# Technical Datasheet [ Preliminary ]

This revolutionary package design allows the lighting designer to reduce the number of LEDs required and provide a more uniform and unique illuminated appearance than with other LED solutions.

This package LEDs are designed for high current operation and high flux output application. But the package's design features better thermal management characteristics than other LED solutions. Because of these advantages, this product have many applications. Such as automotive tail, stop and turn signal lamps, and electronic signs etc.





#### Features

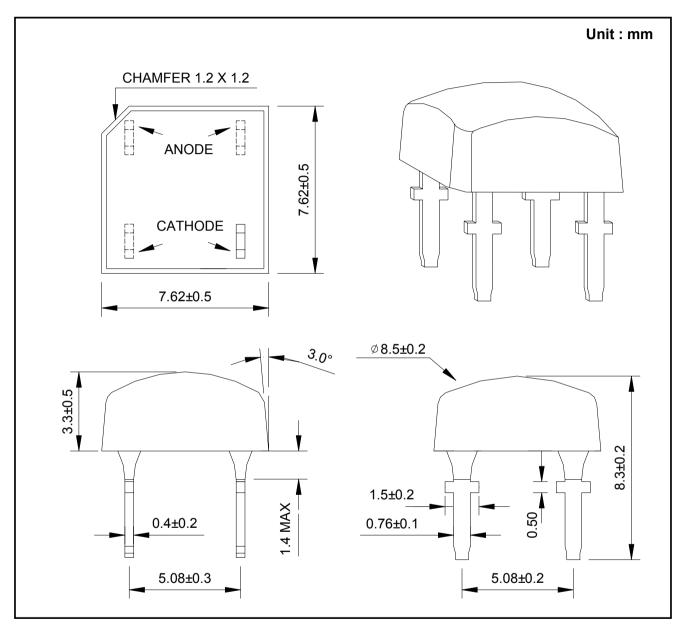
- · High flux output and high luminance
- Designed for high current operation
- Uniform color
- Low profile and low thermal resistance
- Packaged in tubes for use with automatic insertion equipment

#### Application

- Automotive exterior lighting
- Electronic signs and signals
- Channel letter / lighting
- Decorative lighting
- Specialty Lighting

# HW941A

## **Outline Dimensions**



Notes : Protruded epoxy is 1.4mm maximum.



## Electro-Optical Characteristics ( $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , $I_F = 30 \text{mA}$ )

ltom	Symbol		Unit			
ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	
Luminous Flux [1]	$\Phi_{V}^{[2]}$	2.6	4.0	-	lm	
Luminous Intensity	$I_V$	-	800	-	mcd	
Chromaticity Coordinate <sup>[3]</sup>	Х, у	x=0.31, y=0.31			-	
Forward Voltage <sup>[4]</sup>	V <sub>F</sub>	-	3.4	4.0	V	
View Angle	$2 heta_{1/2}$		130		deg.	
Thermal Resistance	$R  heta_{J-P}$	130			°C /W	
Optical Efficiency	Ŋ <sub>opt</sub>	-	- 38		lm/W	
Reverse Current (at $V_R = 5V$ )	I <sub>R</sub>	-	-	5	μA	

# Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ )

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	30	mA
Forward Peak Pulse Current	I <sub>FP</sub> <sup>[5]</sup>	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	120	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-30 ~ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ 100	°C
Solder Temperature	Ts	260°C for 5second [6]	°C

Notes :

[1] SSC maintains a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$  on flux and power measurements.

[2]  $\Phi_{\rm V} {\rm is}$  the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrated sphere.

[3] Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.

Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is  $\pm$  0.01

[4] A tolerance of  $\pm 0.05V$  on forward voltage measurements

[5]  $t \le 0.1$ ms, D = 1/10

[6] No closer than 1.5mm from the base of the stopper.



