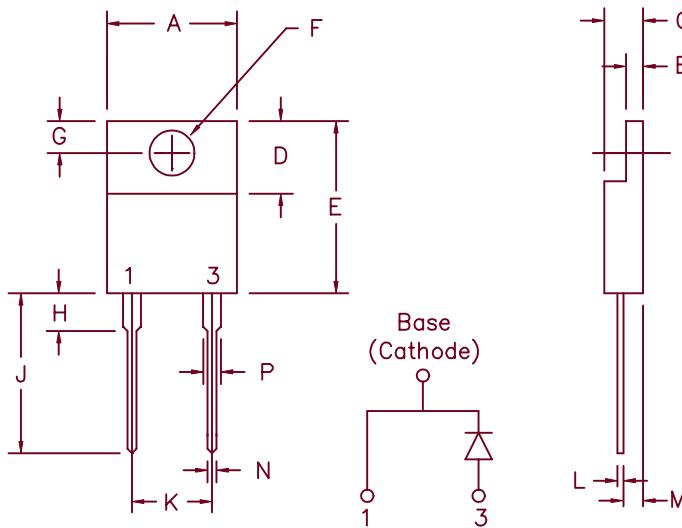


# 10 Amp Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

## MS1005, MS1006



	Dim. Inches		Millimeter		
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Notes
A	.390	.415	9.91	10.54	
B	.045	.055	1.14	1.40	
C	.180	.190	4.57	4.83	
D	.245	.260	6.22	6.60	
E	.550	.650	13.97	16.51	
F	.139	.155	3.53	3.94	Dia.
G	.100	.120	2.54	3.05	
H	---	.250	---	6.35	
J	.500	.580	12.70	14.73	
K	.190	.210	4.83	5.33	
L	.014	.025	0.35	0.63	
M	.080	.115	2.03	2.92	
N	.028	.038	0.71	0.96	
P	.045	.055	1.14	1.40	

Similar to TO-220AC

Microsemi Catalog Number

Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage

Transient Peak Reverse Voltage

MS1005  
MS1006

50V  
60V

50V  
60V

- Schottky barrier rectifier
- Guard ring protection
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- V<sub>RRM</sub> 50 to 60 Volts
- Reverse energy tested

### Electrical Characteristics

Average Forward Current  
Maximum Surge Current  
Max. Peak Forward Voltage  
Max. Peak Forward Voltage  
Max. Peak Reverse Current  
Max. Peak Reverse Current  
Typical Junction Capacitance

I<sub>F(AV)</sub> 10 Amps  
I<sub>FSM</sub> 225 Amps  
V<sub>FM</sub> .53 Volts  
V<sub>FM</sub> .67 Volts  
I<sub>RM</sub> 10 mA  
I<sub>RM</sub> 250  $\mu$ A  
C<sub>J</sub> 570 pF

T<sub>C</sub> = 158°C, Square wave, R<sub>θJC</sub> = 2.5°C/W  
8.3ms, half sine, T<sub>J</sub> = 175°C  
I<sub>FM</sub> = 10A, T<sub>J</sub> = 175°C \*  
I<sub>FM</sub> = 10A, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C \*  
V<sub>RRM</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C \*  
V<sub>RRM</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C  
V<sub>R</sub> = 5.0V, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C

\*Pulse test: Pulse width 300  $\mu$ sec. Duty cycle 2%

### Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range  
Operating junction temp range  
Max thermal resistance  
Mounting torque  
Weight

T<sub>TG</sub>  
T<sub>J</sub>  
R<sub>θJC</sub>

-55°C to + 175°C  
-55°C to + 175°C  
2.5°C/W  
8-12 inch pounds (6-32 screw)  
.08 ounces (2.3 grams) typical

