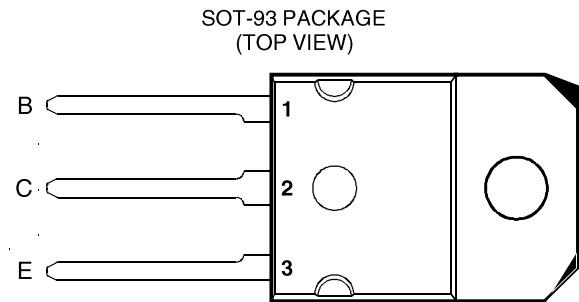


- Rugged Triple-Diffused Planar Construction
- 15 A Continuous Collector Current
- 1000 Volt Blocking Capability



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

absolute maximum ratings **at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

| RATING  |        | SYMBOL    | VALUE       | UNIT |
|---|--------|-----------|-------------|------|
| Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0\text{ V}$ )               | BUV48  | $V_{CES}$ | 850         | V    |
|   | BUV48A |           | 1000        |      |
| Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} = 10\ \Omega$ )               | BUV48  | $V_{CER}$ | 850         | V    |
|   | BUV48A |           | 1000        |      |
| Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )                           | BUV48  | $V_{CEO}$ | 400         | V    |
|   | BUV48A |           | 450         |      |
| Continuous collector current                                      |        | $I_C$     | 15          | A    |
| Peak collector current (see Note 1)                               |        | $I_{CM}$  | 30          | A    |
| Continuous base current   |        | $I_B$     | 4           | A    |
| Peak base current   |        | $I_{BM}$  | 20          | A    |
| Non repetitive accidental peak surge current                      |        | $I_{CSM}$ | 55          | A    |
| Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature |        | $P_{tot}$ | 125         | W    |
| Operating junction temperature range                              |        | $T_j$     | -65 to +150 | °C   |
| Storage temperature range   |        | $T_{stg}$ | -65 to +150 | °C   |

NOTE 1: This value applies for  $t_p \leq 2\text{ ms}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

# BUV48, BUV48A

## NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

### electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS           |                       |                           | MIN                           | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{CEO(sus)}$ Collector-emitter sustaining voltage | $I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$    | $L = 25 \text{ mH}$   | (see Note 2)              | BUV48<br>400<br>BUV48A<br>450 |     |     | V    |
| $I_{CES}$ Collector-emitter cut-off current         | $V_{CE} = 850 \text{ V}$  | $V_{BE} = 0$          |                           | BUV48                         |     | 0.2 | mA   |
|   | $V_{CE} = 1000 \text{ V}$ | $V_{BE} = 0$          |                           | BUV48A                        |     | 0.2 |      |
|   | $V_{CE} = 850 \text{ V}$  | $V_{BE} = 0$          | $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | BUV48                         |     | 2.0 |      |
|   | $V_{CE} = 1000 \text{ V}$ | $V_{BE} = 0$          | $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | BUV48A                        |     | 2.0 |      |
| $I_{CER}$ Collector-emitter cut-off current         | $V_{CE} = 850 \text{ V}$  | $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$  |                           | BUV48                         |     | 0.5 | mA   |
|   | $V_{CE} = 1000 \text{ V}$ | $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$  |                           | BUV48A                        |     | 0.5 |      |
|   | $V_{CE} = 850 \text{ V}$  | $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$  | $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | BUV48                         |     | 4.0 |      |
|   | $V_{CE} = 1000 \text{ V}$ | $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$  | $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | BUV48A                        |     | 4.0 |      |
| $I_{EBO}$ Emitter cut-off current                   | $V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$    | $I_C = 0$             |                           |                               |     | 1   | mA   |
| $V_{EBO}$ Emitter-base breakdown voltage            | $I_E = 50 \text{ mA}$     | $I_C = 0$             |                           | 7                             |     | 30  | V    |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage  | $I_B = 2 \text{ A}$       | $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$  |                           | BUV48                         |     | 1.5 | V    |
|   | $I_B = 3 \text{ A}$       | $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$  | (see Notes 3 and 4)       | BUV48                         |     | 5.0 |      |
|   | $I_B = 1.6 \text{ A}$     | $I_C = 8 \text{ A}$   |                           | BUV48A                        |     | 1.5 |      |
|   | $I_B = 2.4 \text{ A}$     | $I_C = 12 \text{ A}$  |                           | BUV48A                        |     | 5.0 |      |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ Base-emitter saturation voltage       | $I_B = 2 \text{ A}$       | $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$  | (see Notes 3 and 4)       | BUV48                         |     | 1.6 | V    |
|   | $I_B = 1.6 \text{ A}$     | $I_C = 8 \text{ A}$   |                           | BUV48A                        |     | 1.6 |      |
| $f_t$ Current gain bandwidth product                | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$   | $I_C = 0.5 \text{ A}$ | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$       |                               | 10  |     | MHz  |
| $C_{ob}$ Output capacitance                         | $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$   | $I_C = 0$             | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$       |                               | 150 |     | pF   |

