

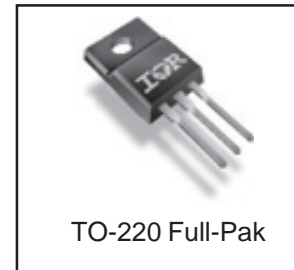
Applications

- Zero Voltage Switching SMPS
- Telecom and Server Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Motor Control applications

V_{DSS}	$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	T_{rr} typ.	I_D
500V	0.67Ω	73ns	4.7A

Features and Benefits

- SuperFast body diode eliminates the need for external diodes in ZVS applications.
- Lower Gate charge results in simpler drive requirements.
- Enhanced dv/dt capabilities offer improved ruggedness.
- Higher Gate voltage threshold offers improved noise immunity.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	4.7	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	3.0	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	16	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation	42	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.33	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ②	19	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	4.7	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	16		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.5	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 4.0\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	73	110	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 4.0\text{A}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	200	310		
		—	360	540	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 4.0\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	6.7	10	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.43	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	0.67	0.80	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2.4A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	50	μA	$V_{DS} = 500V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	2.0	mA	$V_{DS} = 400V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 30V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -30V$
R_G	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.0	—	Ω	$f = 1\text{MHz}, \text{open drain}$

Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	2.8	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 2.4A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	45	nC	$I_D = 4.0A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	13	nC	$V_{DS} = 400V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	23	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V, \text{See Fig. 7 \& 16 } \textcircled{4}$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	13	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 250V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	17	—	ns	$I_D = 4.0A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	26	—	ns	$R_G = 9.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	10	—	ns	$V_{GS} = 10V, \text{See Fig. 11a \& 11b } \textcircled{4}$
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	1000	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	110	—	pF	$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	12	—	pF	$f = 1.0\text{MHz}, \text{See Fig. 5}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1360	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	31	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 400V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	75	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 400V \textcircled{5}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	55	—	pF	

Avalanche Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy $\textcircled{2}$	—	140	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current $\textcircled{1}$	—	4.0	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy $\textcircled{1}$	—	3.0	mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case $\textcircled{6}$	—	3.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient $\textcircled{6}$	—	65	°C/W

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See Fig. 11).
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 18\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 4.0A$, $dv/dt = 19V/ns$. (See Figure 17).
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 4.0$, $di/dt \leq 421A/\mu s$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑤ $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
 $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑥ R_{θ} is measured at T_J approximately 90°C