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### **Reliability Tests**

ltem	Condition	Note	Failures
Life Test	<i>T<sub>a</sub></i> = RT, <i>I<sub>F</sub></i> = 30mA	1000hrs	0/22
High Temperature Operating	T <sub>a</sub> = 85°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	1000hrs	0/22
Low Temperature Operating	T <sub>a</sub> = -30°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 30mA	1000hrs	0/22
Thermal Shock $T_a = -40^{\circ}C (15min) \sim 100^{\circ} (15min)$ (Transfer time : 10sec, 1Cycle = 30min)		100 cycles	0/40
Resistance to soldering Heat	$T_s$ = 255 $\pm$ 5°C, $t$ = 4 $\pm$ 1sec	1 time	0/22
ESD (Human Body Model)	1kV, 1.5kΩ;100pF	1 time	0/22
High Temperature Storage	High Temperature Storage $T_a = 100^{\circ}$ C		0/22
Low Temperature Storage	v Temperature Storage $T_a = -40^{\circ}$ C		0/22
Temperature Humidity Storage	T <sub>a</sub> = 85°C, <i>RH</i> = 85%	1000hrs	0/22
Temperature Humidity Operating	T <sub>a</sub> = 85°C, <i>RH</i> = 85%, <i>I<sub>F</sub></i> = 10mA	500hrs	0/22

### < Judging Criteria For Reliability Tests >

V <sub>F</sub>	USL <sup>[1]</sup> X 1.2
I <sub>R</sub>	USL X 2.0
$\Phi_V$	LSL <sup>[2]</sup> X 0.7

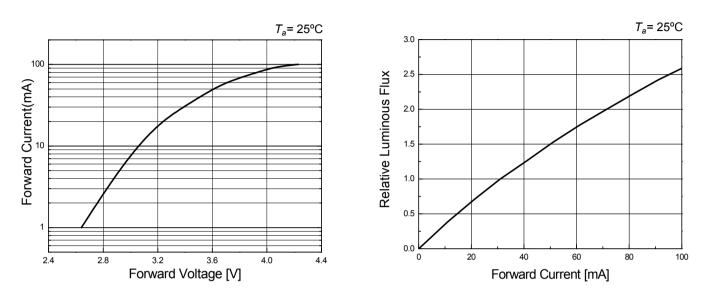
Notes :

[1] USL : Upper Standard Level [2] LSL : Lower Standard Level.



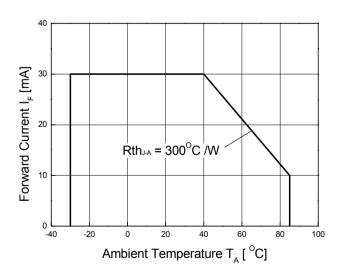
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# **Characteristic Diagrams**

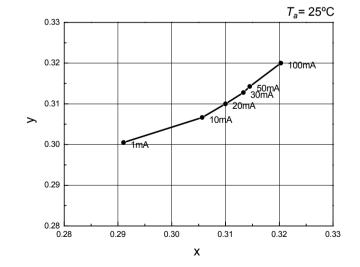


Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

Forward Current vs. Relative Flux



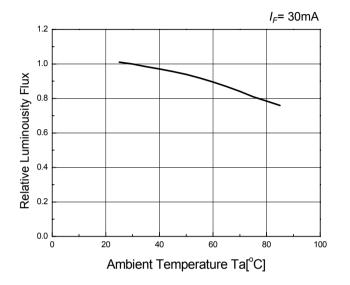
Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Forward Current



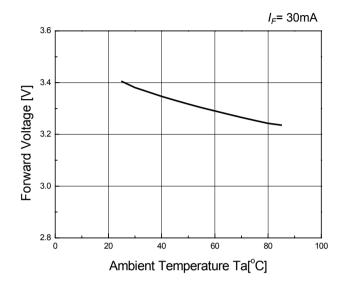




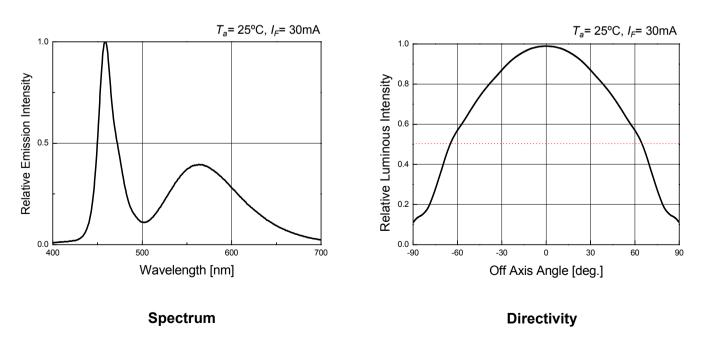
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Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Flux



