GP2W2001YK

IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver
for Peripheral Type 1

Revision 1.1.1

November 26, 1998

SHARP CORPORATION

Record of Modification and Revision

Version	Issue Date	Comments
0.9	October 17th, 1997	First Edition
0.92	February 23rd, 1998	Outline Dimensions Modified
0.95	March 31st, 1998	Name of compliant standard changed to “IrDA Control” Compliant Specification is limited to “IrDA Control Peripheral Type 1”.
0.96	April 1st, 1998	Outline Dimension Modified (Eliminate Shield of Front).
1.0	August 25th, 1998	Outline Dimension and Absolute Maximum Rating Modified
1.1	November 6th, 1998	Outline Dimension and Recommended Circuit Modified
1.1.1	November 26th, 1998	Recommended Operating Conditions Modified

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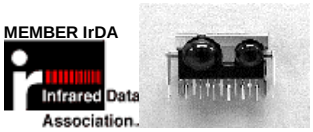
Technical Data



1. Description

The Sharp IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver provides the wireless interface between logic and IR signals for through-air, serial, half-duplex IrDA Control data links and is designed to satisfy the IrDA Control Physical Layer Specifications for Peripheral Type 1.
The GP2W2001YK is a low power operatable integrated infrared transceiver that contains an IRLED, a LED driver circuit, a PIN photodiode, an excellent sensitivity receiver, and an envelope detector. The transceiver also contains some additional functions, such as shut down and sensitivity recovery for low current consumption and longer communication distance.

<Features>

- Meets IrDA Control (for Peripheral Type 1)
- Long Range (approx. 8m [Min. 5m]) Wireless Communication at 75kbps data rate (Radiant Intensity = 100mW/sr)
- Low Power Operation - at 3.3V
- Built-in Envelope Detector
- By using assistance LED(GL710) , able to use for Host Type.
- RESET Function to Recover the Receiver Sensitivity
- Optimized Interface to Sharp Peripheral Engine, an embedded communication controller for IrDA Control.

2. IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver Internal Block Diagram

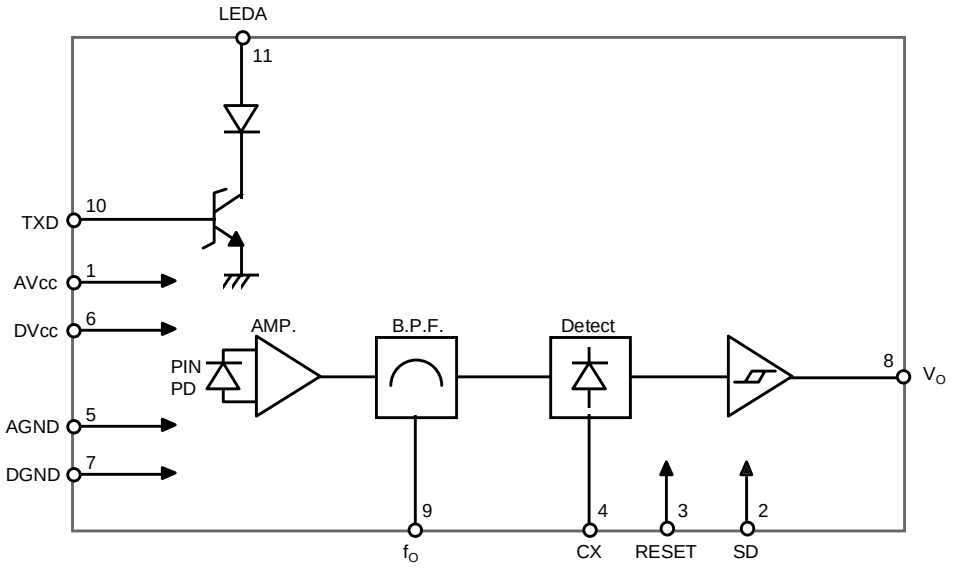
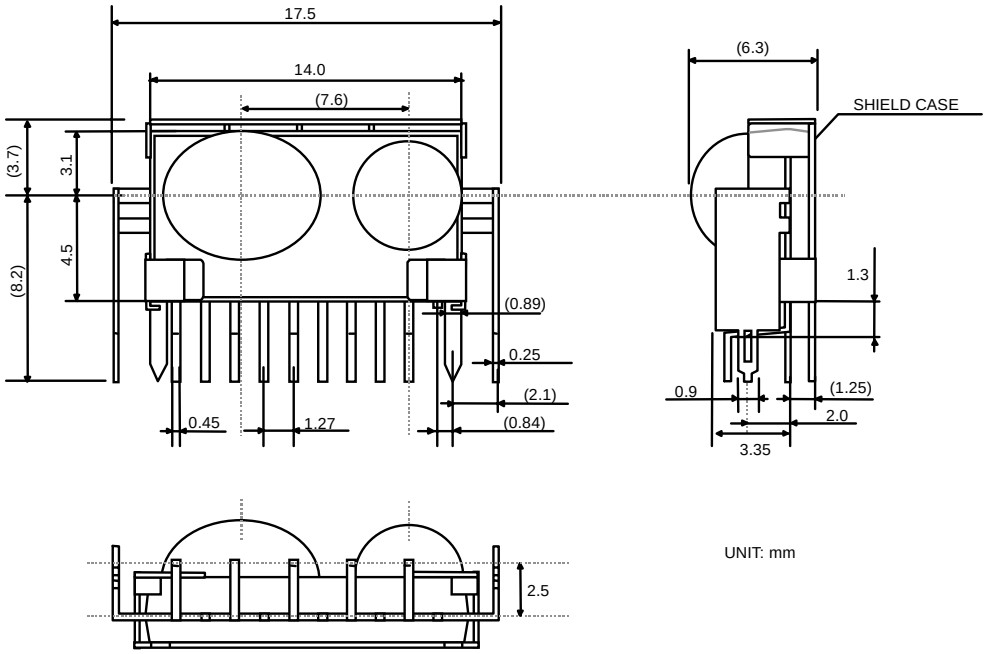


Figure 2.1 GP2W2001YK Internal Block Diagram

3. Package Outline Dimensions (TENTATIVE)



1. Unspecified tolerance shall be ± 0.3(mm).
2. Resin burr shall not be included in outline dimensions.
3. Package Material : Visible Light Cut-off Resin (Color: Black)
4. Pin Assignment : See “Pinout” for details.
5. Lead pitch distance represents that of the lead root.
6. The appearance of the shieled case is TENTATIVE, and is subject to change without notice.

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	0	6.0	V	
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	-10	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	85	°C	
Average Forward LED Current	I_{LED} (DC)	-	60	mA	
Peak Forward LED Current	I_{LED} (PF)	-	600	mA	*1
Transmitter Data Input Current	I_{TXD}	-	5.0	mA	
Receiver Data Output Voltage	V_O	-	V_{CC}	V	
Soldering Temperature	T_{SOL}	-	260	°C	*2, For 5s

(NOTES)

1. The derating curve of peak forward current vs. ambient temperature is shown in section 11, figure 11.1.
2. The soldering should be done at the distance from 1.3mm from the resin edge of the transceiver module.