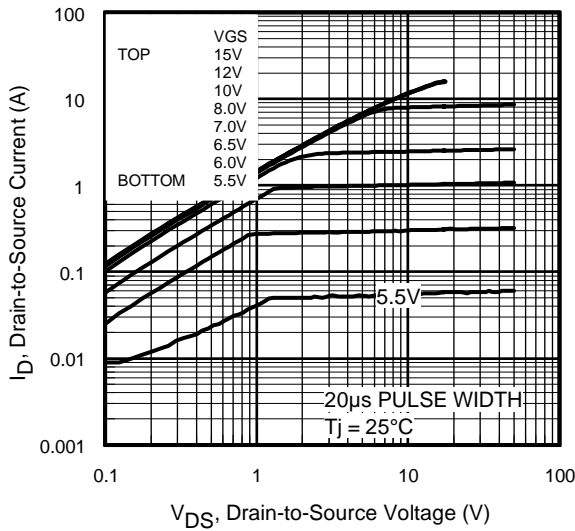


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

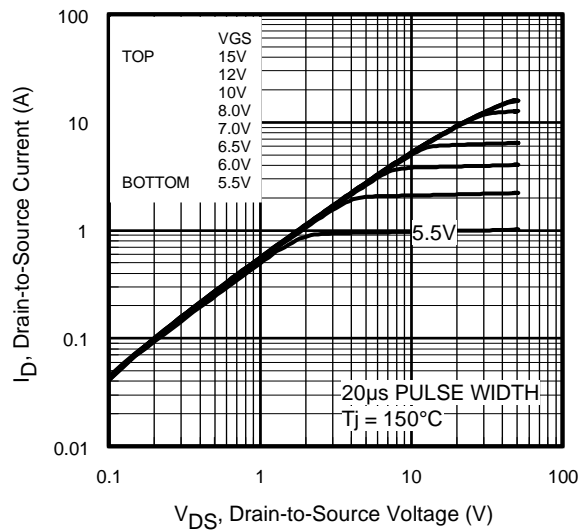


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

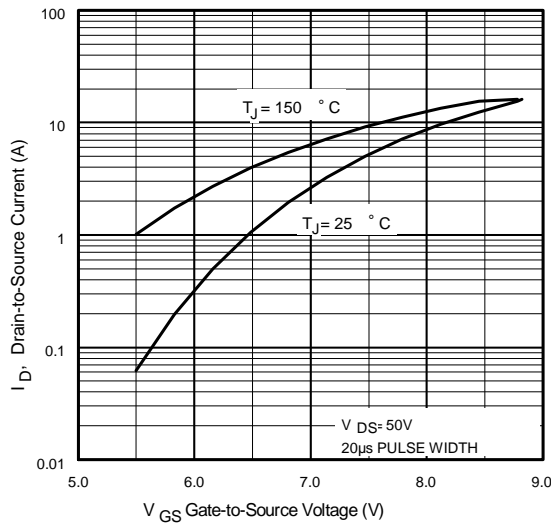


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

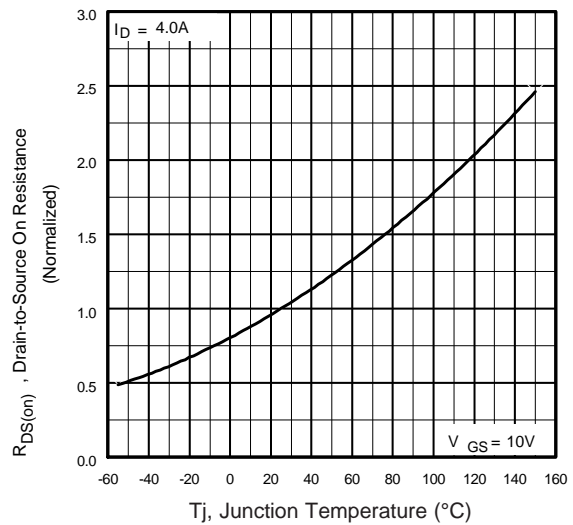


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

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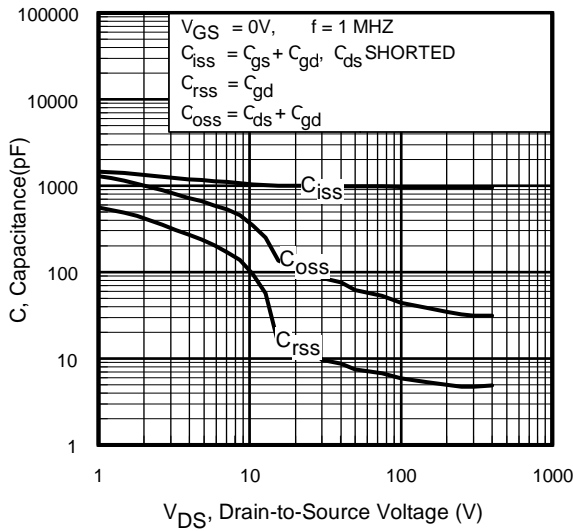