NOTES: 2. Inductive loop switching measurement.

3. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques,  $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

4. These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

### thermal characteristics

| PARAMETER   | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT               |
|---|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ Junction to case thermal resistance |     |     | 1   | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

### resistive-load-switching characteristics at 25°C case temperature

| PARAMETER             | TEST CONDITIONS †    |                          |        | MIN | TYP | MAX                         | UNIT                          |                       |  |     |               |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|---------------|
| $t_{on}$ Turn on time | $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$ | $V_{CC} = 150 \text{ V}$ | BUV48  |     |     | 1.0                         | $\mu\text{s}$                 |                       |  |     |               |
| $t_s$ Storage time    |                      |                          |        |     |     | $I_{B(on)} = 2 \text{ A}$   | $I_{B(off)} = -2 \text{ A}$   | (see Figures 1 and 2) |  | 3.0 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_f$ Fall time       |                      |                          |        |     |     |                             |                               |                       |  | 0.8 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{on}$ Turn on time | $I_C = 8 \text{ A}$  | $V_{CC} = 150 \text{ V}$ | BUV48A |     |     | 1.0                         | $\mu\text{s}$                 |                       |  |     |               |
| $t_s$ Storage time    |                      |                          |        |     |     | $I_{B(on)} = 1.6 \text{ A}$ | $I_{B(off)} = -1.6 \text{ A}$ | (see Figures 1 and 2) |  | 3.0 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_f$ Fall time       |                      |                          |        |     |     |                             |                               |                       |  | 0.8 | $\mu\text{s}$ |

† Voltage and current values shown are nominal; exact values vary slightly with transistor parameters.

### inductive-load-switching characteristics at 100°C case temperature

| PARAMETER                     | TEST CONDITIONS †    |                             |        | MIN | TYP | MAX                          | UNIT                  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| $t_{sv}$ Voltage storage time | $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$ | $I_{B(on)} = 2 \text{ A}$   | BUV48  |     |     | 4.0                          | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| $t_{fi}$ Current fall time    |                      |                             |        |     |     | $V_{BE(off)} = -5 \text{ V}$ | (see Figures 3 and 4) |
| $t_{sv}$ Voltage storage time | $I_C = 8 \text{ A}$  | $I_{B(on)} = 1.6 \text{ A}$ | BUV48A |     |     | 4.0                          | $\mu\text{s}$         |
| $t_{fi}$ Current fall time    |                      |                             |        |     |     | $V_{BE(off)} = -5 \text{ V}$ | (see Figures 3 and 4) |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

