

# THYRISTORS

# AC03DGM, AC03FGM

### 3 A MOLD TRIAC

The AC03EGM and AC03FGM are fully diffused mold TRIACs with an effective on-current of 3 A. The repeat peak off-voltages are 400 V and 600 V.

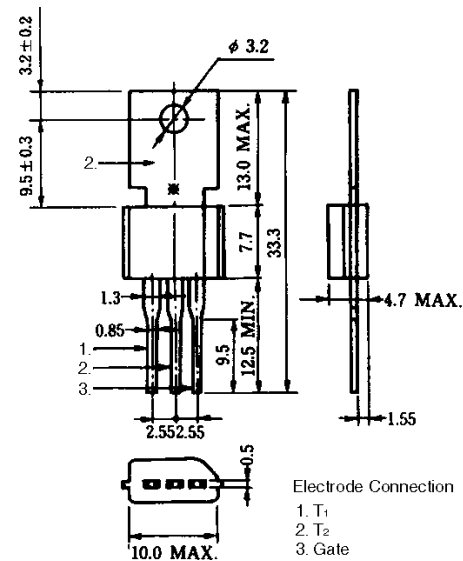
#### FEATURES

- Gate trigger current (mode I, III, and IV) at 12 mA or less is guaranteed.
- This transistor features a small and lightweight package and is easy to handle even on the mounting surface due to its TO-202AA dimensions. Processing of lead wires and heatsink (tablet) using jigs is also possible.
- High degrees-of-freedom applications design is available due to high gate trigger sensitivity and small hold current distribution.
- Employs flame-retardant epoxy resin (UL94V-0).

#### APPLICATIONS

Noncontact switches of motor speed control, heater temperature control, lamp light control

#### PACKAGE DRAWING (UNIT: mm)



\*T<sub>c</sub> test bench-mark

Standard weight: 1.4 g

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	AC03DGM	AC03FGM	Unit	Remarks
Non-repetitive peak off-state voltage	V <sub>DSM</sub>	500	700	V	—
Repetitive peak off-voltage	V <sub>DRM</sub>	400	600	V	—
Effective on-state current	I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	3 (T <sub>c</sub> = 92°C)		A	Refer to Figures 11 and 12.
Surge on-state current	I <sub>TSM</sub>	30 (50 Hz 1 cycle) 33 (60 Hz 1 cycle)		A	Refer to Figure 2.
Fusing current	fI <sub>T</sub> <sup>2</sup> dt	4.0 (1 ms ≤ t ≤ 10 ms)		A <sup>2</sup> s	—
Critical rate of rise of on-state current	dI <sub>T</sub> /dt	40		A/μs	—
Peak gate power dissipation	P <sub>GM</sub>	3 (f ≥ 50 Hz, Duty ≤ 10 %)		W	—
Average gate power dissipation	P <sub>G(AV)</sub>	0.3		W	—
Peak gate current	I <sub>GM</sub>	±0.5 (f ≥ 50 Hz, Duty ≤ 10 %)		A	—
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-40 to +125		°C	—
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150		°C	—

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.  
 Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C, R<sub>GK</sub> = 1 kΩ)**

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remarks	
Repeat peak off-current		I <sub>DRM</sub>	V <sub>DM</sub> = V <sub>DRM</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	-	-	100	μA	-
				T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	-	-	1	mA	
On-state voltage		V <sub>TM</sub>	I <sub>TM</sub> = 5 A	-	-	1.8	V	Refer to Figure 1.	
Gate trigger current	Mode I	I <sub>GT</sub>	V <sub>DM</sub> = 12 V R <sub>L</sub> = 30 Ω	T <sub>2</sub> +, G+	-	-	12	mA	Refer to Figure 4.
	II			T <sub>2</sub> -, G+	-	-	-		
	III			T <sub>2</sub> -, G-	-	-	12		
	IV			T <sub>2</sub> +, G-	-	-	12		
Gate trigger voltage	Mode I	V <sub>GT</sub>	V <sub>DM</sub> = 12 V R <sub>L</sub> = 30 Ω	T <sub>2</sub> +, G+	-	-	1.5	V	Refer to Figure 4.
	II			T <sub>2</sub> -, G+	-	-	-		
	III			T <sub>2</sub> -, G-	-	-	1.5		
	IV			T <sub>2</sub> +, G-	-	-	1.5		
Gate non-trigger voltage		V <sub>GD</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C, V <sub>DM</sub> = 1/2 V <sub>DRM</sub>	0.2	-	-	V	-	
Hold current		I <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>DM</sub> = 24 V, I <sub>TM</sub> = 5 A	-	10	-	mA	-	
Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage		dv/dt	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C, V <sub>DM</sub> = 2/3 V <sub>DRM</sub>	-	100	-	V/μs	-	
Commutating critical rate of rise of off-state voltage		(dv/dt) <sub>c</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C (di <sub>T</sub> /dt) <sub>c</sub> = -1.6 A/ms V <sub>D</sub> = 400 V	5	-	-	V/μs	-	
Thermal resistance*		R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	Junction-to-case AC	-	-	10	°C/W	Refer to Figure 13.	
		R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	Junction-to-ambient AC	-	-	75	°C/W		