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

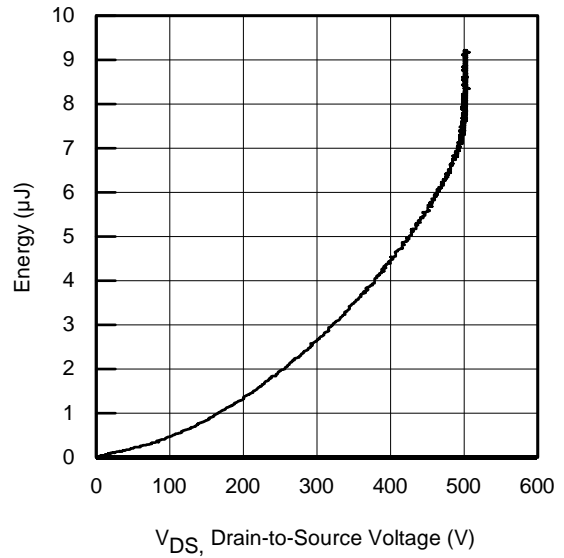


Fig 6. Typ. Output Capacitance Stored Energy vs. V_{DS}

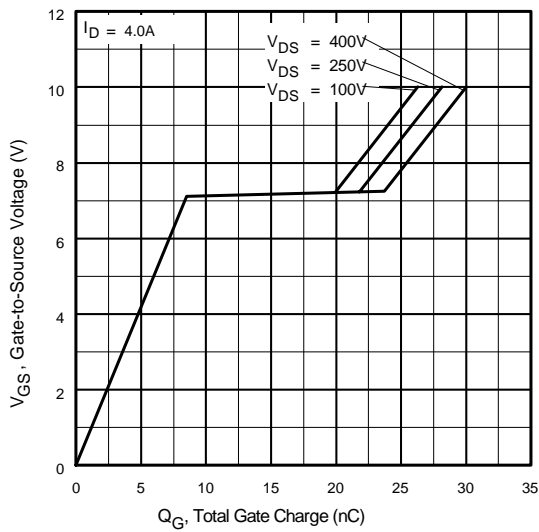


Fig 7. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

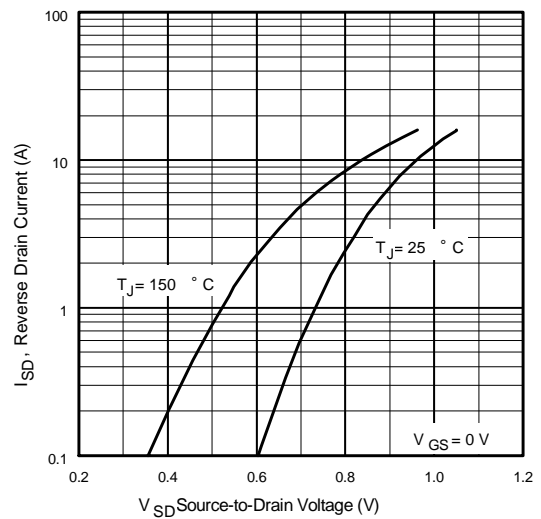


Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

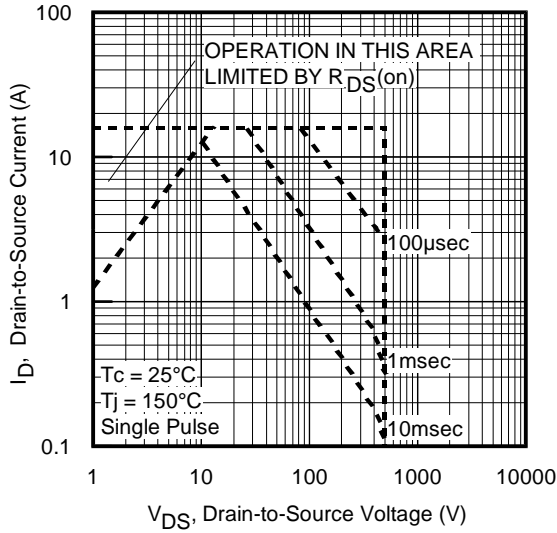


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

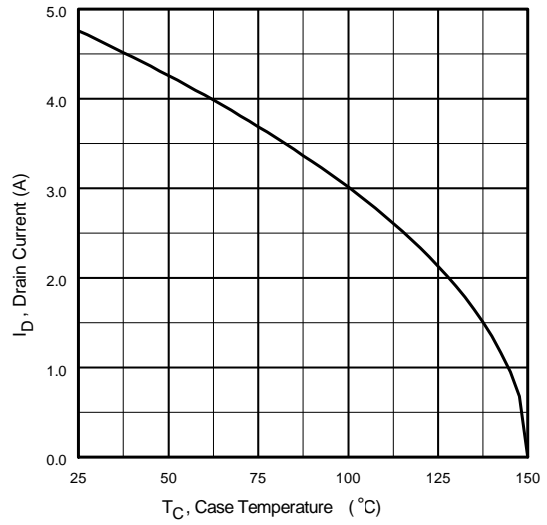


