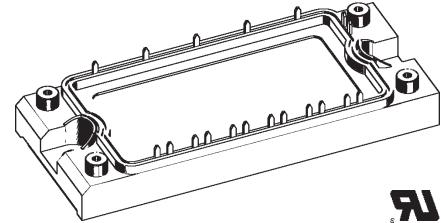
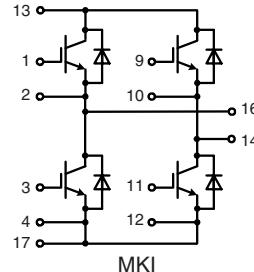
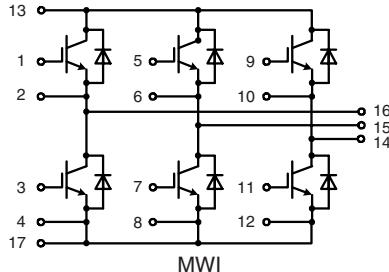


IGBT Modules

Sixpack, H Bridge

Short Circuit SOA Capability
Square RBSOA

I_{C25} = 90 A
 V_{CES} = 1200 V
 $V_{CE(sat)\text{ typ.}}$ = 1.9 V



IGBTs

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
V_{CES}	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	1200		V
V_{GES}		± 20		V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	90		A
I_{C80}	$T_C = 80^\circ\text{C}$	62		A
I_{CM}	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$; $R_G = 22 \Omega$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	100		A
V_{CEK}	RBSOA; clamped inductive load; $L = 100 \mu\text{H}$		V_{CES}	
t_{sc}	$V_{CE} = 900 \text{ V}$; $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$; $R_G = 22 \Omega$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ SCSOA; non-repetitive	10		μs
P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	350		W

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		($T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50 \text{ A}$; $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.9 2.1	2.4 V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$; $V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	4.5		6.5 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$; $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.8 0.8	0.8 mA mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		200	nA
$t_{d(on)}$ t_r $t_{d(off)}$ t_f E_{on} E_{off}	Inductive load, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$; $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$; $R_G = 22 \Omega$		80 50 680 30 6.0 4.0	ns ns ns ns mJ mJ
C_{ies}			3.8	nF
Q_{Gon}			350	nC
R_{thJC}			0.35	K/W

Features

- NPT³ IGBTs
 - low saturation voltage
 - positive temperature coefficient for easy paralleling
 - fast switching
 - short tail current for optimized performance also in resonant circuits
- HiPerFRED™ diode:
 - fast reverse recovery
 - low operating forward voltage
 - low leakage current
- Industry Standard Package
 - solderable pins for PCB mounting
 - isolated copper base plate
 - UL registered, E 72873

Typical Applications

- MWI
 - AC drives
 - power supplies with power factor correction
- MKI
 - motor control
 - . DC motor amature winding
 - . DC motor excitation winding
 - . synchronous motor excitation winding
 - supply of transformer primary winding
 - . power supplies
 - . welding
 - . X-ray
 - . battery charger

