

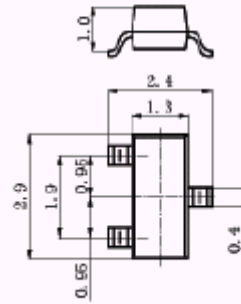
Adjustable Reference Source

FEATURES

- The output voltage can be adjusted to 36V
- Low dynamic output impedance ,its typical value is 0.2Ω
- Trapping current capability is 1 to 100mA
- The typical value of the equivalent temperature factor in the whole temperature scope is 50 ppm/°C
- The effective temperature compensation in the working range of full temperature
- Low output noise voltage
- Fast on -state response
- 0.5% and 1% precision

SOT—23

- 1. BASE
- 2. EMITTER
- 3. COLLECTOR



Unit: mm

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Operating temperature range applies unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNITS
Cathode Voltage	V_{KA}	37	V
Cathode Current Range (Continuous)	I_{KA}	-100-+150	mA
Reference Input Current Range	I_{ref}	0.05-+10	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	770	mW
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	0-70	°C
Storage temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65-+150°C	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Reference Input Voltage	V_{ref}	$V_{KA}=V_{REF}, I_{KA}=10mA$	2.440	2.495	2.550	V	
Deviation of reference input Voltage Over temperature (note)	$\Delta V_{ref}/\Delta T$	$V_{KA}=V_{REF}, I_{KA}=10mA$ $T_{min} \quad T_a \quad T_{max}$		4.5	17	mV	
Ratio Of Change in Reference Input Voltage to the change in Cathode Voltage	$\Delta V_{ref}/\Delta V_{KA}$	$I_{KA}=10mA$	$\Delta V_{KA}=10V \sim V_{REF}$		-1.0	-2.7	m V/V
			$\Delta V_{KA}=36V \sim 10V$		-0.5	-2.0	
Reference Input Current	I_{ref}	$I_{KA}=10mA, R_1=10K\Omega$ $R_2=\infty$		1.5	4	μA	
Deviation Of Reference Input Current Over Full Temperature Range	$\Delta I_{ref}/\Delta T$	$I_{KA}=10mA, R_1=10K\Omega$ $R_2=\infty$ $T_A=full \text{ Temperature}$		0.4	1.2	μA	
Minimum cathode current for Regulation	$I_{KA}(min)$	$V_{KA}=V_{REF}$		0.45	1.0	mA	
Off-state cathode Current	$I_{KA}(OFF)$	$V_{KA}=36V, V_{REF}=0$		0.05	1.0	μA	
Dynamic impedance	Z_{KA}	$V_{KA}=V_{REF}, I_{KA}=1 \text{ to } 100mA$ $f \quad 1.0KHz$		0.15	0.5	Ω	

