

Features

- Single-conversion superhet architecture for low external component count
- FSK for digital data and FM reception for analog signal transmission
- FSK/FM demodulation with phase-coincidence demodulator
- Low current consumption in active mode and very low standby current
- Switchable LNA gain for improved dynamic range
- RSSI allows signal strength indication and ASK detection
- 32-pin Low profile Quad Flat Package (LQFP)

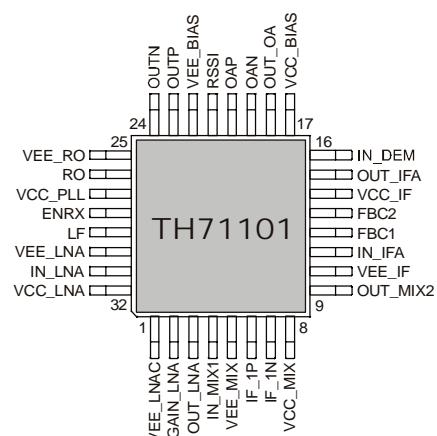
Ordering Information

Part Number	Temperature Code	Package Code	Delivery Form
TH71101	E (-40 °C to 85 °C)	NE (LQFP32)	250 pc/tray 2000 pc/T&R

Application Examples

- General digital data transmission
- Tire Pressure Monitoring Systems (TPMS)
- Remote Keyless Entry (RKE)
- Wireless access control
- Alarm and security systems
- Garage door openers
- Remote Controls
- Home and building automation
- Low-power telemetry systems

Pin Description



General Description

The TH71101 FSK/FM/ASK single-conversion superheterodyne receiver IC is designed for applications in the European 433 MHz industrial-scientific-medical (ISM) band, according to the EN 300 220 telecommunications standard. It can also be used for any other system with carrier frequencies ranging from 300 MHz to 450 MHz (e.g. for applications according to FCC part 15 and ARIB STD-T67).

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1 Theory of Operation

1.1 General

With the TH71101 receiver chip, various circuit configurations can be arranged in order to meet a number of different customer requirements. For FM/FSK reception the IF tank used in the phase coincidence demodulator can also be constituted by a ceramic discriminator with a varactor diode to create an AFC circuit. In ASK configuration, the RSSI signal is fed to an ASK detector, which is constituted by the operational amplifier.

A double-conversion variant, called TH71102, is also available. This receiver IC allows a higher degree of image rejection, achieved in conjunction with an RF front-end filter. Both RXICs have the same die. At the TH71102, the second mixer (MIX2) is used to down-convert the first IF (IF1) to the second IF (IF2). At the TH71101, MIX2 operates as an amplifier.

Efficient RF front-end filtering is realized by using a SAW, ceramic or helix filter in front of the LNA and by adding an LC filter at the LNA output.

The TH71101 receiver IC consists of the following building blocks:

- PLL synthesizer (PLL SYNTH) for generation of the local oscillator signal LO, parts of the PLL SYNTH are: the high-frequency VCO1, the feedback divider DIV_16, a phase-frequency detector (PFD) with charge pump (CP) and a crystal-based reference oscillator (RO)
- Low-noise amplifier (LNA) for high-sensitivity RF signal reception
- First mixer (MIX1) for down-conversion of the RF signal to the IF
- IF pre amplifier which is a mixer cell (MIX2) that operates as an amplifier
- IF amplifier (IFA) to amplify and limit the IF signal and for RSSI generation
- Phase coincidence demodulator (DEMOD) with third mixer (MIX3) to demodulate the IF signal
- Operational amplifier (OA) for data slicing, filtering and ASK detection
- Bias circuitry for bandgap biasing and circuit shutdown

1.2 Technical Data Overview

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Input frequency range: 300 MHz to 450 MHz | <input type="checkbox"/> Range of IF: 400 kHz to 22 MHz |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Power supply range: 2.3 V to 5.5 V @ ASK | <input type="checkbox"/> Maximum input level: -10 dBm @ ASK |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C | 0 dBm @ FSK |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Standby current: 50 nA | <input type="checkbox"/> Image rejection: > 45 dB (e.g. with 433.92 MHz SAW front-end filter and at 10.7 MHz IF) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Operating current: 6.5 mA @ low gain mode | <input type="checkbox"/> Spurious emission: < -70 dBm |
| 8.2 mA @ high gain mode | <input type="checkbox"/> Input frequency acceptance range: up to ±100 kHz |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sensitivity: -113 dBm @ ASK 1) | <input type="checkbox"/> RSSI range: 70 dB |
| -107 dBm @ FSK 2) | <input type="checkbox"/> FM/FSK deviation range: ±2.5 kHz to ±80 kHz |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Maximum data rate: 260 kbps NRZ @ ASK | <input type="checkbox"/> Maximum analog modulation frequency: 15 kHz |
| 180 kbps NRZ @ FSK | |

- 1) at 4 kbps NRZ, BER = $3 \cdot 10^{-3}$, 180 kHz IF filter BW, without SAW front-end-filter loss
- 2) at 4 kbps NRZ, BER = $3 \cdot 10^{-3}$, ± 20 kHz FSK deviation, 180 kHz IF filter BW, without SAW front-end-filter loss

