256K x 16 Static RAM

Features

- **Low voltage range:**
  - **1.65V–1.95V**
- **Ultra-low active power**
  - **Typical Active Current: 0.5 mA @ f = 1 MHz**
  - **Typical Active Current: 2 mA @ f = f_{max} (70 ns speed)**
- **Low standby power**
- **Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ features**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
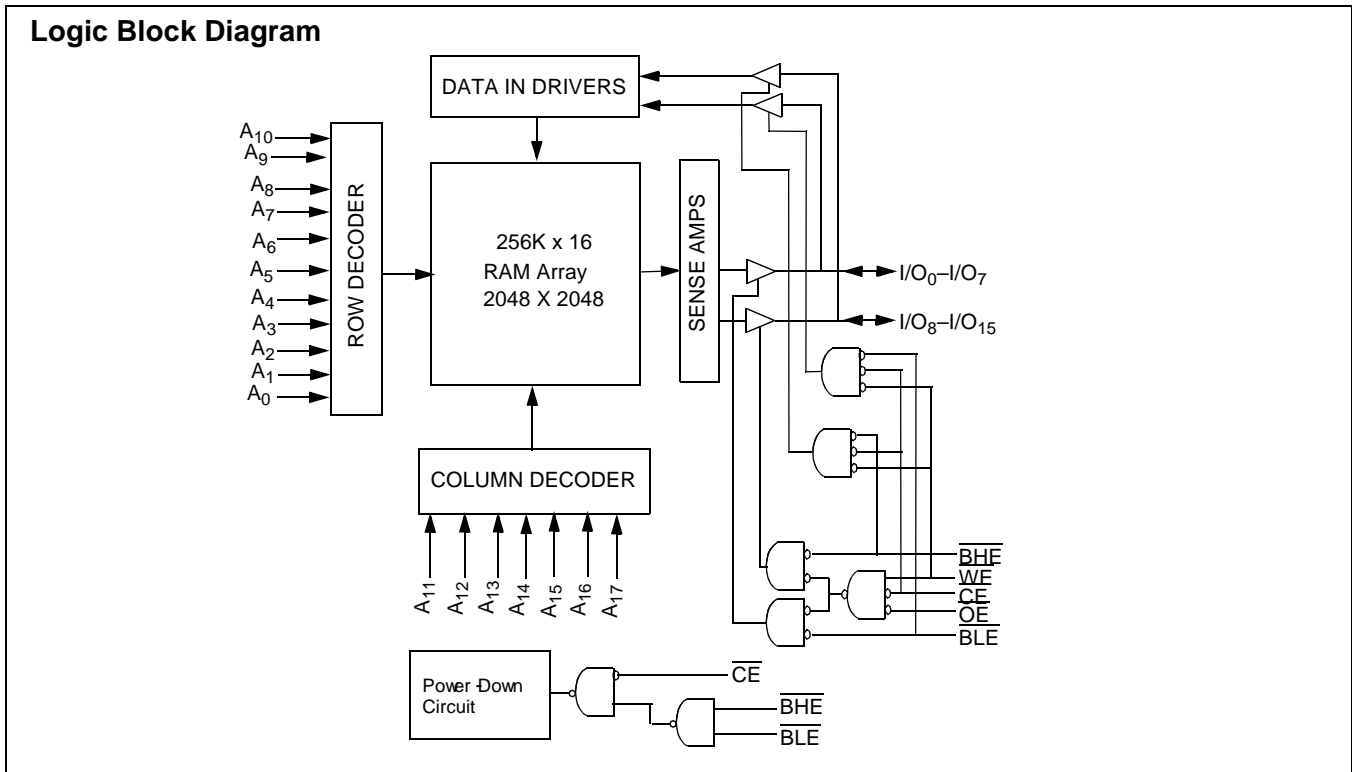- **CMOS for optimum speed/power**