Note: $T_{MIN}=0^{\circ}C, T_{MAX}=+70^{\circ}C$

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

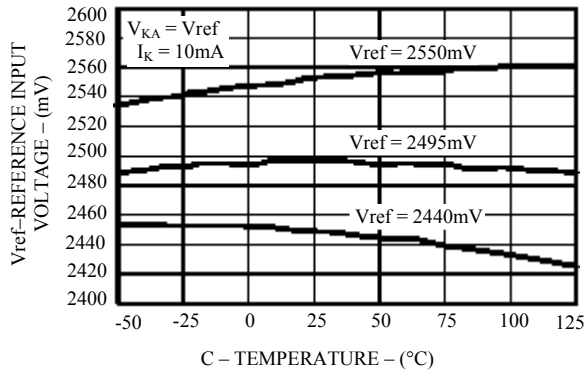


Figure 1.Reference Input Voltage vs. Temperature

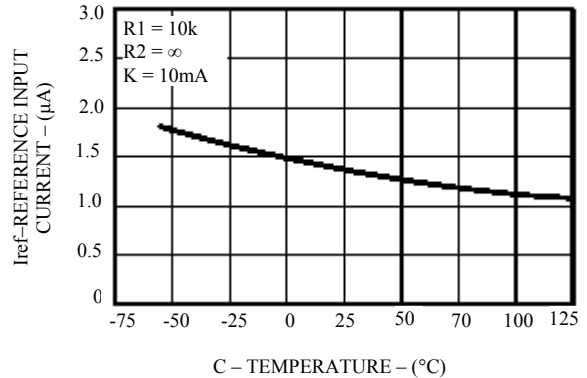


Figure 2.Reference Input Current vs. Temperature

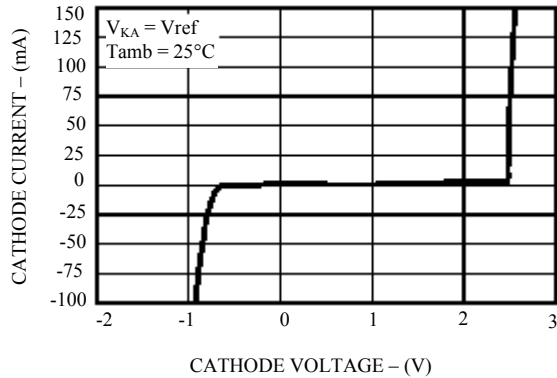


Figure 3.Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage

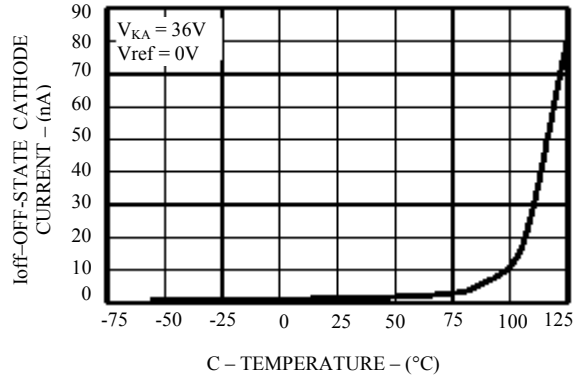


Figure 4.Off-State Cathode Current vs. Temperature

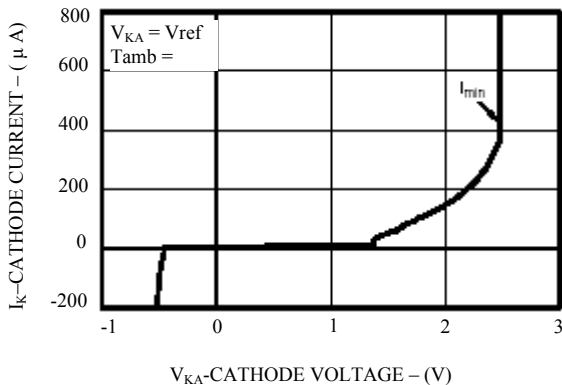


Figure 5.Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage

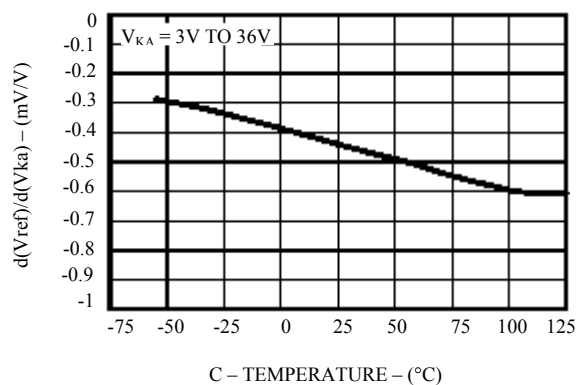


Figure 6.Ratio of Delta Reference Voltage to Delta Cathode Voltage over Temperature