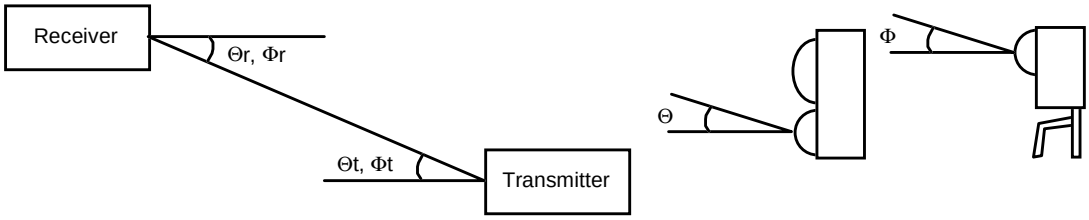
5. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	-10	70	°C	
Supply Voltage	V_{CC1}	2.7	5.5	V	Supply voltage for receiver side
Supply Voltage	V_{CC2}	4.25	5.25	V	Supply voltage for emitter side
Transmitter Input Subcarrier Frequency	fsc	1.484	1.517	MHz	*3 Frequency accuracy within the range of ± 1.1%
Logic High Transmitter Input Voltage (TXD)	$V_{IH\ (TXD)}$	2.7	-	V	
Logic Low Transmitter Input Voltage (TXD)	$V_{IL\ (TXD)}$	0.0	0.3	V	
Logic High Receiver Input Irradiance	EI_{IL}	0.4	1250	μW/cm²	*4 Θr ≤ ±30°, Φr ≤ ±15° *5 For in-band signals ≤ 75.83kb/s
		1.111	1250	μW/cm²	*4 Θr ≤ ±50°, Φr ≤ ±15° *5 For in-band signals < 75.83kb/s
LED (Logic High) Current Pulse Amplitude	I_{LEDA}	400	-	mA	I_E=100mW/sr, *4 Θt ≤ ±15°, Φt ≤ ±15°
Receiver Signal Rate	D_{RATE}	74.175	75.825	kb/s	
Receiver RESET Input Voltage	Vrs_th	0.7	2.0	V	Refer to "RESET Function"
SD Recovery Time	T_{SD}	-	1	msec	

[NOTES]:

3. IrDA Control system uses 16PSM coding scheme over 1.5MHz sub-carrier. See IrDA Control Physical Layer Link Specification for the details of coding scheme and pulse characteristics.
4. See Figure 5.1 (below) for the viewing angle definition.
5. An in-band optical signal is a pulse/sequence where the peak wavelength λp, is defined as 850nm ≤ λp ≤ 900nm, and the pulse characteristics are compliant with the IrDA Control Physical Layer Link Specification.

( ): TENTATIVE Value



Θ: Horizontal (X-Axis)
Φ: Vertical Angle (Y-Axis)

Figure 5.1 IrDA Control Transceiver Viewing Angle Criteria

6. Electrical and Optical Specifications

Specifications hold over the Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise notified herein. Test Conditions represent worse case values for the parameters under test. Unspecified test conditions can be anywhere in their operating range. All typicals are at Ta=25°C, and V_{CC}=3.3V unless otherwise notified herein.

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
RECEIVER SIDE							
Current Dissipation		I_{CC}	-	5.0	7.0	mA	No input IR signal, V_{CC}=3.3V
S/D Current Dissipation		Iccsd	-	7.0	10.0	µA	*6 at low current consumption mode
Receiver Data Output Voltage	Logic High	V_{OH}	V_{CC}-0.5	-	-	V	No input IR signal, High level
	Logic Low	V_{OL}	-	-	0.5	V	I_{OL}=400µA
Pulse Width	Single Pulse	t_ws	3.66	6.67	9.67	µsec	*8,9 Input pulse width 6.33µs
	Double Pulse	t_wd	10.33	13.33	16.34	µsec	*8,9 Input pulse width 13.0µs
	Multi Pulse	t_wm	50.36	53.36	56.36	µsec	*8,9 Input pulse width 53.00µs
Jitter		tj	-1.8	-	+1.8	µsec	*7,8
Receiver Data Output Rise Time		tr	-	-	6.0	µsec	*8
Receiver Data Output Fall Time		tf	-	-	6.0	µsec	*8
Receiver Detecting Distance		L1	5.0	-	-	m	*4 Θr = 30°, Φr = 15°
		L2	3.0	-	-	m	*4 Θr = 50°, Φr = 15°
TRANSMITTER SIDE							
Transmitter Radiant Intensity		I_E	100	-	-	mW/sr	*4 Θt ≤ ±15°, Φt ≤ ±15° I_{LED}=400mA
Peak Wavelength		λp	850	-	900	nm	I_{LED}=400mA
Rise Time		$t_{r\ (IE)}$	-	-	80	nsec	*9,10
Fall Time		$t_{f\ (IE)}$	-	-	80	nsec	*9,10

