PHOTO IC

Light modulation photo IC **\$4282-51, \$6809, \$6846, \$6986, \$7136/-10, \$10053**



Fewer detection errors even under disturbance background light

These light modulation photo ICs were developed for optical synchronous detection under disturbance background light. A photodiode, preamplifier, comparator, oscillator, LED driver and signal processing circuit, etc. are all integrated on a monolithic photo IC chip. Optical synchronous type photoreflectors and photointerrupters, which less susceptible to disturbance background light, can be easily configured by just connecting an external LED to this photo IC. Our unique circuit design achieves an allowable background light level of 10000 *lx* Typ. (S4282-51, S6986, S10053) and a minimum detection level of 0.2μ W/mm² Typ. (S6809, S6846, S7136/-10).

Features

- Large allowable background light level S4282-51, S6986, S10053: 10000 *lx* Typ. S6809, S6846, S7136/-10 : 3000 *lx* Typ.
- Minimum detection level S4282-51, S6986, S10053: 0.7 μW/mm² Typ. S6809, S6846, S7136/-10 : 0.2 μW/mm² Typ.
- Digital output (Output appears "L" by light input.)
- Small hysteresis (S6809)
- Small SMD package (S10053)

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25 °C)

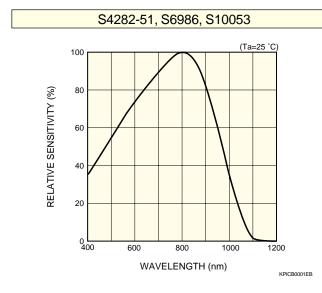
Applications

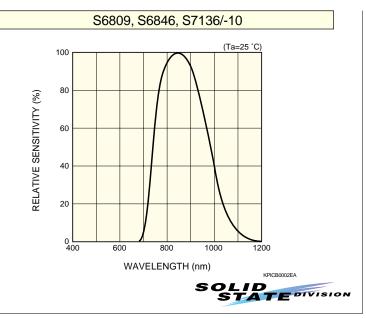
- Paper detection in office machine (copiers, fax machines, etc.)
- Optical switch

Parameter	Symbol	S4282-51, S6986, S10053	S6809, S6846, S7136/-10	Unit							
Supply voltage	Vcc	-0.5 te	V								
Output voltage	Vo	-0.5 to	V								
Output current	lo	5	mA								
Cathode output voltage	Vcath	-0.5 to	V								
Cathode output current	Icath		70	mA							
Power dissipation *1	Р	25	mW								
Operating temperature	Topr	-25 to	°C								
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to	°C								

*1: Derate power dissipation at a rate of 3.3 mW/°C above Ta=25 °C

Spectral response (typical example)

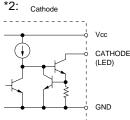


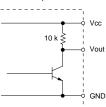




■ Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, Vcc=5 V)											
				S4282-51, S6986, S10053 S6809, S6846, S71			36 /-10				
Parameter		Symbol	Londition	Output: built-in pull-up resistor *2		Output: open collector *3			Unit		
				Cathode: constant current drive		Cathode: open collector drive					
				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
	oply voltage	Vcc		4.5	-	16	4.5	-	16	V	
Current consumption		lcc	Vo, LED terminals open	-	4	11	-	4	11	mA	
	Low level output voltage High level output	Vol	lo∟=16 mA	-	0.2	0.4	-	0.2	0.4	V	
	High level			4.9	-	-				V	
	output voltage		4.7 k Ω between Vcc and Vo				4.9	-	-	V	
pol	Low level output voltage	Vcath	Icath=40 mA				-	-	0.8	V	
	Low level output current	lcath	Vcath=1.2 V	15 35 60							
ö	Pulse cycle	Тр		65	130	220	65	130	220	μs	
	Pulse width	Tw		4	8	13.7	4	8	13.7	μs	
H→L Threshold light level		EHL	λ =940 nm No background light	-	0.7	2	-	0.2	1.0	μ W/mm ²	
Hysteresis		-		0.45	0.65	0.95	0.45	0.65	0.95		
							0.65 (S6809)	0.8 (S6809)	0.95 (S6809)	-	
Frequency response		f		0.5	1.25	-	0.5	1.25	-	kHz	
Allowable background light level		Ex	Signal light: 5 μW /m m ² λp=940 nm Background light: "A" light source	5000	10000	-	2000	3000	-	lx	
*2.						* 3 .					

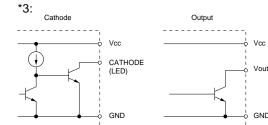
■ Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, Vcc=5 V)



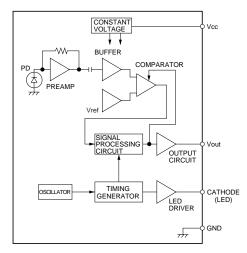


KPICC0002EA

Output



Block diagram and internal functions



KPICC0009EA

(a) Oscillator and timing signal generator

The oscillator produces a reference oscillation output by charging and discharging the built-in capacitor with constant current. The oscillation output is fed to the timing signal generator, which then creates LED drive pulses and various timing pulses for digital signal processing.

