HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

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VSK

M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

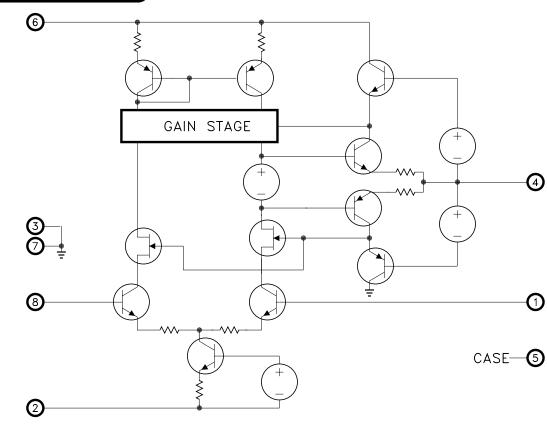
FEATURES:

- Adjustable High Voltage Power Supply to +75V
- Low Cost TO-3 Package
- High Slew Rate 2000V/µS Typical
- Wide Bandwidth 30MHz Typical
- Low Transition Time 20nS Typical at Full Swing

DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 690 is a high voltage differential ampifier designed for use in CRT displays. With the high voltage power supply set to +65 volts, the output voltage of the MSK 690 can swing from +5 volts to +60 volts at a rate of 2000 v/ μ S. The MSK 690 boasts a 30 MHz typical -3dB bandwidth and 20nS typical transition time making it a good candidate for high speed systems. The circuit is packaged in a space efficient, hermetically sealed 8 pin TO-3 to achieve good thermal efficiency and low cost. No isolation washer is necessary when heat sinking this device. The MSK 690 is available in both industrial and military grades.

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High Voltage Op-Amp
- CRT Display Driver
- High Voltage ATE Pin Driver
- Level Shifter

PIN-OUT INFORMATION

- 1 Inverting Input
- 2 -Vcc
- 3 Ground
- 4 Output

- 7 Ground
- 6 + VHV
- 5 Case Connection





Π Π Т

MIL-PRF-38534 CERTIFIED

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

-Vcc	Supply Voltage
$+V_{HV}$	High Voltage Supply
VIND	Differential Input Voltage
Ιουτ	Output Current
Rejc	Thermal Resistance
	(Output Devices)

			-	-	-	-	-	-		
TLD Lead Temperatu	re									
(10 Seconds)										

(10 Seconds)			 300°C
Tc Case Operating	Temperatu	ıre	

10	ouse operating remperature	
	(MSK690B)	55°C to +125°C
	(MSK690)	
ТJ	Junction Temperature	150°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions ①	Group A	MSK690B			MSK690			
Parameter		Subgroup	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
STATIC									
	-Vcc	-	-12	-15	-18	-12	-15	-18	V
Supply Voltage Range ②	+ VHV	-	+40	+65	+75	+40	+65	+75	V
	-Vcc=-15V	1	-	20	27	-	20	27	mA
Quiescent Current	-000130	2,3	-	20	30	-	-	-	mA
Quescent Current	+ VHV = + 65V	1	-	40	55	-	40	55	mA
	$\pm VHV = \pm 05V$	2,3	-	45	60	-	-	-	mA
INPUT									
Input Bias Current		1	-	± 50	±195	-	±50	±250	μA
input bias current	$V_{IN} = OV$	2,3	-	±100	±250	-	-	-	μA
		1	-	±50	±100	-	±50	±150	μA
Input Offset Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$	2,3	-	±50	±200	-	-	-	μA
	Vout = +50VDC Nominal	1	-	±0.1	±0.7	-	±0.1	±0.7	V
Output Offset Voltage	Av = 100V/V	2,3	-	±0.1	±1.0	-	-	-	V
OUTPUT									
Output Voltage (High)	$RL = 10K\Omega$	4	55	60	-	55	60	-	V
Output Voltage (Low) $R_L = 10K\Omega$		4	-	5.0	7.0	-	5.0	7.0	V
Output Current ②		-	75	100	-	75	100	-	mA
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS									
Slew Rate $R_L = 10 K\Omega$		4	1200	2000	-	1200	2000	-	V/µS
Open Loop Voltage Gain ${}^{}_{}$	f = 1KHz	-	55	65	-	55	65	-	dB
Bandwidth (-3dB) ② Vo=24Vpp		-	20	35	-	20	35	-	MHz

NOTES:

- $\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \label{eq:constraint} \underbrace{1} \label{constraint} \underbrace{1} \label{eq:constraint} \underbrace{1} \label{eq:$
- (5) Subgroup 5 and 6 testing available upon request.