Diodes

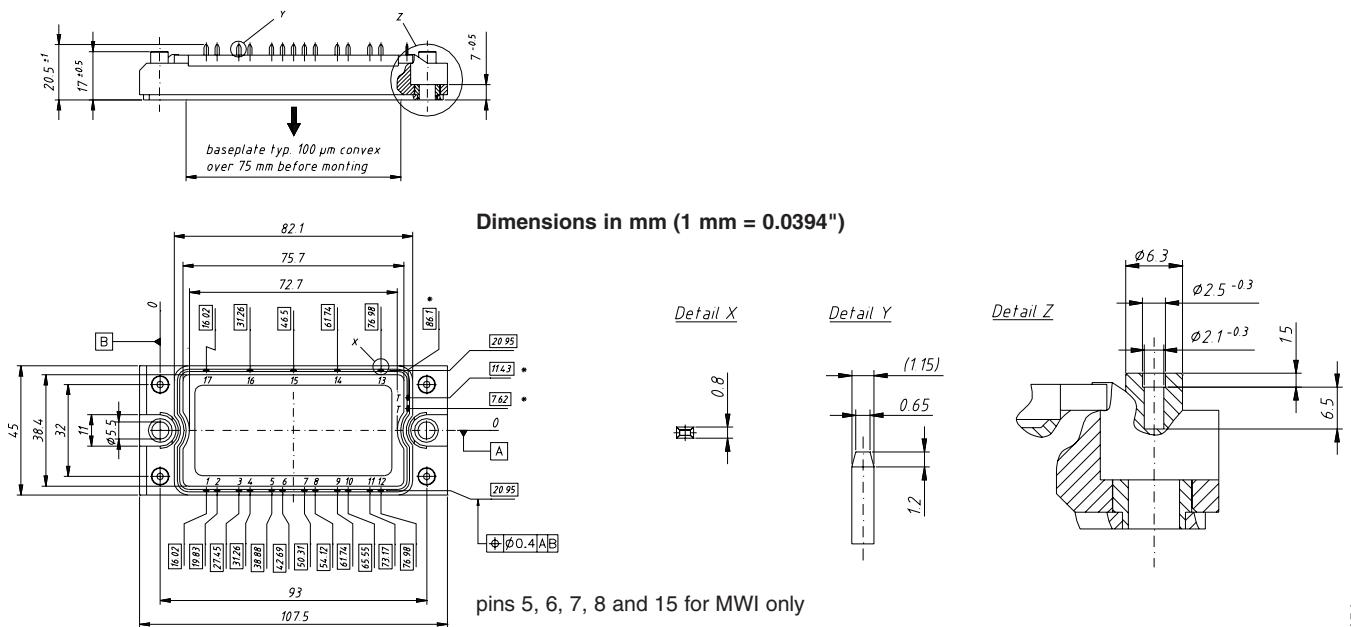
Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
I _{F25}	T _C = 25°C	110	A	
I _{F80}	T _C = 80°C	70	A	

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		min.	typ.	max.
V _F	I _F = 50 A; V _{GE} = 0 V; T _{VJ} = 25°C T _{VJ} = 125°C	2.2	2.6	V
		1.6		V
I _{RM} t _{rr}	I _F = 50 A; di _F /dt = -500 A/μs; T _{VJ} = 125°C V _R = 600 V; V _{GE} = 0 V	40		A
		200		ns
R _{thJC}	(per diode)		0.61	K/W

Module

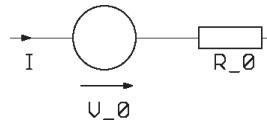
Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
T _{VJ}	operating	-40...+125		°C
T _{VJM}		-40...+150		°C
T _{stg}		-40...+125		°C
V _{ISOL}	I _{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA; 50/60 Hz	2500		V~
M _d	Mounting torque (M5)	2.7 - 3.3		Nm

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		min.	typ.	max.
R _{pin-chip}		5		mΩ
d _s d _A	Creepage distance on surface Strike distance in air	6 6		mm mm
R _{thCH}	with heatsink compound	0.02		K/W
Weight		180		g



Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

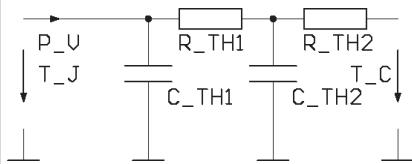
Conduction



IGBT (typ. at V_{GE} = 15 V; T_J = 125°C)
V₀ = 0.95 V; R₀ = 24 mΩ

Free Wheeling Diode (typ. at T_J = 125°C)
V₀ = 1.3 V; R₀ = 6 mΩ

Thermal Response



IGBT (typ.)
C_{th1} = 0.22 J/K; R_{th1} = 0.26 K/W
C_{th2} = 1.74 J/K; R_{th2} = 0.09 K/W

Free Wheeling Diode (typ.)
C_{th1} = 0.151 J/K; R_{th1} = 0.483 K/W
C_{th2} = 1.003 J/K; R_{th2} = 0.127 K/W

