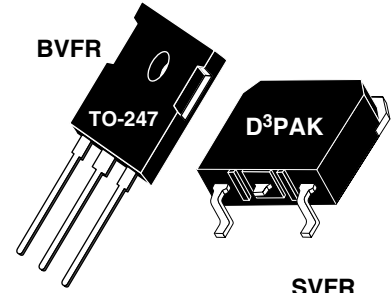
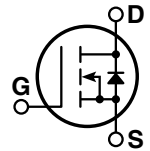


## POWER MOS V® FREDFET

Power MOS V® is a new generation of high voltage N-Channel enhancement mode power MOSFETs. This new technology minimizes the JFET effect, increases packing density and reduces the on-resistance. Power MOS V® also achieves faster switching speeds through optimized gate layout.



- **Faster Switching**
- **Avalanche Energy Rated**
- **Lower Leakage**
- **FAST RECOVERY BODY DIODE**
- **TO-247 or Surface Mount D³PAK Package**



### MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT1201R6BVFR_SVFR	UNIT
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	1200	Volts
$I_D$	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	8	Amps
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>①</sup>	32	
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage Continuous	$\pm 30$	Volts
$V_{GSM}$	Gate-Source Voltage Transient	$\pm 40$	
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	280	Watts
	Linear Derating Factor	2.24	W/°C
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
$T_L$	Lead Temperature: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current <sup>①</sup> (Repetitive and Non-Repetitive)	8	Amps
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>①</sup>	30	mJ
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>④</sup>	1210	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$ )	1200			Volts
$I_{D(on)}$	On State Drain Current <sup>②</sup> ( $V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)}$ Max, $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	8			Amps
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>②</sup> ( $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 4A$ )			1.600	Ohms
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = 1200V, V_{GS} = 0V$ )			250	$\mu A$
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ( $V_{DS} = 960V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )			1000	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = \pm 30V, V_{DS} = 0V$ )			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1.0mA$ )	2		4	Volts

 **CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

APT1201R6BVFR\_SVFR

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0V$		3050	3660	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25V$		255	360	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		125	190	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>③</sup>	$V_{GS} = 10V$		155	230	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{DD} = 0.5 V_{DSS}$		15	23	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$I_D = I_D [\text{Cont.}] @ 25^\circ\text{C}$		78	115	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$V_{GS} = 15V$		12	24	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 0.5 V_{DSS}$		10	20	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$I_D = I_D [\text{Cont.}] @ 25^\circ\text{C}$		50	75	
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_G = 1.6\Omega$		15	30	

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)			8	Amps
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current <sup>①</sup> (Body Diode)			32	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage <sup>②</sup> ( $V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = -I_D [\text{Cont.}]$ )			1.3	Volts
$dv/dt$	Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$ <sup>⑤</sup>			18	V/ns
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time ( $I_S = -I_D [\text{Cont.}], di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ )	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		220	ns
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		450	
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge ( $I_S = -I_D [\text{Cont.}], di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ )	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.0	$\mu\text{C}$
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		3.0	
$I_{RRM}$	Peak Recovery Current ( $I_S = -I_D [\text{Cont.}], di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ )	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	Amps
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		14	

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case			0.45	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to Ambient			40	

- ① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ② Pulse Test: Pulse width < 380  $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2%

- ③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471
- ④ Starting  $T_j = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 37.81\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ , Peak  $I_L = 8\text{A}$
- ⑤  $dv/dt$  numbers reflect the limitations of the test circuit rather than the device itself.  $I_S \leq I_D - 8\text{A}$   $di/dt \leq 700\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$   $v_R \leq 1200\text{V}$   $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