Functional Description

The WCMB4016R4X is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 256K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This device is ideal for portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99% when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into 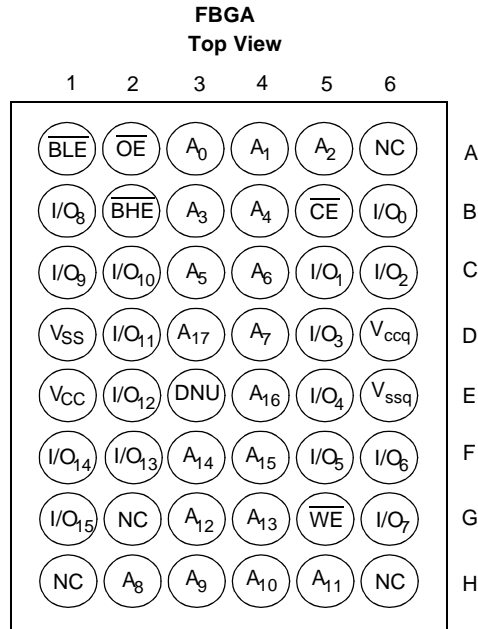standby mode when deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH or both $\overline{BLE}$ and $\overline{BHE}$ are HIGH). The input/output pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_{15}$) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH), outputs are disabled ($\overline{OE}$ HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled ($\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ HIGH), or during a write operation ($\overline{CE}$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

Writing to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_7$), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{17}$). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O$_8$ through I/O$_{15}$) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{17}$).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on I/O$_0$ to I/O$_7$. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on I/O$_8$ to I/O$_{15}$. See the Truth Table at the back of this data sheet for a complete description of read and write modes.

The WCMB4016R4X is available in a 48-ball FBGA package.

Logic Block Diagram

Pin Configuration[1, 2]

FBGA
Top View

	1	2	3	4	5	6	
A	$\overline{BLE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A_0	A_1	A_2	NC	
B	I/O_8	$\overline{BHE}$	A_3	A_4	$\overline{CE}$	I/O_0	
C	I/O_9	I/O_{10}	A_5	A_6	I/O_1	I/O_2	
D	V_{SS}	I/O_{11}	A_{17}	A_7	I/O_3	V_{ccq}	
E	V_{CC}	I/O_{12}	DNU	A_{16}	I/O_4	V_{ssq}	
F	I/O_{14}	I/O_{13}	A_{14}	A_{15}	I/O_5	I/O_6	
G	I/O_{15}	NC	A_{12}	A_{13}	$\overline{WE}$	I/O_7	
H	NC	A_8	A_9	A_{10}	A_{11}	NC	

Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guide-lines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature ....−65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature with
Power Applied...−55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage to Ground Potential ....−0.2V to +2.4V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs
in High Z State[3].. −0.2V to V_{CC} + 0.2V

DC Input Voltage[3]................................... −0.2V to V_{CC} + 0.2V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)............................. 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage... >2001V
(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch-Up Current.. >200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
WCMB4016R4X	Industrial	−40°C to +85°C	1.65V to 1.95V

Product Portfolio

		V_{CC} Range			Power Dissipation (Industrial)					
					Operating (I_{CC})					
					f = 1 MHz		f = f_{max}		Standby (I_{SB2})	
Product	$V_{CC(min.)}$	$V_{CC(typ.)}$[4]	$V_{CC(max.)}$	**Speed**	Typ.[4]	Max.	Typ.[4]	Max.	Typ.[4]	Max.
WCMB4016R4X	1.65V	1.80V	1.95V	70 ns	0.5 mA	3 mA	2 mA	6 mA	1 μA	10 μA

Notes:
1. NC pins are not connected to the die.
2. E3 (DNU) can be left as NC or V_{SS} to ensure proper application.
3. V_{IL}(min) = −2.0V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$ Typ, T_A = 25°C.