1.3 Block Diagram

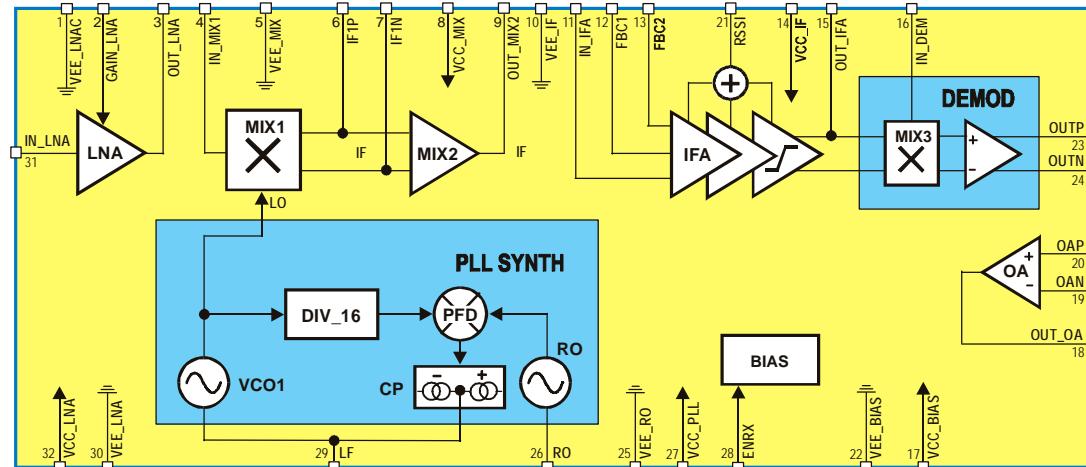


Fig. 1: TH71101 block diagram

1.4 Mode Configurations

ENRX	Mode	Description
0	RX standby	RX disabled
1	RX active	RX enable

Note: ENRX are pulled down internally

1.5 LNA GAIN Control

V _{GAIN_LNA}	Mode	Description
< 0.8 V	HIGH GAIN	LNA set to high gain
> 1.4 V	LOW GAIN	LNA set to low gain

Note: hysteresis between gain modes to ensure stability

1.6 Frequency Planning

Frequency planning is straightforward for single-conversion applications because there is only one IF that can be chosen, and then the only possible choice is low-side or high-side injection of the LO signal (which is now the one and only LO signal in the receiver).

The receiver's single-conversion architecture requires careful frequency planning. Besides the desired RF input signal, there are a number of spurious signals that may cause an undesired response at the output. Among them is the image of the RF signal that must be suppressed by the RF front-end filter.

By using the internal PLL synthesizer of the TH71101 with the fixed feedback divider ratio of $N = 16$ (DIV_16), two types of down-conversion are possible: low-side injection of LO and high-side injection of LO. The following table summarizes some equations that are useful to calculate the crystal reference frequency (REF) and the LO frequency, for a given RF and IF.

Injection type	low	high
REF	$(RF - IF)/16$	$(RF + IF)/16$
LO	$16 \bullet \text{REF}$	$16 \bullet \text{REF}$
IF	$RF - LO$	$LO - RF$
RF image	$RF - 2IF$	$RF + 2IF$

1.6.1 Selected Frequency Plans

The following table depicts crystal, LO and image signals considering the examples of 315 MHz and 433.92 MHz RF reception at IF = 10.7 MHz.

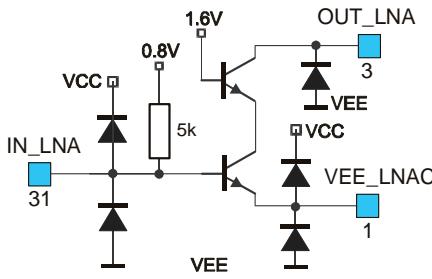
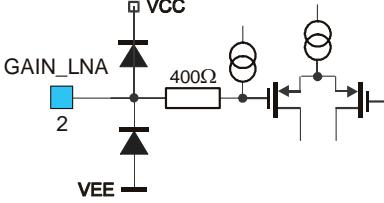
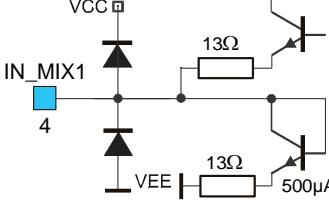
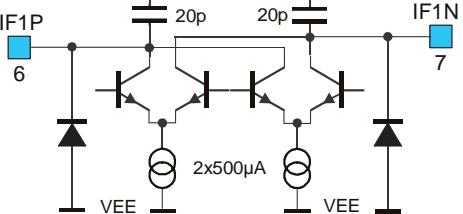
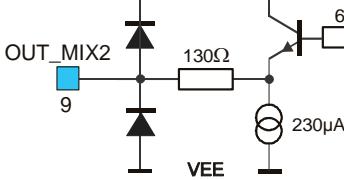
Signal type	RF = 315 MHz	RF = 315 MHz	RF = 433.92 MHz	RF = 433.92 MHz
Injection type	low	high	low	high
REF / MHz	19.01875	20.35625	26.45125	27.78875
LO / MHz	304.3	325.7	423.22	444.62
RF image / MHz	293.6	336.4	412.52	455.32

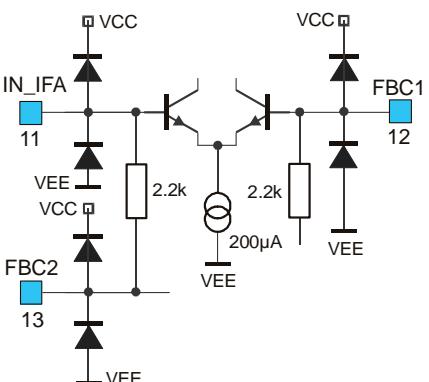
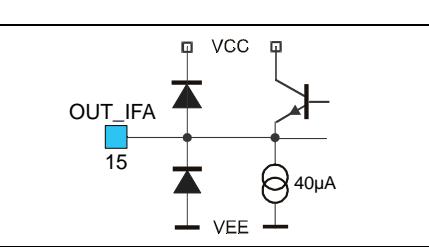
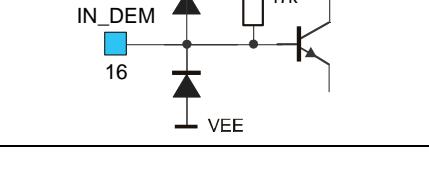
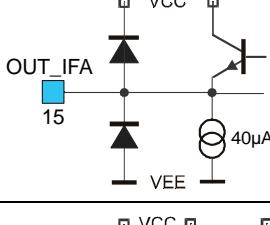
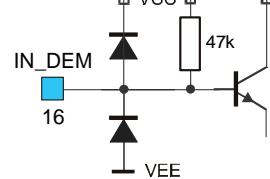
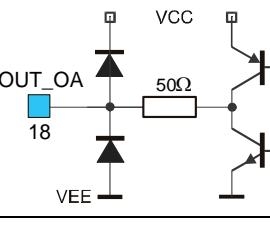
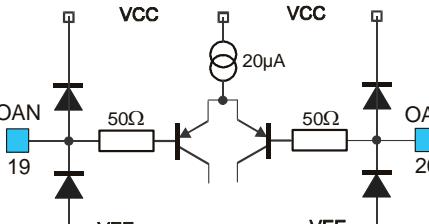
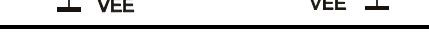
The selection of the reference crystal frequency is based on some assumptions. As for example: the image frequency should not be in a radio band where strong interfering signals might occur (because they could represent parasitic receiving signals), the LO signal should be in the range of 300 MHz to 450 MHz (because this is the optimum frequency range of the VCO1). Furthermore the IF should be as high as possible to achieve highest RF image rejection. The columns in bold depict the selected frequency plans to receive at 315 MHz and 433.92 MHz, respectively.