Fig 10. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

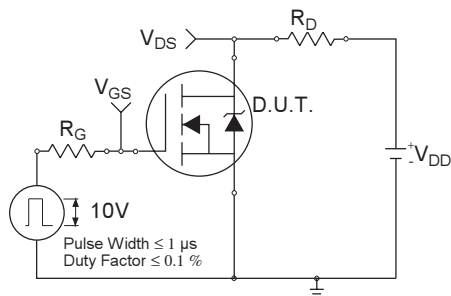


Fig 11a. Switching Time Test Circuit

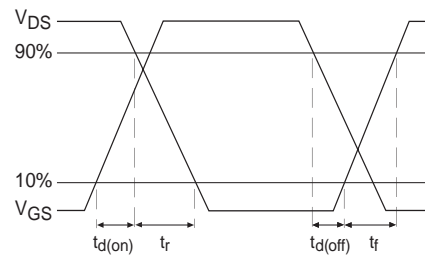


Fig 11b. Switching Time Waveforms

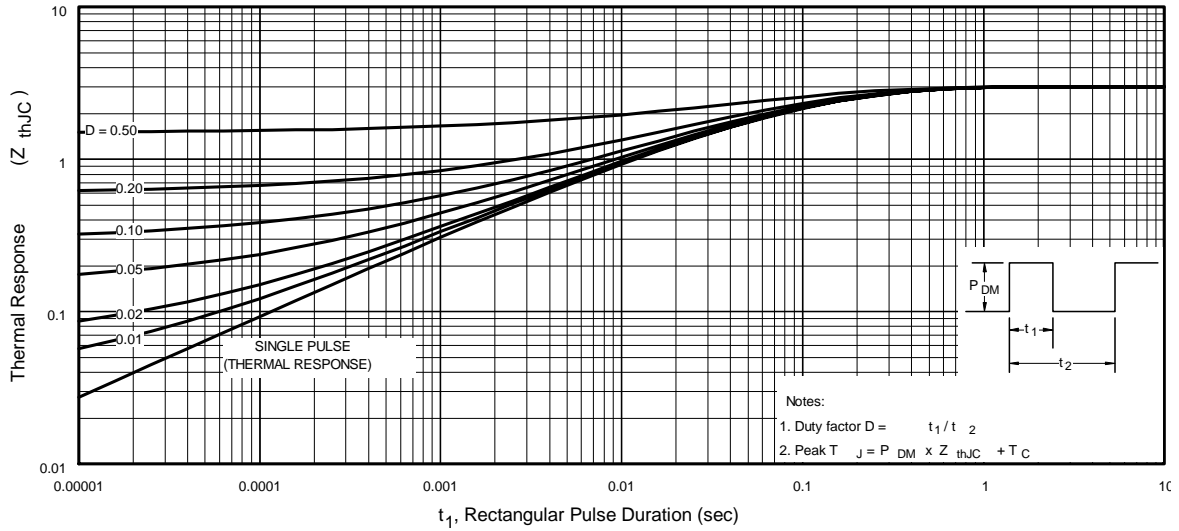


Fig 12. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

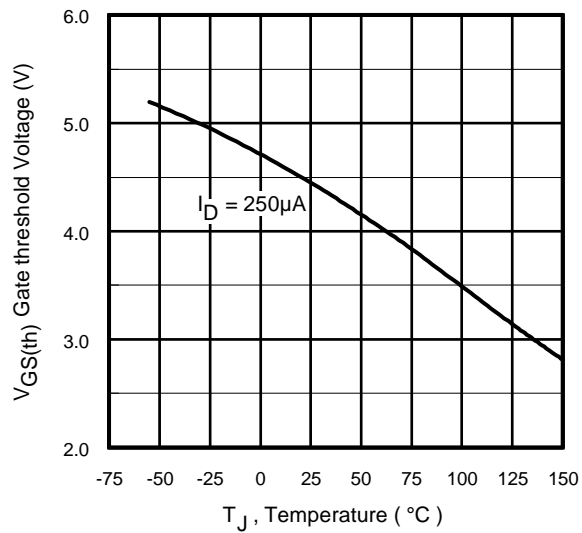


Fig 13. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

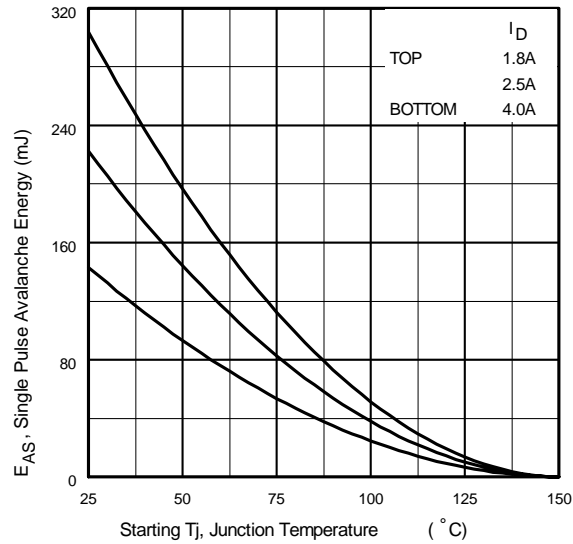


