

Features

- a. Single Power Supply 3.3V
- b. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) MSA compatible
- c. LVPECL Compatible Signal Interface
- d. Duplex LC Connector

Applications

- a. SONET/SDH /ATM
- c. Distributed Multi-processing
- d. Switch to Switch Interface
- e. Bus Extension Application
- f. Channel Extender, Data Storage Systems
- g. High Speed I/O for File Server

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	0	+70	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5	+3.6	V
Voltage at any Input Pin	V _{IN}	0	Vcc	V

Operating Conditions

Transmitter (T=0 to +70°C, V_{CC} =3.13~3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Central Wavelength	$\lambda_{\rm C}$	1270	1310	1350	nm
Spectral Width(RMS)	Δλ	-	-	3	nm
Output Power	Po	-6	-	-1	dBm
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2	-	-	dB
Optical Rise/Fall Time	Tr/Tf	-	-	260	ps
Differential Input Voltage	V _{IH} - V _{IL}	500	-	2000	mV
Tx Disable Input Voltage_Low	T _{DIS, L}	0		0.5	V
Tx Disable Input Voltage_High	T _{DIS, H}	2.0		Vcc	V
Transmit Fault Output-Low	TX_FAULTL	0	-	0.8	V
Transmit Fault Output-High	TX_FAULTH	2.0	-	V _{CC}	V

Receiver (T=0 to +70°C, Vcc=3.13~3.47V (+3.3V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Wavelength Range	λ	1100	-	1600	nm
MIN. Input Power (Sensitivity)	P _{MIN}	-	-	-21	dBm
MAX. Input Power (Saturation)	P _{MAX}	-3	-	-	dBm

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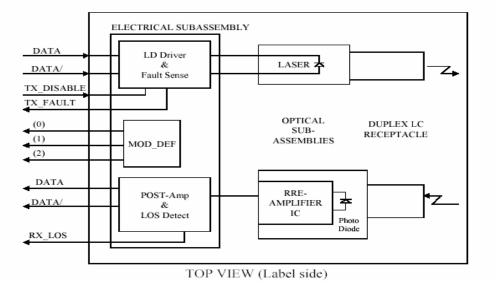


1.25Gbps Single Mode SFP Transceiver (20km) ATR-S0203



Signal Detect-Asserted	P _A	-	-	-21	dBm
Signal Detect-Deasserted	P _D	-35	-	-	dBm
Signal Detect Hysteresis	P _{HYS}	1	-		dB
Return Loss	ORL	12	-	-	dB
Differential Output Voltage	V _{OH} - V _{OL}				
Receiver Loss of Signal Output Voltage-Low	RX_LOSL	0	-	0.8	V
Receiver Loss of Signal Output Voltage-High	RX_LOSH	2.0	-	V _{CC}	V

■ Block Diagram of Transceiver

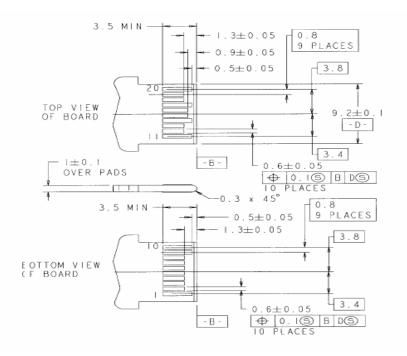


■ Pin Assignment and Function Definitions

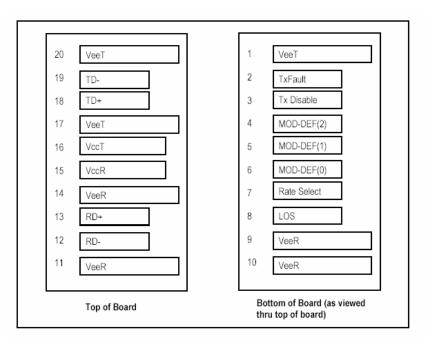
It is the responsibility of the system integrator to assure that no thermal, energy, or voltage hazard exists during the hot-plug-unplug sequence. It is also the responsibility of the system integrator and end-user to minimize static electricity and the probability of ESD events by careful design.



SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



Pins Assignment



Function

Pin No.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	Note 3



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MOD_DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	Note 3
		-	
	Module Definition 0	-	Note 3
Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
VccR	Receiver Power	2	
VccT	Transmitter Power	2	
VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
TD-	Inv Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
	VeeR VeeR RD- RD+ VeeR VccR VccR VccT VeeT TD+ TD-	MOD-DEF0Module Definition 0Rate SelectNot ConnectedLOSLoss of SignalVeeRReceiver GroundVeeRReceiver GroundVeeRReceiver GroundRD-Inv. Received Data OutRD+Receiver GroundVeeRReceiver GroundVeeRReceiver GroundVccRReceiver GroundVccTTransmitter PowerVeeTTransmitter GroundTD+Inv Transmit Data InTD-Inv Transmit Data In	MOD-DEF0Module Definition 03Rate SelectNot Connected3LOSLoss of Signal3VeeRReceiver Ground1VeeRReceiver Ground1VeeRReceiver Ground1RD-Inv. Received Data Out3RD+Receiver Ground1VeeRReceiver Ground1VccRReceiver Ground1VccRReceiver Ground1VccTTransmitter Power2VeeTTransmitter Ground1TD+Inv Transmit Data In3TD-Inv Transmit Data In3

Notes:

1. TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K \sim 10K$. resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2. TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7K \sim 10K$. resistor. Its states are:

Low $(0 \sim 0.8V)$: Transmitter on

(>0.8V, <2.0V) : Undefined

High (2.0~3.465V) : Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled.

3. MOD-DEF 0,1,2 are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K~10K. resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

MOD-DEF 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

MOD-DEF 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID.

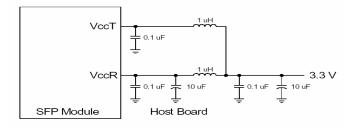
MOD-DEF 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID.

4. LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K \sim 10K$. resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

5. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100. differential lines which should be terminated with 100. (differential) at the user SERDES.

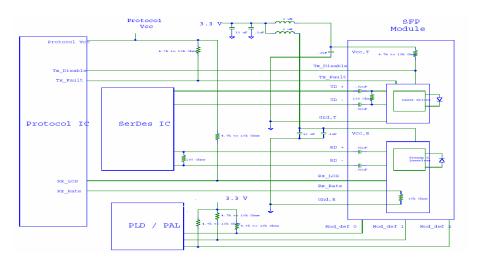
6. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100.differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Host Board Supply Filtering Network

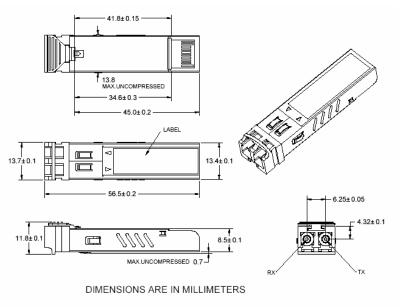




■ Example SFP Host Board Schematic SFP



Mechanical



Ordering Information

Part No.	TX Power (dBm)	RX Sens (Max.) (dBm)	Supply Voltage	Distance
ATR-S0203	-6~-1	-21	3.3V	20km