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

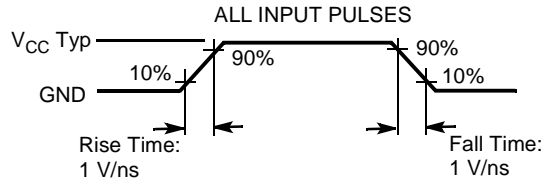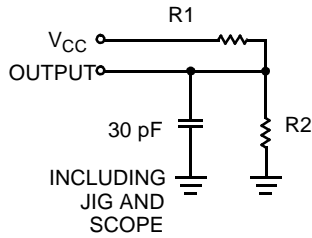| Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		WCMB4016R4X Min.	Typ.[4]	Max.	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	I_{OH} = -0.1 mA	V_{CC} = 1.65V	1.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA	V_{CC} = 1.65V			0.2	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage			1.4		V_{CC} + 0.2V	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage			−0.2		0.4	V
I_{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$		−1		+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$, Output Disabled		−1		+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	V_{CC} = 1.95V I_{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		2	6	mA
		f = 1 MHz			0.5	3	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$ f = f_{MAX} (Address and Data Only), f = 0 ($\overline{OE}$, $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{BHE}$, and $\overline{BLE}$)			1	10	µA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$, f = 0, V_{CC} = 1.95V					

Capacitance[5]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$	6	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance		8	pF

Thermal Resistance

Description	Test Conditions	Symbol	BGA	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)[5]	Still Air, soldered on a 4.25 x 1.125 inch, 4-layer printed circuit board	Θ_{JA}	55	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)[5]		Θ_{JC}	16	°C/W

Note:
5. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Equivalent to: THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT
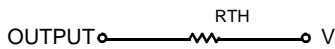
Parameters	1.8V	UNIT
R1	13500	Ohms
R2	10800	Ohms
R_{TH}	6000	Ohms
V_{TH}	0.80	Volts

Data Retention Characteristics (Over the Operating Range)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.[4]	Max.	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for Data Retention		1.0		1.95	V
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 1.0V$ $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V,$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$		1	8	μA
t_{CDR}[5]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t_R[6]	Operation Recovery Time		t_{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform[7]
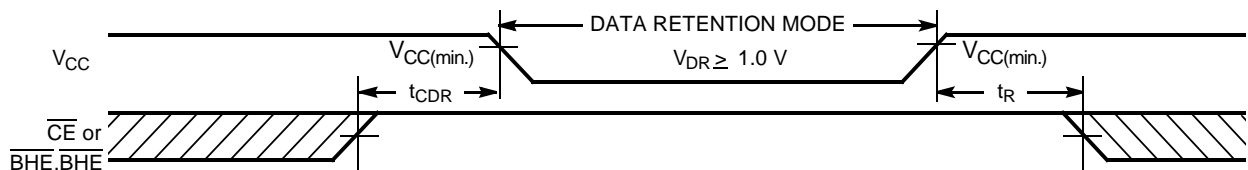
Notes:

6. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ μs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ μs.
7. $\overline{BHE}.\overline{BLE}$ is the AND of both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$. Chip can be deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$.

Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range[8]

Parameter	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
READ CYCLE				
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	70		ns
t_{AA}	Address to Data Valid		70	ns
t_{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	10		ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		70	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		35	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z[9]	5		ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z[9, 10]		25	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low Z[9]	10		ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High Z[9, 10]		25	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Power-Up	0		ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to Power-Down		70	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Data Valid		70	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Low Z[9]	5		ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to High Z[9, 10]		25	ns
WRITE CYCLE[11]				
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	70		ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	60		ns
t_{AW}	Address Set-Up to Write End	60		ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{SA}	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	50		ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Write End	60		ns
t_{SD}	Data Set-Up to Write End	30		ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z[9, 10]		25	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z[9]	10		ns

Notes:

8. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3ns or less, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ)}/2$, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and 30-pF load capacitance.
9. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device.
10. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
11. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write