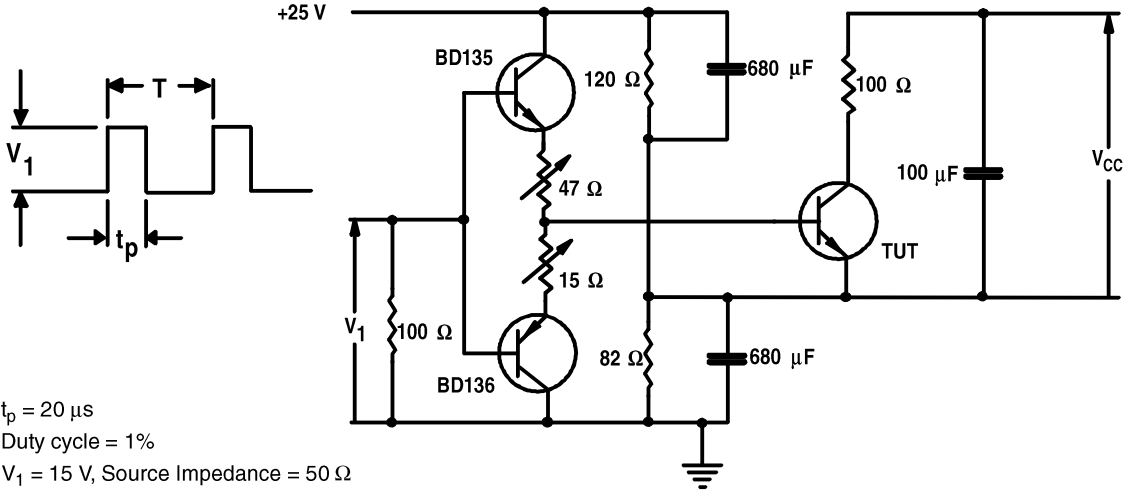


Figure 1. Resistive-Load Switching Test Circuit

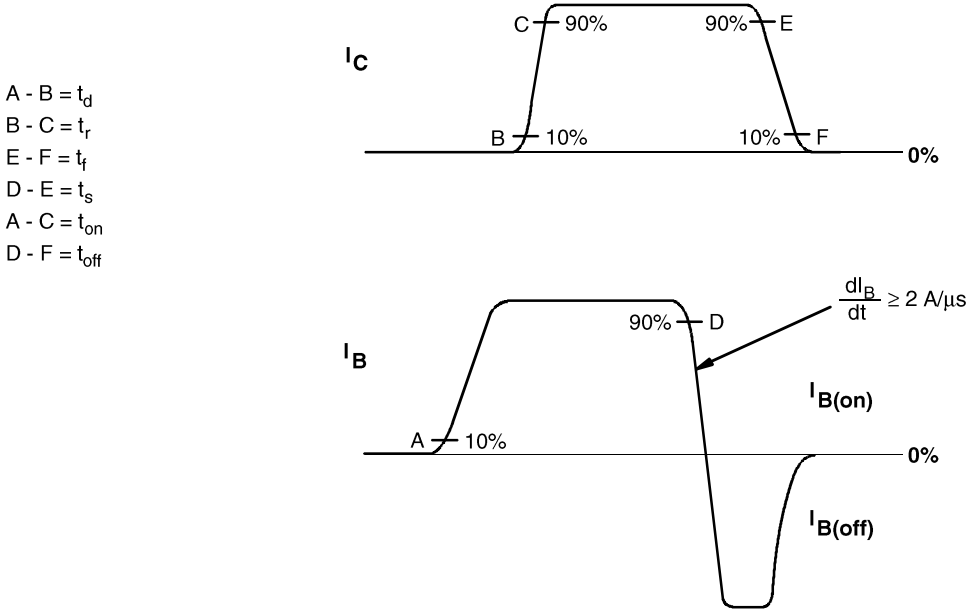


Figure 2. Resistive-Load Switching Waveform