(6) Subgroup 1,4 Tc = +25 °CSubgroup 2,5 Tc = +125 °CSubgroup 3,6 Ta = -55 °C

APPLICATION NOTES

ADJUSTABLE HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY (

The high voltage power supply of the MSK 690 can be adjusted from +40 volts to +75 volts. To minimize device power dissipation, the +VHV power supply should be decreased as much as possible without causing output signal clipping. The following formula can be used to select a value for +VHV:

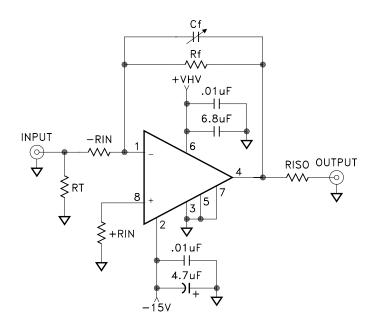
$$+VHV = VOUTMAX + 5.0V$$

This will ensure that the transistion times are not degraded due to the output transistor temporarily going into saturation.

FEEDBACK CAPACITANCE

The gain range of the MSK 690 is \pm 5V/V to \pm 100V/V. When configured for low closed loop gains in the range of \pm 5V/V to \pm 25V/V, a small 0.5pF to 2.0pF adjustable capacitor should be placed in parallel with the feedback resistor. This capacitor can be adjusted to tailor overshoot and minimize ringing depending on the load. For closed loop gains greater than \pm 25V/V the user may omit this capacitor without any loss in circuit stability. See the table below labeled "recommended component values" and the typical connection diagram for component selection vs. closed loop gain.

RECOMMENDED COMPONENT VALUES						
Av	-Rin	Rf	+ Rin	Cf		
-5V/V	510Ω	2.7ΚΩ	499Ω	0.5-2.0pF		
-10V/V	270Ω	2.7KΩ	249Ω	0.5-2.0pF		
-50V/V	500Ω	25ΚΩ	495Ω	N/A		
-100V/V	500Ω	50KΩ	499Ω	N/A		



TYPICAL INVERTING CONNECTION DIAGRAM

CASE CONNECTION

The case of the MSK 690 is internally connected to pin five of the package. This pin can be left as a no connect but it is recommended that the user connect this pin to ground to reduce noise and improve overall circuit stability.

DECOUPLING AND LAYOUT

Since the MSK 690 is a high voltage amplifier, it is commonly used in high gain configurations. Consequently, any noise introduced into the system through the power supplies will be amplified by the system gain. It is therefore imperative that proper power supply decoupling and printed circuit card layout guidelines are adhered to. Each power supply should be effectively decoupled with a parallel combination of capacitors as shown in the Typical Inverting Connection Diagram. These capacitors should be connected as close as possible to the package pins and lead lengths must be kept to a minimum. On the printed circuit card, the input and output traces should be kept apart whenever possible to avoid localized feedback. The power supply lines should be kept as wide as possible to keep their effective impedance down thereby minimizing pickup.

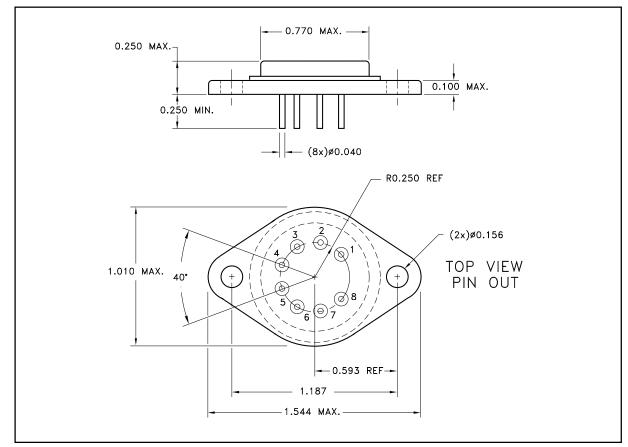
SOURCE RESISTOR SELECTION

When driving reactive loads, such as the effective capacitance of a cathode ray tube, local oscillations may often occur in the output transistors of the op-amp. To minimize these oscillations, an output source resistor may be added in series with the amplifier output and the capacitive load as seen in the figure below. This R-C combination acts as a snubber network that lowers the high frequency bandwidth. The source resistor is typically in the 10 ohm to 100 ohm range. In exchange for increased overall circuit stability, a minor reduction in amplifier bandwidth may occur. The following formula may be used to approximate the frequency at which the zero will occur on the open loop plot due to the addition of the isolation resistor.

 $f_{ZERO} = 1/(2\pi(Riso + Ro) CLOAD)$ Rf +V RiN RO RISO CL RT -V

SOURCE RESISTOR CONNECTION

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ±0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Screening Level
MSK690	Industrial
MSK690B	Military-Mil-PRF-38534

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