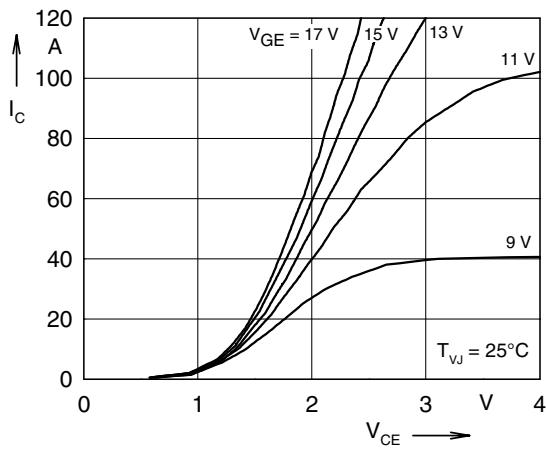


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

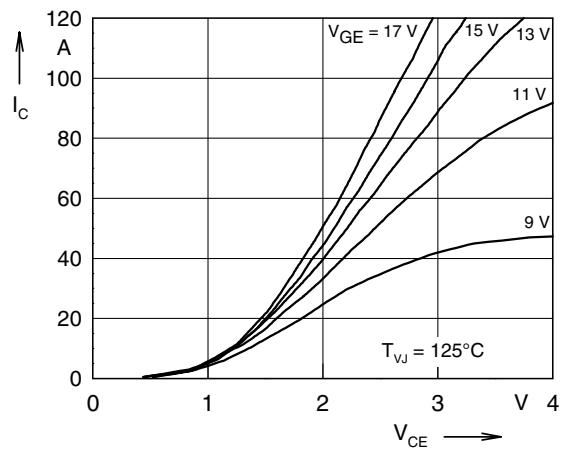


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

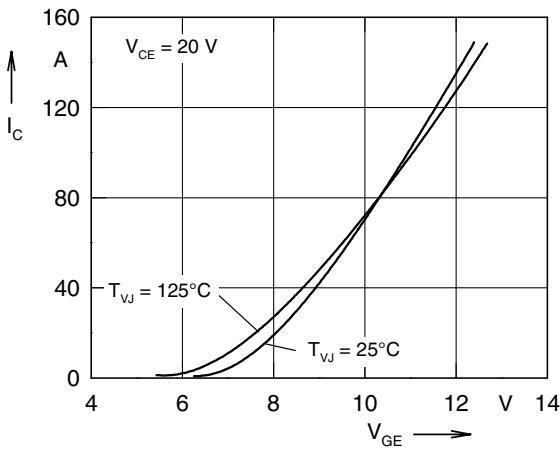


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

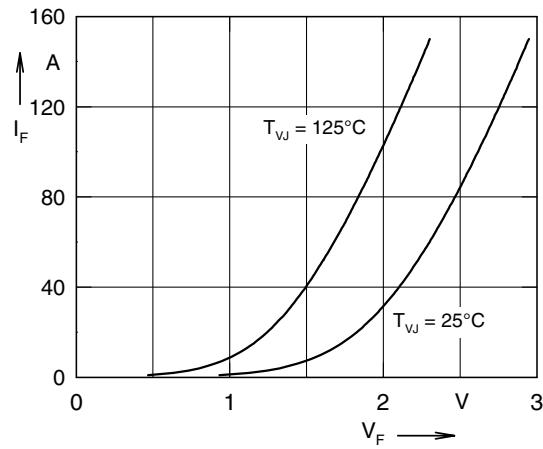


Fig. 4 Typ. forward characteristics of free wheeling diode