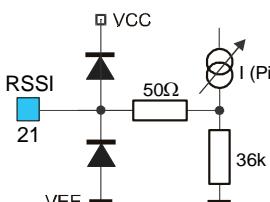
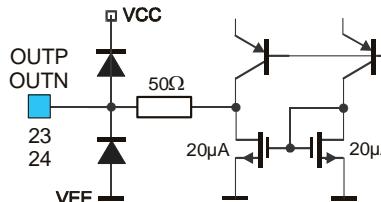
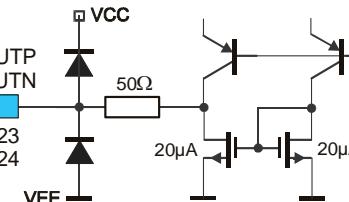
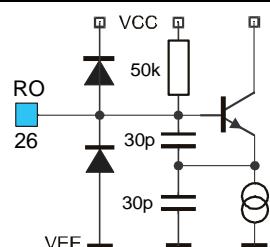
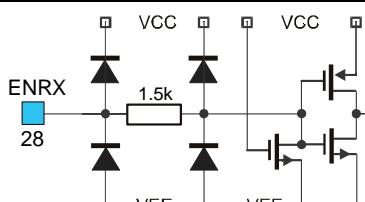
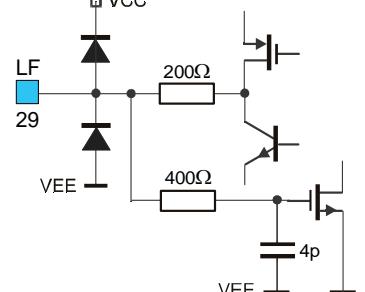
1.6.2 Maximum Frequency Coverage

Parameter	f_{\min}	f_{\max}
Injection type	high	low
RF / MHz	289.3	460.7
REF / MHz	18.75	28.125
LO / MHz	300	450
IF/ MHz	10.7	10.7

2 Pin Definitions and Descriptions

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
3	OUT_LNA	analog output		LNA open-collector output, to be connected to external LC tank that resonates at RF
31	IN_LNA	analog input		LNA input, approx. 26Ω single-ended
1	VEE_LNAC	ground		ground of LNA core (cascode)
2	GAIN_LNA	analog input		LNA gain control (input with hysteresis) RX standby: no pull-up RX active: pull-up
4	IN_MIX1	analog input		MIX1 input, approx. 33Ω single-ended
5	VEE_MIX	ground		ground of MIX1 and MIX2
6	IF1P	analog I/O		open-collector output, to be connected to external LC tank that resonates at first IF
7	IF1N	analog I/O		open-collector output, to be connected to external LC tank that resonates at first IF
8	VCC_MIX	supply		positive supply of MIX1 and MIX2
9	OUT_MIX2	analog output		MIX2 output, approx. 330Ω output impedance
10	VEE_IF	ground		ground of IFA and DEMOD

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
11	IN_IFA	analog input		IFA input, approx. 2.2kΩ input impedance
12	FBC1	analog I/O		to be connected to external IFA feedback capacitor
13	FBC2	analog I/O		to be connected to external IFA feedback capacitor
14	VCC_IF	supply		positive supply of IFA and DEMOD
15	OUT_IFA	analog I/O		IFA output and MIX3 input (of DEMOD)
16	IN_DEM	analog input		DEMOD input, to MIX3 core
17	VCC_BIAS	supply		positive supply of general bias system and OA
18	OUT_OA	analog output		OA output, 40µA current drive capability
19	OAN	analog input		negative OA input
20	OAP	analog input		positive OA input

Pin No.	Name	I/O Type	Functional Schematic	Description
21	RSSI	analog output		RSSI output, for RSSI and ASK detection, approx. 36kΩ output impedance
22	VEE_BIAS	ground		ground of general bias system and OA
23	OUTP	analog output		FSK/FM positive output, output impedance of 100kΩ to 300kΩ
24	OUTN	analog output		FSK/FM negative output, output impedance of 100kΩ to 300kΩ
25	VEE_RO	ground		ground of DIV, PFD, RO and charge pump
26	RO	analog input		RO input, Colpitts type oscillator with internal feedback capacitors
27	VCC_PLL	supply		positive supply of DIV, PFD, RO and charge pump
28	ENRX	digital input		mode control input, CMOS-compatible with internal pull-down circuit
29	LF	analog I/O		charge pump output and VCO1 control input
30	VEE_LNA	ground		ground of LNA biasing
32	VCC_LNA	supply		positive supply of LNA biasing

3 Technical Data

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition / Note	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}		0	7.0	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}		-0.3	$V_{cc}+0.3$	V
Input RF level	P_{iRF}	@ LNA input		10	dBm
Storage temperature	T_{STG}		-40	+125	°C
Junction temperature	T_J			+150	°C
Thermal Resistance	R_{thJA}			60	K/W
Power dissipation	P_{diss}			0.1	W
Electrostatic discharge	V_{ESD1}	human body model, 3)	-1.0	+1.0	kV
	V_{ESD2}	human body model, 4)	-0.75	+0.75	

