

GP1A38L5/GP1A38L7

Multi-channel OPIC Photointerrupter with Connector

■ Features

- Multi-channel type
GP1A38L5 (5-channel type)
GP1A38L7 (7-channel type)
- Built-in Schmidt trigger circuit
- LSTTL and TTL compatible output
- Can be mounted with screws

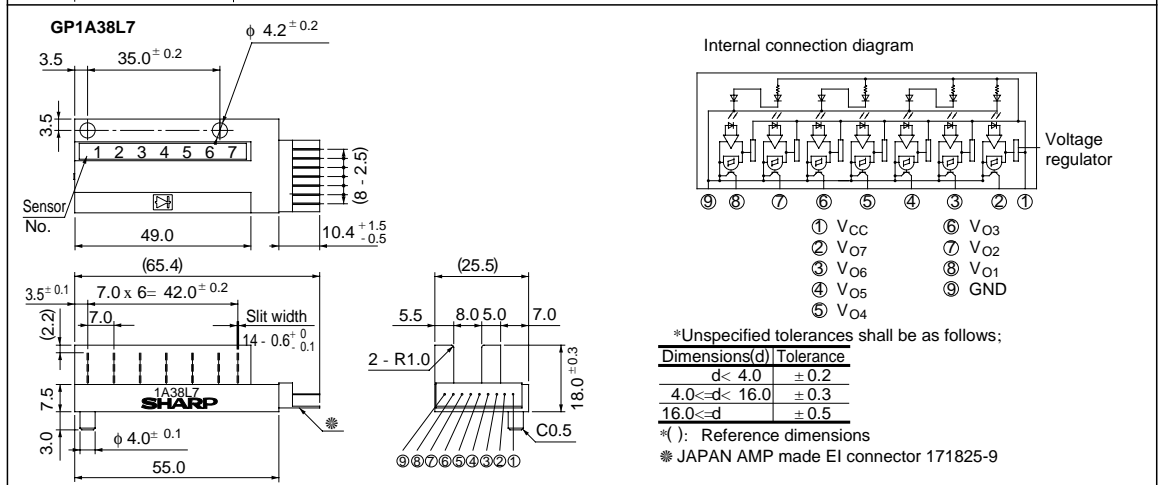
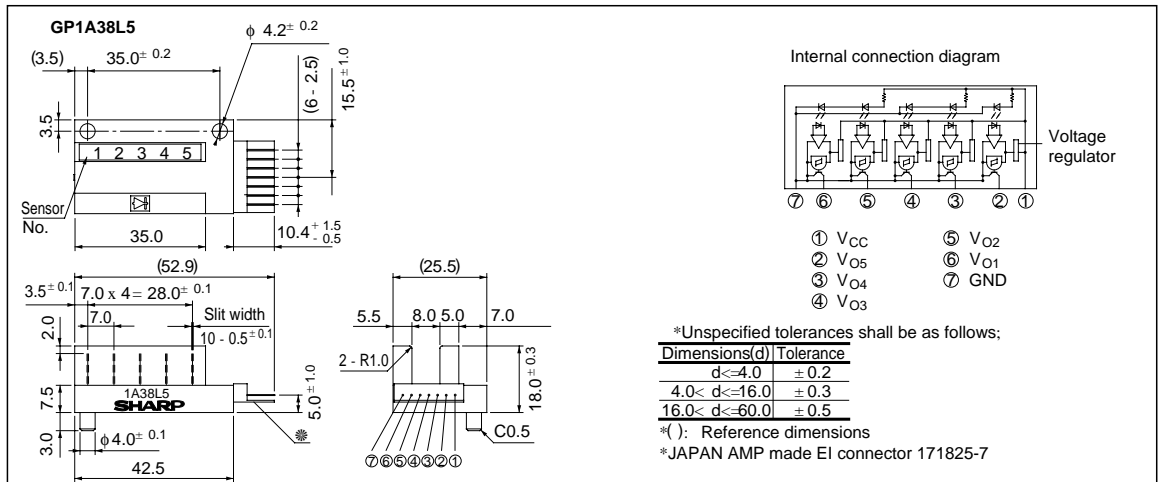
■ Applications

- Laser beam printers
- Copiers

**OPIC™ (Optical IC) is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation.
 An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signal-processing circuit integrated onto a single chip.

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



"In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that occur in equipment using any of SHARP's devices, shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest version of the device specification sheets before using any SHARP's device."