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

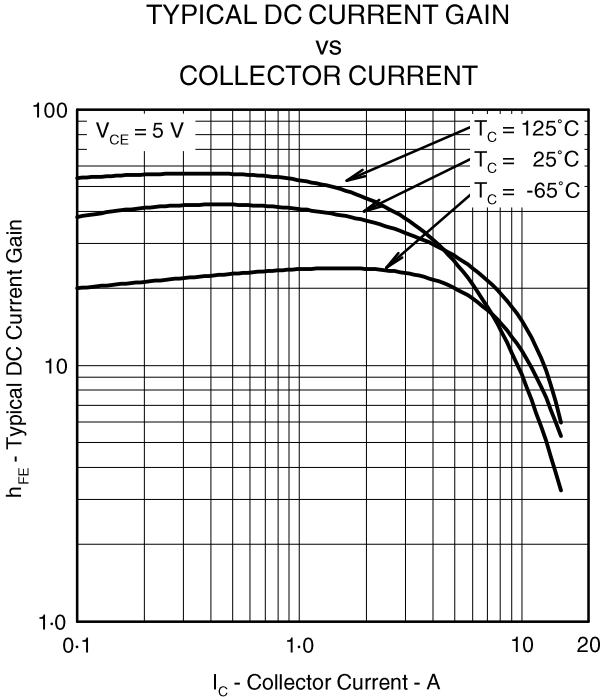


Figure 5.

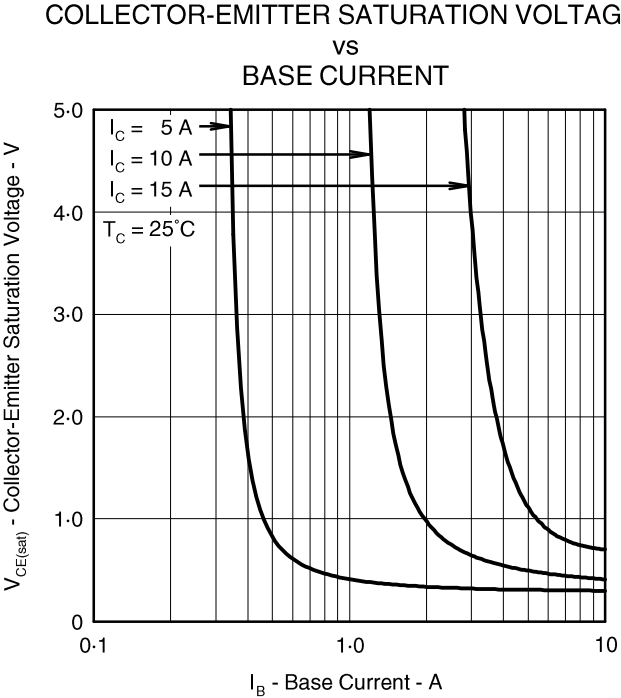


Figure 6.

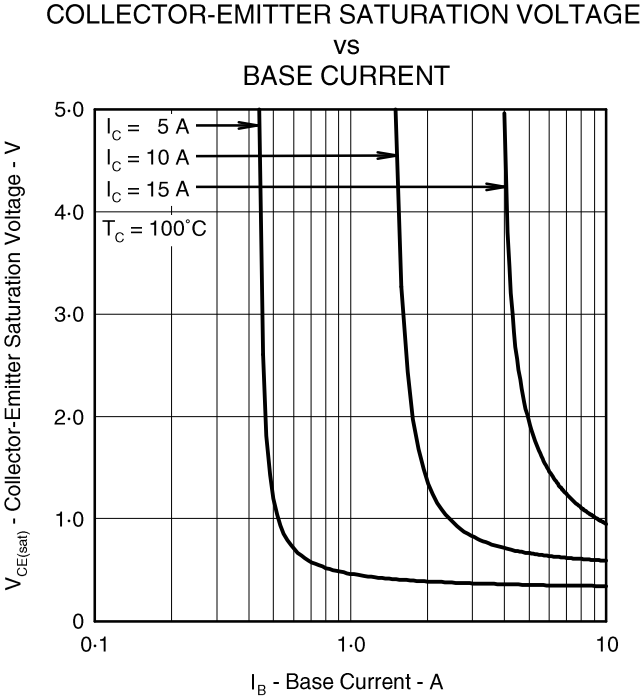


Figure 7.

