

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors

Capacitors for pulse applications with snap-in and solder lug terminals

Series/Type: B43415, B43416

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Capacitors for pulse applications

B43415, B43416

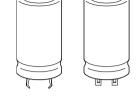
Compact - up to 60 °C

Application

■ Professional flash light generators

Features

- Compact design
- Outstanding reliability
- High charge/discharge proof, polar
- PAPR (protection against polarity reversal)



B43416 B43415

Construction

- Aluminum case, fully insulated
- Case with safety vent

Terminals

- Snap-in
- Solder lug

Overview

Tem-	Series	Useful life	Features	V_R	C _R
perature					
°C				V DC	μF
+60	B43416	> 30000 flashes	- Compact	300 500	200 1500
	Snap-in		 Easy PCB mounting 		
	B43415		 Outstanding reliability 		1000 6600
	Solder lug		 Low leakage current 		
			 Low dissipation factor 		



Compact – up to 60 °C

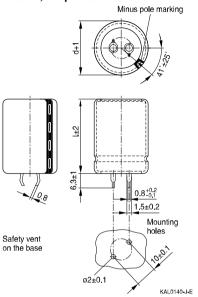
Specifications and characteristics in brief

Rated voltage	V _R	300 500 V DC				
Discharge voltage	$V_{\text{discharge}}$	50 V DC				
Rated capacitance		200 6600 μF				
Capacitance	ΔC_R	-10/+20%				
tolerance						
Leakage current (5 min, 20 °C)	l _{leak}	$I_{leak} \le 0.3 \ \mu A \cdot \left(\frac{C_R}{\mu F} \cdot \frac{V_R}{V}\right)^{0.7} + 4 \ \mu A$				
Dissipation factor	tan δ	15%				
Useful life		> 30000 flashes at:		Requi	rements:	
		Case temperature	≤ 60 °C	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 30\%$ of initial value	
		Flash repetition rate	≥ 2 s	ESR	≤ 3 times initial specified limit	
		Max. flashes per week	≤ 10000	I _{leak}	\leq initial specified limit	
		Charge resistance	10 Ω			
		Discharge resistance	0.5Ω			
Vibration resistance	etest	To IEC 60068-2-6, test	Fc:			
		Displacement amplitude	e 0.35 mm	, frequ	ency range 10 Hz 55 Hz,	
		acceleration max. 5 g, o	duration 3	\times 2 h.		
		Capacitor mounted by i	ts body wl	nich is	rigidly clamped to the work	
		surface.				
IEC climatic catego	ry	$V_{R} \le 400 \text{ V DC: } 40/060/56 \text{ (}-40 ^{\circ}\text{C/+}60 ^{\circ}\text{C/56 days damp heat test)}$				
		V _R > 400 V DC: 25/060	/56 (–25 °	C/+60	°C/56 days damp heat test)	

B43416

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Dimensional drawing B43416, snap-in terminals



Dimensions, weights and packing units

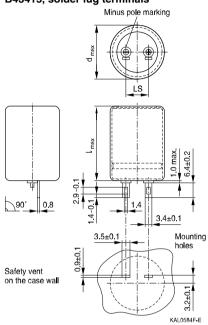
$d \times I$	Approx. weight	Packing
	weight	units
mm	g	pcs.
25 × 45	25	130
30 × 40	36	80
30 × 50	46	80
35 × 45	56	60
35 × 50	70	60



Compact – up to 60°C



Dimensional drawing B43415, solder lug terminals



Dimensions, weights and packing units

$d_{\text{max}} \times I_{\text{max}}$	Lead	Approx.	Packing
	spacing (LS)	weight	units
mm	mm	g	pcs.
35.8×55.8	10.0	66	59
35.8×65.8	10.0	82	59
40.8×65.8	10.0	115	42
40.8 × 70.8	10.0	130	42
40.8 × 80.8	10.0	150	42
40.8 × 90.8	10.0	160	42
40.8 × 105.8	10.0	180	42
40.8 × 110.8	10.0	190	42
50.8 × 80.8	20.0	230	28
50.8 × 100.8	20.0	270	28



