

High-speed diode

FEATURES

- · Ultra small plastic SMD package
- · High switching speed: max. 4 ns
- · Continuous reverse voltage: max. 75 V
- · Repetitive peak reverse voltage: max. 85 V
- · Repetitive peak forward current: max. 500 mA.

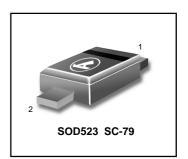
APPLICATIONS

· High-speed switching in e.g. surface mounted circuits.



The BAS516 is a high-speed switching diode fabricated in planar technology, and encapsulated in the SOD523 (SC79) SMD plastic package.

BAS516



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CATHODE		ΙA	NODE

LIMITING VALUES In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{RRM}	repetitive peak reverse voltage		_	85	V
V _R	continuous reverse voltage		_	75	V
I _F	continuous forward current	T _s =90°C; note 1; see Fig.1	_	250	mA
I FRM	repetitive peak forward current		_	500	mA
I _{FSM}	non-repetitive peak forward current	square wave; T _j =25°C prior to			
		surge; see Fig.3			
		t =1μs	_	4	Α
		t =1 ms	_	1	Α
		t =1 s	_	0.5	Α
P tot	total power dissipation	T _s =90°C; note 1	_	500	mW
T stg	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
T j	junction temperature		_	150	°C

Note

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS T $_{j}$ =25°C unless otherwise specified.

SYMBO	L PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MAX.	UNIT
V _F	forward voltage	see Fig.2 I _F = 1 mA	715	mV
		$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	855	mV
		$I_F=50 \text{ mA}$	1	V
		I _F = 150 mA	1.25	V
I _R	reverse current	see Fig.4 V $_R$ = 25 V	30	nA
		$V_R = 75 V$	1	μΑ
		$V_R = 25 \text{ V}; T_j = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	30	μΑ
		$V_R = 75 \text{ V}; T_j = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C};$	50	μΑ
C d	diode capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$; $V_R = 0$; see Fig.5	1	pF
t m	reverse recovery time	when switched from $I_F=10mA$ to $I_R=10mA$;	4	ns
		R $_{L}$ = 100 Ω ; measured at I $_{R}$ = 1 mA; see Fig.6		
V_{fr}	forward recovery voltage	when switched from IF = 10mA ; tr = 20ns ; see Fig.7	1.75	V

THERMALCHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
R _{th j-s}	thermal resistance from junction to soldering point	note 1	120	K/W

Note 1. Soldering point of the cathode tab.

^{1.} Ts is the temperature at the soldering point of the cathode tab.



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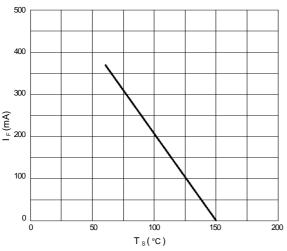


Fig.1 Maximum permissible continuous forward current as a function of soldering point temperature.

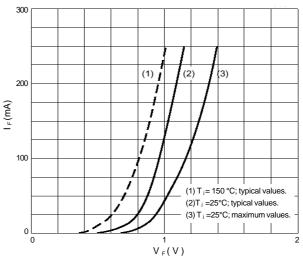


Fig.2 Forward current as a function of forward voltage.

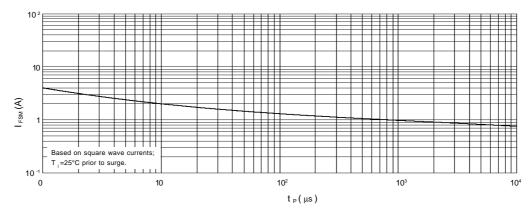


Fig.3 Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse duration.

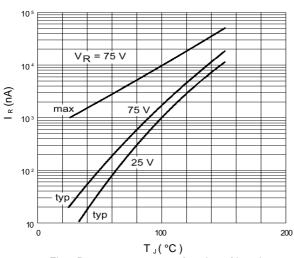
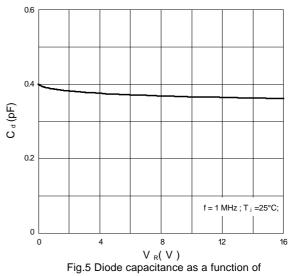


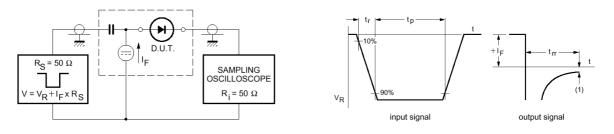
Fig.4 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature.



reverse voltage; typical values.

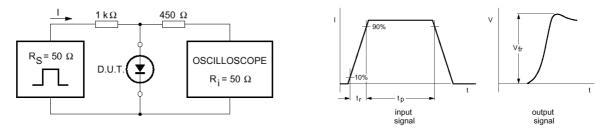


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(1) I $_{\rm R}$ = 1 mA. Input signal: reverse pulse rise time t $_{\rm r}$ = 0.6 ns; reverse voltage pulse duration t $_{\rm p}$ = 100 ns; duty factor δ = 0.05; Oscilloscope: rise time t $_{\rm r}$ = 0.35 ns.

Fig.6 Reverse recovery voltage test circuit and waveforms.



Input signal: forward pulse rise time $t_{_{p}}$ = 20 ns; forward current pulse duration $t_{_{p}}$ ≥ 100 ns; duty factor δ ≤ 0.005. Fig.7 Forward recovery voltage test circuit and waveforms.