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

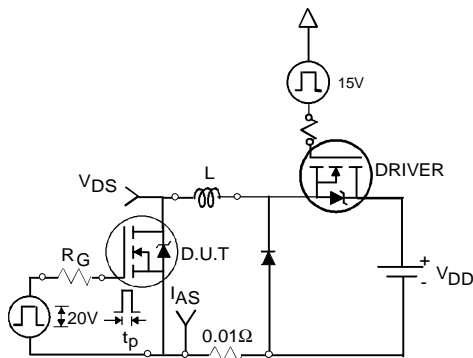


Fig 15a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

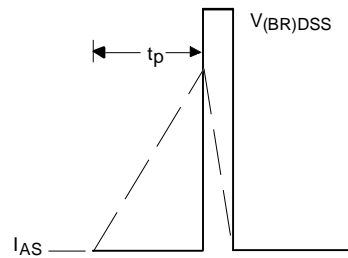


Fig 15b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

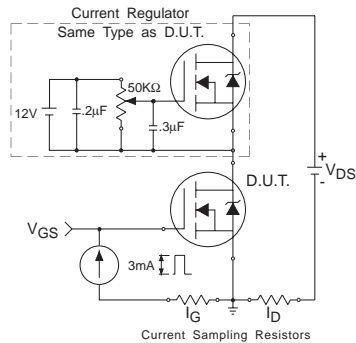


Fig 16a. Gate Charge Test Circuit
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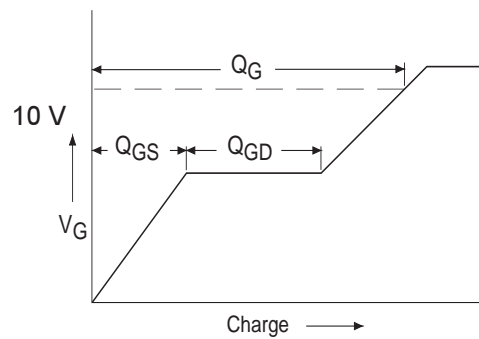
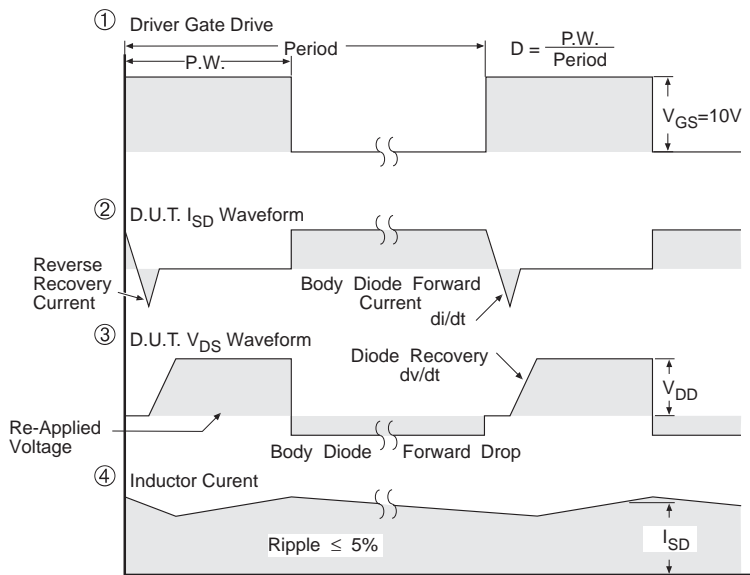
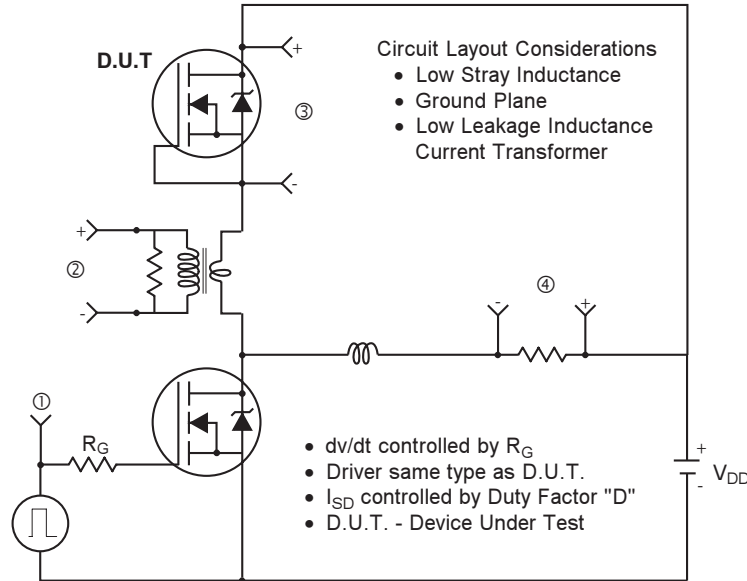