3) all pins except OUT_LNA, IF1P and IF1N

4) pin OUT_LNA, IF1P and IF1N

3.2 Normal Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{CC, FSK}$	0 °C to 85 °C	2.5	5.5	V
		-20 °C to 85 °C	2.6	5.5	
		-40 °C to 85 °C	2.7	5.5	
	$V_{CC, ASK}$	-40 °C to 85 °C	2.3	5.5	
Operating temperature	T_A		-40	+85	°C
Input low voltage (CMOS)	V_{IL}	ENRX pin		$0.3*V_{CC}$	V
Input high voltage (CMOS)	V_{IH}	ENRX pin		$0.7*V_{CC}$	V
Input frequency range	f_i		289.3	460.7	MHz
IF range	f_{IF}		0.4	22	MHz
XOSC frequency	f_{ref}	set by the crystal	18.75	28.125	MHz
VCO frequency	f_{LO}	$f_{LO} = 16 \bullet f_{ref}$	300	450	MHz
Frequency deviation	Δf	at FSK or FM	± 2.5	± 80	kHz
FSK data rate	R_{FSK}	NRZ, C15 = NIP, 5)		180	kpbs
ASK data rate	R_{ASK}	NRZ, C16 = NIP, 5)		260	kpbs
FM bandwidth	f_m			15	kHz

5) $B_F = 400$ kHz, $P_{IN} = -90$ dBm

3.3 Crystal Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Crystal frequency	f_0	fundamental mode, AT	18.75	28.125	MHz
Load capacitance	C_L		10	15	pF
Static capacitance	C_0			7	pF
Series resistance	R_1			50	Ω

3.4 DC Characteristics

all parameters under normal operating conditions, unless otherwise stated;
 typical values at $T_A = 23^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Currents						
Standby current	I_{SBY}	ENRX=0		50	100	nA
Supply current at low gain	$I_{CC, \text{low}}$	ENRX=1 GAIN_LNA=1	4.0	6.5	12.0	mA
Supply current at high gain	$I_{CC, \text{high}}$	ENRX=1 GAIN_LNA=0	4.5	8.2	14.0	mA
Digital Pin Characteristics						
Input low voltage CMOS	V_{IL}	ENRX pin	-0.3		$0.3*V_{CC}$	V
Input high voltage CMOS	V_{IH}	ENRX pin	$0.7*V_{CC}$		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Pull down current ENRX pin	I_{PDEN}	ENRX=1	0.1	2	10	μA
Low level input current ENRX pin	I_{INLEN}	ENRX=0			0.05	μA
Analog Pin Characteristics						
High level input current GAIN_LNA pin	$I_{INHGAIN}$	GAIN_LNA=1			0.05	μA
Pull up current GAIN_LNA pin active	$I_{PUGAINa}$	GAIN_LNA=0 ENRX=1	0.08	0.15	0.3	μA
Pull up current GAIN_LNA pin standby	$I_{PUGAINS}$	GAIN_LNA=0 ENRX=0			0.05	μA
High gain input voltage	V_{IHGAIN}	ENRX=1			0.7	V
Low gain input voltage	V_{ILGAIN}	ENRX=1	1.5			V
Opamp Characteristics						
Opamp input offset voltage	V_{offs}		-35		35	mV
Opamp input offset current	I_{offs}	$I_{OAP} - I_{OAN}$	-50		50	nA
Opamp input bias current	I_{bias}	$0.5 * (I_{OAP} + I_{OAN})$	-150		150	nA
RSSI Characteristics						
RSSI voltage at low input level	$V_{RSSI, \text{low}}$	$P_i = -65\text{ dBm},$ GAIN_LNA=1	0.5	1.0	1.5	V
RSSI voltage at high input level	$V_{RSSI, \text{high}}$	$P_i = -35\text{ dBm},$ GAIN_LNA=1	1.2	1.9	2.5	V

3.5 AC System Characteristics

all parameters under normal operating conditions, unless otherwise stated;
 typical values at $T_A = 23^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$,
 RF at 433.92 MHz; SAW front-end filter loss and IF at 10.7 MHz;
 all parameters based on test circuits as shown in Fig. 2, Fig.3 and Fig. 5

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Receive Characteristics						
Input sensitivity – FSK (standard)	$P_{min, ST}$	$B_{IF} = 180\text{kHz}$, $\Delta f = \pm 20\text{kHz}$, 4kbps NRZ , $BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$, 6)		-104		dBm
Input sensitivity – FSK (narrow band)	$P_{min, NB}$	$B_{IF} = 30\text{kHz}$, $\Delta f = \pm 5\text{kHz}$, 4kbps NRZ , $BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$, 6)		-108		dBm
Input sensitivity – ASK	$P_{min, ASK}$	$B_{IF} = 180\text{kHz}$, 4kbps NRZ , $BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$, 6)		-110		dBm
Maximum input signal – FSK/FM	$P_{max, FSK}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $GAIN_LNA = 1$		0		dBm
Maximum input signal – ASK	$P_{max, ASK}$	$BER \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$ $GAIN_LNA = 1$		-10		dBm
Spurious emission	P_{spur}				-70	dBm
Image rejection	ΔP_{imag}			45		dB
Start-up Parameters						
Crystal start-up time	T_{XTL}	ENRX from 0 to 1			0.9	ms
Receiver start-up time	T_{RX}	ENRX from 0 to 1, depends on data slicer time constant, valid data at output			T_{XTL} $+ R4 \cdot C17$	
PLL Parameters						
VCO gain	K_{VCO}			250		MHz/V
Charge pump current	I_{CP}			60		μA