(NOTES)

6. "L": Low current consumption mode, "H" or OPEN: Normal operating mode.
7. The time difference or time gap from the pulse judgement criteria point of the output waveform at the 50% point between V_{OH} and V_{OL}.
8: Receiver output wavelength definition:

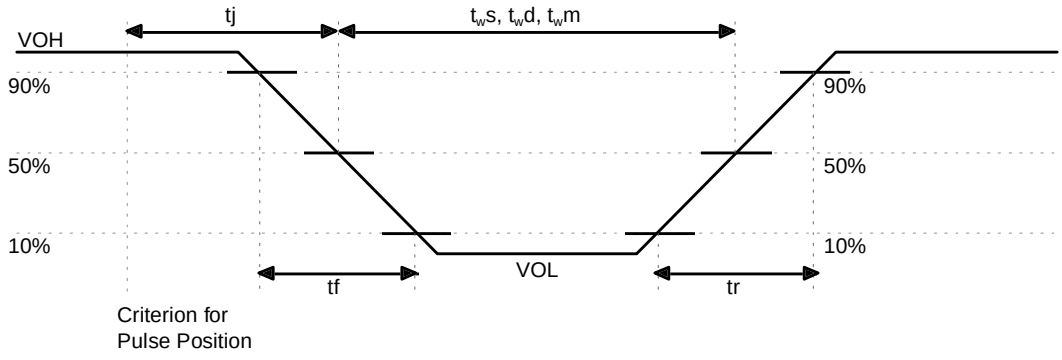


Figure 6.1 GP2W2001YK Receiver Output Waveform

9: Emitter output wavelength definition:

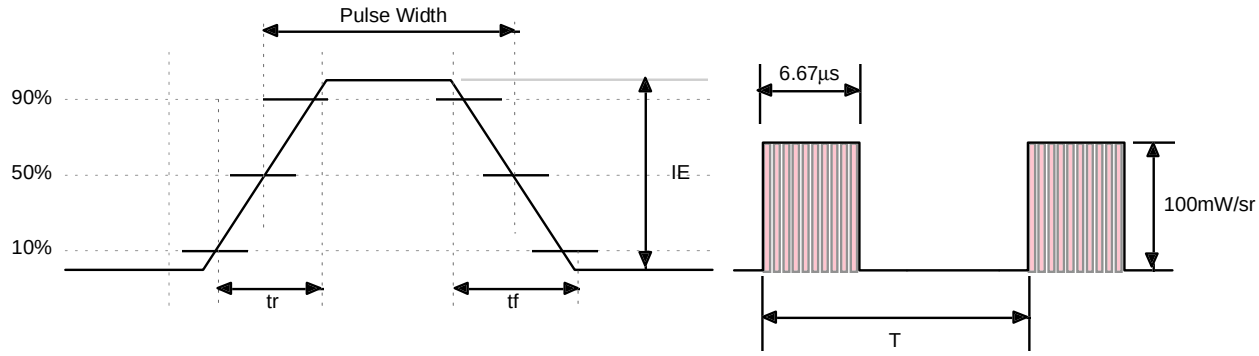
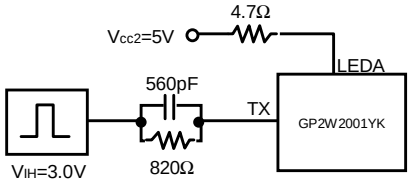


Figure 6.2 GP2W2001YK Emitter Output Waveform

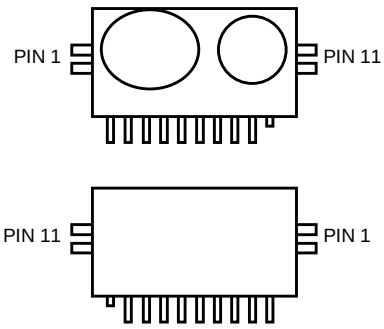
10: Recommended Circuit for Emitter Side:



The output signal shown above (Figure 6.2) should be obtained by applying the “recommended circuit for emitter side” shown right.