B43416

Compact – up to 60°C

Technical data and ordering codes - B43416

C _R	Case dimensions	I _{leak,max}	Ordering code		
100 Hz	d×I	5 min.	-		
20 °C		20 °C			
μF	mm	mA			
V _R = 300 V DC					
1000	30 × 50	2.0	B43416A3108A000		
1500	35 × 50	2.7	B43416A3158A000		
$V_R = 330 \text{ V DC}$					
1000	35 × 45	2.2	B43416A8108A000		
1200	35 × 50	2.5	B43416A8128A000		
V _R = 360 V DC					
560	30 × 40	1.5	B43416A9567A000		
1100	35 × 50	2.6	B43416A9118A000		
$V_R = 400 \text{ V DC}$					
330	25 × 45	1.2	B43416A9337A000		
700	35 × 45	2.0	B43416A9707A000		
$V_R = 500 \text{ V DC}$					
200	25 × 45	0.9	B43416A6207A000		
560	35 × 50	2.0	B43416A6567A000		



Compact – up to 60°C

Technical data and ordering codes - B43415

C _R	Case dimensions	I _{leak,max}	Ordering code			
100 Hz	$d_{max} \times I_{max}$	5 min.				
20 °C		20 °C				
μF	mm	mA				
V _R = 300 V DO	V _B = 300 V DC					
2100	35.8 × 65.8	3.4	B43415A3218A000			
3000	40.8 × 70.8	4.4	B43415A3308A000			
4700	40.8 × 105.8	6.0	B43415A3478A000			
6600	50.8 × 100.8	7.7	B43415A3668A000			
$V_{R} = 330 \text{ V DC}$						
2100	40.8 × 65.8	3.7	B43415A8218A000			
3000	40.8 × 80.8	4.7	B43415A8308A000			
3800	40.8 × 105.8	5.6	B43415A8388A000			
5600	50.8 × 100.8	7.3	B43415A8568A000			
V _R = 360 V DC	V _R = 360 V DC					
2100	40.8 × 65.8	3.9	B43415A9218A000			
3000	40.8 × 90.8	5.0	B43415A9308A000			
3800	40.8 × 110.8	5.9	B43415A9388A000			
V _R = 400 V DC						
1000	35.8 × 55.8	2.5	B43415A9108A000			
2100	40.8 × 80.8	4.2	B43415B9218A000			
3000	40.8 × 110.8	5.4	B43415B9308A000			
3800	50.8 × 100.8	6.4	B43415B9388A000			
V _R = 500 V DC						
1000	40.8 × 65.8	2.9	B43415A6108A000			
2100	50.8 × 80.8	4.9	B43415A6218A000			



Compact – up to 60 °C

Packing of snap-in capacitors



Packing of solder lug capacitors



For ecological reasons the packing is pure cardboard.

Compact - up to 60 °C

General technical information

Capacitance

The DC capacitance is the decisive factor for the energy yield. This characteristic is approximately 1.2 times the AC capacitance. Since the loss angle can only be determined using alternating currents and the AC capacitance is measured together with this value, it is usual to state the AC capacitance. The values are measured at a frequency of 100 Hz.

Leakage current (measuring conditions)

The leakage current value limits quoted by EPCOS apply to the capacitors in new condition. When the leakage current is determined, the current is measured after the capacitor has been connected, for a period of five minutes, via a 1 k Ω resistor to a stabilized power supply set to the rated voltage.

Temperature

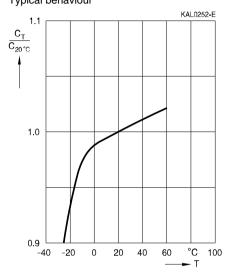
The attached diagram shows the temperature dependence of the leakage current. In order to prevent thermal instabilities, switching loads that can lead to overtemperatures of more than 15 K shall not be applied.



Compact - up to 60 °C

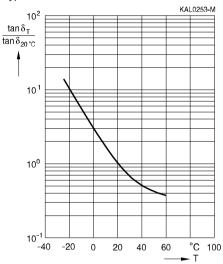
AC capacitance versus temperature

 $V_R = 350 \text{ V DC}$ Typical behaviour



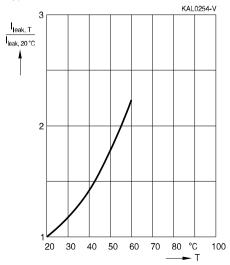
Dissipation factor $tan \delta$ versus temperature

 V_{R} = 350 V DC, measuring frequency = 120 Hz Typical behaviour



Leakage current I_{leak} versus temperature

Measurement duration = 5 minutes Typical behaviour







Compact - up to 60 °C

Questionnaire

Please use the questionnaire when having other, improved or additional technical requirements which cannot be covered by our standard series.

