

## 74VCXH162244

### Low Voltage 16-Bit Buffer/Line Driver with Bushold and 26Ω Series Resistor in Outputs

#### General Description

The VCXH162244 contains sixteen non-inverting buffers with 3-STATE outputs to be employed as a memory and address driver, clock driver, or bus oriented transmitter/receiver. The device is nibble (4-bit) controlled. Each nibble has separate 3-STATE control inputs which can be shorted together for full 16-bit operation.

The VCXH162244 data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The 74VCXH162244 is also designed with 26Ω series resistors in the outputs. This design reduces line noise in applications such as memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus transceivers/transmitters.

The 74VCXH162244 is designed for low voltage (1.4V to 3.6V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with output capability up to 3.6V.

The 74VCXH162244 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining low CMOS power dissipation.

#### Features

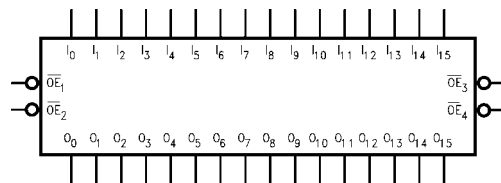
- 1.4V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$  supply operation
- 3.6V tolerant control inputs and outputs
- Bushold on data inputs eliminates the need for external pull-up/pull-down resistors
- 26Ω series resistors in outputs
- $t_{PD}$   
3.3 ns max for 3.0V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$
- Static Drive ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ )  
±12 mA @ 3.0V  $V_{CC}$
- Uses patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 300 mA
- ESD performance:  
Human body model > 2000V  
Machine model > 200V

#### Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74VCXH162244MTD	MTD48	48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide [TUBES]
74VCXH162244MTX (Note 1)	MTD48	48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide [TAPE and REEL]

**Note 1:** Use this Order Number to receive devices in Tape and Reel.

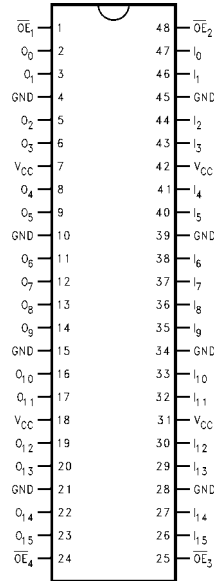
#### Logic Symbol



#### Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
$\overline{OE}_n$	Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$I_0-I_{15}$	Bushold Inputs
$O_0-O_{15}$	Outputs

### Connection Diagram



### Truth Tables

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_1$	$I_0-I_3$	$O_0-O_3$
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_2$	$I_4-I_7$	$O_4-O_7$
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_3$	$I_8-I_{11}$	$O_8-O_{11}$
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

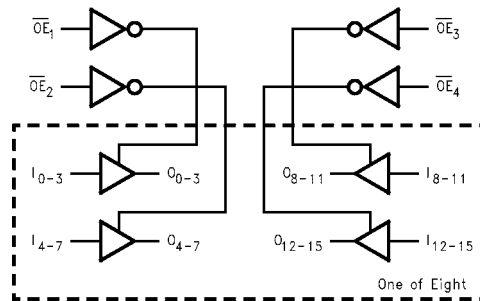
Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_4$	$I_{12}-I_{15}$	$O_{12}-O_{15}$
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

H = HIGH Voltage Level  
 L = LOW Voltage Level  
 X = Immaterial (HIGH or LOW, inputs may not float)  
 Z = High Impedance

### Functional Description

The 74VCXH162244 contains sixteen non-inverting buffers with 3-STATE outputs. The device is nibble (4 bits) controlled with each nibble functioning identically, but independent of each other. The control pins may be shorted together to obtain full 16-bit operation. The 3-STATE outputs are controlled by an Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}_n$ ) input. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is LOW, the outputs are in the 2-state mode. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance mode but this does not interfere with entering new data into the inputs.