# MS1005, MS1006

Figure 1  
Typical Forward Characteristics

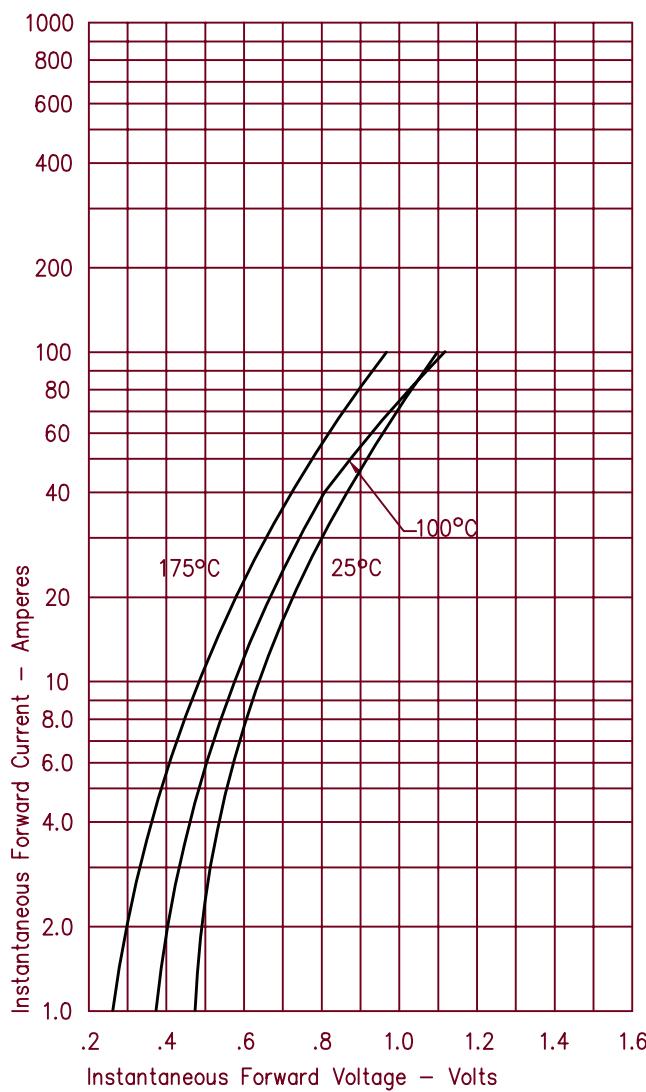


Figure 2  
Typical Reverse Characteristics

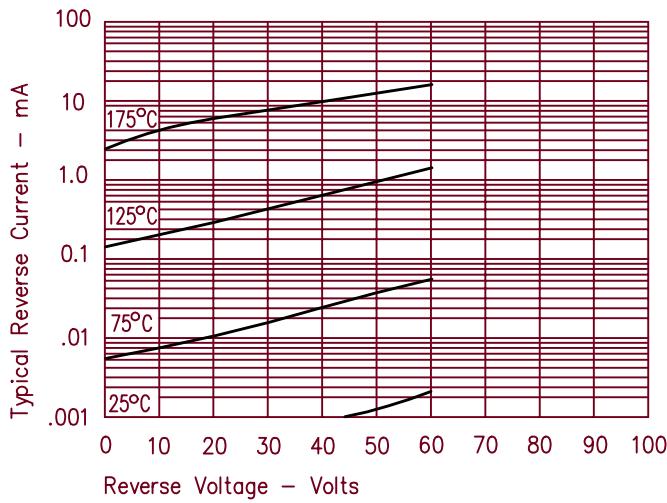


Figure 3  
Typical Junction Capacitance

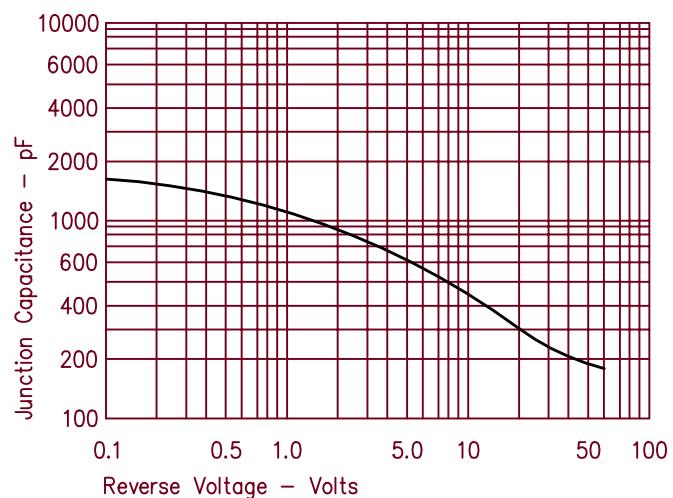


Figure 4  
Forward Current Derating

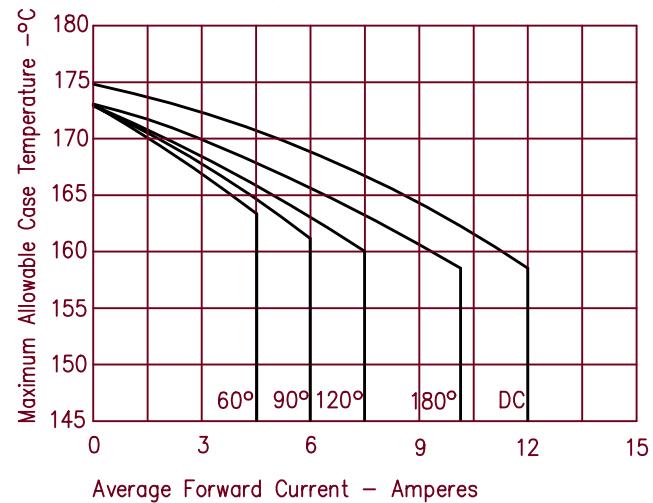


Figure 5  
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation