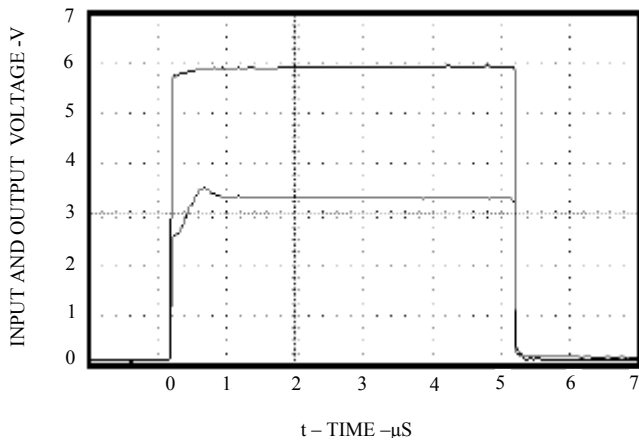


Figure 7. Pulse Response

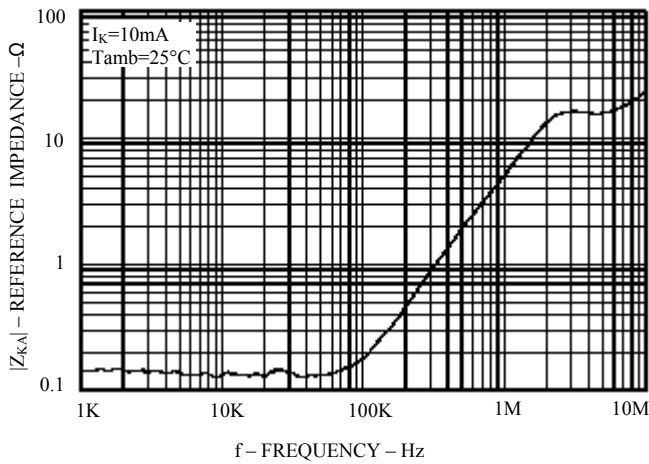
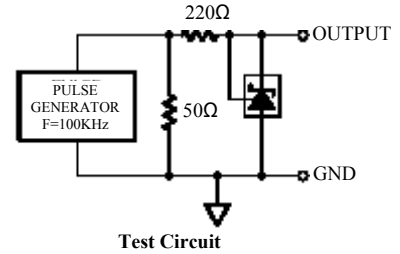


Figure 8. Reference Impedance vs. Frequency

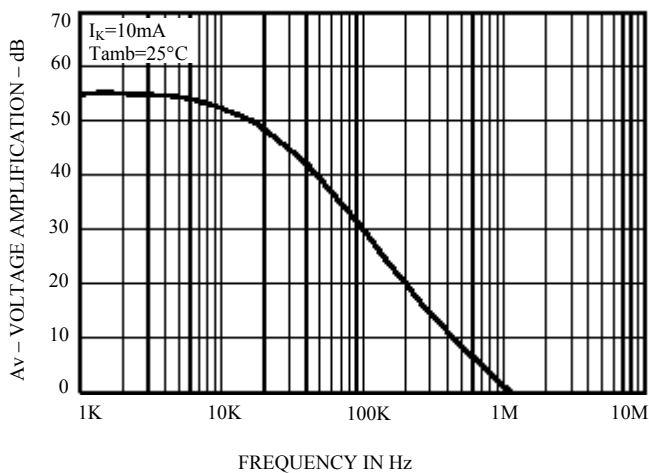
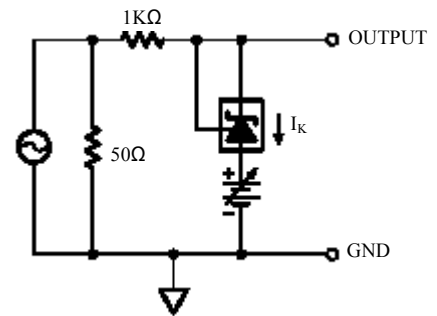
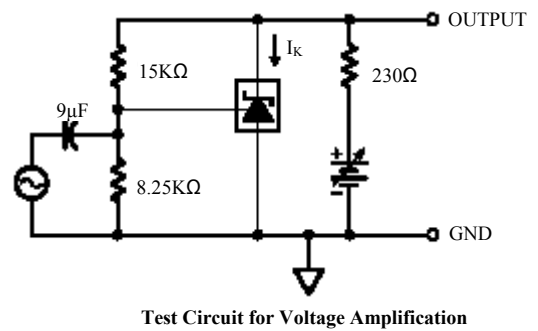