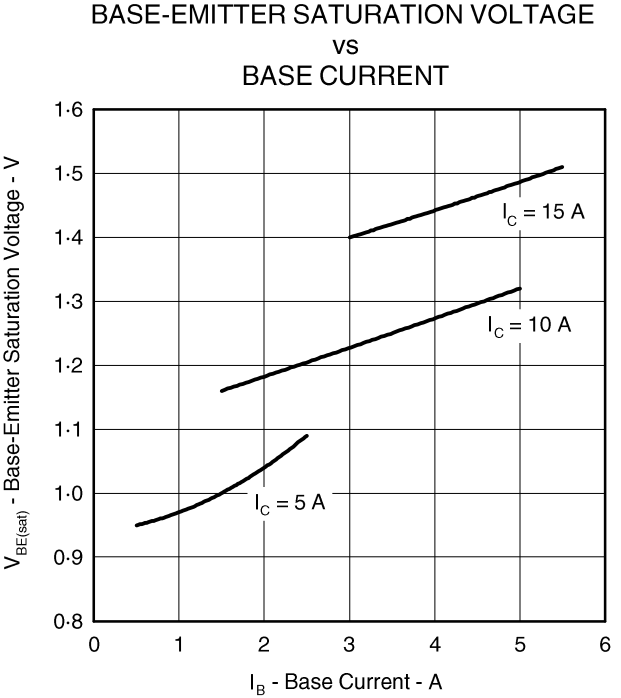


Figure 8.

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

COLLECTOR CUT-OFF CURRENT  
 VS  
 CASE TEMPERATURE

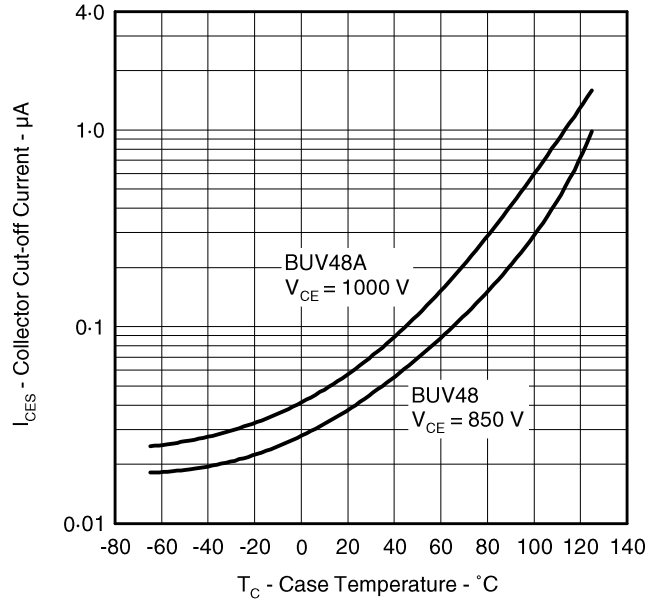


Figure 9.

**MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING REGIONS**

MAXIMUM FORWARD-BIAS  
 SAFE OPERATING AREA

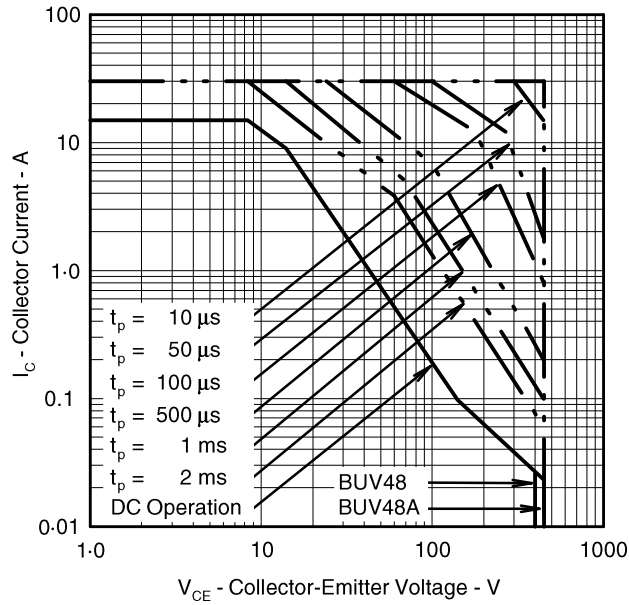


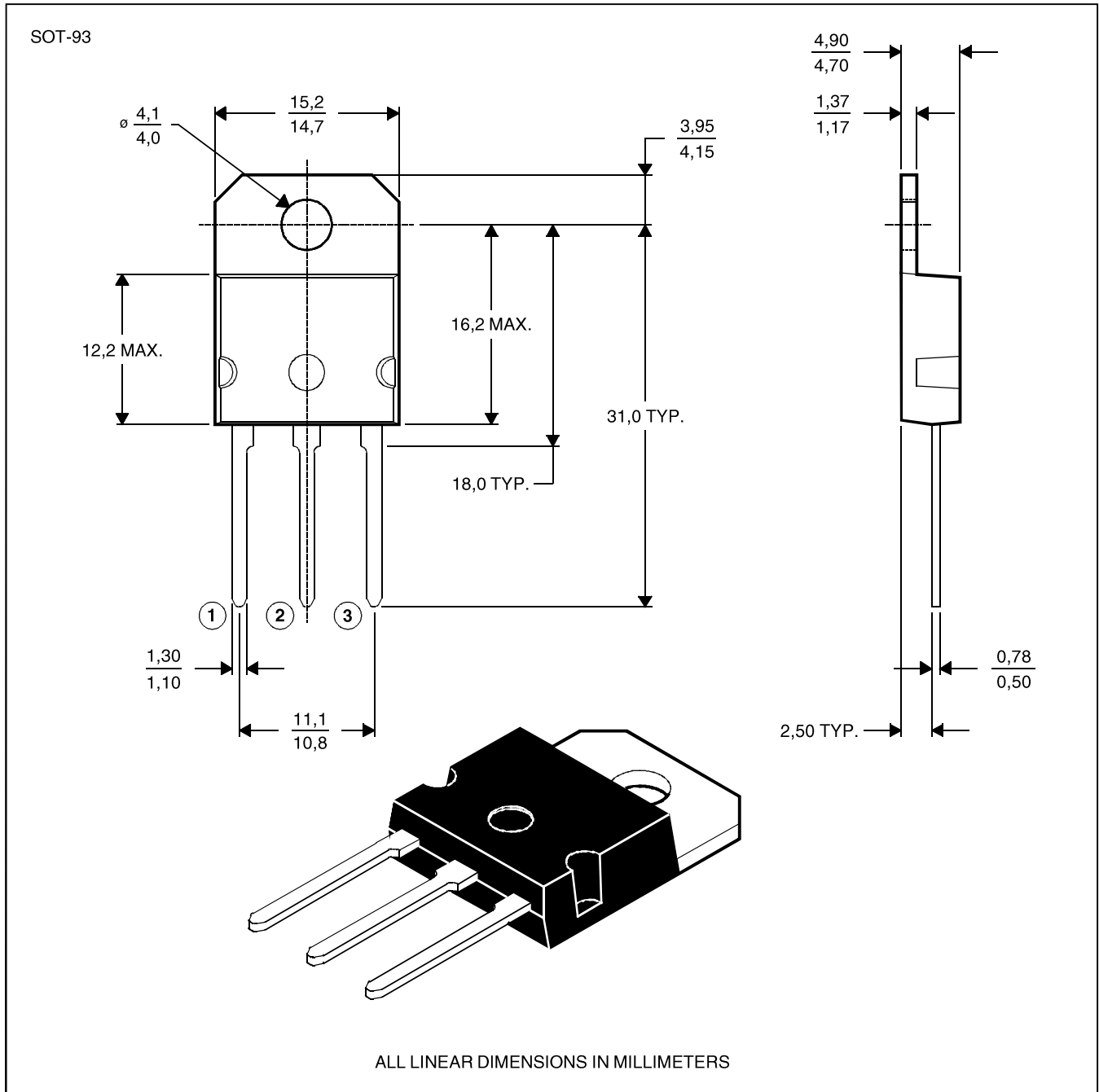
Figure 10.

MECHANICAL DATA

SOT-93

3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



NOTE A: The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.