KPICC0010EA

(b) LED driver circuit

This circuit drives an external LED using the LED drive pulses created by the timing signal generator. The duty cycle is 1/16.

- (c) Photodiode and preamplifier circuit The photodiode is formed on the same monolithic chip. A photocurrent generated in the photodiode is converted to a voltage by a preamplifier circuit. The preamplifier circuit uses an AC amplifier to expand the dynamic range versus DC or low-frequency
- background light, without impairing signal detection sensitivity.
 (d) Capacitive coupling, buffer amplifier and reference voltage generator Capacitive coupling removes low-frequency noise and also cancels the DC offset in the preamplifier. The buffer amplifier boosts the signal up to the comparator level, and the reference voltage generator produces a comparator level voltage.
- (e) Comparator circuit

The comparator circuit has a hysteresis function to prevent chattering caused by small fluctuations in the input light.

(f) Signal processing circuit

The signal processing circuit consists of a gate circuit and digital integrator circuit. The gate circuit discriminates input pulses during synchronous detection, to prevent operational errors caused by asynchronous background light. Background light which is synchronized with the signal detection timing cannot be eliminated by the gate circuit, but is canceled out by the digital integrator circuit at the latter stage.

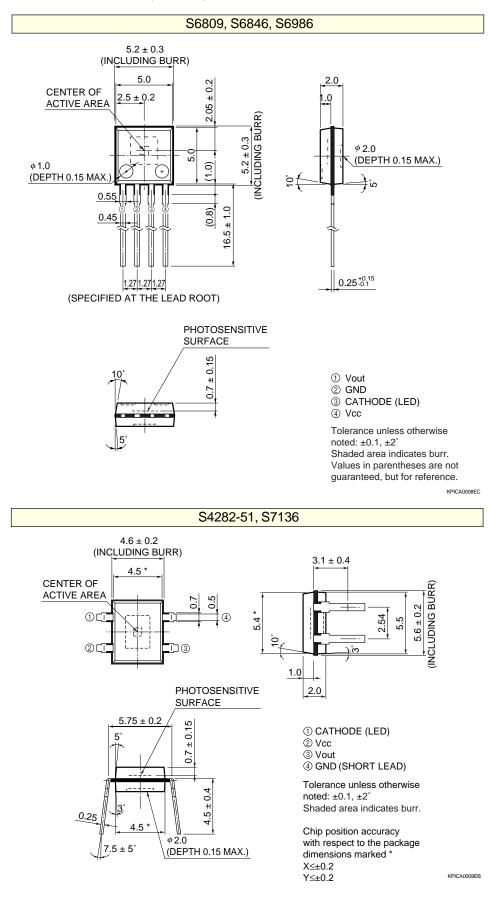
(g) Output circuit

This circuit serves as an output buffer for the signal processing circuit and outputs the signal to an external circuit.

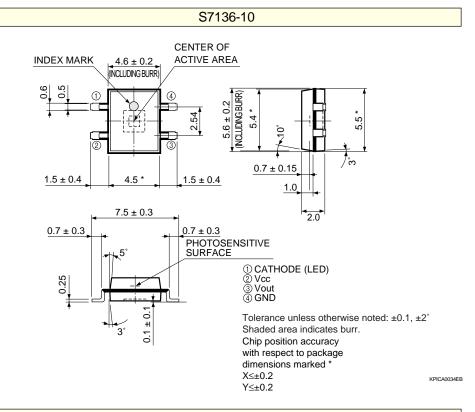
TRUTH TABLE INPUT OUTPUT LEVEL LIGHT ON LOW LIGHT OFF HIGH

HIGH

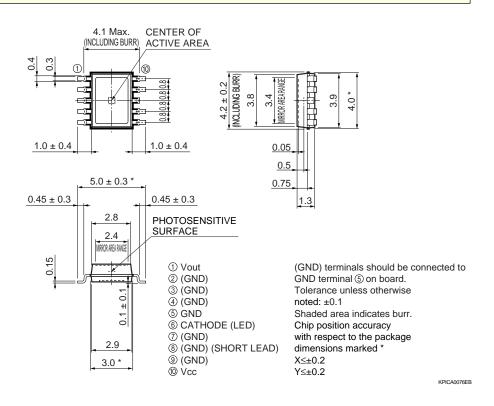
Dimensional outlines (unit: mm)



Light modulation photo IC S4282-51, S6809, S6846, S6986, S7136/-10, S10053



S10053



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