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	- 0.5 to + 7	V
Output voltage	V _O	28	V
Output current	I _{OL}	50	mA
*1 Operating temperature	T _{opr}	- 20 to + 75	°C
*1 Storage temperature	T _{stg}	- 40 to + 85	°C

*1 The connector should be plugged in/out at normal temperature.

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified V_{CC} = 5V, Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Operating supply voltage	V _{CC}		4.5	-	5.5	V
Low level supply current	GP1A38L5	I _{CCL} Light beam uninterrupted	-	-	80	mA
	GP1A38L7		-	-	110	mA
Low level output voltage	V _{OL}	Light beam uninterrupted, I _{OL} = 16mA	-	-	0.35	V
High level supply current	GP1A38L5	I _{CCH} Light beam interrupted	-	-	80	mA
	GP1A38L7		-	-	110	mA
High level output voltage	V _{OH}	Light beam interrupted, *2R _L = 47kΩ	V _{CC} × 0.9	-	-	V
Response frequency	f	R _L = 47kΩ	-	-	3 000	Hz

*2 Connects between V_{CC} and output terminal.

Fig. 1 Low Level Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature

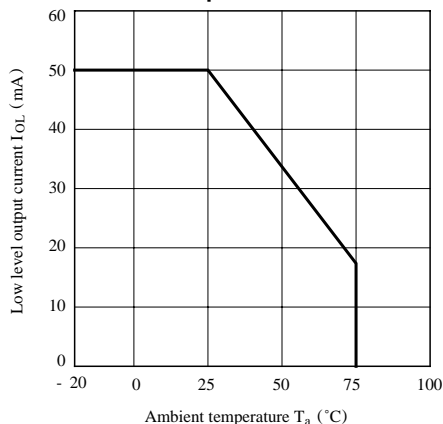


Fig. 2 Low Level Output Voltage vs. Low Level Output Current

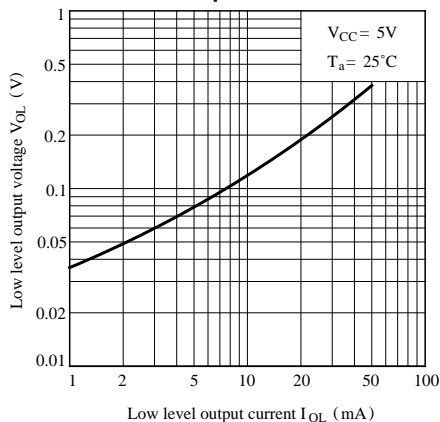


Fig. 3 Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

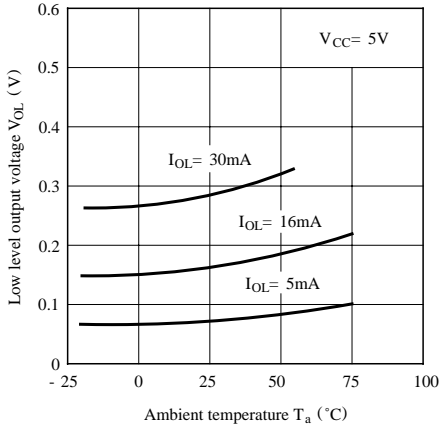


Fig.4-a Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (GP1A38L5)

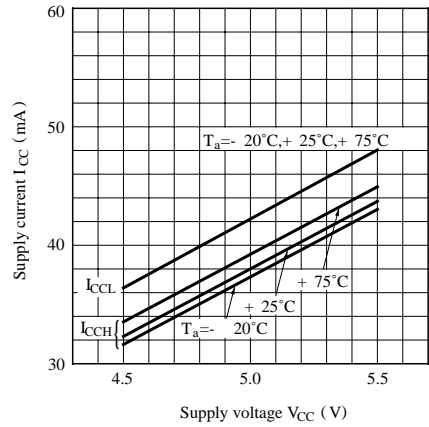


Fig.4-b Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (GP1A38L7)

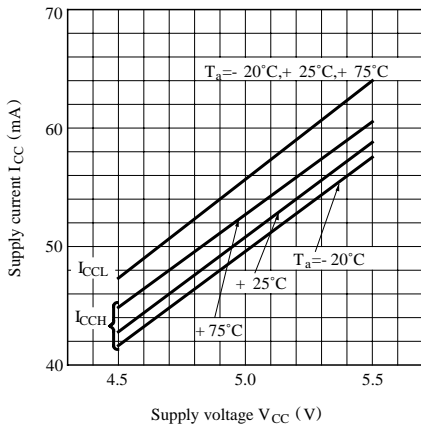


Fig.5-a Detecting Position Characteristics (1) (GP1A38L5)