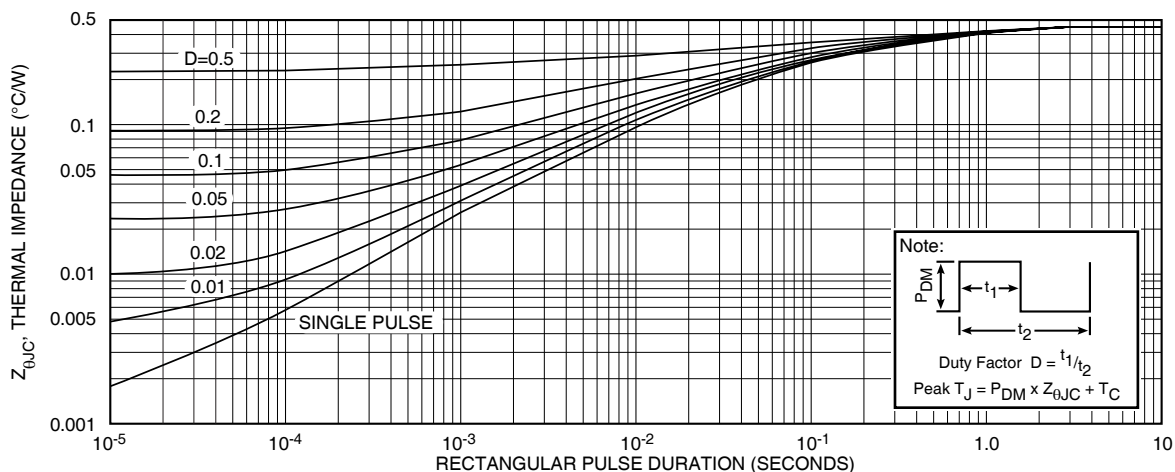


FIGURE 1, MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs PULSE DURATION

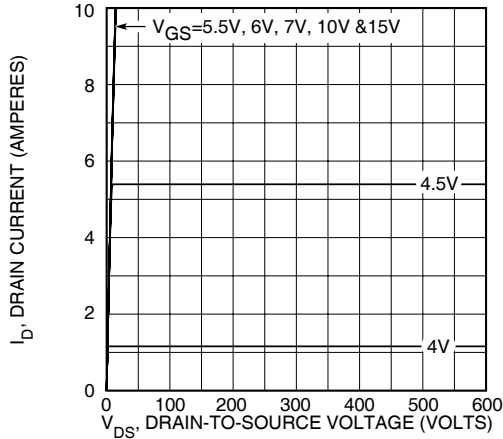


FIGURE 2, TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

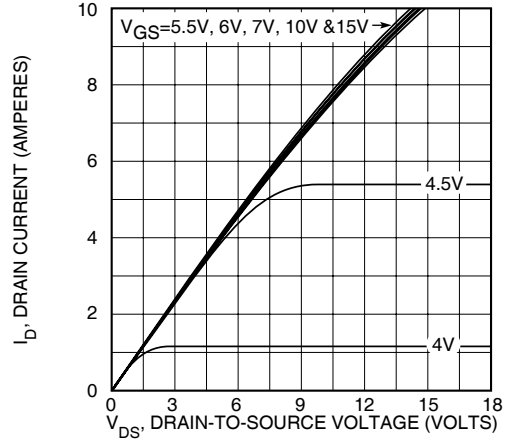


FIGURE 3, TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

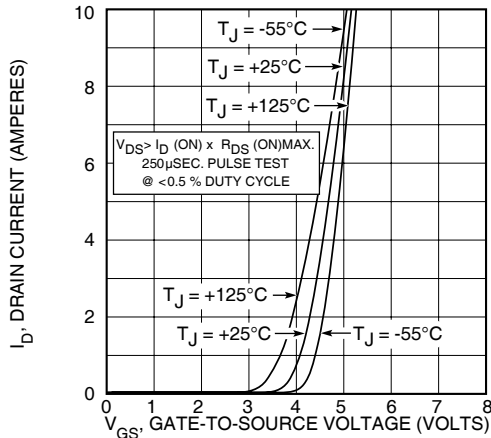


FIGURE 4, TYPICAL TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

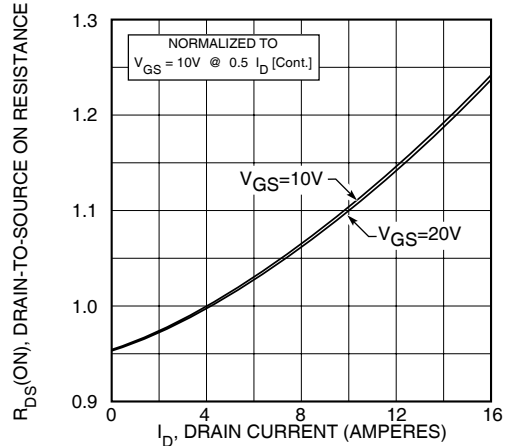


FIGURE 5,  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs DRAIN CURRENT