Fig 16b. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

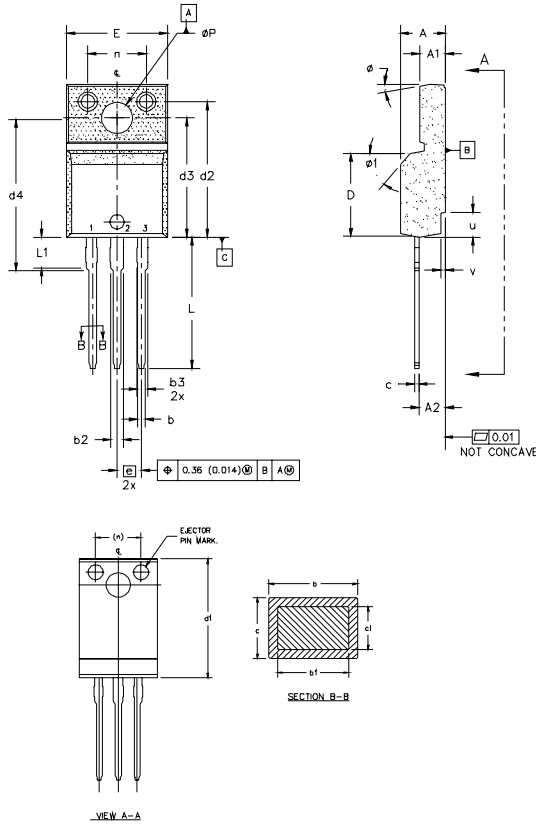
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit



* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 17. For N-Channel HEXFET[®] Power MOSFETs

TO-220 Full-Pak Package Out line - Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

- 1.0 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.0 DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]
- 3.0 LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.0 DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.0 DIMENSION b1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.0 STEP OPTIONAL ON PLASTIC BODY DEFINED BY DIMENSIONS u & v.
- 7.0 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.57	4.83	0.180	0.190	5
A1	2.57	2.83	0.101	0.114	
A2	2.51	2.85	0.099	0.112	
b	0.622	0.89	0.024	0.035	
b1	0.622	0.838	0.024	0.033	
b2	1.229	1.400	0.048	0.055	
b3	1.229	1.400	0.048	0.055	
c	0.440	0.629	0.017	0.025	4
c1	0.440	0.584	0.017	0.023	
D	8.65	9.80	0.341	0.386	4
d1	15.80	16.12	0.622	0.635	
d2	13.97	14.22	0.550	0.560	4
d3	12.30	12.92	0.484	0.509	
d4	8.64	9.91	0.340	0.390	4
E	10.36	10.63	0.408	0.419	
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC		3
L	13.20	13.73	0.520	0.541	
L1	3.10	3.50	0.122	0.138	6
n	6.05	6.15	0.238	0.242	
phi P	3.05	3.45	0.120	0.136	6
u	2.40	2.50	0.094	0.098	
v	0.40	0.50	0.016	0.020	6
phi	3"	7"	3"	7"	
phi1		45"		45"	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

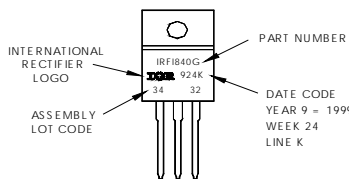
IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

TO-220 Full-Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1840G
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 3432
ASSEMBLED ON WW 24 1999
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "K"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-220AB FullPak package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.