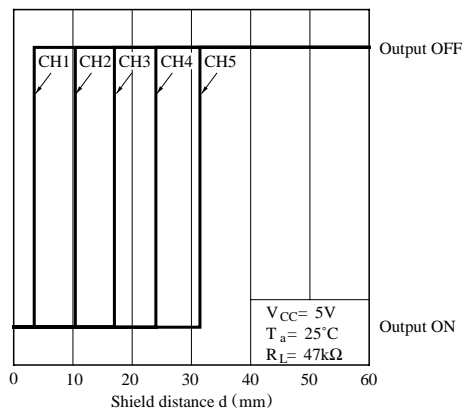
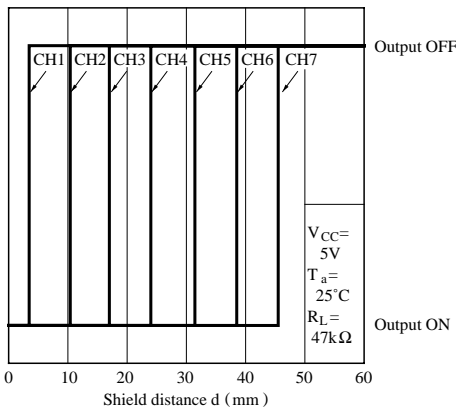
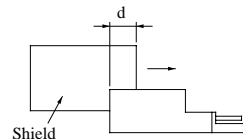


Fig.5-b Detecting Position Characteristics (1) (GP1A38L7)



Measuring Method for Detecting Position Characteristics (1)



GP1A38L5

CH	Detecting distance d
1	$3.5 \pm 0.5mm$
2	$10.5 \pm 0.5mm$
3	$17.5 \pm 0.5mm$
4	$24.5 \pm 0.5mm$
5	$31.5 \pm 0.5mm$

GP1A38L7

CH	Detecting distance d
1	$3.5 \pm 0.5mm$
2	$10.5 \pm 0.5mm$
3	$17.5 \pm 0.5mm$
4	$24.5 \pm 0.5mm$
5	$31.5 \pm 0.5mm$
6	$38.5 \pm 0.5mm$
7	$45.5 \pm 0.5mm$

Fig.6-a Detecting Position Characteristics (2)
(GP1A38L5)

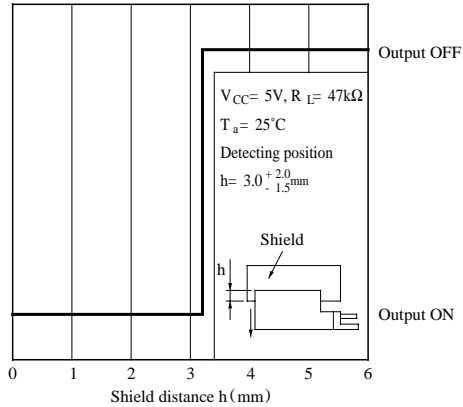
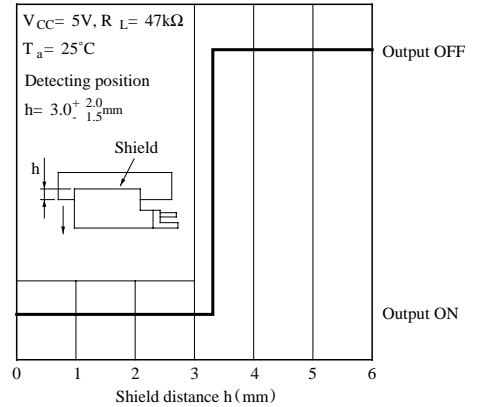


Fig.6-b Detecting Position Characteristics (2)
(GP1A38L7)



■ Precautions for Use

- (1) In this product, the PWB is fixed with a resin cover, and cleaning solvent may remain inside the case; therefore, dip cleaning or ultrasonic cleaning are prohibited.
- (2) Remove dust or stains, using an air blower or a soft cloth moistened in cleaning solvent. However, do not perform the above cleaning using a soft cloth with cleaning solvent in the marking portion.
 In this case, use only the following type of cleaning solvent used for wiping off:
 Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, Isopropyl alcohol
 When the cleaning solvents except for specified materials are used, please consult us.
- (3) In order to stabilize power supply line, connect a by-pass capacitor of more than $0.01\mu F$ between V_{CC} and GND near the device.
- (4) As for other general cautions, refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use".