\* The thermal resistance at 50 Hz and 60 Hz sine wave current, which is shown on the following expression:

$$R_{th(j-c)} = \frac{T_{j(max)} - T_c}{P_{T(AV)}}$$

T<sub>j(max)</sub> : Maximum junction temperature  
 T<sub>c</sub> : Case temperature  
 P<sub>T(AV)</sub> : Average on-dissipation

Figure 1. i<sub>T</sub> vs. v<sub>T</sub> Characteristics

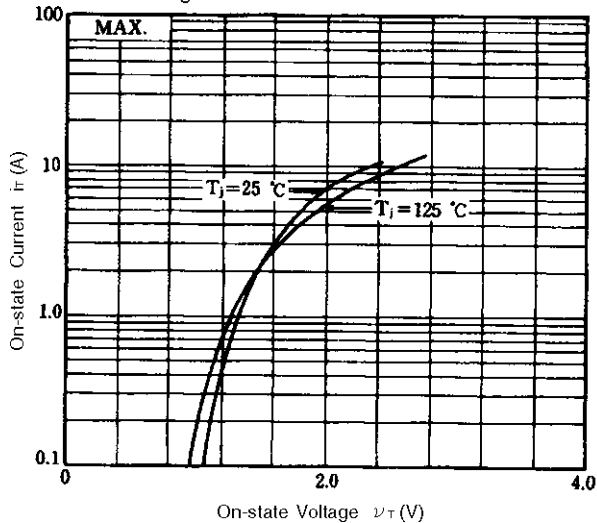


Figure 2. I<sub>TSM</sub> Rating

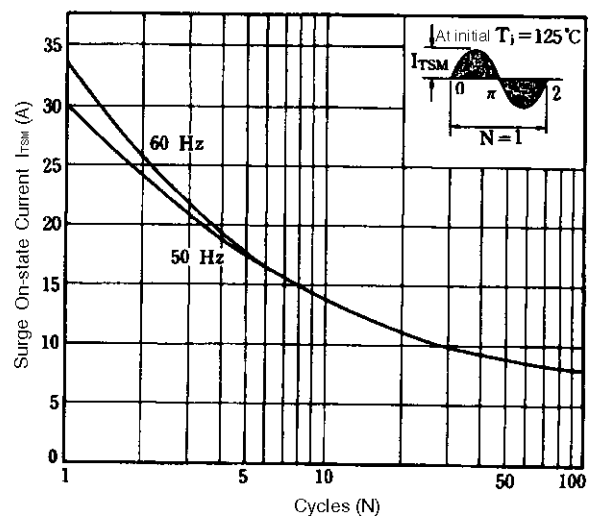


Figure 3. Gate Rating

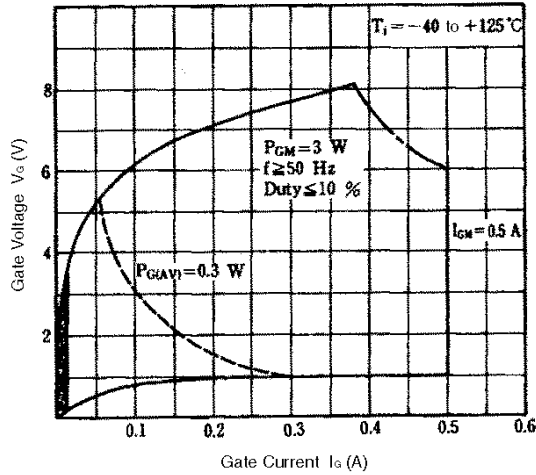


Figure 4. Example of Gate Characteristics

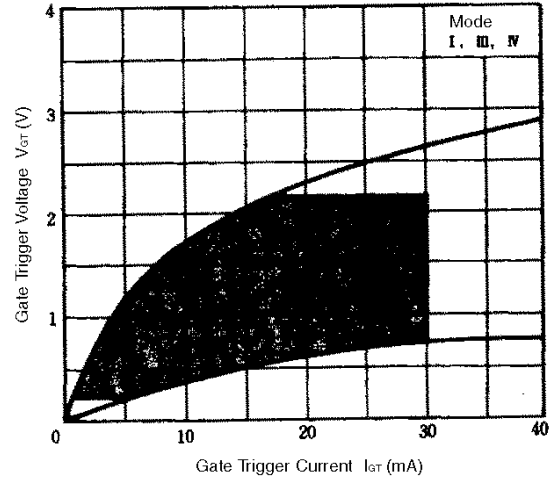


Figure 5.  $I_{GT}$  vs.  $T_A$  Example of Characteristics

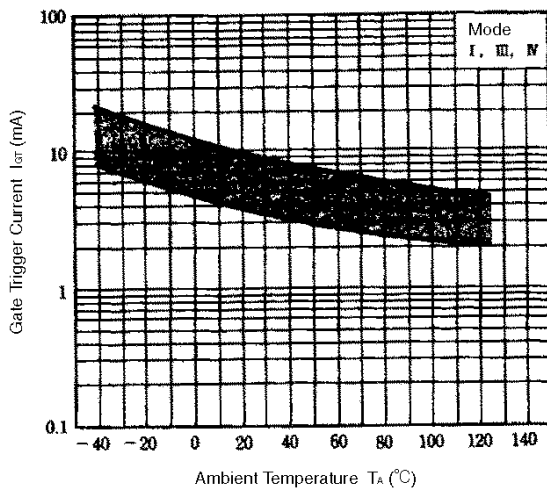


Figure 6.  $V_{GT}$  vs.  $T_A$  Example of Characteristics

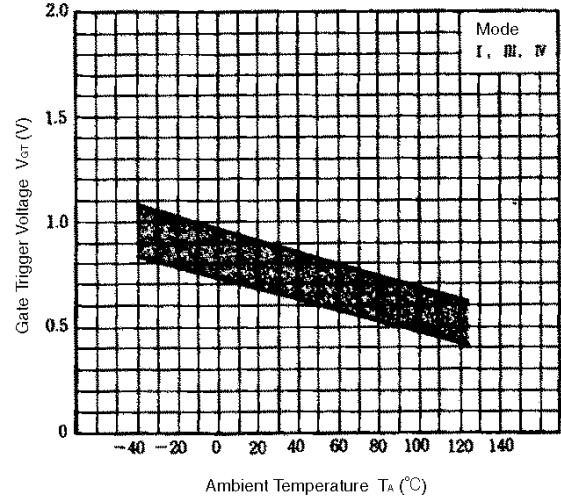


Figure 7.  $I_{GT}$  vs.  $\tau$  Example of Characteristics

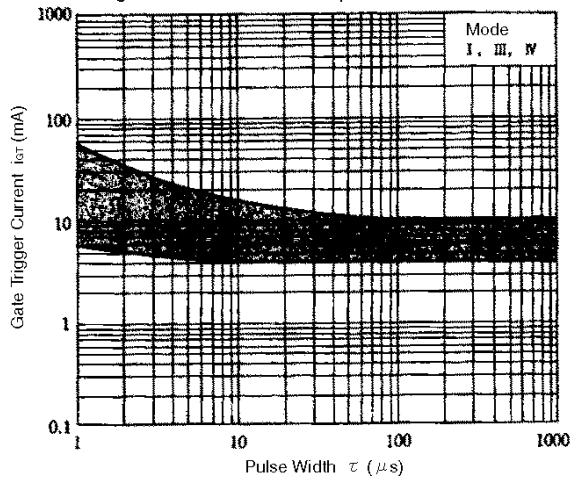


Figure 8.  $V_{GT}$  vs.  $\tau$  Example of Characteristics

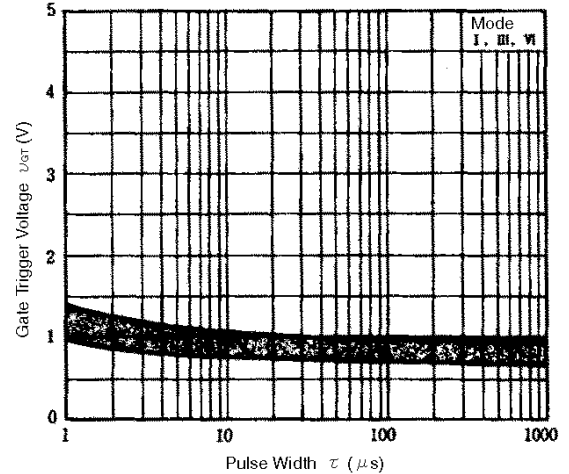