Switching Waveforms

Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled)[12, 13]
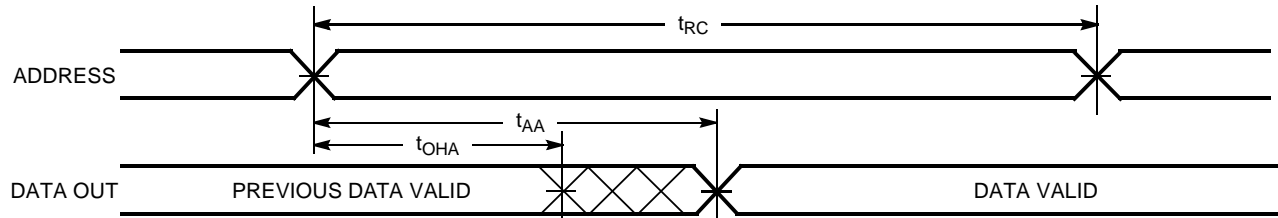
### Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled)[13, 14]
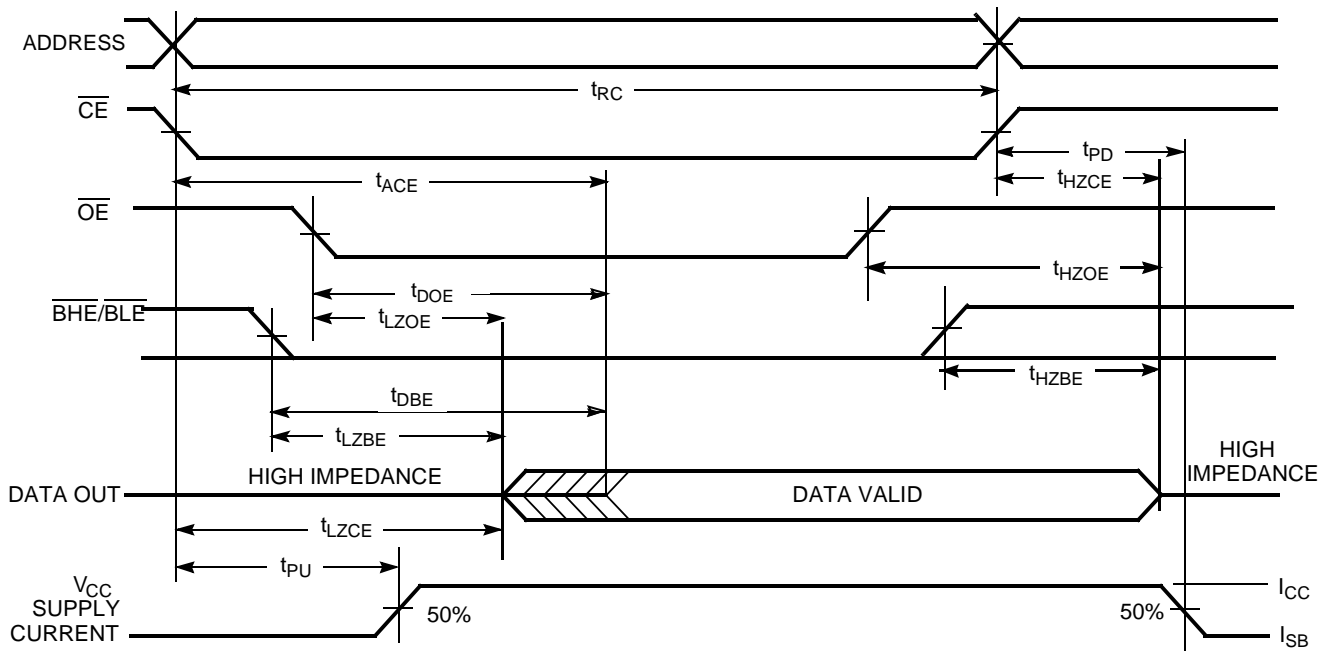
Notes:
12. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}.
13. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
14. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$, transition LOW.

Switching Waveforms

Write Cycle No. 1($\overline{WE}$ Controlled)[11, 15, 16]
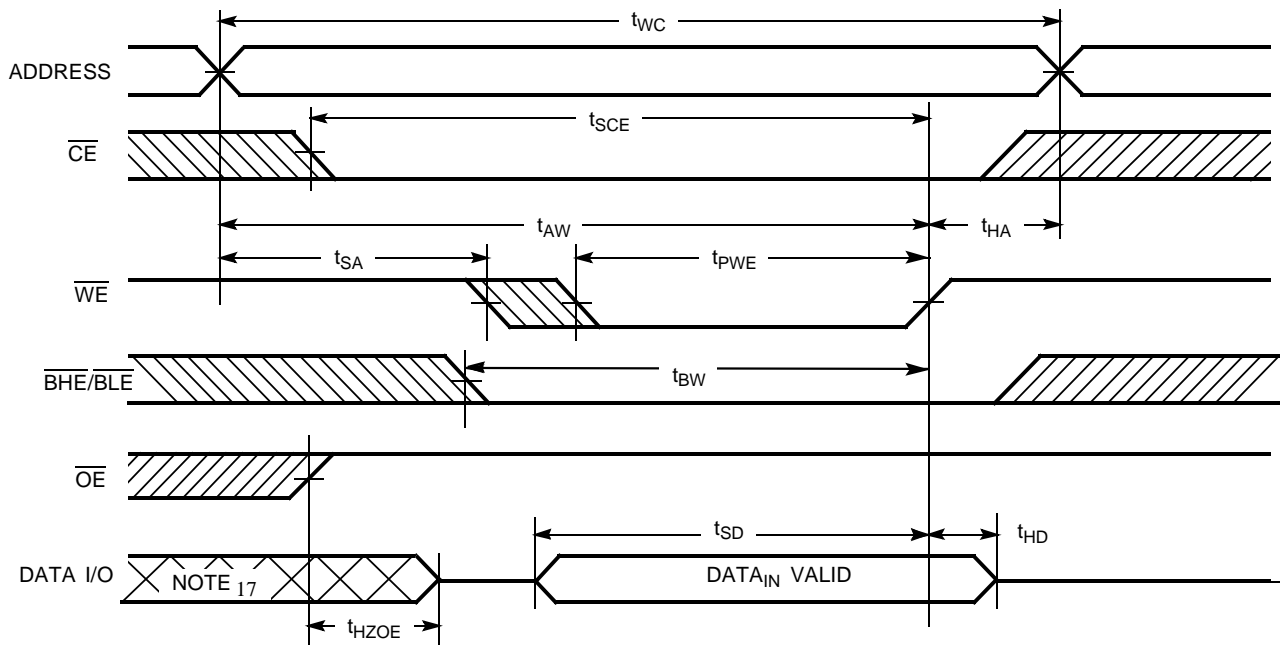
Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled)[11, 15, 16]
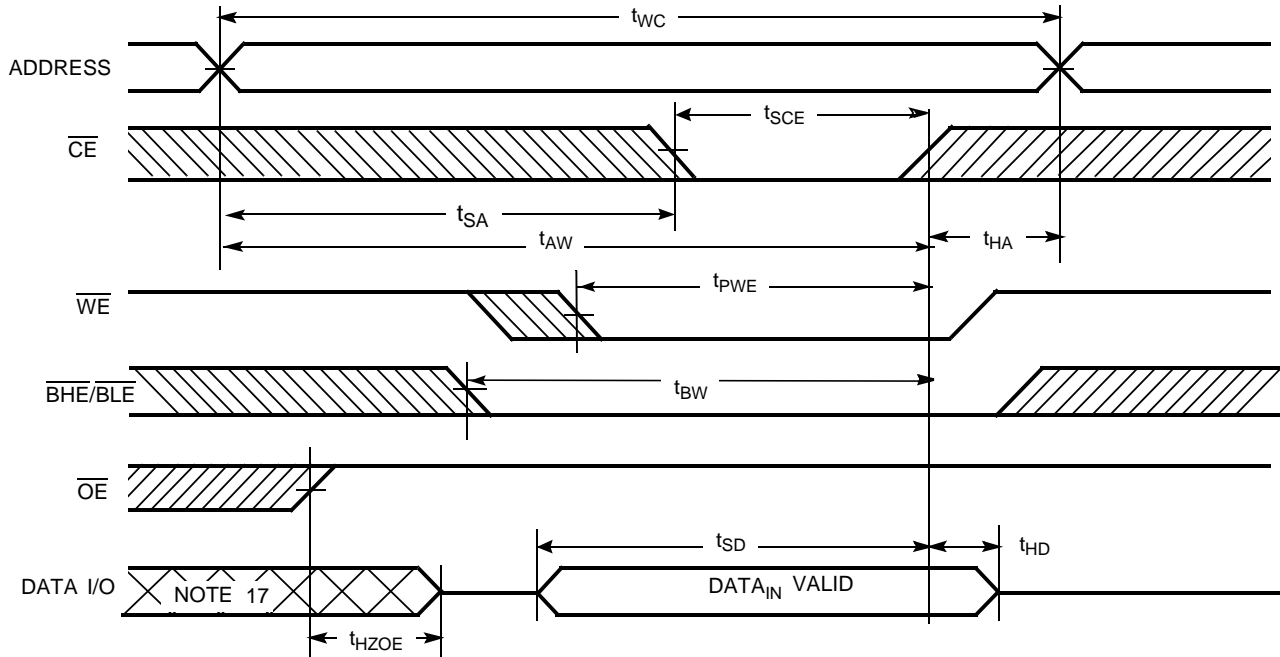
Notes:

15. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
16. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
17. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms

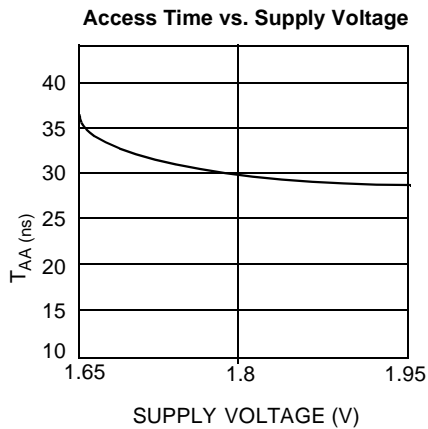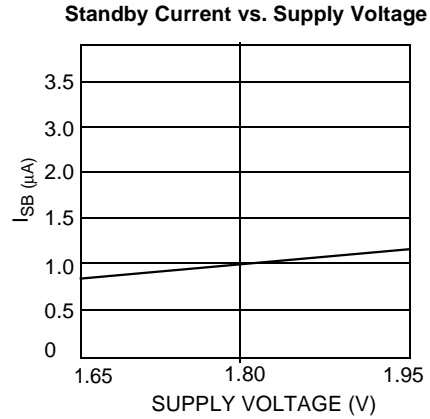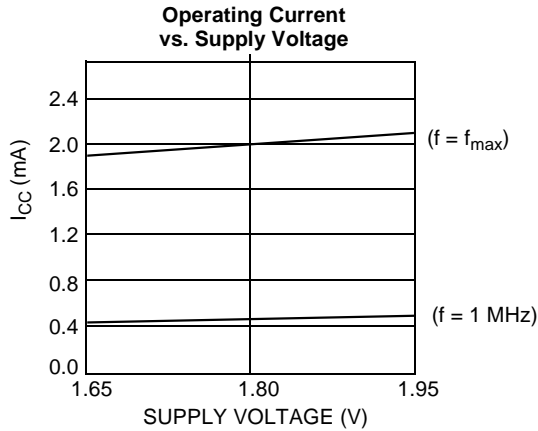**Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)**[16]
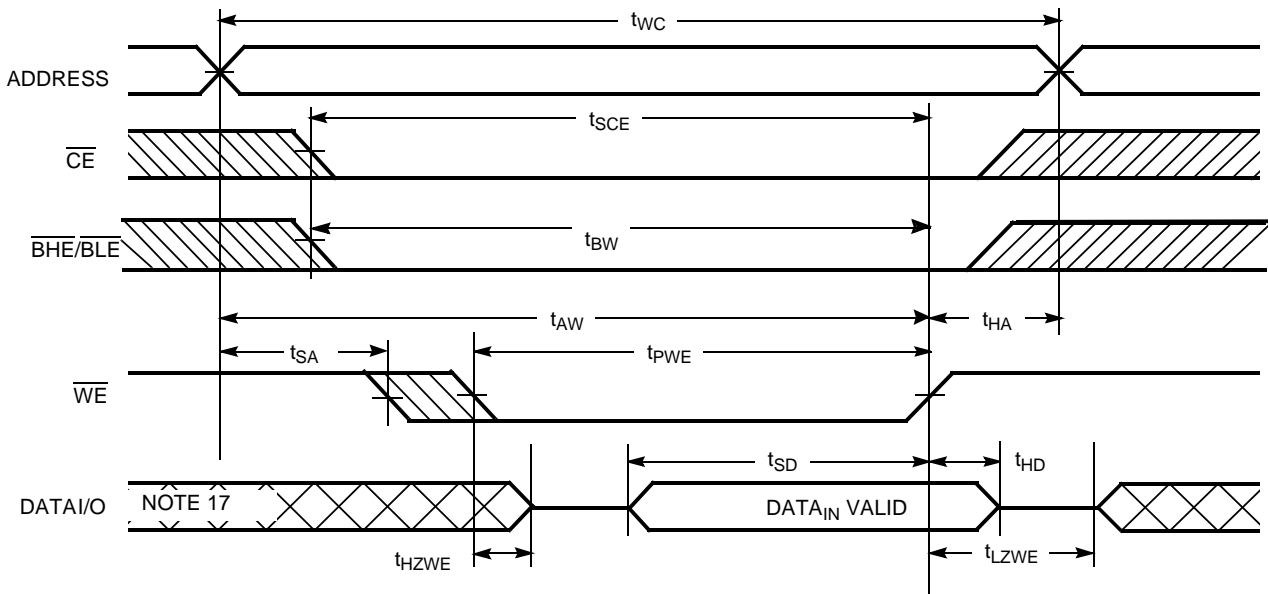
Write Cycle No. 4 ($\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[16]
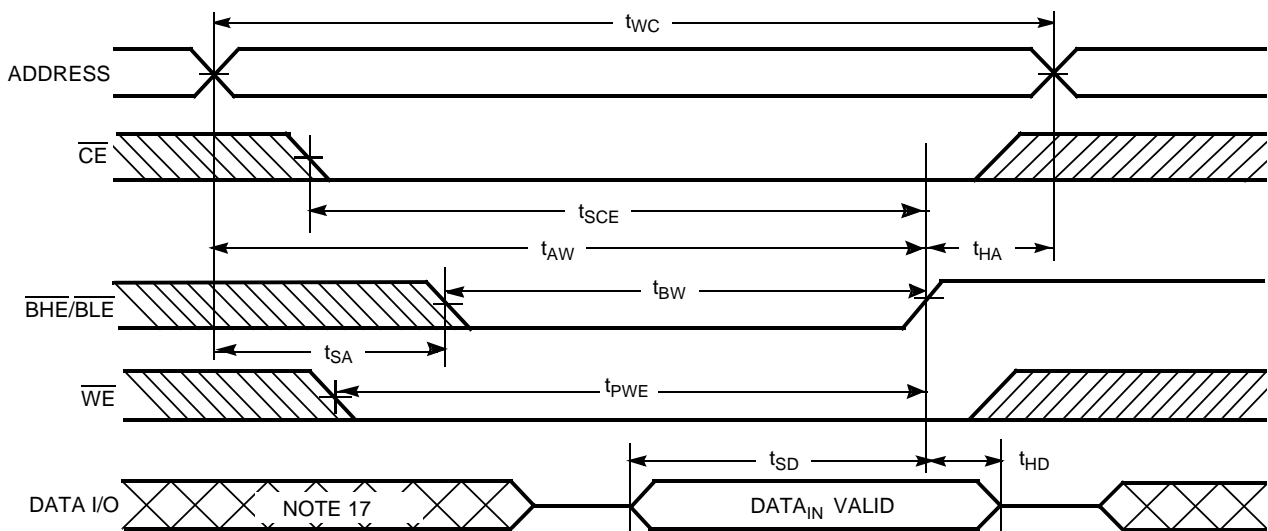
Typical DC and AC Characteristics

(Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC}$ Typ, $T_A = 25°C$.)

Operating Current vs. Supply Voltage

Standby Current vs. Supply Voltage

Access Time vs. Supply Voltage

Truth Table

CE	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High Z	Deselect/Power-Down	Standby (I_{SB})
X	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect/Power-Down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O_O–I/O_{15})	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	L	Data Out (I/O_O–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	L	H	Data Out (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0–I/O_7 in High Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	L	Data In (I/O_O–I/O_{15})	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	H	L	Data In (I/O_O–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	H	Data In (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0–I/O_7 in High Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
70	WCMB4016R4X-FF70	FB48A	48-Ball Fine Pitch BGA	Industrial

Package Diagrams

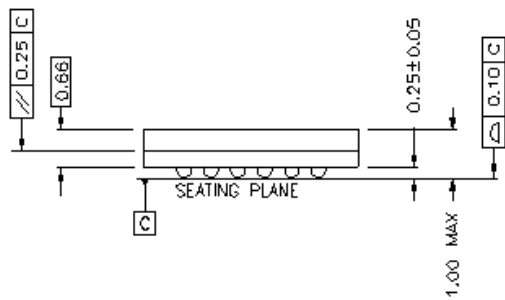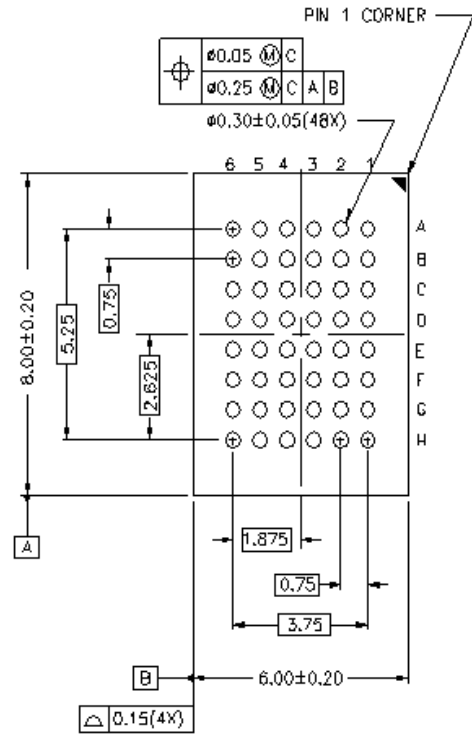**48-Ball (6.0 mm x 8.0 mm x 1.0 mm) Fine Pitch BGA, FB48A**
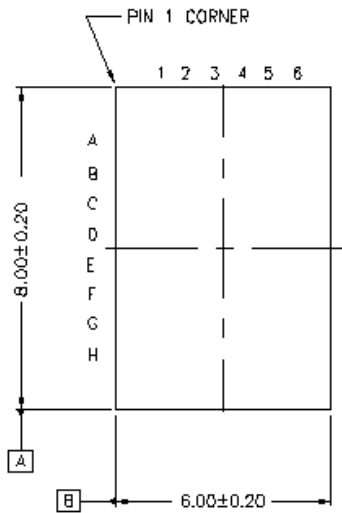
Top View   Bottom View

Document Title: WCMB4016R4X, 256K x 16 Static RAM					
REV.	Spec #	ECN #	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	38-14012	115228	1/17/02	MGN	New Data Sheet