6) incl. 3 dB loss of front-end SAW filter

4 Test Circuits

4.1 Standard FSK Reception

4.1.1 Standard FSK Application Circuit

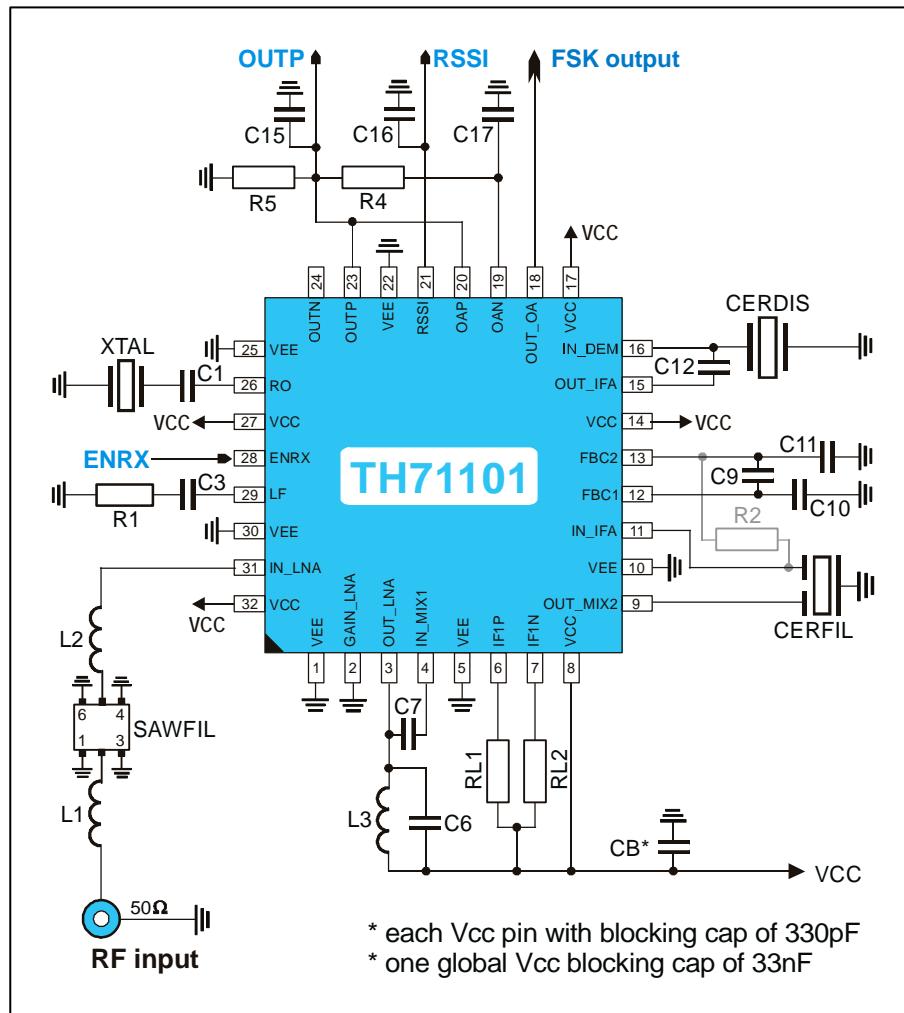


Fig. 2: Test circuit for FSK reception

Circuit Features

- Tolerates input frequency variations
- Well-suited for NRZ, Manchester and similar codes

4.1.2 Standard FSK Component List

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0805	27 pF	±5%	crystal series capacitor
C3	0805	1 nF	±10%	loop filter capacitor
C6	0603	4.7 pF	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C7	0603	2.2 pF	±5%	MIX1 input matching capacitor
C9	0805	33 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C10	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C11	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C12	0805	10 pF	±5%	DEMOD phase-shift capacitor
C15	0805	100 pF	±5%	demodulator output low-pass capacitor, this value for data rates < 20 kbps NRZ
C16	0603	1.5 nF	±10%	RSSI output low-pass capacitor
C17	0805	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor, this value for data rates > 0.8 kbps NRZ
R1	0805	10 kΩ	±5%	loop filter resistor
R2	0603	330 Ω	±5%	optional CERFIL output matching resistor
R4	0603	330 kΩ	±5%	data slicer resistor
R5	0805	220 kΩ	±5%	loading resistor
RL1	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
RL2	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
L1	0603	68 nH	±5%	SAW filter matching inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
L2	0603	82 nH	±5%	
L3	0603	15 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
XTAL	SMD 6x3.5	26.45125 MHz @ RF = 433.92 MHz	±25ppm cal. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal from Telcon/Horizon or equivalent part
SAWFIL	SMD 3x3	SAFCC433MBL0X00 (f ₀ = 433.92 MHz)	B _{3dB} = 840 kHz	low-loss SAW filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERFIL	SMD 3.45x3.1	SFECF10M7HA00	B _{3dB} = 180 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERDIS	SMD 4.5x2	CDSCB10M7GA135		ceramic discriminator from Murata, or equivalent part

- For component values for other frequencies, please refer to the EVB descriptions

4.2 Narrow Band FSK Reception

4.2.1 Narrow Band FSK Application Circuit

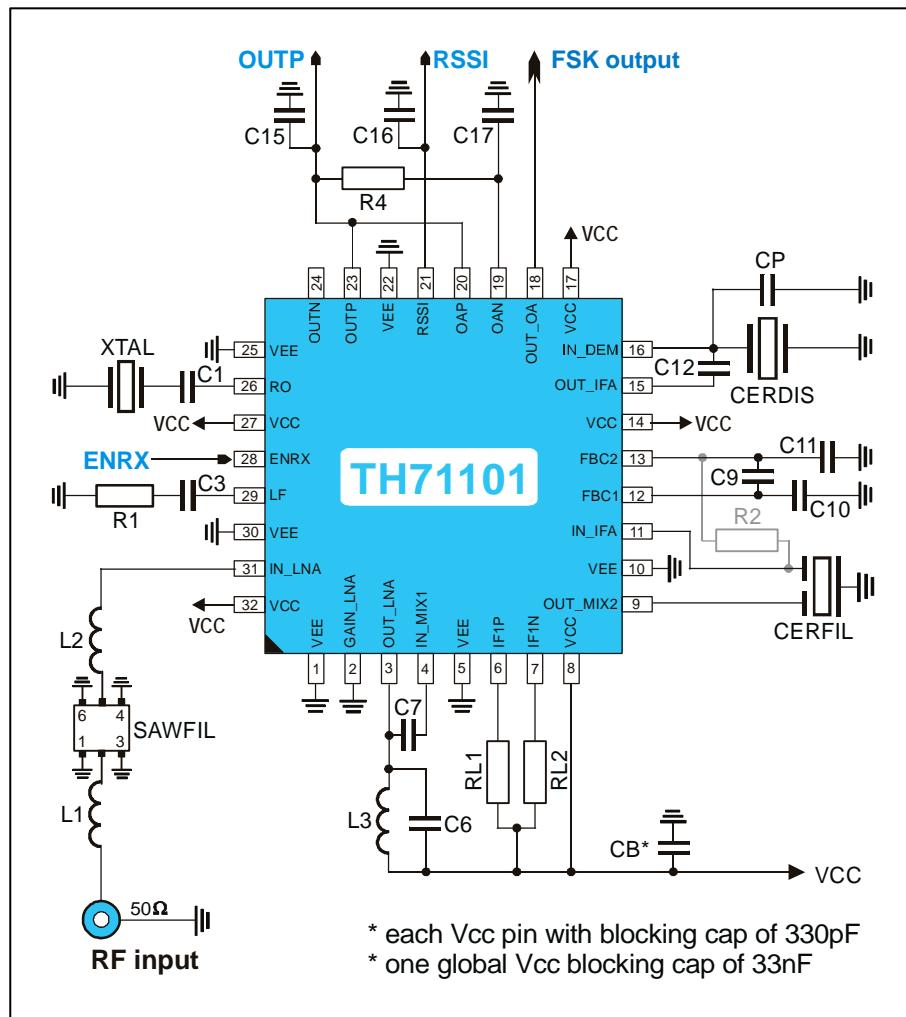


Fig. 3: Test circuit for FSK reception (narrow band)

