short Circuit Current $(V_{in} = 5.0 V_{dc}, V_0 = 0.75 V_{dc})$

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Characteristic Curves (Continued)

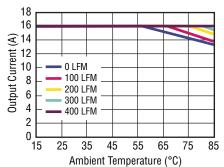


Fig. 19 Derating Output Current vs. Local Ambient Temp. and Airflow $(V_{in} = 5.0 \ V_{dc})$, $V_{0} = 3.3 \ V_{dc}$

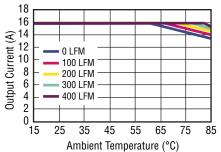


Fig. 20 Derating Output Current vs. Local Ambient Temp. and Airflow ($V_{in} = 5.0 \ V_{dc}$, $V_0 = 0.75 \ V_{dc}$)

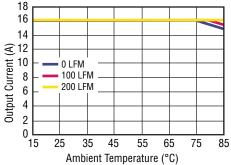


Fig. 21 Derating Output Current vs. Local Ambient Temp. and Airflow $(V_{in}=3.3\ V_{dC}\ ,\ V_{O}=2.5\ V_{dC})$

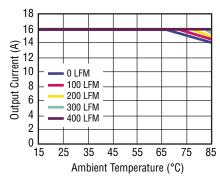


Fig. 22 Derating Output Current vs. Local Ambient Temp. and Airflow ($V_{in}=3.3\ V_{dc}$, $V_{o}=0.75\ V_{dc}$)

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Operating Information

Remote On/Off

The SX(T)16A-3-5SA comes standard with Active LOW Negative On/Off logic, i.e., OPEN or LOW (< 0.4 V) will turn ON the device. To turn the device OFF, increase the voltage level on the On/Off pin above 2.4 V, as shown in Figure 23, placing the part into low dissipation sleep mode.

The SX(T)16A-3-5SA-P comes with Active HIGH Positive On/Off logic, i.e., OPEN or HIGH (>2.4 V) will turn on the device. To turn OFF, decrease the voltage level on the On/Off pin below 0.4 V.

The signal levels of the On/Off pin input is defined with respect to ground.

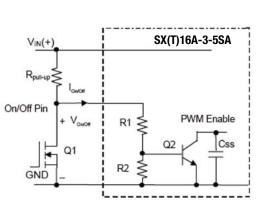


Fig. 23 Circuit Configuration for using Negative Logic On/Off

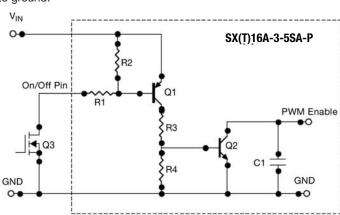


Fig. 24 Circuit Configuration for using Positive On/Off

Input Considerations

The input must have a stable low impedance AC source for optimum performance. This can be accomplished with external ceramic capacitors, tantalum capacitors and/or polymer capacitors. Using low impedance tantalum capacitors requires about 20 μ F per amp and an ESR of 250 m Ω per amp of output current. Tantalum capacitors with a combined value of 300 μ F and less than 15m Ω ESR would be adequate. This can be implemented with (3) 100 μ F tantalum capacitors with an ESR less than of 40m Ω . Ceramic capacitors are also recommended to reduce high frequency ripple on the input.

Output Considerations

To maintain the specified output ripple and transient response, external capacitors must be used. An external 1 μ F ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 10 μ F low ESR tantalum capacitor will usually meet the specified performance. Improved performance can be achieved by using more capacitance. Low ESR polymer capacitors may also be used. Two 100 μ F, 9 m Ω or lower ESR capacitors are recommended.

Safety Information

In order to comply with safety requirements the user must provide a fuse in the unearthed input line. This is to prevent earth being disconnected in the event of a failure.

The converter must be installed as per guidelines outlined by the various safety approvals if safety agency approval is required for the overall system. The positive input lead must be provided with a fact acting fuse with a maximum rating of 20 A (glass type, rated to 32 V).

Overtemperature Protection

The device will shut down if it becomes too hot (typically 125 °C). Once the converter cools, it automatically restarts. This feature does not guarantee the converter won't be damaged by temperatures above its rating.