The characteristic data listed in the questionnaire below are essentially the most important information for determining design dimensions of electrolytic capacitors for professional photo flash applications.

Rated capacitance per capacitor		μF	
Rated voltage per capacitor			V DC
Charge/discharge volt	age	/	
Required dimensions:	Diameter (max)		mm
	Length (max.)		mm
Style of terminals			
Ambient temperature			°C
Method of cooling			
Discharge conditions	S		
Internal resistance of t	he discharge tube (if applicable)		Ω
Charging resistance (s	series resistance)		Ω
No. of capacitors in se	ries		
No. of capacitors in pa	rallel		
Flash sequence			
Pause periods			
Other special operatin	g conditions		
Expected useful life			flashes
Annual demand of cap	pacitors	•	

For any further support, please contact your nearest EPCOS representative.



Compact - up to 60 °C

Cautions and warnings

Personal safety

The electrolytes used by EPCOS have not only been optimized with a view to the intended application, but also with regard to health and environmental compatibility. They do not contain any solvents that are detrimental to health, e.g. dimethyl formamide (DMF) or dimethyl acetamide (DMAC).

Furthermore, part of the high-voltage electrolytes used by EPCOS are self-extinguishing. They contain flame-retarding substances which will quickly extinguish any flame that may have been ignited.

As far as possible, EPCOS does not use any dangerous chemicals or compounds to produce operating electrolytes. However, in exceptional cases, such materials must be used in order to achieve specific physical and electrical properties because no safe substitute materials are currently known. However, the amount of dangerous materials used in our products has been limited to an absolute minimum. Nevertheless, the following rules should be observed when handling AI electrolytic capacitors:

- Any escaping electrolyte should not come into contact with eyes or skin.
- If electrolyte does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected parts immediately with running water. If the eyes are affected, rinse them for 10 minutes with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical treatment.
- Avoid breathing in electrolyte vapor or mists. Workplaces and other affected areas should be well ventilated. Clothing that has been contaminated by electrolyte must be changed and rinsed in water.



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Product safety

The table below summarize the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of chapter "General technical information".

Tank	O-f-t-i-fti	Defense
Topic	Safety information	Reference
		Chapter "General
		technical information"
Polarity	Make sure that polar capacitors are connected	1
	with the right polarity.	"Basic construction of
		aluminum electrolytic
		capacitors"
Reverse voltage	Voltages polarity classes should be prevented by	3.1.6
	connecting a diode.	"Reverse voltage"
Upper category	Do not exceed the upper category temperatur.	7.2
temperature		"Maximum permissible
		operating temperature"
Maintenance	Make periodic inspections of the capacitors.	10
	Before the inspection, make sure that the power	"Maintenance"
	supply is turned off and carefully discharge the	
	electricity of the capacitors.	
	Do not apply any mechanical stress to the	
	capacitor terminals.	
Mounting	Do not mount the capacitor with the terminals	11.1.
position of screw	(safety vent) upside down.	"Mounting positions of
terminal capacitors		capacitors with screw
		terminals"
Mounting of	The internal structure of single-ended capacitors	11.4
single-ended	might be damaged if excessive force is applied to	"Mounting
capacitors	the lead wires.	considerations for
	Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.	single-ended capacitors"
	Do not move the capacitor after soldering to PC	
	board.	
	Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered	
	capacitor.	
	Do not insert the capacitor on the PC board with a	
	hole space different to the lead space specified.	
Robustness of	The following maximum tightening torques must	11.3
terminals	not be exceeded when connecting screw	"Mounting torques"
	terminals:	
	M5: 2 Nm	
	M6: 2.5 Nm	
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature	11.5
	limits during soldering.	"Soldering"



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Topic	Safety information	Reference Chapter "General technical information"
Soldering, cleaning agents	Do not allow halogenated hydrocarbons to come into contact with aluminum electrolytic capacitors.	11.6 "Cleaning agents"
Passive flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity.	8.1 "Passive flammability"
Active flammability	Avoid overload of the capacitors.	8.2 "Active flammability"
		Reference Chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals"
Breakdown strength of insulating sleeves	Do not damage the insulating sleeve, especially when ring clips are used for mounting.	"Screw terminals - accessories"



Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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