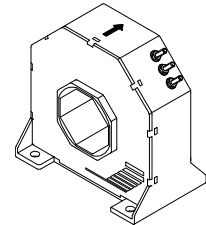


# Current Transducer LT 2005-S

$I_{PN} = 2000 \text{ A}$

For the electronic measurement of currents : DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



## Electrical data

$I_{PN}$	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	2000	A			
$I_P$	Primary current, measuring range @ $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	0 .. $\pm 3000$	A			
$R_M$	Measuring resistance	$R_{M \min}$	$R_{M \max}$			
				with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 2000 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0
			@ $\pm 2200 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0	4	$\Omega$
		with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 2000 \text{ A}_{\max}$	5	27.5	$\Omega$
	@ $\pm 3000 \text{ A}_{\max}$	5	10	$\Omega$		
$I_{SN}$	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	400	mA			
$K_N$	Conversion ratio	1 : 5000				
$V_C$	Supply voltage ( $\pm 5 \%$ )	$\pm 15 \dots 24$	V			
$I_C$	Current consumption	20 (@ $\pm 24 \text{ V}$ ) + $I_S$	mA			
$V_d$	R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 mn	6	kV			

## Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

## Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

## Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

$X_G$	Overall accuracy @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$\pm 0.3$	%
$e_L$	Linearity	< 0.1	%
$I_O$	Offset current @ $I_P = 0, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Typ   Max	mA
$I_{OT}$	Thermal drift of $I_O$	$\pm 0.2$   $\pm 0.3$	mA
$t_r$	Response time <sup>1)</sup> @ 90 % of $I_{P \max}$	< 1	$\mu\text{s}$
$di/dt$	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$f$	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC .. 100	kHz

## Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

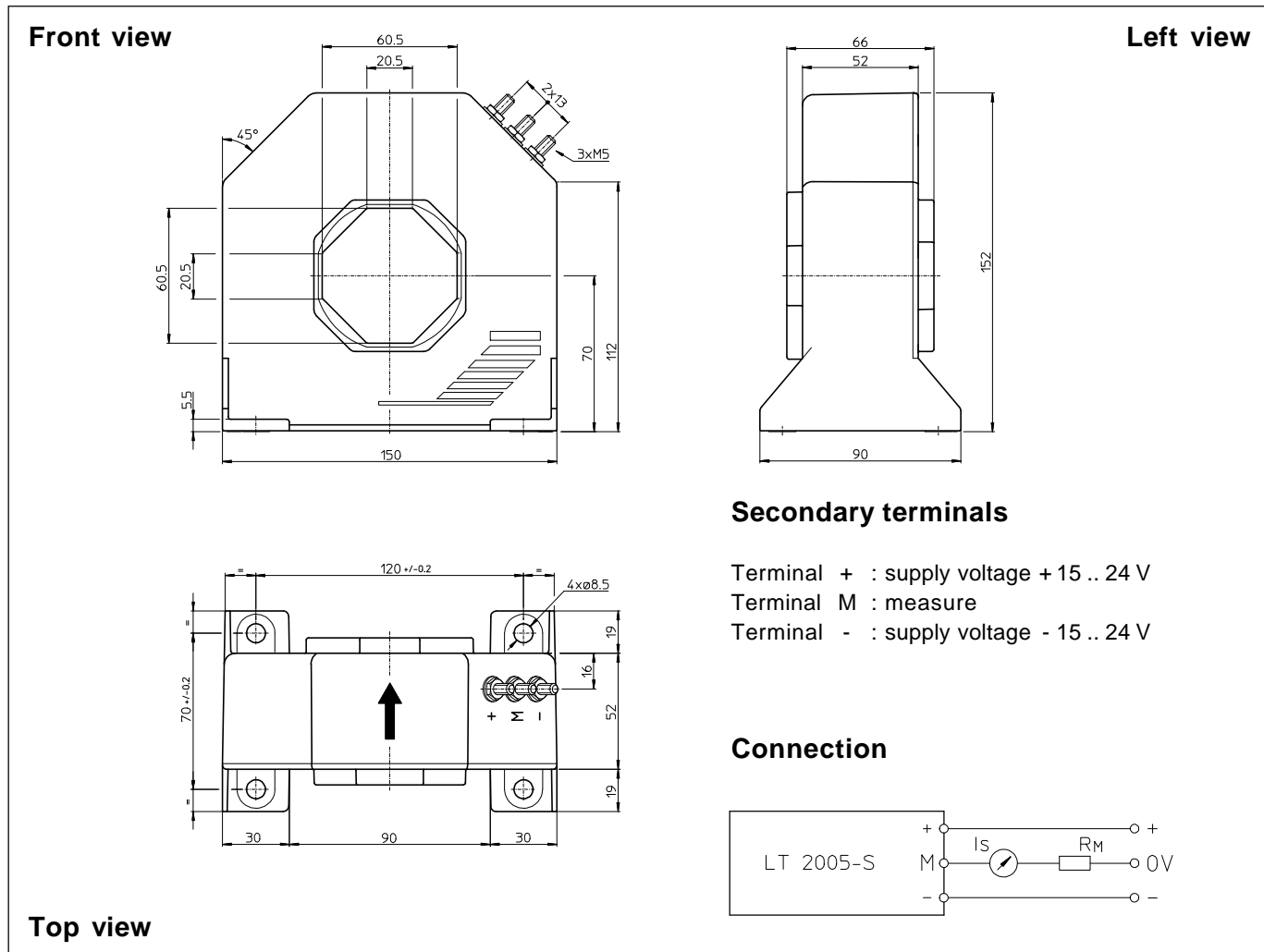
## General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	0 .. +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_S$	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
$R_S$	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	25	$\Omega$
$m$	Mass	1.5	kg
	Standards <sup>2)</sup>	EN 50178	

Notes : <sup>1)</sup> With a di/dt of 100 A/ $\mu\text{s}$

<sup>2)</sup> A list of corresponding tests is available

## Dimensions LT 2005-S (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



## Mechanical characteristics

- |                           |                        |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| • General tolerance       | ± 0.5 mm               |
| • Fastening               | 4 holes Ø 8.5 mm       |
| • Primary through-hole    | 60.5 x 60.5 mm         |
| • Connection of secondary | M5 threaded studs      |
| Fastening torque          | 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb - Ft |

## Remarks

- $I_s$  is positive when  $I_p$  flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.