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Operating Information (Continued)

Overcurrent Protection

The device has an internally set output current limit to protect it from overloads, placing the unit in hiccup mode. Once the overload is removed the converter automatically resumes normal operation. No user adjustments are available. An external fuse in series with the input voltage is also required for complete overload protection.

Input Undervoltage Lockout

The device operation is disabled if the input voltage drops below the specified input range. Once the input returns to the specified range operation automatically resumes. No user adjustments are available.

Output Voltage Setting

The output voltage can be programmed to any voltage between 0.75 Vdc and 3.3 Vdc by connecting a single resistor between the trim pin and the GND pin of the module, as shown in Fig. 25 below.

If left open circuit the output voltage will default to 0.75 Vdc. The correct Rtrim value for a specific voltage can be calculated using the following equation:

Rtrim = $[21.07/(Vo-0.7525)-5.11] K\Omega$

For example, to set the SX(T)16A-3-5SA to 3.3 V the following Rtrim resistor must be used:

Rtrim = $[21.07/(3.3-0.7525)-5.11] \text{ K}\Omega$

Rtrim = $3.161 \text{ k}\Omega$,

The closest standard 1 % E96 value is 3.16 k Ω .

● VIN (+) VO (+) ●

■ ON/OFF TRIM ● Rtrim

Fig. 25 Circuit Configuration to Program Output Voltage using an External Resistor

Table 1 provides the Rtrim values required for some common output voltage set points. The nearest standard E96 1 % resistor value is also given.

SX(T)16A-3-5SA Rtrim Values					
Vo (V)	Rtrim (kΩ)	1 % Value			
0.75	Open	Open			
1.0	80.02	80.6			
1.2	41.97	42.2			
1.5	23.08	23.2			
1.8	15.00	15.0			
2.0	11.78	11.8			
2.5	6.947	6.98			
3.3	3.161	3.16			

Table 1

The output voltage of the device can also be set by applying a voltage between the TRIM and GND pins. The Vtrim equation can be written as follows:

 $Vtrim = (0.7 - 0.1698 x{Vo - 0.7225})$

To set Vo = 3.3 V, the Vtrim required would therefore be 0.2670 V.

Table 2 provides the Vtrim values required for some common output voltage set points.

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Operating Information (Continued)

SX(T)16A-3-5SA Vtrim Values				
Vo (V)	Vtrim (V)			
0.75	Open			
1.0	0.6580			
1.2	0.6240			
1.5	0.5731			
1.8	0.5221			
2.0	0.4882			
2.5	0.4033			
3.3	0.2674			

Table 2

Voltage Margining

Output voltage margining can be implemented as follows and as shown in Figure 26.

- 1) Trim-up: Connect a resistor, Rm-up, from the Trim pin to the ground pin for adjusting the voltage upwards, and
- 2) Trim-down: Connect a resistor, Rm-down, from the Trim pin to the output pin for adjusting the voltage downwards.

Please consult your local Bourns field applications engineer for more details and the calculation of the required resistor values.

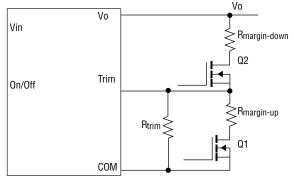


Fig. 26 Circuit Configuration for Margining Output Voltage

Sequencing Function

Bourns XT Series modules have a sequencing feature that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. When an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set-point voltage. The final SEQ pin voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the voltage on the SEQ pin on a one-to-one basis. By connecting multiple modules together, customers can get multiple modules to track their output voltages to the voltage applied on the SEQ pin.

For proper voltage sequencing, the input voltage is applied to the module. The On/Off pin should be set so as the module is ON by default. An analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin and the output voltage of the module will track this voltage on a 1:1 basis until output reaches the set-point voltage, as shown in Figure 27.

To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. Output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their set-point voltages on a one-to-one basis, as shown in Figure 28. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential to ensure a controlled shutdown of the modules.

When not using the sequencing feature, tie the SEQ pin to V_{out}. For additional guidelines please contact your local Bourns field applications engineer.