Figure 9.  $I_H$  vs.  $T_A$  Example of Characteristics

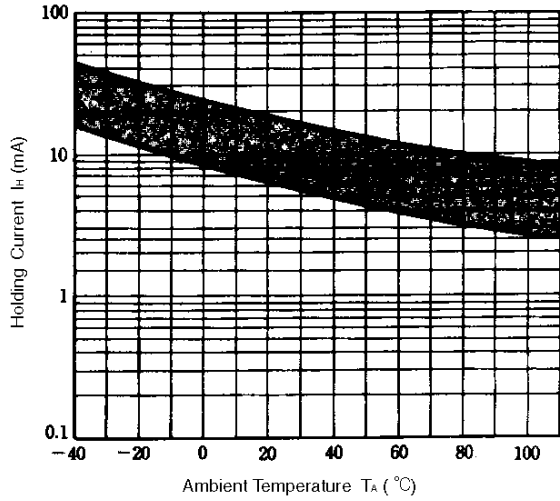


Figure 10.  $P_{T(AV)}$  vs.  $I_{T(RMS)}$  Characteristics

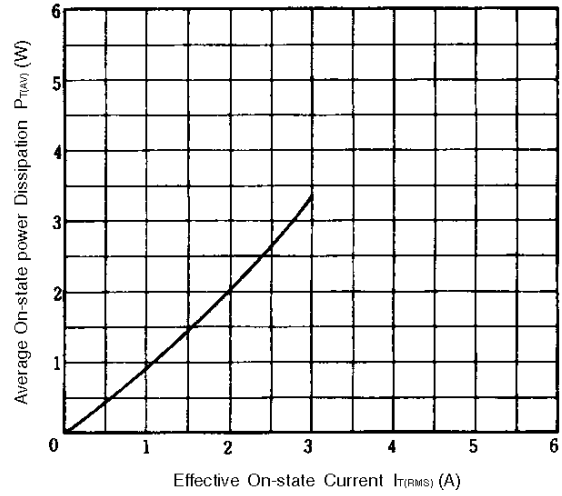


Figure 11.  $T_C$  vs.  $I_{T(AV)}$  Rating

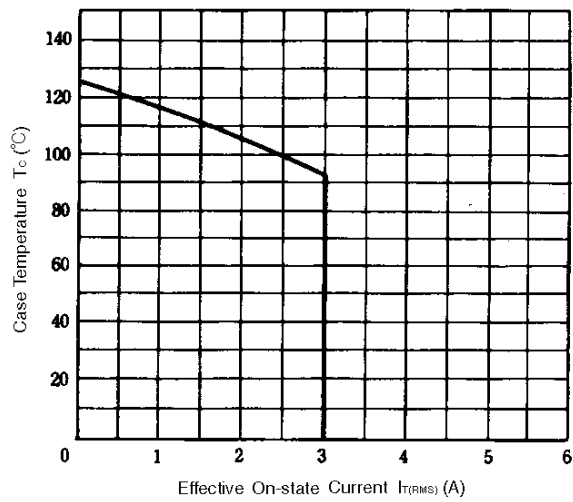


Figure 12.  $T_A$  vs.  $I_{T(RMS)}$  Rating

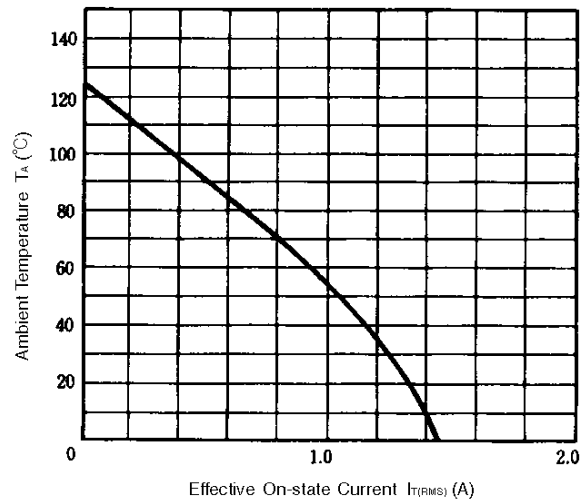
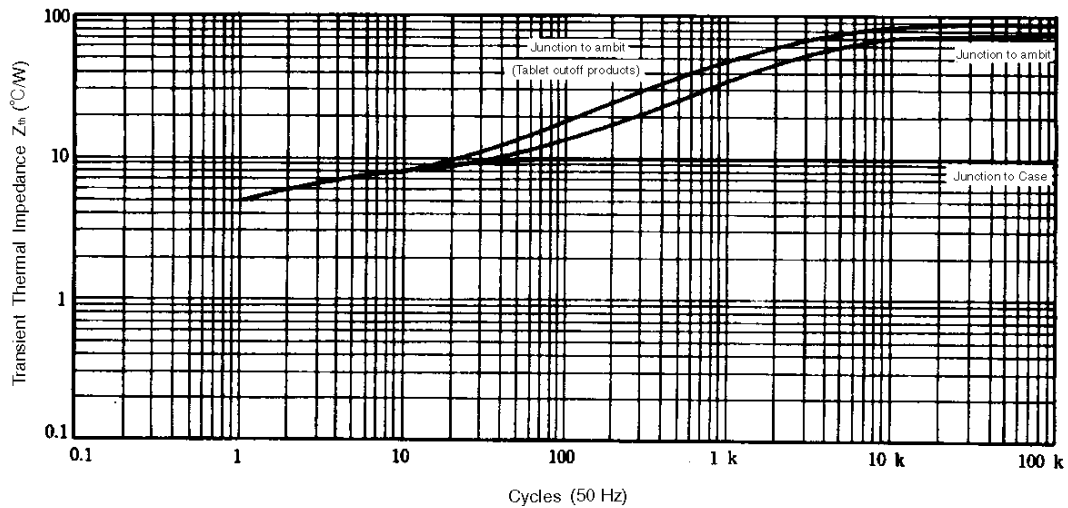


Figure 13.  $Z_{th}$  Characteristics



[MEMO]

- **The information in this document is current as of July, 2001. The information is subject to change without notice. For actual design-in, refer to the latest publications of NEC's data sheets or data books, etc., for the most up-to-date specifications of NEC semiconductor products. Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC sales representative for availability and additional information.**
  - No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written consent of NEC. NEC assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.
  - NEC does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of NEC semiconductor products listed in this document or any other liability arising from the use of such products. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC or others.
  - Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these circuits, software and information in the design of customer's equipment shall be done under the full responsibility of customer. NEC assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by customers or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software and information.
  - While NEC endeavours to enhance the quality, reliability and safety of NEC semiconductor products, customers agree and acknowledge that the possibility of defects thereof cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage to property or injury (including death) to persons arising from defects in NEC semiconductor products, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.
  - NEC semiconductor products are classified into the following three quality grades:  
"Standard", "Special" and "Specific". The "Specific" quality grade applies only to semiconductor products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a semiconductor product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each semiconductor product before using it in a particular application.
    - "Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
    - "Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
    - "Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.
- The quality grade of NEC semiconductor products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC's data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC semiconductor products in applications not intended by NEC, they must contact an NEC sales representative in advance to determine NEC's willingness to support a given application.
- (Note)
- (1) "NEC" as used in this statement means NEC Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
  - (2) "NEC semiconductor products" means any semiconductor product developed or manufactured by or for NEC (as defined above).