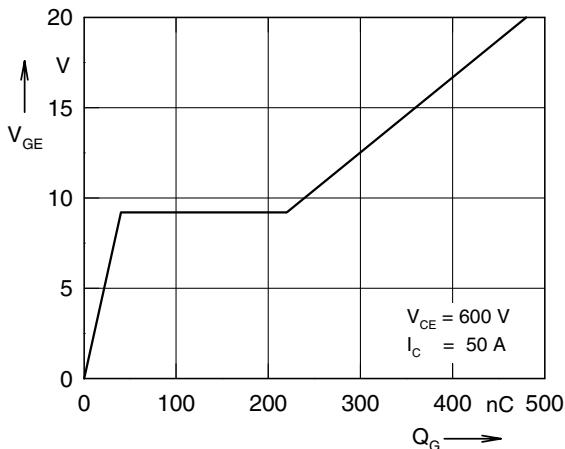


Fig. 5 Typ. turn on gate charge

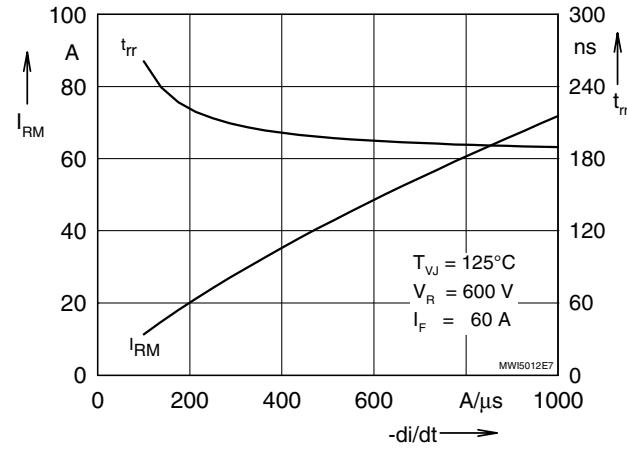


Fig. 6 Typ. turn off characteristics of free wheeling diode

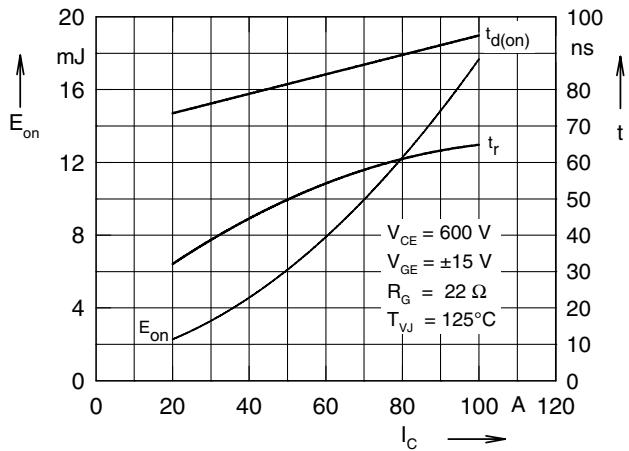


Fig. 7 Typ. turn on energy and switching times versus collector current

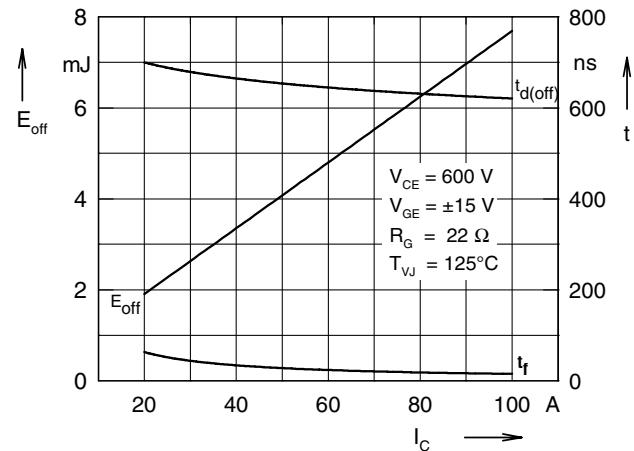


Fig. 8 Typ. turn off energy and switching times versus collector current