### Logic Diagram



**Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 2)

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	-0.5V to +4.6V
DC Input Voltage ( $V_I$ )	
$\overline{OE}_n$	-0.5V to 4.6V
$I_O - I_{15}$	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )	
Outputs 3-STATE	-0.5V to +4.6V
Outputs Active (Note 3)	-0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
DC Input Diode Current ( $I_{IK}$ )	
$V_I < 0V$	-50 mA
DC Output Diode Current ( $I_{OK}$ )	
$V_O < 0V$	-50 mA
$V_O > V_{CC}$	+50 mA
DC Output Source/Sink Current ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA
DC $V_{CC}$ or GND Current per Supply Pin ( $I_{CC}$ or GND)	$\pm 100$ mA
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{STG}$ )	-65°C to +150°C

**Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 4)

Power Supply	
Operating	1.4V to 3.6V
Data Retention Only	1.2V to 3.6V
Input Voltage	-0.3V to $V_{CC}$
Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )	
Output in Active States	0V to $V_{CC}$
Output in 3-STATE	0.0V to 3.6V
Output Current in $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$	
$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to 3.6V	$\pm 12$ mA
$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ to 2.7V	$\pm 8$ mA
$V_{CC} = 1.65V$ to 2.3V	$\pm 3$ mA
$V_{CC} = 1.4V$ to 1.6V	$\pm 2$ mA
Free Air Operating Temperature ( $T_A$ )	-40°C to +85°C
Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ )	
$V_{IN} = 0.8V$ to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$	10 ns/V

**Note 2:** The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

**Note 3:**  $I_O$  Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

**Note 4:** Floating or unused control inputs must be held HIGH or LOW.

**DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Min	Max	Units
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.7 - 3.6 2.3 - 2.7 1.65 - 2.3 1.4 - 1.6	2.0 1.6 $0.65 \times V_{CC}$ $0.65 \times V_{CC}$		V
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.7 - 3.6 2.3 - 2.7 1.65 - 2.3 1.4 - 1.6		0.8 0.7 $0.35 \times V_{CC}$ $0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -6$ mA $I_{OH} = -8$ mA $I_{OH} = -12$ mA $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -4$ mA $I_{OH} = -6$ mA $I_{OH} = -8$ mA $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -3$ mA $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -1$ mA	2.7 - 3.6 2.7 3.0 3.0 2.3 - 2.7 2.3 2.3 2.3 1.65 - 2.3 1.65 1.4 - 1.6 1.4	$V_{CC} - 0.2$ 2.2 2.4 2.2 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 2.0 1.8 1.7 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 1.25 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 1.05		V

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Units	
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 - 3.6		0.2	V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7		0.4		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0		0.55		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0		0.8		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 - 2.7		0.2		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.3		0.4		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3		0.6		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.65 - 2.3		0.2		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3 mA	1.65		0.3			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.4 - 1.6		0.2			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	1.4		0.35			
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	Control Pins	0 ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 3.6V	1.4 - 3.6		±5.0	μA
		Data Pins	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	1.4 - 3.6		±5.0	
I <sub>I(HOLD)</sub>	Bushold Input Minimum Drive Hold Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.8V	3.0	75		μA	
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.0V	3.0	-75			
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.7V	2.3	45			
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.6V	2.3	-45			
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.57V	1.65	25			
I <sub>I(OD)</sub>	Bushold Input Over-Drive Current to Change State	(Note 5)	3.6	450		μA	
		(Note 6)	3.6	-450			
		(Note 5)	2.7	300			
		(Note 6)	2.7	-300			
		(Note 5)	1.95	200			
	(Note 6)	1.95	-200				
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-STATE Output Leakage	0 ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 3.6V V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	2.7 - 3.6		±10.0	μA	
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-OFF Leakage Current	0 ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V	0		10.0	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.7 - 3.6		20.0	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V (Note 7)	2.7 - 3.6		±20.0	μA	
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6V	2.7 - 3.6		750	μA	