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Operating Information (Continued)

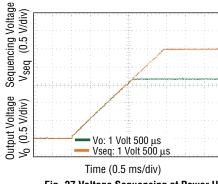


Fig. 27 Voltage Sequencing at Power Up (V $_{in}$ = 5.0 V $_{dc}$, V $_{o}$ = 3.3 V $_{dc}$, I $_{o}$ = 16.0 A)

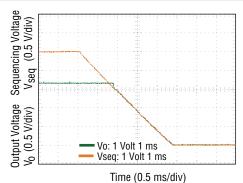


Fig. 28 Voltage Sequencing at Power Down $(V_{in} = 5.0 V_{dc}, V_0 = 3.3 V_{dc}, I_0 = 16.0 A)$

Remote Sense

The Remote Sense feature is used to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the Remote Sense pin (See Figure 29). The voltage between the Sense pin and V_0 pin must not exceed 0.5 V.

When the Remote Sense feature is not being used, connect the Remote Sense pin to the output pin of the module.

It is very important to make sure that the maximum output power $(V_0 \times I_0)$ of the module remains less than or equal to the maximum rated power. Using Remote Sense, the output voltage of the module can increase, which may increase the power output by the module.

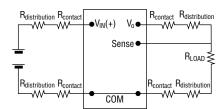


Fig. 29 Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

Thermal Considerations

Sufficient cooling must always be considered to ensure reliable operation, as these devices operate in a variety of thermal environments.

Factors such as ambient temperature, airflow, power dissipation and reliability must be taken into consideration.

The data presented in Figures 19 to 23 is based on physical test results taken in a wind tunnel test. The test set-up is shown in Figure 31.

The thermal reference points are (1) T_{ref1} and T_{ref2} as shown in Figure 30, and (2) T_{ref3} = temperature at controller IC. For reliable operation, none of these T_{ref} points should exceed 115 °C.

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Thermal Considerations (Continued)

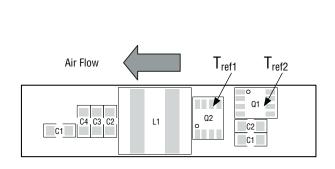
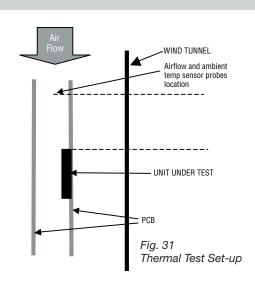


Fig. 30 T_{ref1} Temperature Measurement Location



Product Dimensions

FRONT VIEW OF BOARD (INDUCTOR SIDE) SIDE VIEW $\frac{7.43}{(0.293)}$ MAX. DIMENSIONS: MM (INCHES) 12.7 12.32 L1 (REF.) 11 PINS (0.485) $\frac{0.64}{(0.025)}$ X $\frac{0.38}{(0.015)}$ TOLERANCES: DECIMAL .X $\pm \frac{0.5}{(0.02)}$ DECIMAL .XX $\pm \frac{0.25}{(0.010)}$ 1.28 0.64 $\frac{1}{(0.050)}$ (0.025)6.32 2.54 (0.100) (0.249) 5.08 (0.200) PIN **FUNCTION** 7.62 (0.300) VOUT 10.16 VOUT 2 3 **SENSE** 35.56 (1.400) 4 VOUT 38.10 GND 5 (1.500)6 GND 40.64 (1.600)7 VIN 8 VIN (1.700)B (optional) **SEQ** (1.800)9 **TRIM** 10 ON/OFF (1.900)

Fig. 32 Product Dimensions

^{*}Pin Stuffed with SXT16A option only, absent with SX16A standard

Recommended Hole Pattern

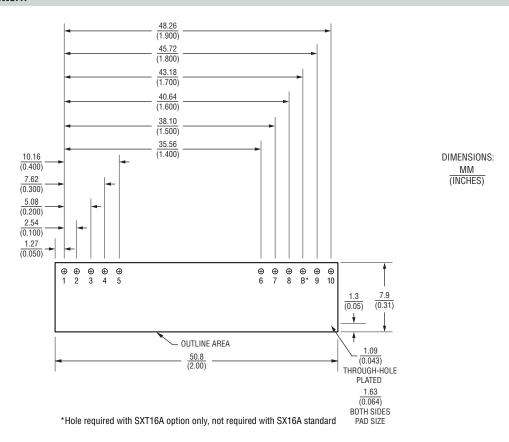


Fig. 33 Recommended Hole Pattern



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