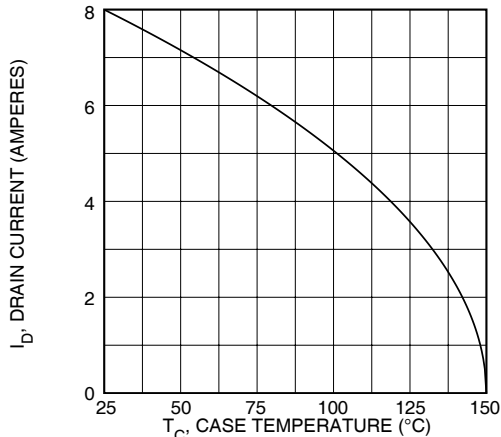


FIGURE 6, MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

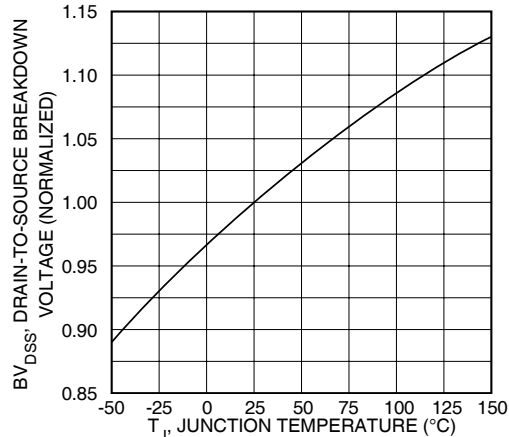


FIGURE 7, BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

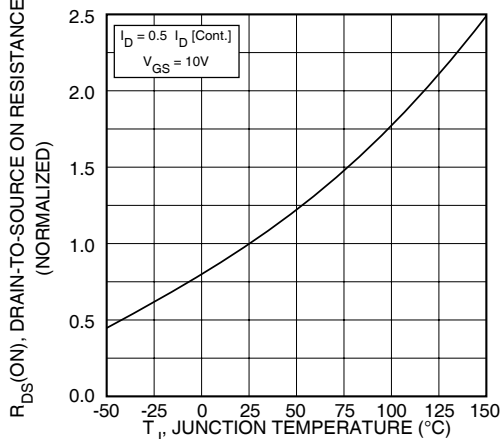


FIGURE 8, ON-RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE

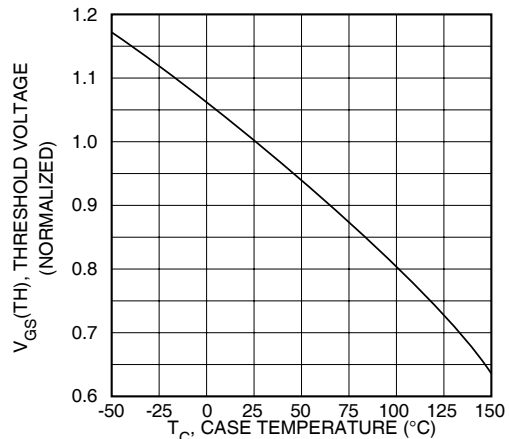


FIGURE 9, THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

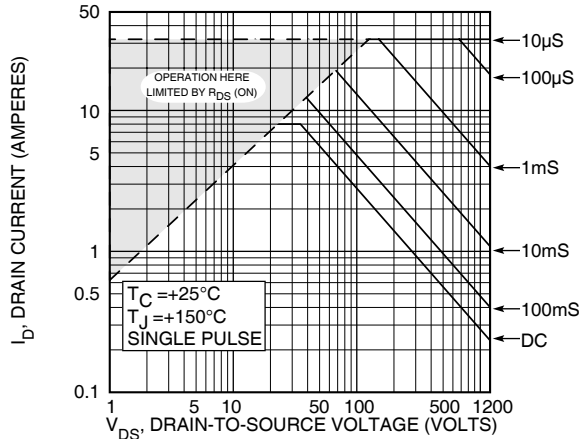


FIGURE 10, MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA

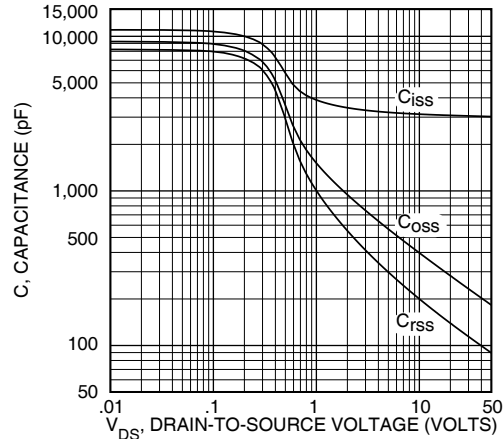