Circuit Features

- Applicable for narrow band FSK

4.2.2 **Narrow Band FSK Component List**

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0805	27 pF	±5%	crystal series capacitor
C3	0805	1 nF	±10%	loop filter capacitor
C6	0603	4.7 pF	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C7	0603	2.2 pF	±5%	MIX1 input matching capacitor
C9	0805	33 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C10	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C11	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C12	0805	1.5 pF	±5%	DEMOD phase-shift capacitor
C15	0805	220 pF	±5%	demodulator output low-pass capacitor, this value for data rates < 10 kbps NRZ
C16	0603	1.5 nF	±10%	RSSI output low-pass capacitor
C17	0805	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor, this value for data rates > 0.8 kbps NRZ
CP	0603	6.8 - 8.2 pF	±5%	ceramic resonator loading capacitor
R1	0805	10 kΩ	±5%	loop filter resistor
R2	0603	330 Ω	±5%	optional CERFIL output matching resistor
R4	0603	330 kΩ	±5%	data slicer resistor
RL1	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
RL2	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
L1	0603	68 nH	±5%	SAW filter matching inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
L2	0603	82 nH	±5%	
L3	0603	15 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
XTAL	SMD 6x3.5	26.45125 MHz @ RF = 433.92 MHz	±25ppm cal. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal from Telcon/Horizon or equivalent part
SAWFIL	SMD 3x3	SAFCC433MBL0X00 (f ₀ = 433.92 MHz)	B _{3dB} = 840 kHz	low-loss SAW filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERFIL	Leaded type	SFKLA10M7NL00	B _{3dB} = 30 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part
		SFVLA10M7LF00	B _{3dB} = 80 kHz	optional, ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERDIS	SMD 4.5x2	CDSCB10M7GA135		ceramic discriminator from Murata, or equivalent part

- For component values for other frequencies, please refer to the EVB descriptions