Figure 9. Small-Signal Voltage Amplification vs. Frequency



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

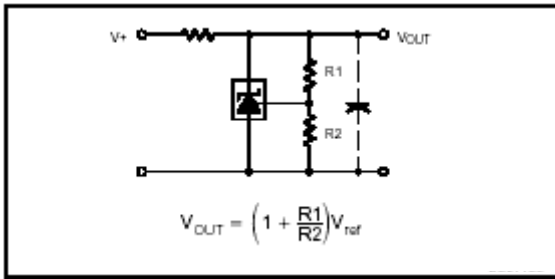


Figure 10. Shunt Regulator

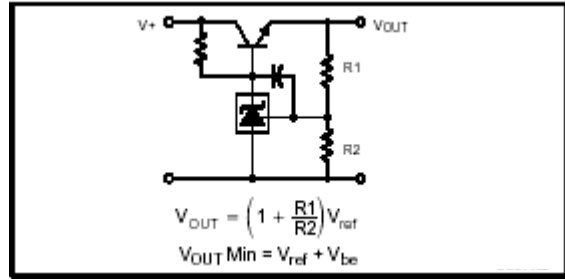


Figure 11. Series Pass Regulator

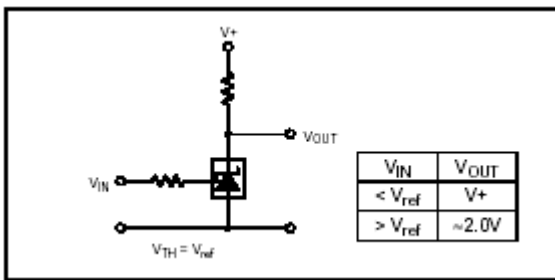


Figure 12. Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold

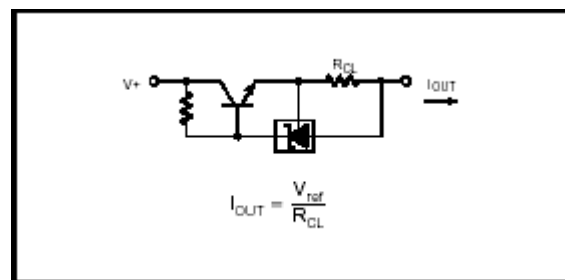


Figure 13. Constant Current Source

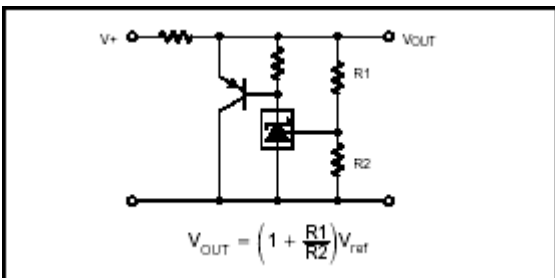


Figure 14. High Current Shunt

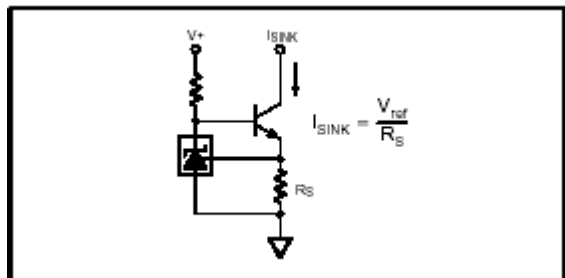


Figure 15. Constant Current Sink