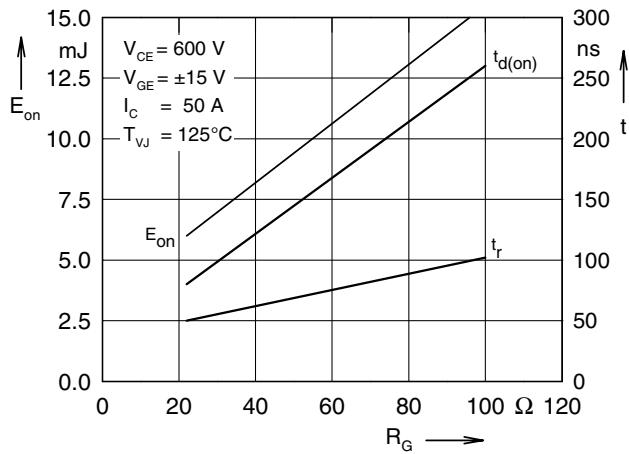


Fig. 9 Typ. turn on energy and switching times versus gate resistor

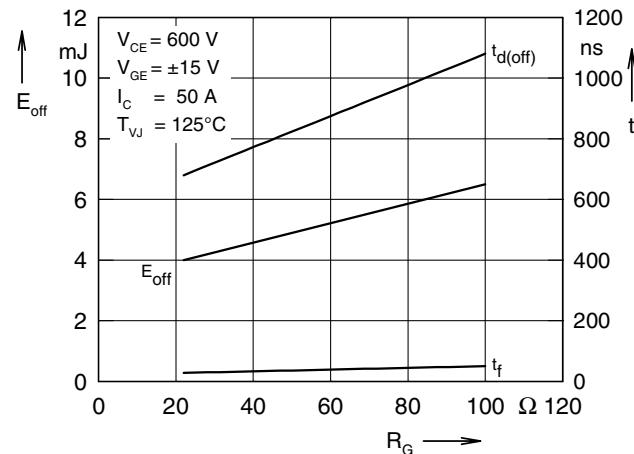


Fig. 10 Typ. turn off energy and switching times versus gate resistor

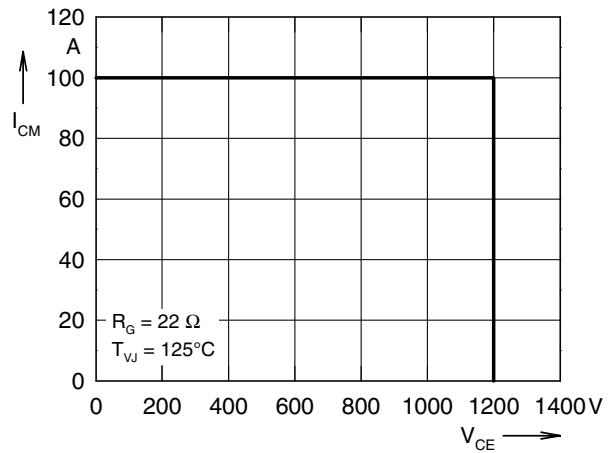


Fig. 11 Reverse biased safe operating area RBSOA

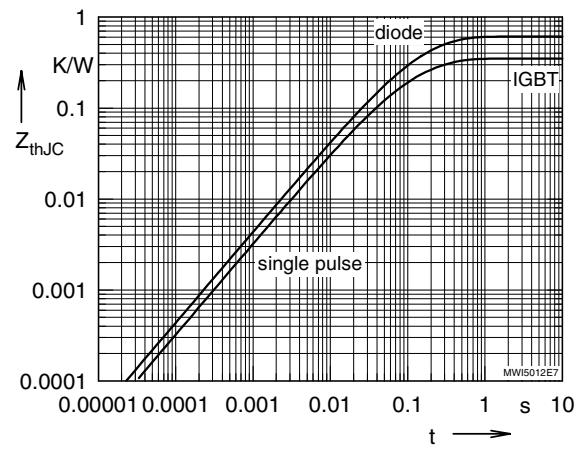


Fig. 12 Typ. transient thermal impedance