4.3 FM Reception (Varactor-tuned AFC)

4.3.1 FM Application Circuit

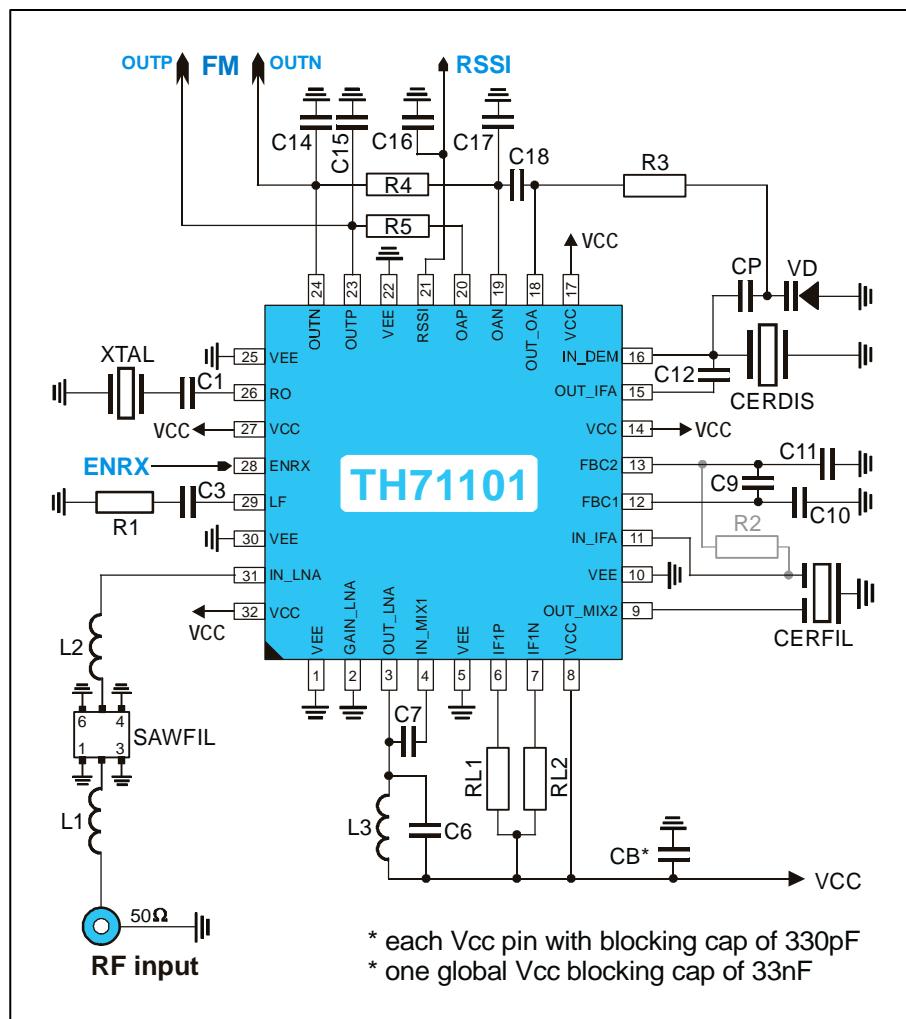


Fig. 4: Test circuit for FM reception

Circuit Features

- Tolerates input frequency variations
- Applicable for FM

4.3.2 FM Component List

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0805	27 pF	$\pm 5\%$	crystal series capacitor
C3	0805	1 nF	$\pm 10\%$	loop filter capacitor
C6	0603	4.7 pF	$\pm 5\%$	LNA output tank capacitor
C7	0603	2.2 pF	$\pm 5\%$	MIX1 input matching capacitor
C9	0805	33 nF	$\pm 10\%$	IFA feedback capacitor
C10	0603	1 nF	$\pm 10\%$	IFA feedback capacitor
C11	0603	1 nF	$\pm 10\%$	IFA feedback capacitor
C12	0805	1.5 pF	$\pm 5\%$	DEMOD phase-shift capacitor
C14	0805	1 nF	$\pm 5\%$	demodulator output low-pass capacitor, this value for 0.5 to 2 kHz
C15	0805	1 nF	$\pm 5\%$	demodulator output low-pass capacitor this value for 0.5 to 2 kHz
C16	0603	1.5 nF	$\pm 10\%$	RSSI output low-pass capacitor
C17	0805	10 nF	$\pm 10\%$	integrator capacitor
C18	0805	33 nF	$\pm 10\%$	integrator capacitor, this value for 0.5 to 2 kHz
CP	0805	10 pF	$\pm 5\%$	ceramic resonator loading capacitor
R1	0805	10 k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	loop filter resistor
R2	0603	330 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	optional CERFIL output matching resistor
R3	0805	100 k Ω	$\pm 10\%$	varactor diode biasing resistor
R4	0603	680 k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	integrator resistor
R5	0805	680 k Ω	$\pm 5\%$	integrator resistor
RL1	0805	470 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	MIX1 bias resistor
RL2	0805	470 Ω	$\pm 5\%$	MIX1 bias resistor
L1	0603	68 nH	$\pm 5\%$	SAW filter matching inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
L2	0603	82 nH	$\pm 5\%$	LNA output tank inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
L3	0603	15 nH	$\pm 5\%$	
VD	SOD-323	BB535		varactor diode from Infineon
XTAL	SMD 6x3.5	26.45125 MHz @ RF = 433.92 MHz	$\pm 25\text{ppm}$ cal. $\pm 30\text{ppm}$ temp.	fundamental-mode crystal from Telcon/Horizon or equivalent part
SAWFIL	SMD 3x3	SAFCC433MBL0X00 (f ₀ = 433.92 MHz)	B _{3dB} = 840 kHz	low-loss SAW filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERFIL	SMD 3.45x3.1	SFECF10M7HA00	B _{3dB} = 180 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERDIS	SMD 4.5x2	CDSCB10M7GA135		ceramic discriminator from Murata, or equivalent part

- For component values for other frequencies, please refer to the EVB descriptions

4.4 ASK Reception

4.4.1 ASK Application Circuit

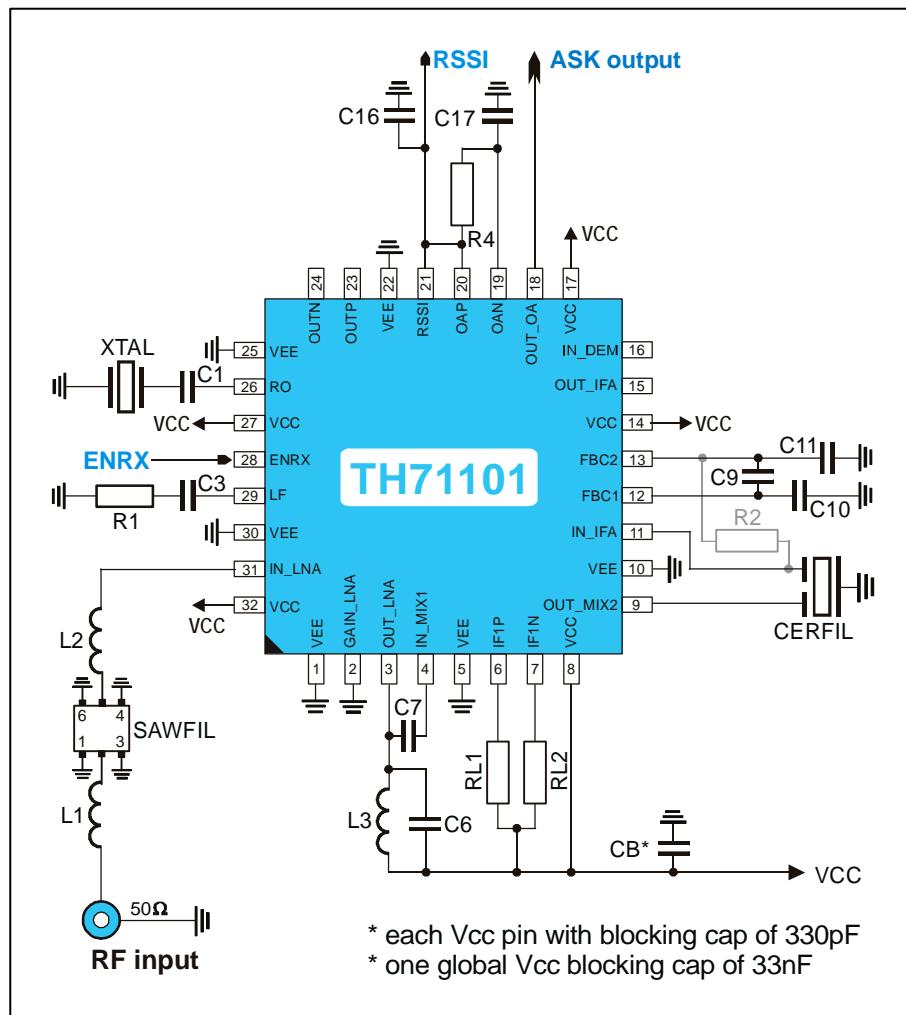


Fig. 5: Test circuit for ASK reception

4.4.2 ASK Component List

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0805	27 pF	±5%	crystal series capacitor
C3	0805	1 nF	±10%	loop filter capacitor
C6	0603	4.7 pF	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C7	0603	2.2 pF	±5%	MIX1 input matching capacitor
C9	0805	33 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C10	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C11	0603	1 nF	±10%	IFA feedback capacitor
C16	0603	1.5 nF	±10%	RSSI output low-pass capacitor, this value for data rates < 10 kbps NRZ
C17	0805	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor, this value for data rates > 0.8 kbps NRZ
R1	0805	10 kΩ	±5%	loop filter resistor
R2	0603	330 Ω	±5%	optional CERFIL output matching resistor
R4	0603	330 kΩ	±5%	data slicer resistor
RL1	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
RL2	0805	470 Ω	±5%	MIX1 bias resistor
L1	0603	68 nH	±5%	SAW filter matching inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
L2	0603	82 nH	±5%	
L3	0603	15 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor from Würth-Elektronik (WE-KI series), or equivalent part
XTAL	SMD 6x3.5	26.45125 MHz @ RF = 433.92 MHz	±25ppm cal. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal from Telcon/Horizon or equivalent part
SAWFIL	SMD 3x3	SAFCC433MBL0X00 (f ₀ = 433.92 MHz)	B _{3dB} = 840 kHz	low-loss SAW filter from Murata, or equivalent part
CERFIL	SMD 3.45x3.1	SFECF10M7HA00	B _{3dB} = 180 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part
	Leaded type	SFVLA10M7LF00	B _{3dB} = 80 kHz	optional, ceramic filter from Murata, or equivalent part