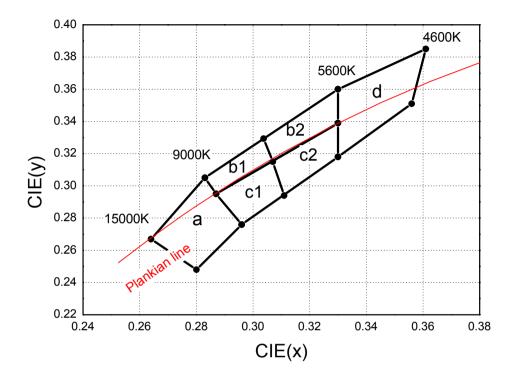
Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage





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## **Color Ranks**



	Rank a					
х	0.264	0.280	0.296	0.283		
у	0.267	0.248	0.276	0.305		
		Ran	k b2			
х	0.304	0.330	0.330	0.307		
у	0.329	0.360	0.339	0.315		
		Rank c2				
х	0.307	0.330	0.330 0.330			
у	0.315	0.339	0.318	0.294		

	Rank b1					
х	0.283	0.304	0.307	0.287		
у	0.305	0.329	0.315	0.296		
		Ran	k c1			
х	0.287	0.307	0.311	0.296		
у	0.296	0.315	0.294	0.276		
	Rank d					
х	0.330	0.330	0.356	0.361		
У	0.360	0.318	0.351	0.385		

Note : Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is  $\pm \mbox{ 0.01}$ 

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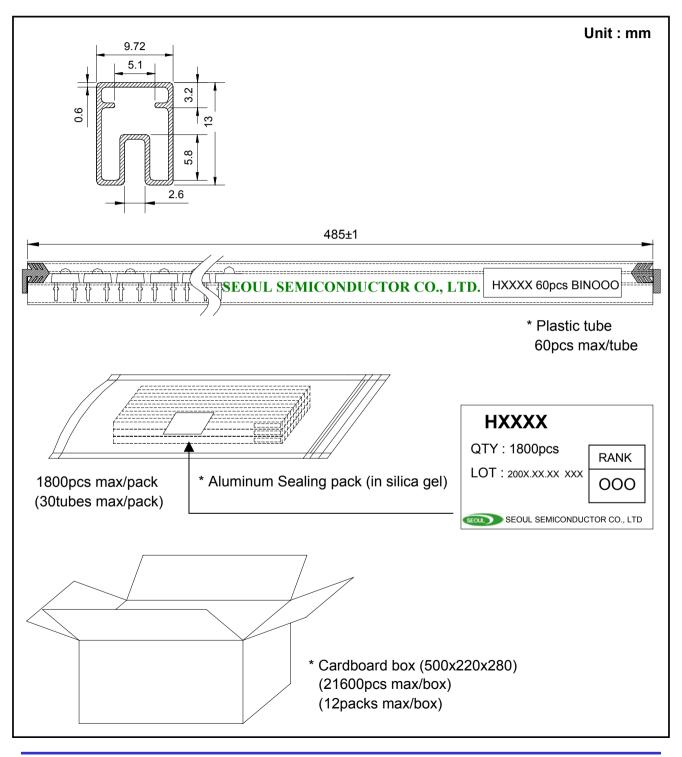
# **Bin Code Description**