FIGURE 11, TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

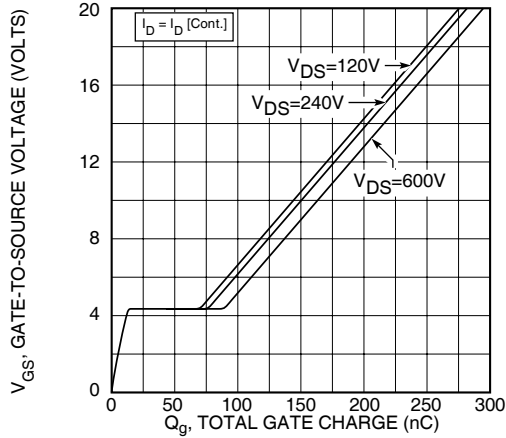


FIGURE 12, GATE CHARGES vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

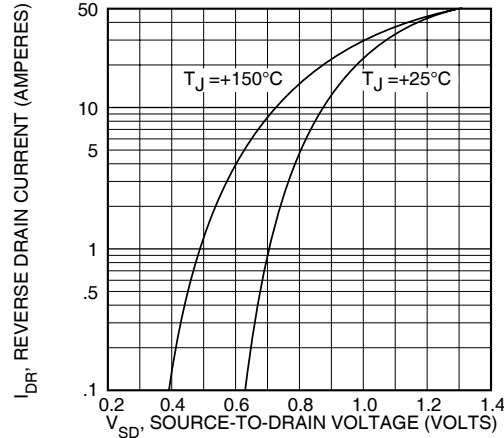
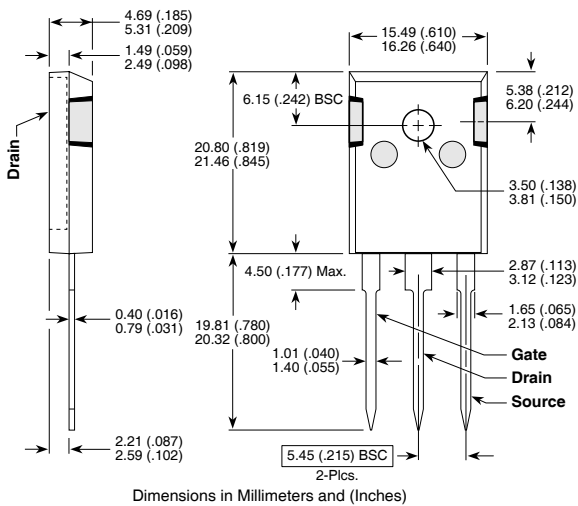


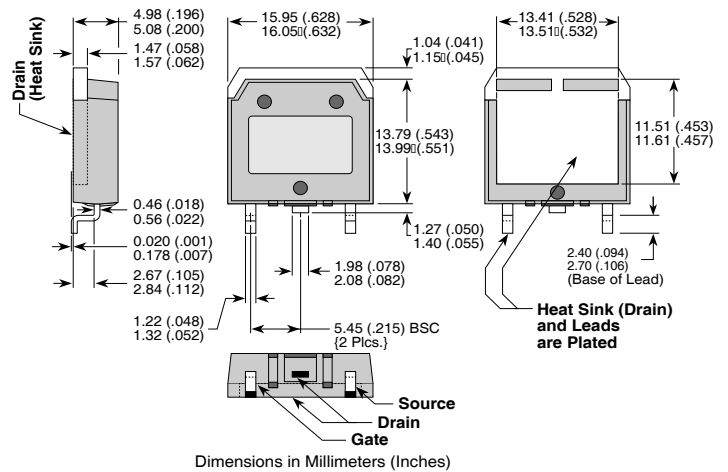
FIGURE 13, TYPICAL SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

TO-247 Package Outline (BVFR)



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

D<sup>3</sup>PAK Package Outline (SVFR)



Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)