- For component values for other frequencies, please refer to the EVB descriptions

5 Package Description



The device TH71101 is RoHS compliant.

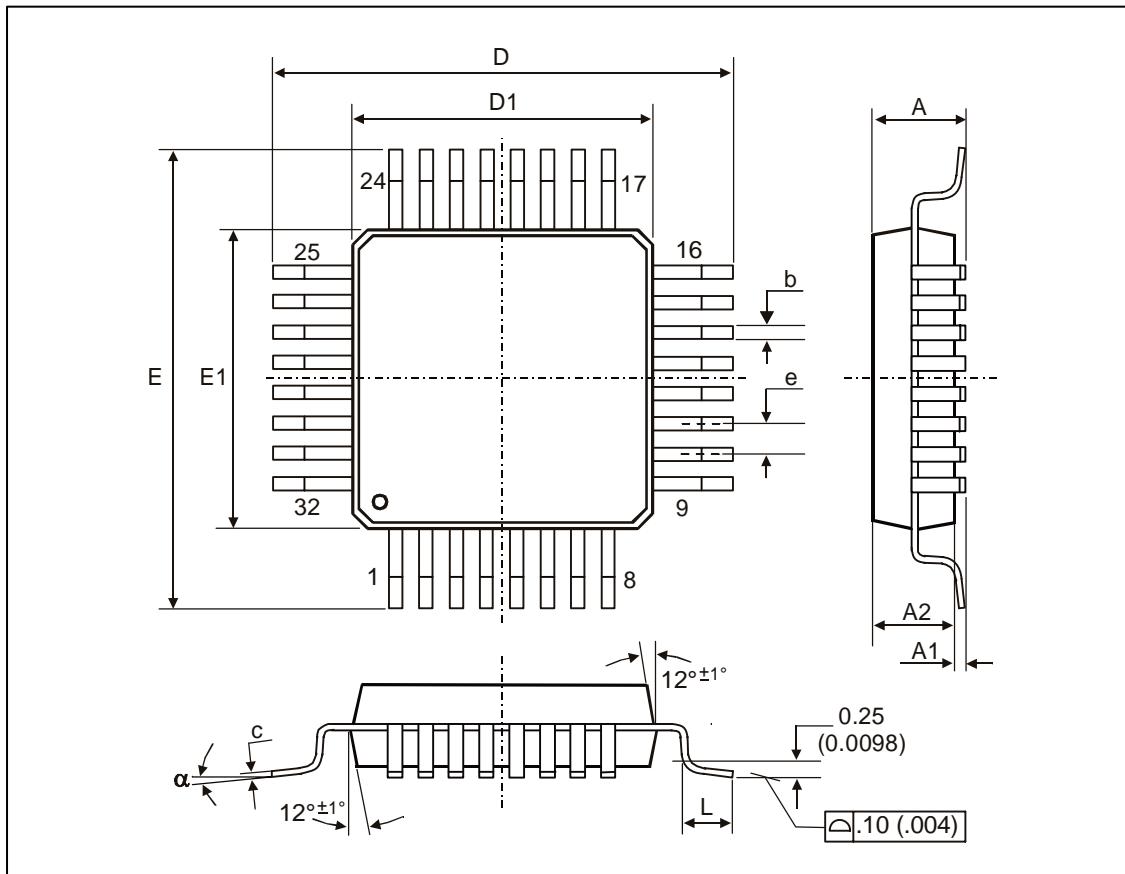


Fig. 6: LQFP32 (Low profile Quad Flat Package)

All Dimension in mm, coplanarity < 0.1mm										
	E1, D1	E, D	A	A1	A2	e	b	c	L	α
min	7.00	9.00	1.40	0.05	1.35	0.8	0.30	0.09	0.45	0°
max	7.60	1.60	0.15	1.45	0.45	0.20	0.75	0.20	0.75	7°
All Dimension in inch, coplanarity < 0.004"										
min	0.276	0.354	0.055	0.002	0.053	0.031	0.012	0.0035	0.018	0°
max	0.063	0.006	0.057	0.057	0.018	0.0079	0.030	0.004	0.030	7°

5.1 Soldering Information

- The device TH71101 is qualified for MSL3 with soldering peak temperature 260 deg C according to JEDEC J-STD-20.

6 Reliability Information

This Melexis device is classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solderability and moisture sensitivity level, as defined in this specification, according to following test methods:

Reflow Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices)

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
“Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices (classification reflow profiles according to table 5-2)”
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-A113
“Preconditioning of Nonhermetic Surface Mount Devices Prior to Reliability Testing (reflow profiles according to table 2)”

Wave Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EN60749-20
“Resistance of plastic- encapsulated SMD's to combined effect of moisture and soldering heat”
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B106 and EN60749-15
“Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices”

Iron Soldering THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EN60749-15
“Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices”

Solderability SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B102 and EN60749-21
“Solderability”

For all soldering technologies deviating from above mentioned standard conditions (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc) additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis.

The application of Wave Soldering for SMD's is allowed only after consulting Melexis regarding assurance of adhesive strength between device and board.

Melexis is contributing to global environmental conservation by promoting **lead free** solutions. For more information on qualification of **RoHS** compliant products (RoHS = European directive on the Restriction Of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances) please visit the quality page on our website:

http://www.melexis.com/quality_leadfree.aspx

7 ESD Precautions

Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD).
Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products.

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