**Note 5:** An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.

**Note 6:** An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.

**Note 7:** Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 8)							
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to -85°C		Units	Figure Number
				Min	Max		
t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	3.3	ns	Figures 1, 2
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	3.8		
	1.8 ± 0.15		1.5	7.6			
		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	1.5 ± 0.1	1.0	15.2		Figures 5, 6
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output Enable Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	3.8	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	5.1		
			1.8 ± 0.15	1.5	9.8		
		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	1.5 ± 0.1	1.0	19.6		Figures 5, 7, 8
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	3.6	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	4.0		
			1.8 ± 0.15	1.5	7.2		
			1.5 ± 0.1	1.0	14.4		
t <sub>OSSL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 9)	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω	3.3 ± 0.3		0.5	ns	
			2.5 ± 0.2		0.5		
			1.8 ± 0.15		0.75		
			1.5 ± 0.1		1.5		

**Note 8:** For C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

**Note 9:** Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSSL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>).

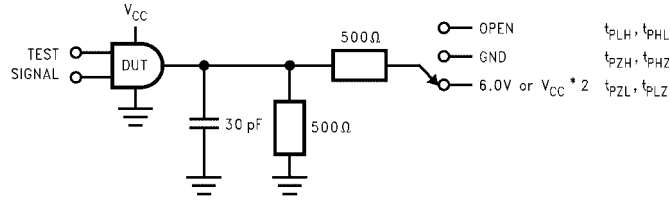
### Dynamic Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	Units
				Typical	
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8 2.5 3.3	0.15 0.25 0.35	V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8 2.5 3.3	-0.15 -0.25 -0.35	V
V <sub>OHV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OH</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8 2.5 3.3	1.55 2.05 2.65	V

### Capacitance

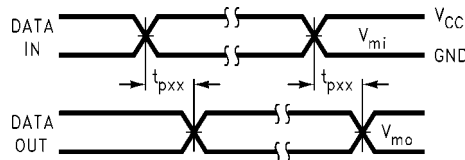
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	Units
			Typical	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8, 2.5V or 3.3V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub>	6.0	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V	7.0	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> , f = 10 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V	20.0	pF

**AC Loading and Waveforms ( $V_{CC}$  3.3V ± 0.3V to 1.8V ± 0.15V)**

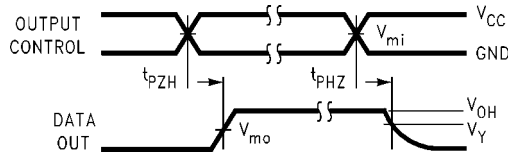


TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ ; $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V; 1.8 \pm 0.15V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

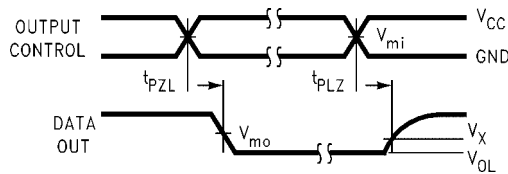
**FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit**



**FIGURE 2. Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions**



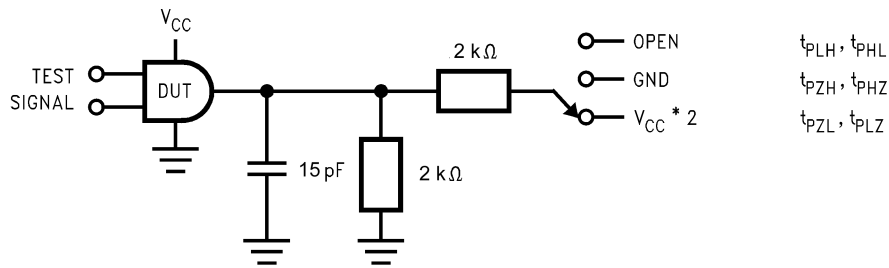
**FIGURE 3. 3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic**



**FIGURE 4. 3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic**

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	3.3V ± 0.3V	2.5V ± 0.2V	1.8V ± 0.15V
$V_{mi}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_{mo}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$

**AC Loading and Waveforms ( $V_{CC} 1.5V \pm 0.1V$ )**



TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	$V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