7. Pinout

Pin	Description	Symbol
1	Analog Supply Voltage	AV_{CC}
2	Shut Down for Low Current Consumption	SD
3	RESET Terminal for Receiver Sensitivity Recovery	RESET
4	-	CX
5	Analog Ground	AGND
6	Digital Supply Voltage	DV_{CC}
7	Digital Ground	DGND
8	Receiver Data Output	V_O
9	Bandpass Filter	f_0
10	Transmitter Data Input	TXD
11	IRLED Anode	LEDA



8. Application Circuit and Recommended Components

Parts	Recommended Value
CX1	470pF, ± 10%, Ceramic
CX2	0.1µF, ± 10%, Ceramic
CX3	4.7µF, ± 20%, Aluminum
CX4	0.1µF, ± 10%, Ceramic
CX5	560pF, ± 10%, Ceramic
R1	10Ω, ± 5%, 0.125 Watt
R2	8.2kΩ, ± 1%, 0.125 Watt
R3	820 Ω, ± 5%, 0.125 Watt
R4	4.7Ω, ± 5%, 0.5 Watt

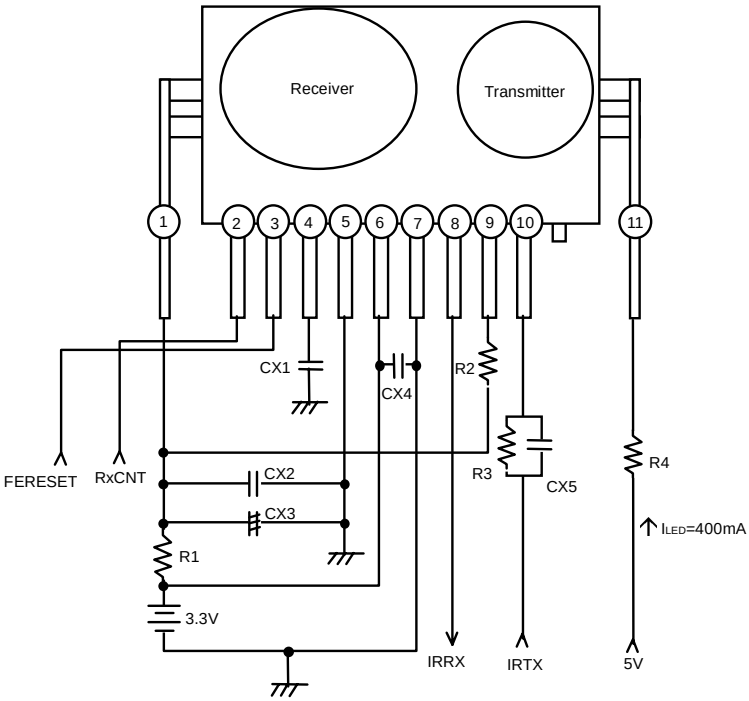
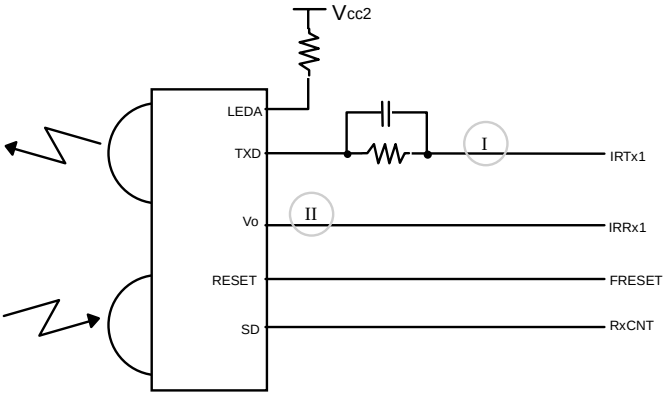


Figure 8.1 GP2W2001YK Application Circuit Example

9. Waveform Examples

The following diagram shows and example of IrDA Control implementation using Sharp IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver. The waveform of the implemented system with Sharp IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver will be as shown below:

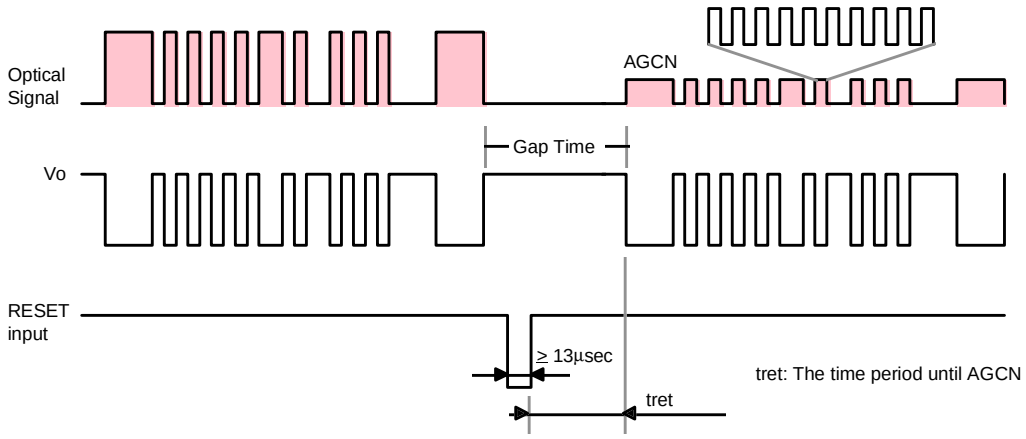


Section	Waveform
I	16PSM code x 1.5MHz
II	Receiver Original Output

Figure 9.1 IrDA Control Transceiver Implementation

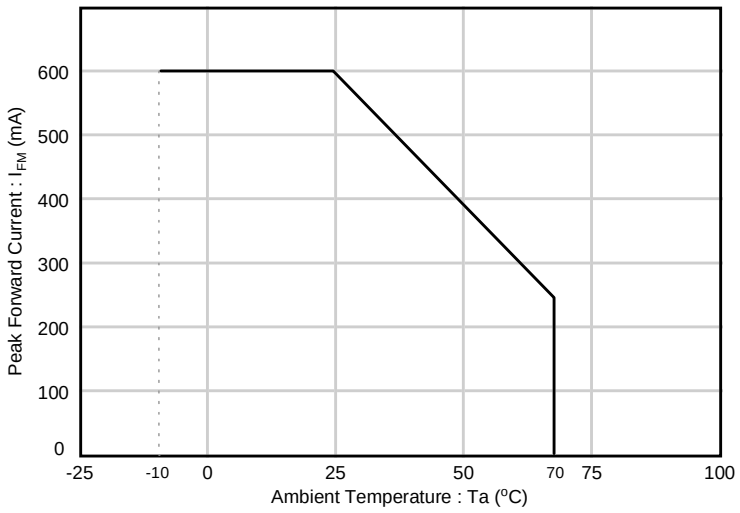
10. RESET Function

The "RESET" terminal is used to recover the receiver sensitivity to its maximum level. Since Sharp IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver has a built-in capability to adjust the receiving sensitivity, as a result, a very weak IR signals may not be correctly received just after receiving a very strong IR signals.
Following figure shows an example of "RESET" signal in order to recover the Sharp IrDA Control Infrared Transceiver's receiving sensitivity to its receiving sensitivity to its maximum level:



(NOTES)
This pinout is an Active Low terminal, and stays HIGH level when it is OPEN. The Low Level Pulse for the period of ≥ 13µsec enables this function to work. This ≥ 13µsec input must be pulsed within the period of Gap time in order for the transceiver to have receiver sensitivity recovery. The timing for this "RESET" pulse should be adjusted at controller side.

11. The Derating Curve of Peak Forward LED Current



(Pulse width ≤ 3.3µsec, Duty Ratio ≤ 25%)

Figure 11.1 Derating Curve of Peak LED Current

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