		Bin Code								
	Lun	Luminous Flux		CIE	Fc	orward Voltage				
		G		c1	4					
				<b>↓</b>						
	▲ Luminous Flux (Im) @ I <sub>F</sub> = 30mA			Color Rank @ / <sub>F</sub> = 30mA	1	Forward Vo @ I <sub>F</sub> = :			-	
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		a b1		Bin Code	Min.		Max.	
А	0.5	0.7		b1		1	2.8		3.0	
В	0.7	1.0		02 c1		2	3.0		3.2	
С	1.0	1.4		c1	_	3	3.2		3.4	
D	1.4	2.0		d		4	3.4		3.6	
E	2.0	2.6		ŭ		5	3.6		3.8	
F	2.6	3.4				6	3.8		4.0	
G	3.4	4.4				7	4.0		4.2	
Н	4.4	5.8				8	4.2		4.4	
J	5.8	7.6				9	4.4		4.6	
К	7.6	10.0								
L	10.0	13.0								

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### Available ranks

# Packing

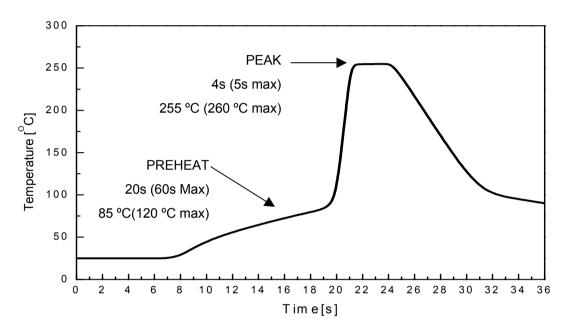




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# **Soldering Profile**

- 1) Recommended Wave Soldering Conditions / Profile
- Preliminary heating to be at 85°C(120 °C max) for 20 seconds(60 seconds max).
- Soldering heat to be at 255 °C (260°C max) for 4 seconds (5 seconds max.)
- Soak time above 200 °C is 5 seconds



- 2) Hand Soldering conditions
- Not more than 3 seconds at max. 350°C, under Soldering iron.
- 3) Caution
- Leadframes are silver plated copper alloy. This substance has a low thermal coefficient (easily conducts heat)
- No closer than 1.5mm from the base of the stopper.
- The LEDs must not be repositioned after soldering.
- Do not apply any stress to the lead particularly when heat.

Note : In case the soldered products are reused in soldering process, we don't guarantee the products.



### **Precaution for Use**

- 1) Storage
- Before opening the package
  - a. Avoid the absorption of moisture, we recommended to store High Flux LEDs in a dry box(or desiccator) with a desiccant. Otherwise, store them in the following environment: Temperature : 5 ℃ ~30 ℃ Humidity : 50% max.
  - b. The products should be used in 3 months. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.
- After opening the package
  - a. Soldering should be done right after opening the package(within 24Hrs).
  - b. Keeping of a fraction
    - Sealing
    - Temperature : 5 ~ 40  $^\circ \!\! \mathbb{C}$  , Humidity : less than 30%
  - c. If the package has been opened more than 1week or the color of desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-12hr at  $60\pm5\,^\circ$ C
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temp. after soldering.
- Avoid quick cooling
- Leadframes are silver plated copper alloy. The silver plate surface may be affected by environments which contains corrosive substances. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor.
- 2) Static Electricity
- Static Electricity and surge voltage damage the LEDs. So it is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.
   It is recommended precautions be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.



- 3) Heat Generation
- Thermal is one of the important parameter to design the end product. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs.
- The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

#### 4) Others

- The color of the LEDs is changed a little by an operating current and thermal.
- Anti radioactive ray design is not considered for the products listed here in.
- Gallium arsenide is used in some of the products listed in this publication. These products are dangerous if they are burned or smashed in the process of disposal. It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such products when chemically disposed.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA(Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decided after considering the junction temperature.
- Cf.) Please refer Ambient temperature vs. Forward Current graph on page 5
- The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

#### SEOUL SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. 148-29, Kasan-Dong, Keumchun-Gu, Seoul, Korea TEL : +82-2-3281-6269 FAX :+82-2-858-5537 Homepage : www.seoulsemicon.com www.zled.com E-Store : www.zledstore.com E-mail : sscsale@seoulsemicon.com