FIGURE 5. AC Test Circuit

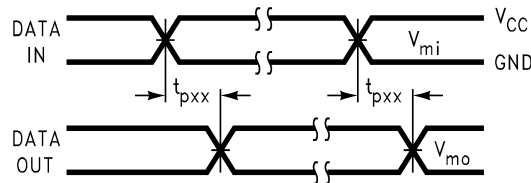


FIGURE 6. Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions

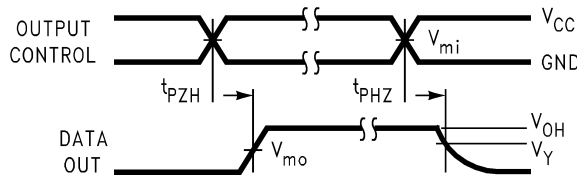


FIGURE 7. 3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic

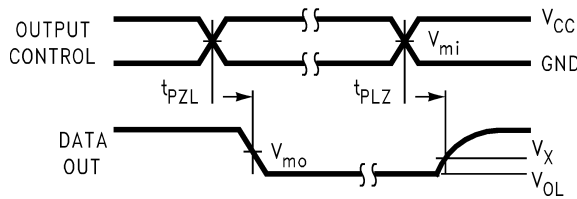
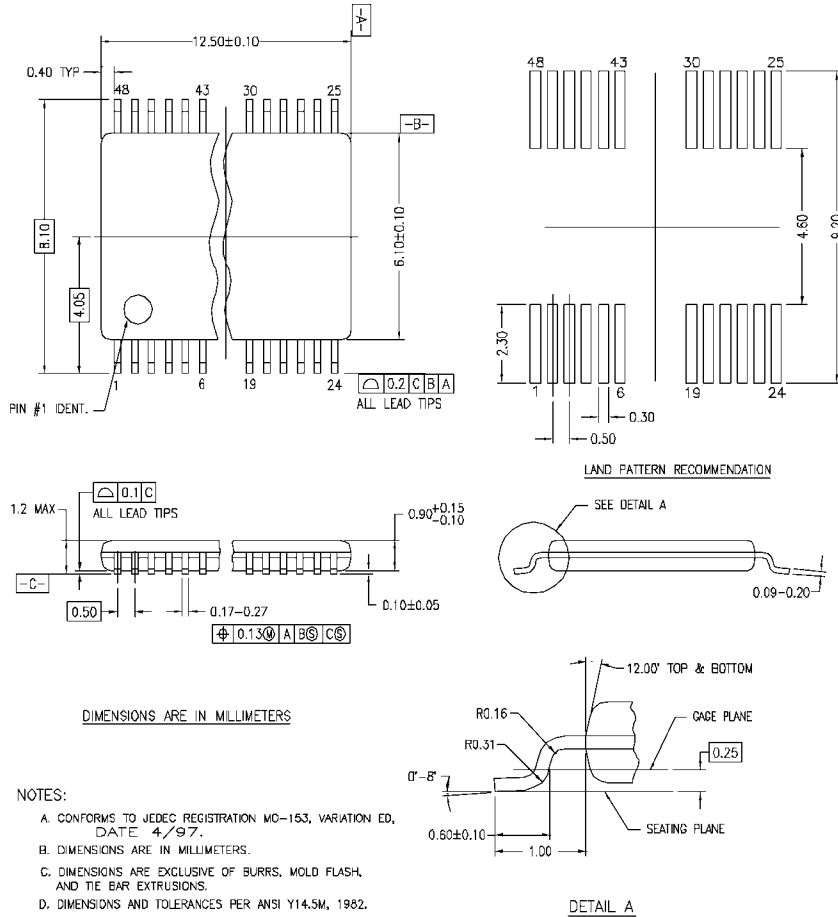


FIGURE 8. 3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Low Voltage Logic

Symbol	$V_{CC}$
	$1.5V \pm 0.1V$
$V_{mi}$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_{mo}$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.1V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.1V$

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



MTD48REVC

**48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide Package Number MTD48**

Fairchild does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and Fairchild reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

[www.fairchildsemi.com](http://www.fairchildsemi.com)